PQC Function Evaluation

Carnegie Vacation Scholarship

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Week 4 (22/07/2024 - 26/07/2024)

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Aims

2 Keeping Parameters Fixed

Improving the Loss Function Preliminary Definitions

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Aims

- Continue work on WIM (develop a distance measure taking into account Ψ , e.g. $w_j \sim L_{\Psi}(x,y) = \sum_j 2^{j-m} |x_j y_j|$)
- Change IL structure (all-to-all...)
- Keep parameters fixed for each layer



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Keeping Parameters Fixed

- Implemented the option to fix parameters for each layer type
- This means that each IL, neighbour-to-neighbour CL, and all-to-all CL use the same set of parameters
- This reduces the overall number of parameters to $n+m+\frac{1}{2}m*(m-1)$

ADDED FUNCTIONALITY, TEST !!! (does it make a difference?) – definitely works in terms of parameters – not sure yet if makes a difference w.r.t. mismatch MAKES PERFORMANCE WORSE – should at least speed things up? but apparently not ... DOES NOT SPEED THINGS UP...

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• Consider a computational basis state, $|j\rangle$, in a p-qubit register:

$$|j\rangle = \bigotimes_{\alpha=0}^{p-1} |j_{\alpha}\rangle, \quad |j_{\alpha}\rangle \in \{|0\rangle, |1\rangle\}$$
 (1)

Define

$$j_{\alpha} \equiv \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } |j_{\alpha}\rangle = |0\rangle \\ 1 & \text{if } |j_{\alpha}\rangle = |1\rangle \end{cases}$$
 (2)

• Two digitally encoded binary numbers can be associated with $|j\rangle$:

$$j \equiv \sum_{\alpha=0}^{p-1} j_{\alpha} 2^{\alpha}$$
 $(0 \le j \le 2^p - 1),$ (3)

$$j' \equiv \sum_{\alpha}^{p-1} j_{\alpha} 2^{\alpha - p} \qquad (0 \le j' \le 1) \tag{4}$$

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- Consider an *n*-qubit input register and an *m*-qubit target register, denoted with subscripts *i* and *t*, respectively
- A computational basis state of the combined system, $|k\rangle_{i+t}$, can be decomposed into

$$|k\rangle_{i+t} = |j\rangle_i \otimes |l\rangle_t \,, \tag{5}$$

for computational basis states $|j\rangle_i$, $|l\rangle_t$ of the two registers

Define

$$input(|k\rangle_{i+t}) \equiv |j\rangle_i$$
 (6)

$$target(|k\rangle_{i+t}) \equiv |l\rangle_t \tag{7}$$

(8)

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• A general state of the two-register system is then

$$|z\rangle = \sum_{k=0}^{2^{n+m}-1} z_k |k\rangle_{i+t} \tag{9}$$

• For training in superposition, the two-register target state is

$$|y\rangle = \sum_{j=0}^{2^{n}-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^{n}}} |j\rangle_{i} |\Psi'(j)\rangle_{t} \equiv \sum_{k=0}^{2^{n+m}-1} y_{k} |k\rangle_{i+t},$$
 (10)

with $y_k = 0$ if $target(|k\rangle_{i+t})$



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- FIND GOOD NOTATION FOR ALL THIS !!!
- THINK ABOUT THIS ALL MORE DEEPLY! MAYBE HAVE TO SWITCH TO WEIGHTED L1/2 LOSS INSTEAD? (WILL)

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Improving WIM

Recall the definition of WIM (Welghted Mismatch):

WIM
$$(x, y) = \left| 1 - \sum_{k=0}^{2^{n+m}-1} \tilde{w}_k x_k y_k \right|,$$
 (11)

where

- $|x\rangle = \sum_{k=0}^{2^{n+m}-1} x_k |k\rangle$ is the output state produced by the QCNN,
- $|y\rangle = \sum_{k=0}^{2^{n+m}-1} y_k |k\rangle$ is the target state,
- $\tilde{w}_k \in \mathbb{R}_+$ are weighting factors
- calculate w_k
- *w*



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IL Structure

added shifts to successive ILs (test effects..): seems to give slight improvements!
added functionality for AA layers (test later)..



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