Lesson 5.1 Monday

Dictation Passage

Directions: Read this passage to yourself. Copy it on the lines below in your best handwriting. New focused words are underlined. Enrichment words are circled.

A famous horse named (Hans) captured world attention for his excellent ability to perform correct addition in arithmetic. People wrote a problem on a blackboard. Then (Hans) pawed numbers one through nine right-footed. He would multiply tens left-footed. How he did it remained a secret until a doctor watched (Hans) many times. He discovered that (Hans) received valuable help from audiences. When they leaned forward, he started. When they relaxed, it caused him to stop. (Hans) noticed and followed their simple body language.





Name	
Spelling Skill: Root Words and Prefixes	
Definition: Prefixes are one to four letter units added to the front of a root word. Prefixes change or add to the meaning of the root word. The four most common prefixes are un, dis, re, and mis.	e:
Directions: Below are the meanings for the common prefixes with an example for each. Wretwo more words for each prefix and give its meaning.	/rite
1. un means not (unhappy = not happy)	
2. dis means not or opposite (dis like = not like)	
3. re means again (remake = to make again)	
4. mis means wrong (misspell = to spell wrong)	
5. What does the focus word dis cover mean?	
Writing Skill: Vocabulary Development	
Directions: Write two sentences using any of the prefix words that you wrote above. 1	
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2	
	7



	Trial Toot		
	Trial Test		
Spelling: Focused (22)	Functional (51)	Enrichment (10)	
Writing: Sentences (9)	Capitalization (13)	Punctuation (13)	



Lesson 5.1 Thursday

Spelling Skill: Root Words and Suffixes

Definition: Suffixes are endings added to words that change the part of speech for the root word.

Rule: The suffixes er, ly, ion, tion, ition, and able or ible change the part of speech and add to the meaning of the root words.

Directions: Below are the meanings for the suffixes above. Following each meaning is a word. Write what the word means and use it in a sentence.

1.	er means one who	(worker means one who works)
	explor er	

- Iy means the way something is done (quickly means to do something fast)
 completely
- ion, tion, ition means act or process of doing (celebration means to celebrate)
 addition
- 4. **able** or **ible** means **is or can be done** (like**able** means can be liked) valuable



Writing Skill: Vocabulary Development

Directions: In teams of two use the following root words and any prefixes or suffixes to write as many new words as you can.

run	form	take	kind	happy



ame			
	Final Test		
Spelling: Focused (22)	Functional (51)	Enrichment (10)	
	Capitalization (13)		



Name
Spelling Skill: Root Words and Prefixes
Definition: Prefixes are one to four letter units added to the front of a root word. Prefixes change or add to the meaning of the root word. The four most common prefixes are: un , dis , re , and mis .
Directions: Below are the meanings for the common prefixes with an example for each. Write two more words for each prefix and give its meaning.
1. un means not (unhappy = not happy)
Answers will vary.
2. dis means not or opposite (dislike = not like)
3. re means again (remake = to make again)
4. mis means wrong (misspell = to spell wrong)
5. What does the focus word dis cover mean?
Writing Skill: Vocabulary Development Directions: Write two sentences using any of the prefix words that you wrote above. 1. Answers will vary.
2



Name
Spelling Skill: Root Words and Suffixes
Definition: Suffixes are endings added to words that change the part of speech for the root word.
Rule: The suffixes er, ly, ion, tion, ition, and able or ible change the part of speech and add to the meaning of the root words.
Directions: Below are the meanings for the suffixes above. Following each meaning is a word. Write what the word means and use it in a sentence.
1. er means one who (worker means one who works)
explorer One who explores
2. Iy means the way something is done (quickly means to do something fast)
completely Something is finished.
3. ion, tion, ition means act or process of doing (celebration means to celebrate)
addition_ The act of adding.
4. able or ible means is or can be done (likeable means can be liked)
valuable Something is of value.



Writing Skill: Vocabulary Development

Directions: In teams of two use the following root words and any prefixes or suffixes to write as many new words as you can. Answers will vary.

run	form	take	kind	happy

