

Advent of Spin 2023

Challenge Solutions in Rust

David Wallace Croft, M.Sc.

Presented to
Fermyon Cloud Office Hours
2024 Jan 10 Wed

WebAssembly

- WebAssembly (Wasm) is bytecode
 - Like Java bytecode but for the browser
- Many languages compile to Wasm
 - Rust might have the best support
- Wasm also runs on the server
 - Just as Java made the jump from applets
 - Just as JavaScript made the jump to Node.js

Fermyon Spin

- Fermyon Spin runs Wasm components
 - Compiled from Rust and other languages
- Serverless
 - Function as a Service (FaaS)
 - Fast cold starts

Fermyon Advent of Spin 2023

- Holiday-themed Spin-based code challenges
- Challenge 1
 - Static file server and data persistence
- Challenge 2
 - Knapsack algorithm
- Challenge 3
 - Large Language Model (LLM)
- Challenge 4
 - Bulls and Cows game

Approach

- Multiple code examples available from Fermyon
 - Blogs, Documentation, GitHub, YouTube
- Code assistant
 - Started using Amazon CodeWhisperer
- Test by submitting the code
 - Returns success or failure
- Move on
 - No changes to code once submitted

Challenge 1

- Serve a holiday-themed static webpage
 - Uses a pre-compiled Wasm component
 - One complication due to using Windows
 - Deployed from GitHub CodeSpaces
- Persist data in a key-value store
 - Saves to a local file when testing locally
 - Uses a default store when deployed to Cloud

Challenge 1 Workarounds

- Some workarounds required when on Windows
 - And using a precompiled Wasm component
 - Such as the static fileserver component
- This issue might already be fixed
 - <https://github.com/fermyon/spin/issues/2112>
- See my README.md files for the workarounds
 - <https://github.com/david-wallace-croft/advent-of-spin/tree/main/2023/challenge1>
 - <https://github.com/david-wallace-croft/advent-of-spin/blob/main/README.md>

Challenge 1 spin.toml Excerpt

```
[component.spin-static-fs]
files = [{ source = "assets", destination = "/" } ]

# https://github.com/fermyon/spin/issues/2112

source = { url =
"https://github.com/fermyon/spin-fileserver/releases/download/v0.2.1/spin_static_fs.wasm",
digest = "sha256:5f05b15f0f7cd353d390bc5ebffec7fe25c6a6d7a05b9366c86dcb1a346e9f0f" }

# source = "../../spin-fileserver/target/wasm32-wasi/release/spin_static_fs.wasm"

[[trigger.http]]
route = "/data"
component = "data"

[[trigger.http]]
route = "/"
component = "spin-static-fs"
```


Challenge 1 Static Assets

```
$ pwd
```

```
/c/Users/David/git/croftsoft/rust/advent-of  
-spin/2023/challenge1/assets
```

```
$ ls
```

```
index.html    santa-claus.jpg    stylesheet.css
```

Challenge 1 Code

```
#[http_component]
fn handle_request(
    req: http::Request<Vec<u8>>
) -> anyhow::Result<impl IntoResponse> {
    let store = Store::open_default()?;
    let (status, body) = match *req.method() {
        Method::POST => {
            store.set(req.uri().path(), req.body().as_slice()?);
            (StatusCode::CREATED, None)
        },
        [...other REST methods corresponding to CRUD operations]
        _ => (StatusCode::METHOD_NOT_ALLOWED, None),
    };
    let response = Response::builder()
        .body(body)
        .header("Content-Type", "application/json")
        .status(status)
        .build();
    Ok(response)
}
```

Challenge 2

- Knapsack algorithm
 - Maximize value of integer-sized items that fit
 - Dynamic programming
- Implementation provided by AWS CodeWhisperer
 - Automatically wired up inputs to function
 - Concise code
- Tested by submitting
 - Then studied the code for two hours after

Challenge 2 serde-json

```
#[derive(Deserialize)]
struct Input {
    capacity: usize,
    kids: Vec<usize>,
    weight: Vec<usize>,
}

#[derive(Serialize)]
struct Output {
    kids: usize,
}

impl IntoBody for Output {
    fn into_body(self) -> Vec<u8> {
        serde_json::to_string(&self).unwrap().into_body()
    }
}
```

Challenge 2 Knapsack

```
fn knapsack(  
    capacity: usize,  
    kids: &[usize],  
    weight: &[usize],  
) -> usize {  
    let mut knapsack = vec![0; capacity + 1];  
    for i in 0..kids.len() {  
        for j in (weight[i]..=capacity).rev() {  
            knapsack[j] = knapsack[j].max(knapsack[j - weight[i]] + kids[i]);  
        }  
    }  
    knapsack[capacity]  
}
```

Challenge 3

- Large Language Model (LLM) story generation
 - Generative Artificial Intelligence (AI)
 - Uses Cloud Graphics Processing Units (GPUs)
- Static types required input parameters
 - Not sure what reasonable defaults would be
 - Used Amazon CodeWhisperer suggestions
- Tweaked the prompts that I provided
 - To integrate the inputs from the user

Challenge 3 spin.toml Excerpt

```
[component.confabulator]
ai_models = ["llama2-chat"]
allowed_outbound_hosts = []
source = "confabulator/target/wasm32-wasi/release/confabulator.wasm"
```

```
[component.confabulator.build]
command = "cargo build --target wasm32-wasi --release"
watch = ["src/**/*.rs", "Cargo.toml"]
workdir = "confabulator"
```

```
[[trigger.http]]
component = "confabulator"
route = "..."
```

Challenge 3 Prompt

```
fn make_prompt(  
    characters: &[String],  
    objects: &[String],  
    place: &str,  
) -> String {  
    let mut prompt = "Tell an engaging Christmas story. \  
        The story should have a happy ending. \  
        The story should have a theme of joy. \  
        The story should be between 250 and 500 words long. "  
        .to_owned();  
    prompt.push_str(&format!(  
        "The story should take place in the following location: {}. ",  
        place  
    ));  
    prompt.push_str(&make_include_prompt(characters, "characters", "character"));  
    prompt.push_str(&make_include_prompt(objects, "objects", "object"));  
    prompt  
}
```


Challenge 3 LLM Call

```
fn confabulate(
  characters: &[String],
  objects: &[String],
  place: &str,
) -> Output {
  let prompt = make_prompt(characters, objects, place);
  let options = llm::InferencingParams {
    max_tokens: 1000,
    repeat_penalty: 1.2,
    repeat_penalty_last_n_token_count: 0,
    temperature: 0.7,
    top_k: 0,
    top_p: 1.0,
  };
  let infer_result: Result<InferencingResult, spin_sdk::llm::Error> =
    llm::infer_with_options(
      llm::InferencingModel::Llama2Chat,
      &prompt,
      options,
    );
}
```

```
let result = match &infer_result {
  Ok(inferencing_result) => format!("{:?}",
inferencing_result),
  Err(error) => format!("Error: {:?}", error),
};
let story = match infer_result {
  Ok(inferencing_result) => inferencing_result.text,
  Err(_error) => String::new(),
}
.trim()
.to_owned();
Output {
  prompt,
  result,
  story,
}
```

Challenge 4

- Bulls and Cows game
 - Like the Mastermind board game
 - Make a guess and get a hint
- Goal is to minimize the number of guesses
 - By eliminating hypotheses after each hint
- Scoured the Web and YouTube
 - Python presentations by Adam Forsyth
 - Donald Knuth paper on Mastermind

Challenge 4 Output

```
{  
  "rounds": [  
    "1: 012 -> (0, 2)",  
    "2: 103 -> (0, 1)",  
    "3: 240 -> (0, 2)",  
    "4: 421 -> (3, 0)"  
  ]  
}
```

Challenge 4 spin.toml Excerpt

```
[component.bullseye]
allowed_outbound_hosts = ["https://bulls-n-cows.fermyon.app"]
source = "bullseye/target/wasm32-wasi/release/bullseye.wasm"
```

```
[component.bullseye.build]
command = "cargo build --target wasm32-wasi --release"
watch = ["src/**/*.rs", "Cargo.toml"]
workdir = "bullseye"
```

```
[[trigger.http]]
component = "bullseye"
route = "..."
```

Challenge 4 Loop

```
let mut permutations = make_permutations();  
[...]  
while let Some(guess) = permutations.pop() {  
    let bulls_cows_output: BullsCowsOutput =  
        send_guess(&game_id_option, &guess).await?;  
[...]  
    if solved {  
        break;  
    }  
[...]  
    permutations  
        .retain(|permutation| output_hint == make_hint(&guess, permutation));  
[...]  
}
```

Challenge 4 More Code

- `#[serde(alias = "gameId")]`
- `struct Permutation`
- `fn has_all_unique_symbols(&self) -> bool`
- `impl IntoBody for BullseyeOutput`
- `fn make_hint(guess, secret) -> Hint`
- `unmatched_secret_symbols.swap_remove(index)`
- `fn make_permutations() -> Vec<Permutation>`

Future

- CroftSoft Spin Prototype
 - Cleaned-up Spin example components
- Authentication (AuthN) / Authorization (AuthZ)
 - OAuth 2.0 / OpenID Connect (OIDC)
- Fullstack Jamstack Serverless Rust
 - Rust-Wasm on frontend using Dioxus
 - Rust-Wasm on backend using Spin
- Wasm archive repositories
 - Like downloading Java Archive (JAR) files

Links

- Fermyon Advent of Spin
 - <https://github.com/fermyon/advent-of-spin/tree/main>
- CroftSoft Advent of Spin 2023 Solutions
 - <https://github.com/david-wallace-croft/advent-of-spin>
- CroftSoft Spin Prototype
 - <https://github.com/david-wallace-croft/spin-prototype>
- Adam Forsyth, "Beating Mastermind: Winning Games, Translating Math to Code, and Learning from Donald Knuth", PyGotham 2018
<https://youtu.be/2iCpnWYXPik?si=wxlGsvkOEfVHEfsF>

Licenses

- Slides and code are © 2024 CroftSoft Inc
- This slide presentation is available under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License
<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>
- The code is available under the terms of the open source MIT License
<https://opensource.org/license/mit/>