

Stat 8003, HW3

Due: Thursday, Sep 18th, 2014

1. The covariance of X and Y is $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = E[X - E(X)(Y - E(Y))]$ and the correlation coefficient of X and Y is

$$\rho_{XY} = \frac{\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sqrt{\text{Var}(X)\text{Var}(Y)}}.$$

Consider a bivariate distribution with $P(X = 1, Y = 2) = 0.4$, $P(X = 2, Y = 3) = 0.6$. Find the correlation coefficient between X and Y .

2. Find two random variables X and Y , such that $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = 0$ but X and Y are not independent.
3. In the Example of GDP. Assume that the data follows a gamma distribution $\Gamma(\alpha, \beta)$.
- Derive the estimator of α, β using the methods of moments;
 - Compare the density of the data vs the fitted curve.
4. For any random variable X , let $M_X(t) = E \exp(Xt)$ and $S_X(t) = \log(M_X(t))$. $M_X(t)$ is called the moment generating function and $S_X(t)$ is the cumulant generating function. It is known that (Can you prove it? Not required.)

$$\frac{d}{dt} S_X(t)|_{t=0} = EX \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{d^2}{dt^2} S_X(t)|_{t=0} = \text{Var}(X).$$

Use this fact to answer the following questions.

- Assume that X follows a Gamma distribution with parameter α and β . Calculate the cumulant generating function;
- Calculate $E \ln X$ and $\text{Var}(\ln X)$. Write your final result by using the digamma function $\psi(x)$ and trigamma function $\psi_1(x)$ where $\psi(x) = (\ln \Gamma(x))'$ and $\psi_1(x) = (\ln \Gamma(x))''$.
- Match the first and second moment of $\log(X)$, and derive the MOM estimator of α and β . (Hint: in R, you can use `digamma(x)`, `trigamma(x)`, and `limma::trigammaInverse(x)`.)
- Apply your estimator to the GDP dataset and estimate the parameter of α and β .