

Typestate Pattern in Rust

With a Strict Builder Example

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Typestate Pattern

- Problem
 - Permit state transitions only when valid
 - Enforce using static compile-time checks
- Solution
 - Represent the states using enum variants
 - State transition methods are variant-specific
 - State transition methods consume old self

Example Code

- Open source example code on GitHub
- https://github.com/david-wallace-croft/pattern-typestate/tree/main/src/typestate_2

Design Patterns

- Borrowed from a book on building architecture
- Adopted by software architects
 - Gamma, et al., "Design Patterns", 1994
 - Known as the "Gang of Four Book"
- A reusable pattern that fits a type of situation
 - Problem and solution
 - Customized as needed
- Quickly communicate design ideas
 - Using just the name of the pattern

Antipatterns

- Sub-optimal design patterns
 - Used frequently enough to be named
- Should generally be avoided
 - Disadvantages outweigh the advantages

Builder Pattern

- Problem
 - Make a recipe to assemble a complex object
 - Enable swapping out implementations
- Solution
 - Client instantiates a ConcreteBuilder
 - Client passes ConcreteBuilder to Director
 - Director operates on an AbstractBuilder
 - Client retrieves Product from ConcreteBuilder

Named Arguments

- A potential run-time error
 - `my_function(height, width)`
 - `my_function(width, height)`
- Named arguments (a.k.a. named parameters)
 - `my_function(width => width, height => height)`
- Languages with named arguments
 - Ada, C#, Fortran, Kotlin, Python, Ruby, [...]
- Rust
 - `let rectangle = Rectangle { width, height };`

Pseudo-Builder Antipattern

- Work-around for a lack of named arguments
 - `let p = Product::builder().a(a).b(b).build();`
- Frequently misidentified as the Builder Pattern
 - I call it the Pseudo-Builder
- Easily misused resulting in a run-time error
 - Building before all required arguments given
 - Reusing after build when not designed for it
 - Permits invalid argument combinations
 - Breaks when arguments added to constructor

Strict Builder Pattern

- A Pseudo-Builder that cannot be misused
 - Based on the TypeState Pattern
- Compile-time errors instead of run-time errors
 - Cannot build until all required values provided
 - Prevents invalid argument combinations
 - New arguments require code updates
 - Initial arguments determine next ones allowed
 - Prevents reuse after build

Example Code

- Open source example code on GitHub
- https://github.com/david-wallace-croft/pattern-type-state/tree/main/src/strict_builder_0

Links

- Cliff L. Biffle, "The Typestate Pattern in Rust", 2019-06-05, <https://cliffle.com/blog/rust-typestate/>
- Eric Smith, "Game Development with Rust and WebAssembly", 2022 Apr, <https://www.packtpub.com/en-us/product/game-development-with-rust-and-webassembly-9781801070973/>
- Gamma, et al., "Design Patterns: Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software" (1E), Addison-Wesley Professional, 1994.
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Design_Patterns

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