

2.5 Solución

Sea la señal gaussiana $X(t) = e^{-at^2}$

$$X(t) = e^{-at^2} \quad a \in \mathbb{R}^+$$

Sistema A: $Y_A(t) = X^2(t)$

Sistema B: Un SLIT con respuesta impulso

$$h_B(t) = B e^{-bt^2}$$

Salida serie: $X(t) \xrightarrow[h_B(t)]{} Y(t) \xrightarrow{\text{cuadrado}} Y_A(t)$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad X(t) * h_B(t) = Y(t)$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad Y_A(t) = Y^2(t)$$

Convolución de $X(t) * h_B(t)$

$$Y(t) = X(t) * h_B(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(\tau) h_B(t-\tau) d\tau$$

$$X(\tau) = e^{-a\tau^2} * h_B(t-\tau) = B e^{-b(t-\tau)^2}$$

$$Y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-a\tau^2} - B e^{-b(t-\tau)^2} d\tau$$

Sustituyendo:

$$Y(t) = B e^{-b t^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-(a+b)(\tau^2 - \frac{2bt}{a+b}\tau)} d\tau$$

Completando diferencia de cuadrados y términos

$$\tau^2 - \frac{2bt}{a+b}\tau = (\tau - \frac{bt}{a+b})^2 - \left(\frac{bt}{a+b}\right)^2$$

Sustituyendo

$$Y(t) = B e^{-bt^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-(a+b)(\tau - u)^2} \left(\left[\tau - \frac{bt}{a+b} \right]^2 - \left[\frac{bt}{a+b} \right]^2 \right) du$$

$$= B e^{-bt^2} e^{\frac{b^2+2}{a+b}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-(a+b)(\tau - u)^2} d\tau \quad u = \frac{bt}{a+b}$$

El resultado de la señal Gaussiana sea:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-K(T-t)^2} dt = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{K}} \quad K = a+b$$
$$Y(t) = B\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a+b}} e^{-bt^2 + \frac{b^2 t^2}{a+b}}$$

Se simplifica la exponente

$$-bt^2 + \frac{b^2 t^2}{a+b} = t^2 \left(\frac{-b(a+b) + b^2}{a+b} \right) = -\frac{abt^2}{a+b}$$
$$Y(t) = B\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a+b}} e^{-\frac{abt^2}{a+b}}$$

Se aplica $Y_A(t) = Y^2(t)$

$$Y_A(t) = \left(B\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a+b}} e^{-\frac{abt^2}{a+b}} \right)^2$$

$$Y(t) = B^2 \frac{\pi}{a+b} e^{-2\frac{abt^2}{a+b}}$$

• Salida del SISERMA

$$x(t) \rightarrow Y_A(t) = x^2(t) \xrightarrow{hB(t)} Y(t)$$

Aplicar A directamente

$$Y_A(t) = x^2(t) = (e^{-at^2})^2 = e^{-2at^2}$$

Convolución con $hB(t) = Be^{-bt}$

$$Y(t) = Y_A(t) * hB(t)$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-2aT^2} * Be^{-b(t-T)^2} dT$$

$$Y(t) = B \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-2aT^2} * e^{-b(b-T)^2} dT$$

$$Y(t) = B\sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2a+b}} * e^{-2\frac{abt^2}{2a+b}}$$