

MOBILE DEVELOPMENT NETWORKING: PART 1

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LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Recognize the benefits of JSON and REST
- Identify the benefits of using NSURLSession
- Evaluate and parse data returned in JSON format
- Integrate cocoa pods into our projects and use SwiftyJSON for better parsing

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REVIEW OF PERSISTENCE

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INTRO TO NETWORKING

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SOME TERMINOLOGY

- ▶ Request: The concept of what is sent to some remote server somewhere. Has a method, may include parameters
 - ▶ E.g. Get `http://google.com`
 - ▶ Get the contents of `google.com`
- ▶ Response: The response that the web server gives back. Includes a status code and, possibly, content
- ▶ HTTP: A very common protocol for making network requests
- ▶ JSON: A way we format data to make it machine readable
 - ▶ e.g. `{"name": "tedi"}` is a simple blob of JSON

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WHAT CAN GO WRONG

WHAT CAN GO WRONG

- No network connection (client-side)
- Destination offline (server-side)
- The network can be slow
- The request can not be authorized
- Lost network connection mid-request/response
- Lots more...

HANDLE ERRORS

- If you make network connections in your app, it's a best practice to handle errors when possible, and communicate errors to the customer when not

BEST PRACTICES

- Users get charged for data: Use only what you must
- They do not share a filesystem
- Allow users to cancel lengthy downloads
- When something fails, either handle it or message the user
- Cache when needed (this is a little more advanced)

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IOS NETWORKING

NSURLSESSION

- A shared context in which our requests are made
 - Configurable way to share state among connections
 - e.g. “All my connections should use a cookie...”
- Can queue up several types of connections
 - Download: For downloading files
 - Upload: For uploading files
 - Data: For small bits of data transfer, what we’ll use today

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NSURLSESSION SYNTAX

```
1 ▾ if let url = NSURL(string: "http://somewebsite.com/params") {  
2     let task = NSURLSession.sharedSession().dataTaskWithURL(url,  
3 ▾     completionHandler: { (data, response, error) -> Void in  
4         println(response)  
5         println(data)  
6         println(error)  
7         var stringOfData = NSString(data: data, encoding: NSUTF8StringEncoding)  
8         println(stringOfData)  
9     })  
10    task.resume()  
11 }  
12
```

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NETWORKING CODE- ALONG

GROUP ASSIGNMENT

- Add the display of networking errors to this project.
- Display an error message to the user, along with the error that gets returned from the call.
- Bonus: Display the HTML content of the request in a web view

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JSON

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JSON

- ▶ JSON is a data-interchange format
 - ▶ i.e. A way of formatting text so it's easily machine-readable and network-transferable
- ▶ Similar to the Plists we've been working with, it can store:
 - ▶ Arrays
 - ▶ Dictionaries
 - ▶ Strings
 - ▶ Numbers
 - ▶ And any combination of the above

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JSON

- Does not specify anything about formatting, like HTML does

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JSON EXAMPLES

```
1 {"name": "tedi"} // A 'dictionary'-esque data structure
2 ["tedi", "thomas"] // An array of strings
3 {"response": "ok", content: {message: "hello world!"}} // A complex structure ▶ [1, 2, "tedi"]
4 // Note that JSON does not specify type information
```

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JSON CODE WALKTHROUGH

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GROUP ASSIGNMENT

- Change the app to display recent Mashable headlines, using:
 - <http://mashable.com/stories.json>
- Bonus 1: Display author in home screen table view
- Bonus 2: Print the titles along with the webview
- Bonus 3: Make larger table view cells that display the content of the article, in text format