

# Homework\_1

Math 742

1/19/2026

## Casella/Berger

1.2d: Prove  $A \cup B = A \cup (B \cap A^c)$

After proving the above result, prove:  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$

1.3c DeMorgan's Laws. Prove this without Venn diagrams.

1.47b: Prove that  $F_X(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}, x \in (-\infty, \infty)$  is a CDF.

4.4 A PDF is defined by,

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} C(x + 2y) & : 0 < y < 1 \text{ and } 0 < x < 2 \\ 0 & : \text{Otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Find the value of  $C$ .
- Find the marginal distribution of  $X$ .
- Find the joint CDF of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- Find the PDF of the random variable  $Z = 9(X + 1)^2$

4.10 The random pair  $(X, Y)$  has the distribution:

	$X = 1$	$X = 2$	$X = 3$
$Y = 2$	1/12	1/6	1/12
$Y = 3$	1/6	0	1/6
$Y = 4$	0	1/3	0

- Show that  $X$  and  $Y$  are dependent.
- Give a probability table for random variables  $U$  and  $V$  that have the same marginals as  $X$  and  $Y$  but are independent.

## Wasserman

3.10  $X \sim N(0,1)$ ,  $Y \sim e^X$ . Determine  $\mathbb{E}(Y)$  and  $\mathbb{V}(Y)$

3.19

Extra Problem:

Let  $X$  have a Gamma distribution with parameters  $\alpha, \beta$ . Prove that  $\mathbb{E}(X) = \alpha\beta$  and  $\mathbb{V}(X) = \alpha\beta^2$  The Gamma PDF is defined as:

- $\alpha > 0$
- $\beta > 0$

$$f_X(x) = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)\beta^\alpha} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-x/\beta}$$

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} e^{-t} dt$$

Show that:  $\mathbb{E}(X) = \alpha\beta$  and  $\mathbb{V}(X) = \alpha\beta^2$ .