

雅思暑假班 20220711 上午

2022年7月11日 9:37

阅读词汇

- 1.modify: change,alter,shift,transform,convert
 - 2.reference:mention
 - 3.diminish: decrease
 - 4.define:
 - 5.resemble: look like
 - 6.eradicate: eliminate, extinct, end
 - 7.carry out: implement, conduct, perform
 - 8.emotion: feeling
 - 9.sufficient: enough, plentiful
 - 10.predict: expect, anticipate, fore(foresee, forecast, foreshadow)
 - 11.rely on
 12. efficiency
 - 13.inhabitant
 - 14.average
 - 15.maintain
 - 16.military
 - 17.contemporary
 - 18.collapse
 - 19.conduct
 - 20.demanding
- Engendering
Contribute
Ingredient: 成分
Notion: 想法

雅思阅读:

1hour (词汇+语法+技巧+背景知识)

看题目->找位置

问题

1. 定位慢:
 - a. 扫描速度慢: 阅读太少
 - b. 扫描位置错
 - c. 同义改写反应不过来
2. 读法错
 - a. 误判解题关键词, 或者心中本无解题关键词 (针对细题)
 - b. 词汇量足够小, 但试图读每一句并懂每一句, 不知道哪该省, 哪该略
 - c. 想象力足够丰富, 看到. 个与题目. 样的词就开始YY案

考察什么?

1. 同义改写

准确定位以后做最精准的阅读

注意同替+逻辑

a.

Earlier this year, Sergio Pellis of Lethbridge University, Canada, reported that there is a strong positive link between brain size and playfulness among mammals in general. Comparing measurements for fifteen orders of mammal, he and his team found larger brains (for a given body size) are linked to greater playfulness. The converse was also found to be true. Robert Barton of

List of Findings

- A There is a link between a specific substance in the brain and playing.
- B Play provides input concerning physical surroundings.
- C Varieties of play can be matched to different stages of evolutionary history.
- D There is a tendency for mammals with smaller brains to play less.
- E Play is not a form of fitness training for the future.
- F Some species of larger-brained birds engage in play.
- G A wide range of activities are combined during play.

2. 断句
3. 指代
4. 逻辑

It turned / the motion that its product could have harmful effect / to its own advantage.

Soon after returning it occurred to him突然想到 that he could make a name for因为什么而出名 himself from this discovery.

沿着路行驶的车 : The vehicles travelling the street

车沿着街行驶 : The vehicle are travelling along the street

谓语有哪些?

- 1.do/does/did (am/is/are/were/was)
- 2.be doing (is/am/are doing; was/were doing)
- 3.have/has/had done
- 4.will/would/could/can...do (would have done/ would be doing...)
- 5.be done (will be done/ could be done/ is done...)

this style.(9:63:3)

n/pron....conj.1....V1... Conj.2....V2. ..and V3..... V4

- 2.The argument that humans, even in prehistoric times, had some number sense, at least to the extent of recognizing the concepts of more and less when some objects were added to or taken away from a small group, seems fair, for studies have shown that some animals possess such a sense.

划意群的标志 (断句) : 连词, 标点, 介词

- 1.The variety which is favoured, in this account, is usually a version of the 'standard' written language, especially as encountered in literature, or in the formal spoken language which most closely reflects this style.(9:63:3)

n/pron....conj.1....V1... Conj.2....V2. ..and V3..... V4

- 2.The argument that humans, even in prehistoric times, had some number sense, at least to the extent of recognizing the concepts of more and less when some objects were added to or taken away from a small group, seems fair, for studies have shown that some animals possess such a sense.

划意群的标志 (断句) : 连词, 标点, 介词

Make difference to= have an effect to, have implications for, have repercussions(贬义) for

the fit between an employee's values and a company's values

Values: 价值观

motorized vehicles: 摩托车辆

6. Shenggen Fan, Director General of the International Food Policy Research Institute, held up social safety nets and public welfare programmes in Ethiopia Brazil and Mexico as valuable ways to address poverty among farming families and reduce their vulnerability to agriculture shocks. (12:37:1)

Sb. held up A as B

Research found= a study

be unaware of=be unconscious of= be oblivious to。

while在句首一般表示： 虽然

因果(替代词): 见阅读讲义P42页

1. 因为
2. 所以
3. 导致:
4. 源于

1) because, in that, now that, since, for, as

2) due to, owing to, because Of, as a result Of, on account Of, in the face Of

3) result in, lead to, give rise to, contribute to, engender, be rooted in (CI IQ2), trigger

4) result from, originate from, derive from, stem from, arise

5) be linked to, be associated with, be connected to, be related to, be bound up with

Unlike A, B ...

Apprentices 学徒

Ranging from: including ... and ...= for example

Prevalent 盛行的: popular, pervasive

Despite the fact: although/ though, in spite of the fact that