



2601B-PULSE Example TSP Script CurrentPulseSweepFrontPanelOperation.tsp



Script Description

- This example script creates (and subsequently calls) a function that can be used with the Model 2601B-PULSE current pulser to output a linear staircase current pulse sweep. While general in nature, this type of sweep is commonly used to measure the IV characteristics of diode devices, such as LEDs and LASER diodes, including VCSELs. The ability of the pulser to generate $10\mu\text{s}$ current pulses at levels up to 10A at 10V, makes it a good choice for testing many of these optical devices.
- The function could be modified to synchronize an optical output power measurement with the electrical measurements in the IV sweep to create what is known as an LIV (Light-Current-Voltage) sweep. This is one of the fundamental tests performed to determine the operating characteristics of the aforementioned optical devices

Note: This script is modified from the CurrentPulseSweep.tsp for front panel control



Front Panel Operation

Basic Operation

- Save this script to thumb drive and plug it into the instrument
- Press MENU key->SCRIPT->USB1
- Select CurrentPulseSweepFrontPanelOperation.tsp and press ENTER key
- Press RUN key to run the script and result will be saved automatically as csv format

Parameters to be entered:

- Start Current : The current level of the first pulse in amps
- Stop Current : The current level of the last pulse in amps
- No of Pulses : Number of pulses in the sweep
- Pulse Period : Time between start of consecutive pulses in microseconds
- Pulse Width : Width of current pulses in microseconds
- Aperture : Effective Integration time in microseconds
- Meas Delay : Time from pulse start to measure start in microseconds
- Range Voltage : Voltage measure range in volts
- Range Current : Source and measure current Range in amps
- Bias Current : Idle current level in amps(base level for pulses)

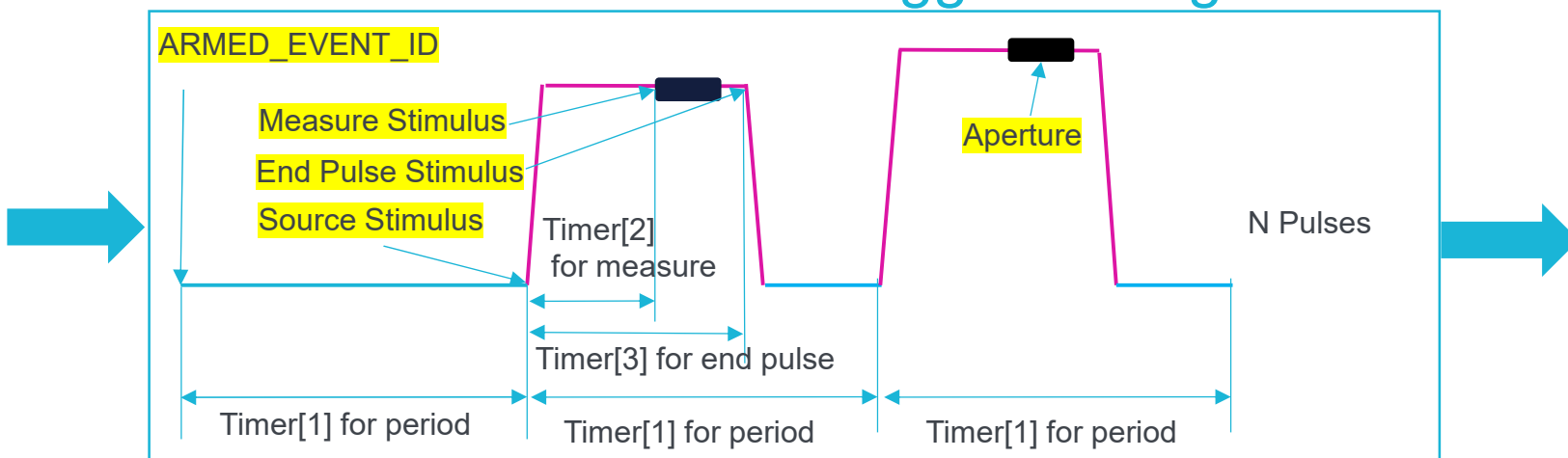


Function

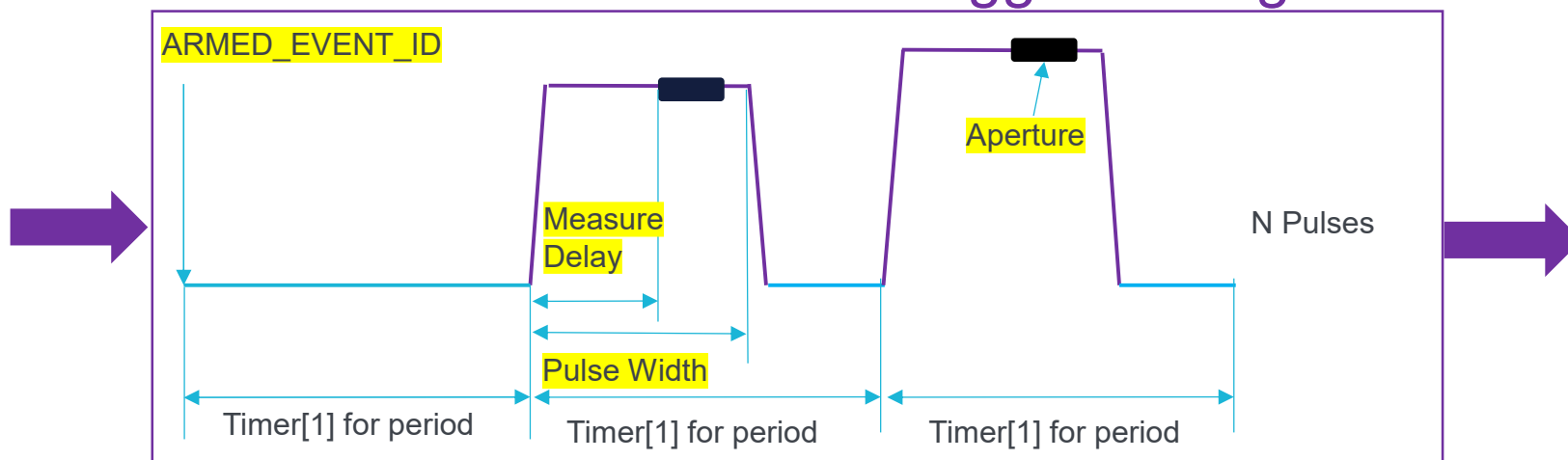
- The sweep is generated using the instrument's Synchronous Trigger Model. 2601B-PULSE sweep operation is similar to that of the original Model 2601B, except as noted below.
- The Pulse Period is controlled using a standard Trigger Timer.
- The Pulse Width and Measure Delay (settling time) are determined by new pulser commands, which provide more precise timing than a Trigger Timer. Needed to support pulses as short as 10 μ s.
 - `smua.trigger.source.pulsewidth`
 - `smua.pulser.measure.delay`
- Using the dual 1MS/s digitizers built into the current pulser, the voltage and current are measured simultaneously at the top of each pulse.
- New aperture command sets the effective integration time for the measurement.
 - `smua.pulser.measure.aperture`

New Trigger Timing Options for 2601B-PULSE

Common 2601B-PULSE Trigger Timing Scheme



New 2601B-PULSE Pulser Trigger Timing Scheme

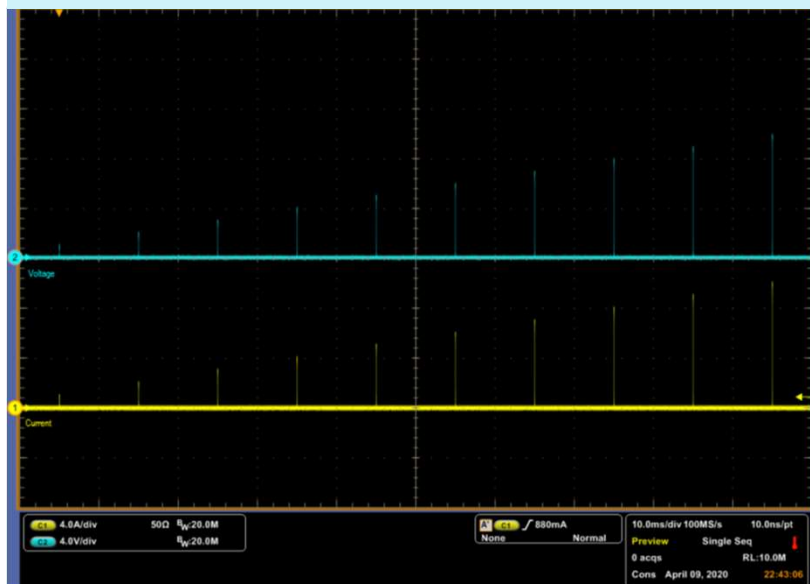


The Resulting Sweep

SWEEP CURRENT FROM 1A TO 10A; PULSE WIDTH = 10MS; PERIOD = 10MS

RESULT IS AUTOMATICALLY SAVED AS CSV FILE IN THUMB DRIVE

Full Sweep
4A/div and 4V/div



Zoom on 10th Pulse
2A/div and 2V/div

