A QCNN for Quantum State Preparation Carnegie Vacation Scholarship

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Weeks 7-8 (12/08/2024 - 23/08/2024)

Aims for the Week

The following aims were set at the last meeting (14/08/2024):

New Phase Encoding Approach

Investigate a new approach to phase encoding using linear piecewise phase functions without explicit function evaluation.

Handover

Hand over the slides, documentation, code and the poster for the Carnegie Trust.

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1 Phase Encoding

2 Handover



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Preliminaries

- Consider an n-qubit register with computational basis states $|j\rangle=|j_0j_1...j_{n-1}\rangle$ representing n-bit strings
- Let p of the register qubits be precision qubits so that

$$j = \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} j_k 2^{k-p} \tag{1}$$

• Consider a phase function Ψ over the domain $\mathcal{D}=\{j\}$ and construct an M-fold partition $(M=2^m,\ m\leq n\in\mathbb{N})$ into equal sub-domains \mathcal{D}_u :

$$\mathcal{D} = \bigcup_{u=1}^{M} \mathcal{D}_{u}, \quad \mathcal{D}_{u} \cap \mathcal{D}_{v} = \emptyset, \quad |\mathcal{D}_{u}| = |\mathcal{D}_{v}|$$
 (2)

• On each sub-domain, approximate Ψ using a linear function:

$$\Psi(j) = \alpha_u j + \beta_u, \quad j \in \mathcal{D}_u \tag{3}$$

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Preliminaries

Aim

Construct an appropriate operator to transform

$$|j\rangle \mapsto e^{i\Psi(j)}|j\rangle$$
 (4)

via the linear piecewise approximation

$$|j\rangle \mapsto e^{i(\alpha_u j + \beta_u)} |j\rangle \quad (j \in \mathcal{D}_u)$$
 (5)

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General Remarks

- The 2^m pairs of coefficients (α_u, β_u) require 2^m independent operators \hat{O}_u to implement
- Each operator \hat{O}_u will generally involve n controlled rotations
- ullet The choice of \hat{O}_u will generally involve all m control qubits
- Thus, it seems like a $\sim \mathcal{O}(2^m nm)$ complexity is to be expected for this algorithm [NO! A N-CONTROLLED OPERATION HAS A COST HIGHER THAN N!!] = ι READ PAPERS (BOOKMARKED!)
- While recursion cannot reduce the required number of independent operators it could simplify circuit structure

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Phase Encoding within a Sub-domain

Aim 1

For $j \in \mathcal{D}_u$ construct an operator \hat{O}_u such that $|j\rangle \mapsto e^{i(\alpha_u j + \beta_u)} |j\rangle$.

• Consider the single-qubit operators

$$\hat{P}^{(k)}(\varphi) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\varphi} & 0\\ 0 & e^{i\varphi} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \hat{R}^{(k)}(\varphi) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0\\ 0 & e^{i\varphi} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (6)

each acting on the kth qubit

Then

$$\hat{O}_{u} \equiv \bigotimes_{k=0}^{n-1} \hat{P}^{(k)}(\beta_{u}/n)\hat{R}^{(k)}\left(\alpha_{u}2^{k-p}\right)$$
 (7)

transforms

$$|j\rangle \mapsto \exp\left[i\left(\sum_{k=0}^{n-1}\alpha_u j_k 2^{k-p} + \beta_u\right)\right]|j\rangle = e^{i(\alpha_u j + \beta_u)}|j\rangle$$
 (8)

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Selecting the Subdomain

- ullet It is straight-forward to construct \hat{O}_u for each of the sub-domains \mathcal{D}_u
- More challenging is applying the correct \hat{O}_u based on the sub-domain corresponding to each $|j\rangle$

Aim 2

Construct a system of controls such that \hat{O}_u is applied to $|j\rangle$ if and only if $j\in\mathcal{D}_u$

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Sample Case: M=2

• Start with the simplest possible case, a 2-fold partition (M=2):

$$j \in \begin{cases} \mathcal{D}_1 & j_0 = 0 \\ \mathcal{D}_2 & j_0 = 1 \end{cases} \tag{9}$$

- Using an ancilla qubit, \hat{O}_1 is applied for $j \in \mathcal{D}_1$ and \hat{O}_2 for $j \in \mathcal{D}_2$
- The ancilla is required since the operation applied to $|j_0\rangle$ is conditional on $|j_0\rangle$ itself

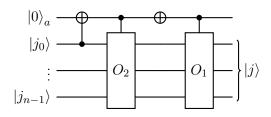


Figure 1: Circuit diagram for M=2

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Generalising the Approach

- The approach shown on the previous slide requires $1 \leq \log_2 M \leq n$ ancilla qubits
- The number of controls required is $\mathcal{O}(M\log Mn)$ as there are M operators, each controlled by all ancillas and each involving n controlled rotations
- For $M \sim 2^n$ the gate cost is exponential

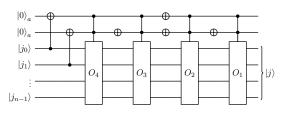


Figure 2: Circuit diagram for M=4. Note that $j\in\mathcal{D}_u$ if $j_0j_1=u-1$ (e.g. $j\in\mathcal{D}_3$ if $j_0j_1=10$).

A Recursive Approach

- Since $M=2^m$ for some $m\leq n\in\mathbb{N}$ we can view the partition of $\mathcal D$ as a recursive process, splitting the domain into halves m times
- Associate with each control qubit, g, two operators, $\hat{O}_0^{(g)}$ and $\hat{O}_1^{(g)}$ EACH ACTING ON THE REMAINING QUBITS! (CASCADE)
- Is it possible to construct

$$\hat{O}_u = \prod_{g=1}^m \hat{O}^{(g)}?? \tag{10}$$

DEFINE THE APPROPRIATE O AND U OPERATORS !!!

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A Recursive Approach

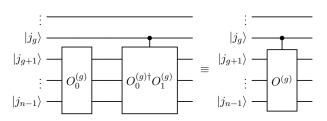


Figure 3: The controlled operator $\hat{O}^{(g)}$ $(0 \le g \le m-1)$

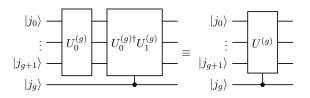


Figure 4: The controlled operator $\hat{U}^{(g)}$ $(1 \le g \le m-1)$

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A Recursive Approach

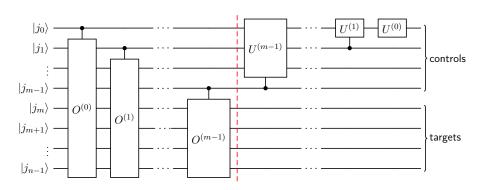


Figure 5: Cascaded controls: 2m-1 controlled operations

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Comparison

• ...

Comments Sarah

For the other problem, yes this is exactly what I had in mind, this is the right idea. A couple of suggestions:

- I think that you can get rid of the ancillae entirely, and just condition directly on the first few (log M) qubits.
- I agree that you should be able to simplify a bit more by thinking about applying the operators recursively.
- Sadly it will always scale exponentially if we take $M \sim O(2^n)$. It would be helpful to consider breaking the circuit (conceptually, not literally...) into m = log M qubits (which will be the controls) and n-m remaining qubits (the targets). If m \ll n, how does the complexity scale with m and n?
- Finally, how does the complexity of applying the phase in this way compare to the previous method of calculating the phase in an ancilla register, applying the phase, and then uncomputing the result in the ancilla.

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Handover

The code, documentation, slides, and poster are all available on GitHub:

 $\verb|https://github.com/david-f-amorim/PQC_function_evaluation| \\$

- The source code is found in the directory pqcprep
- The slides and poster are found in the directory slides
- The documentation is hosted externally here, which is linked on GitHub

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