

# Assignment 1

Problem statement & Analysis and design notes

The problem involves scanning in the user's input, and checking it with an alphabet character array. Firstly upon loading of the program the user should be prompted with the option of going through the alphabet forward or backwards, and then arranging the alphabet based on the provided option.

Then with a for loop loop through the characters in the alphabet, and handle such events where the user enters the wrong character. Once the for loop finishes the program should end and provide the time taken for the user.

We will need a char array for the characters of the alphabet

```
private char[] alphabet = { 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i',  
'j', 'k', 'l', 'm', 'n', 'o', 'p', 'q', 'r', 's', 't', 'u', 'v', 'w', 'x',  
'y', 'z' };
```

After that using a switch, we determine which way to arrange the alphabet.

```
switch(ch){  
    case 'f':  
        // forward code  
        // alphabet array stays the same  
    case 'b':  
        // backward code  
        // alphabet array reverses  
    default:  
        // User entered wrong character, ask user to re-enter  
}
```

Then we start the timer

```
// starting a timer  
long begin = System.currentTimeMillis();  
// other code  
  
// ending timer  
long end = System.currentTimeMillis();  
float time = (float) (end - begin) / 1000;
```

## Main part

```
// for loop looping through alphabet character array
for(int i = 0; i < character_array; i++){
    char input = scanner.next();
    if(input != character_array[i]){
        // The character entered was incorrect,
        // Decrement i,
        i--;
    }
}
```

## Code

```
import java.util.Scanner;
/*
 * @Author: Dawid Szczesny
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 * @Date: 13/01/2023
 */
class MyApp {

    // creating alphabet array
    private char[] alphabet = { 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i',
        'j', 'k', 'l', 'm', 'n', 'o', 'p', 'q', 'r', 's', 't', 'u', 'v', 'w', 'x',
        'y', 'z' };

    // Constructor
    public MyApp() {
        // Instructions for user
        System.out.println("Type the alphabet in order (hit enter between each letter)");
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Forwards or backwards? (f / b): ");

        // takes in a character and converts it to lower case
        char alphaOrder = scanner.next().toLowerCase().charAt(0);

        // switch case syntax to determine whether the user goes forwards or backwards
        switch (alphaOrder) {
            case 'f':
                // user chose to type the alphabet forwards
                System.out.println("You are typing the alphabet forwards!");
                break;
```

```

        case 'b':
            // We reverse in alphabet array as we are going backwards
            char[] temp = new char[26]; // creates new temp array
            // loop through each letter in alphabet array from back to
front
            // appending each one to temp
            for (int i = 0; i < alphabet.length; i++) {
                temp[i] = alphabet[alphabet.length - 1 - i];
            }
            // set alphabet to temp
            alphabet = temp;
            System.out.println("You are typing the alphabet
backwards!");
            break;

        default:
            System.out.println("Character must be either a f or b");
            alphaOrder = scanner.next().toLowerCase().charAt(0);
            break;
    }

    // ----- Game Part -----
    // this is where our time will begin
    long begin = System.currentTimeMillis();

    for (int i = 0; i < alphabet.length; i++) {
        System.out.println("Type \'' + alphabet[i] + '\' now");
        // Accepts both lower case and upper case letters, by converting them
to
        // lowercase
        char input = scanner.next().toLowerCase().charAt(0);

        // checking if character is incorrect
        // if it is we cancel out the increment of i in the for loop
        // let the user know that it was incorrect
        // continue on with the for loop
        if (input != alphabet[i]) {
            i--;
            System.out.println("incorrect");
            continue;
        }
    }

    // congratulates the user and calculates time
    System.out.println("Well done!");

```

```
long end = System.currentTimeMillis();
float time = (float) (end - begin) / 1000; // using float to not lose
decimal
System.out.printf("Time taken: %.3f seconds\n", time); // cutting off at 3
decimal places
scanner.close(); // closes scanner once we are done

}

// Main method
// Creates instance of app and runs constructor
public static void main(String[] args) {
    MyApp app = new MyApp();
}
}
```

Testing