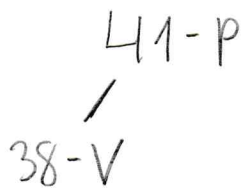


# Lista - Aula 9 - AED 2-

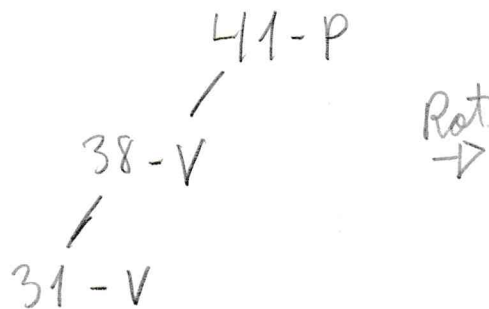
1- {41-38-31-12-19-8-50-1-100-1013}

Inserir 41: (Seja P para preto e V para vermelha)  
41-P

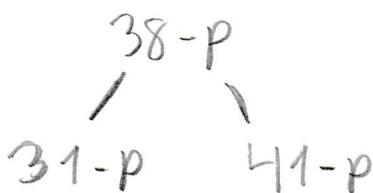
Inserir 38:



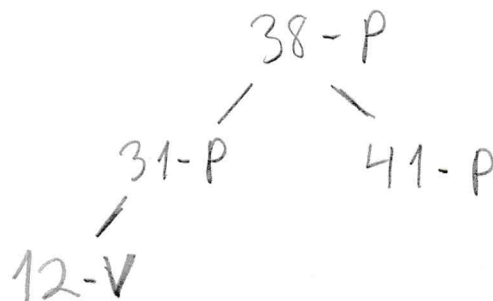
Inserir 31:



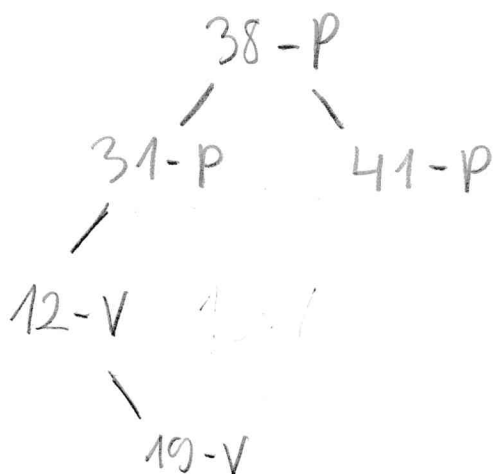
Pós rot:



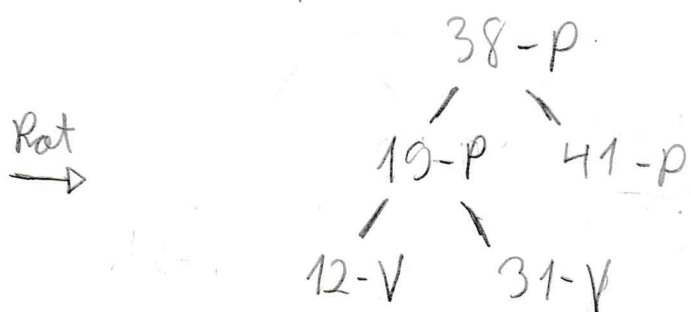
Inserir 12:



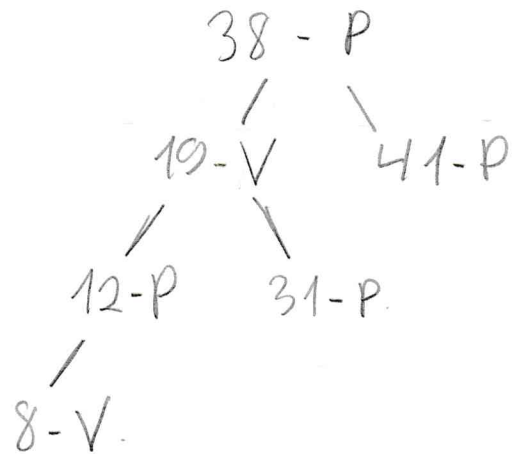
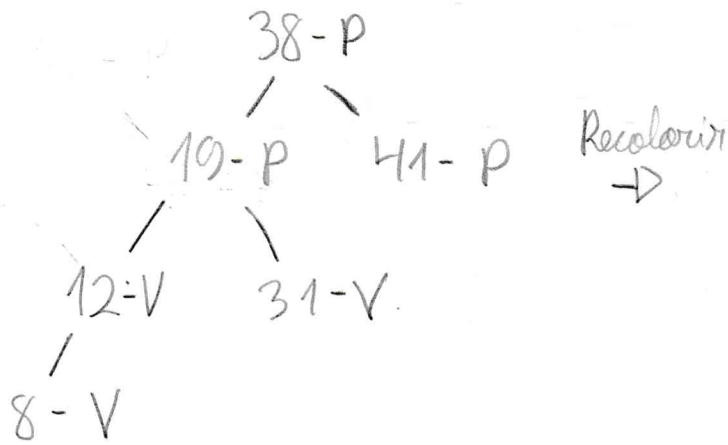
Inserir 19:



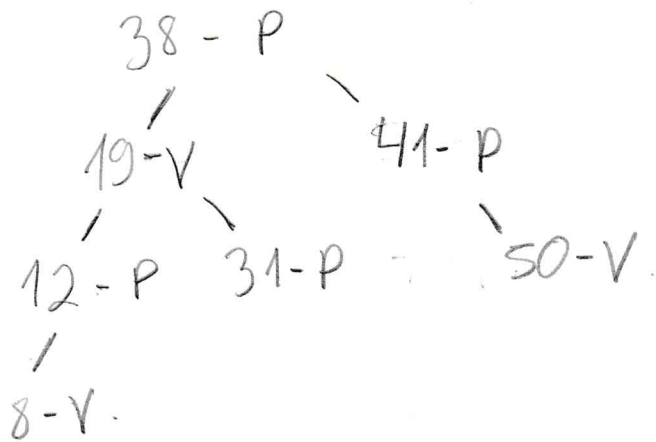
Rotacao:



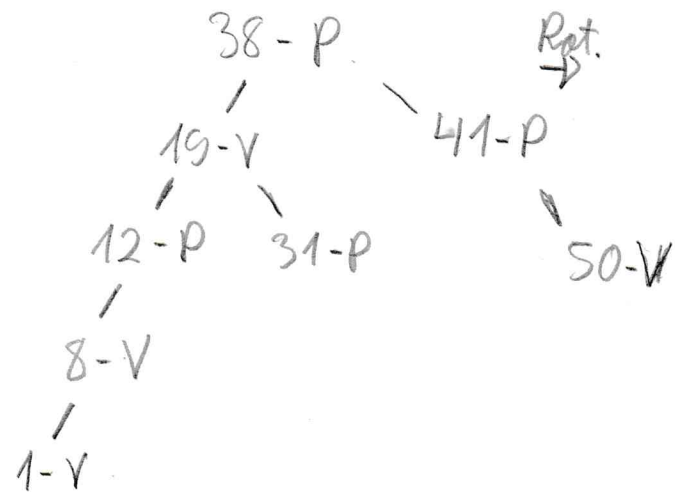
Inserir 8:



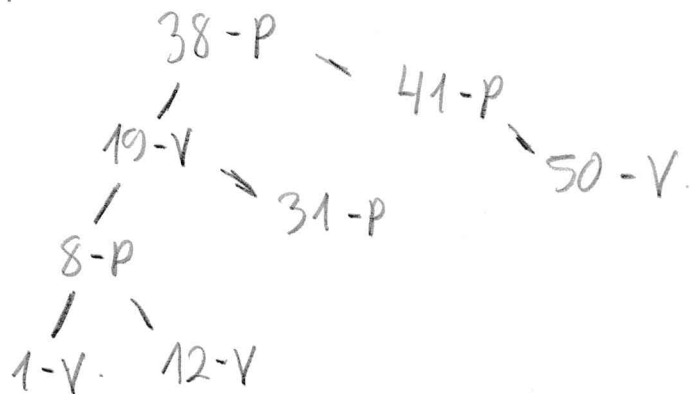
Inserir 50:



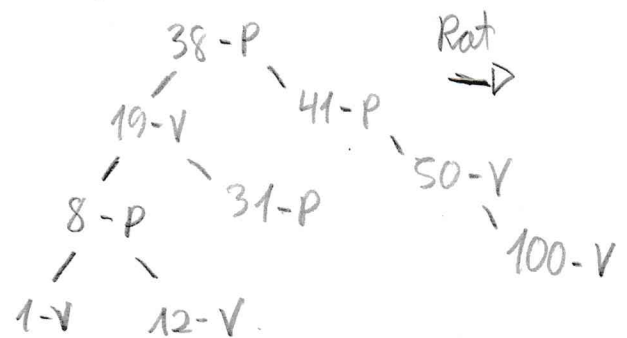
Inserir 1:



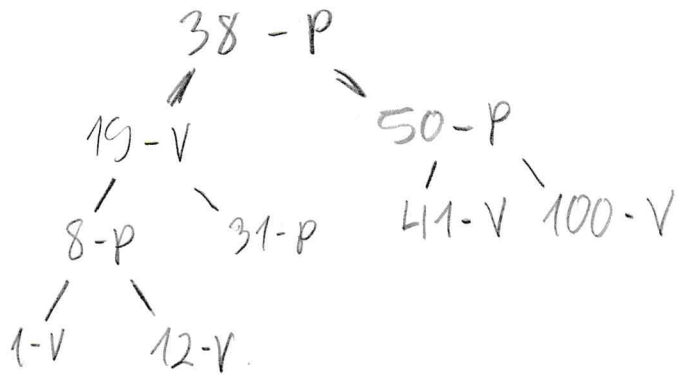
Rotação:



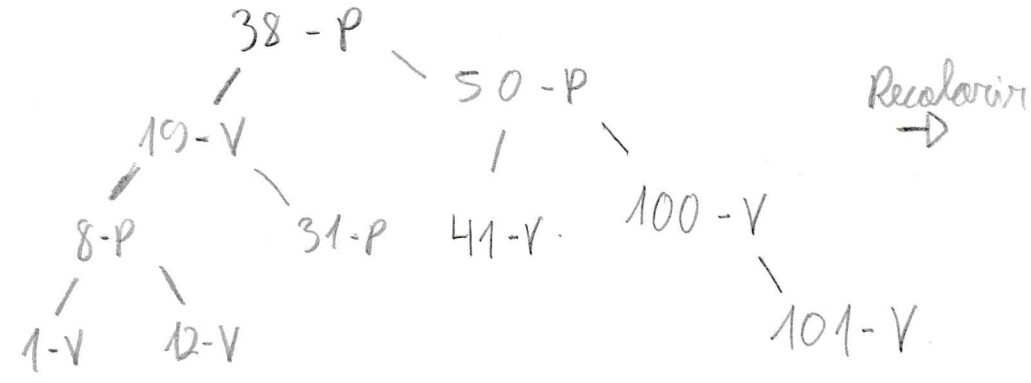
Inserir 100:



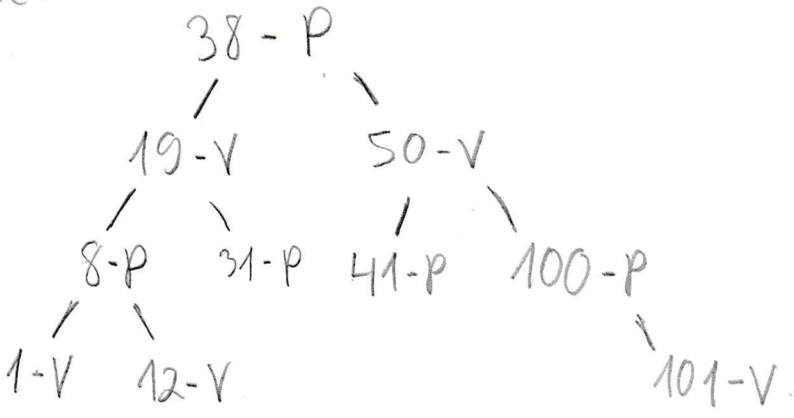
Rotação:



Inserir 101:

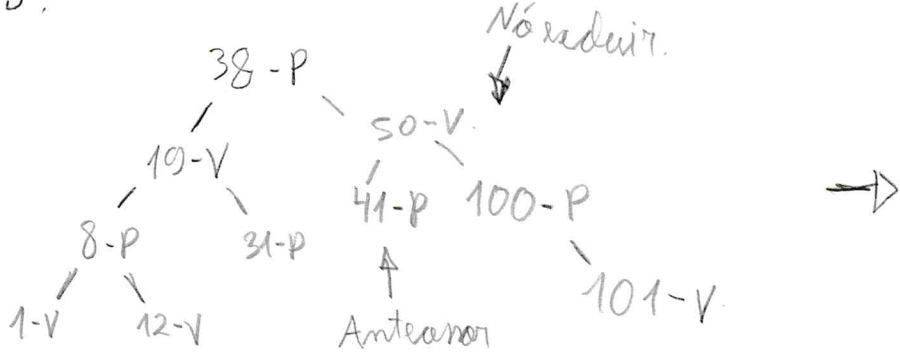


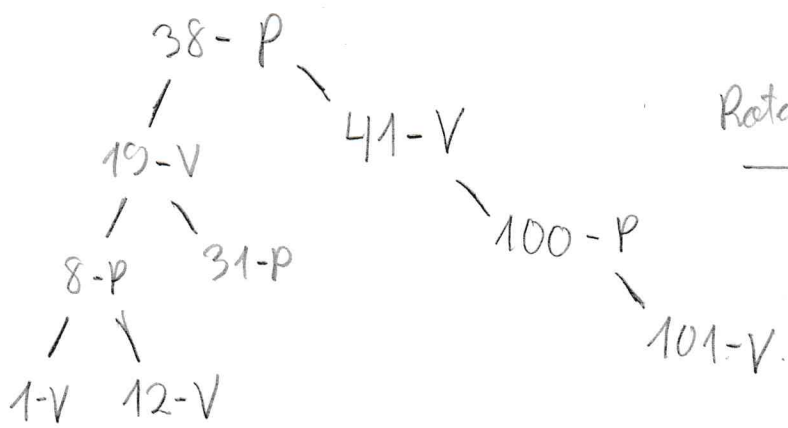
Final:



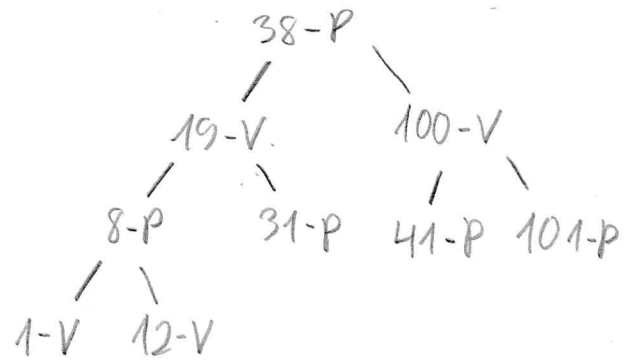
2- Remover 50 e 8.

Removendo 50:

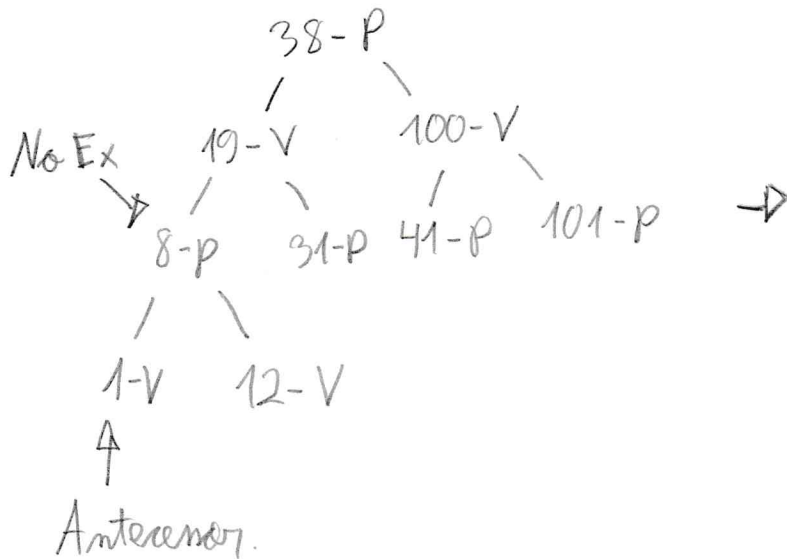




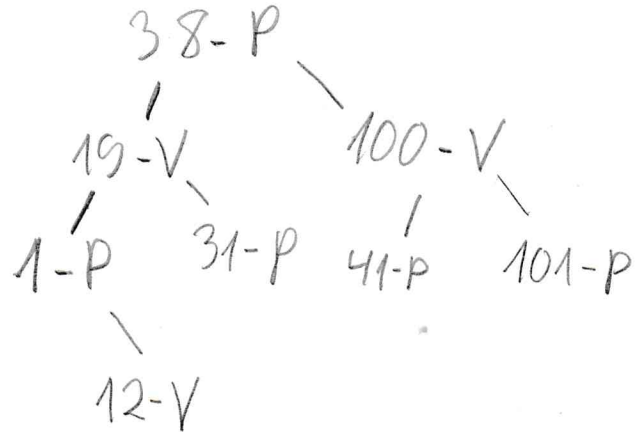
Rotacionar  
→



Remover 8:



Final:



3- De acordo com o professor André Backes no seu aula 12 de Árvore Rubro-Negra, uma das principais diferenças é a quantidade de funções de rotação, visto que o RN tem apenas duas funções de rotação e o AVL usa quatro. Portanto a inserção e remoção do RN é mais rápido que o do AVL, mesmo ambas sendo  $O(\log(n))$ . A AVL possui um balanceamento mais rígido do que o RN. AVL não usa o artifício das cores, somente um auto balanceamento a cada inserção com relação a posição dos nós da árvore.