

Assignment 7 Part 1

David Yan

Thursday, February 18, 2016 2:29 PM

9.2 - 11c How many bit strings of length 8 begin and end with 1's

The first and last bit must be 1 that means that there is 6 positions with a possibility of either being a 1 or 0

$$1 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 = 2^6 = 64$$

9.2 - 14c Suppose that in a certain state, all automobiles license plates have four letters followed by 3 digits

How many license plates could begin with TGIF?

The first 4 steps have only one option each. The last 3 can be any digit

$$1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 = 1000$$

e How many license plates could begin with AB and have all letters and numbers distinct

The first 2 letters must be A the B. This leaves 24 and 23 letters remaining followed by 10, 9, and 8 numbers.

$$1 \cdot 1 \cdot 24 \cdot 23 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 = 253,440$$

9.2 - 17a How many integers are there between 1000 and 9999

$$9 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 = 9000$$

b How many odd integers are there between 1000 and 9999

$$9 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 5 \text{ (1, 3, 5, 7, 9 are the 5 options)} = 4500$$

c How many integers from 1000 to 9999 have distinct digits

$$9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 = 3024$$

d How many odd integers have distinct digits

$$6 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 = 360$$

↖ Since the first digit can't be 0, digit 2, digit 3, or digit 4

e Probability that it has distinct digit? is odd?

$$3024 / 9000, \quad 360 / 9000$$

9.3 - 5 a How many 5 digit integers are divisible by 5?

$$9 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 1 = 900 \quad \text{same applies for numbers that end in 5}$$

↑ numbers that can end in 0

$$900 + 900 = 1800$$

b Probability that a randomly chosen number is divisible by 5

9.2 - 17 a established 9000 ints

$$1800 / 9000 = 2/10$$

9.3-24 a How many int between 1 and 1000 are divisible by 2 or 9

Probability of 2 = $2k$ where $k = 1$ to 500

Probability of 9 = $9n$ where $n = 1$ to 111

Probability of 18 = $18m$ where $m = 1$ to 55

$$N(A \cup B) = N(A) + N(B) - N(A \cap B) \\ 500 + 111 - 55 \\ 556$$

b What is the probability that a number is divisible by 2 or 9

$$1 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 = 1000 = 556/1000$$

c What is the probability that it is not divisible by 2 or 9

$$1000 - 556 = 444/1000$$

9.3-33 e

28 checked 1 $N(H)$

26 checked 2 $N(C)$

14 checked 3 $N(D)$

8 checked 1 & 2 $N(H \cap C)$

4 checked 1 & 3 $N(H \cap D)$

3 checked 2 & 3 $N(C \cap D)$

2 checked 1, 2, & 3 $N(H \cap C \cap D)$

How many checked #2 and #3 but not #1

$$N(C \cap D) - N(H \cap C \cap D) = 3 - 2 = 1$$

f How many checked #2 but neither of the other 2 options

$$N(C) - N(H \cap C) - N(C \cap D) - N(H \cap C \cap D)$$

$$26 - 8 - 3 - 2 = 13$$