

## Kinds of Ensembles

Tested on apple quality dataset

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## Apple quality dataset

#### Variables

- Size
- Weight
- Sweetness
- Crunchiness
- Juiciness
- Ripeness
- Acidity

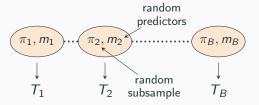
### Binary classification task

Class distribution: 0.49 - 0.51

#### Methods

- kNN, Decision tree, Logistic regression
- Random forest
- AdaBoost
- Super learner

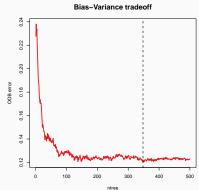
### Random forest



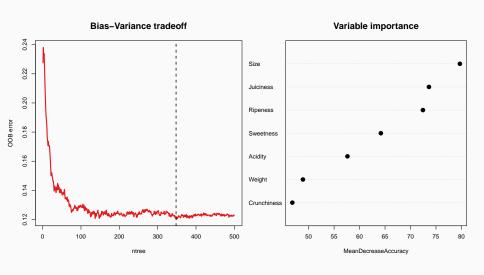
$$G(x) = \operatorname{arg\,max}_k \sum_{b=1}^B \mathbb{I}(T_b(x) = k)$$

$$\operatorname{mtry} = \lfloor \sqrt{p} \rfloor$$

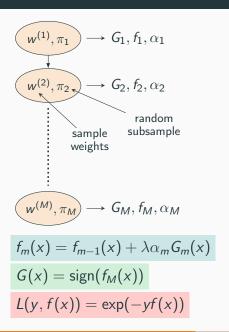
randomForest(x, y, importance=TRUE, ntree=500, ntree=B.oob  $\leftarrow B^*$ )



# Random forest tuning

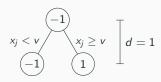


# AdaBoost algorithm

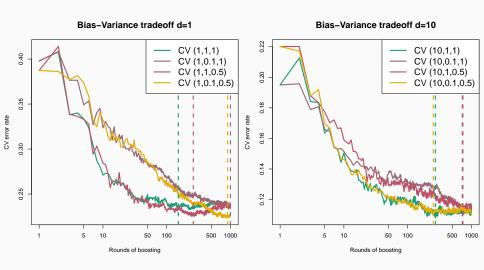


Encoding 
$$\mathcal{Y} \in \{-1,1\}$$

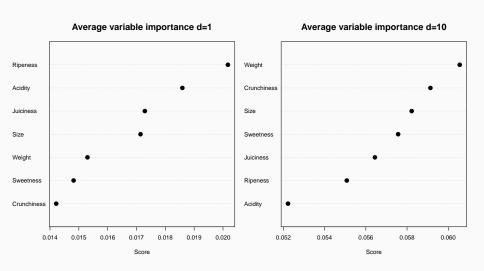
ada::ada(x, y,
loss="exponential",
type="discrete",
iter  $\leftarrow M^*$ , nu  $\leftarrow \lambda^*$ ,
bag.frac  $\leftarrow \pi^*$ ,
control=base.learner)



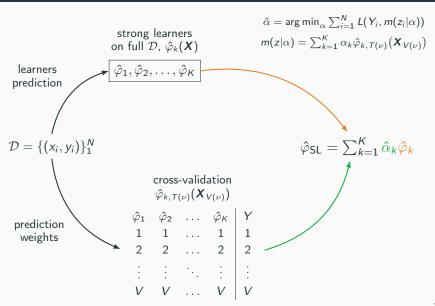
## AdaBoost tuning



## AdaBoost variable importance



# Super Learner flow diagram

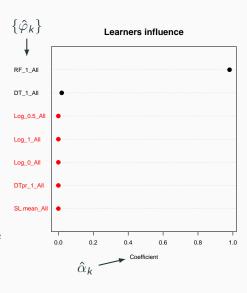


## Super Learner in practice

```
SuperLearner(Y, X, cluster, SL.library \leftarrow \{\varphi_k\}, cvControl=list( V=10, shuffle=FALSE))
```

#### What's in the ensemble?

- Response variable mean  $\bar{y}$
- Logistic Regression with  $\alpha = 0, 1$  and 0.5
- Grown and pruned Decision Tree
- Random Forest



# Performance

Model	Train score	Test score
CART	0.0000	0.0000
Random forest	0.0000	0.0000
AdaBoost	0.0000	0.0000
Super learner	0.0000	0.0000

#### References i

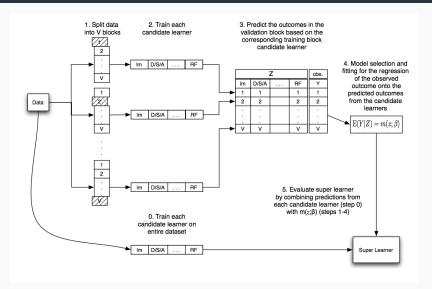
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- E. C. Polley, and M. J. van der Laan
   Super Learner in Prediction
   U.C. Berkeley Division of Biostatistics Working Paper Series.
   Working Paper 266, 2010
- M. Culp, K. Johnson and G. Michailidis ada: The R Package Ada for Stochastic Boosting Journal of Statistical Software, 17(2), 1–27, 2006

## Discrete AdaBoost algorithm

Discrete AdaBoost with shrinkage and out-of-bag, as an additive model with prediction function  $f_m(x)$ 

```
Input: M, \{(x_i, y_i)\}_{1}^{N}, x_i \in \mathbb{R}^{p}
1 Initialize f_0(x) = 0;
2 for m=1 to M do
        Set w_i^{(m)} = -\frac{\partial L(y,g)}{\partial g}\Big|_{g=f_m(x)} s.t. \sum_{i=1}^N w_i^{(m)} = 1;
        Fit classifier G_m(x) using w_i^{(m)} with samples from \pi_m;
      Weighted error rate \operatorname{err}_m = \sum_{i=1}^N w_i^{(m)} \mathbb{I}(y_i \neq G(x_i));
5
Set \alpha_m = \frac{1}{2} \log(\frac{1 - \operatorname{err}_m}{\operatorname{orr}_m});
         Update f_m(x) \leftarrow f_{m-1}(x) + \lambda \alpha_m G_m(x):
8 end
   Output: G(x) = sign(f_M(x))
```

## Super Learner algorithm flow diagram



Input: 
$$\mathcal{D} = \{(x_i, y_i)\}_1^N$$
,  $\mathcal{L} = \{\varphi_k(X)\}_{k=1}^K$   
1 foreach strong learner in  $\mathcal{L}$  do

Fit  $\varphi_k$  on  $\mathcal{D} \Rightarrow \hat{\varphi}_k(\mathbf{X}) \rightarrow \hat{\mathcal{L}} = \{\hat{\varphi}_k\}_{k=1}^K$ ;

$$2 \mid \text{Fit } \varphi_k \text{ on } D \Rightarrow \varphi_k(\mathbf{A}) \rightarrow \mathcal{L} = \{\varphi_k\}_{k=1}$$
  $\mathbf{g}$  end

4 for 
$$\nu = 1, 2, ..., V$$
 do  
5 | foreach strong learner in  $\mathcal{L}$  do

6 | Fit 
$$\varphi_k$$
 on  $T(\nu)$ , predict  $\hat{\varphi}_{k,T(\nu)}(X_i \in V(\nu))$ ;

$$\varphi_k$$
 end

8 end

9 Stack output in an 
$$N \times K$$
 matrix  $Z = \{\hat{\varphi}_{k,T(\nu)}(X_{V(\nu)})\}$ ;  
10 Propose a family of weighted combinations

$$m(z|\alpha) = \sum_{k=1}^{N} \alpha_k \hat{\varphi}_{k,T(\nu)} (\boldsymbol{X}_{V(\nu)}) \to \hat{\alpha} = \arg\min_{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^{N} L(Y_i, m(z_i|\alpha))$$

of size N s.t. 
$$\alpha_k \ge 0$$
,  $\sum_k \alpha_k = 1$  and minimizes  $\sum_k \alpha_k \hat{\varphi}_k$ ;

11 Combine 
$$\hat{\alpha}$$
 with the library  $\hat{\mathcal{L}} \to \hat{\varphi}_{\mathsf{SL}}(\boldsymbol{X}) = \sum_{k=1}^K \hat{\alpha}_k \hat{\varphi}_k(\boldsymbol{X});$ 

Output:  $\hat{\varphi}_{SL}$