
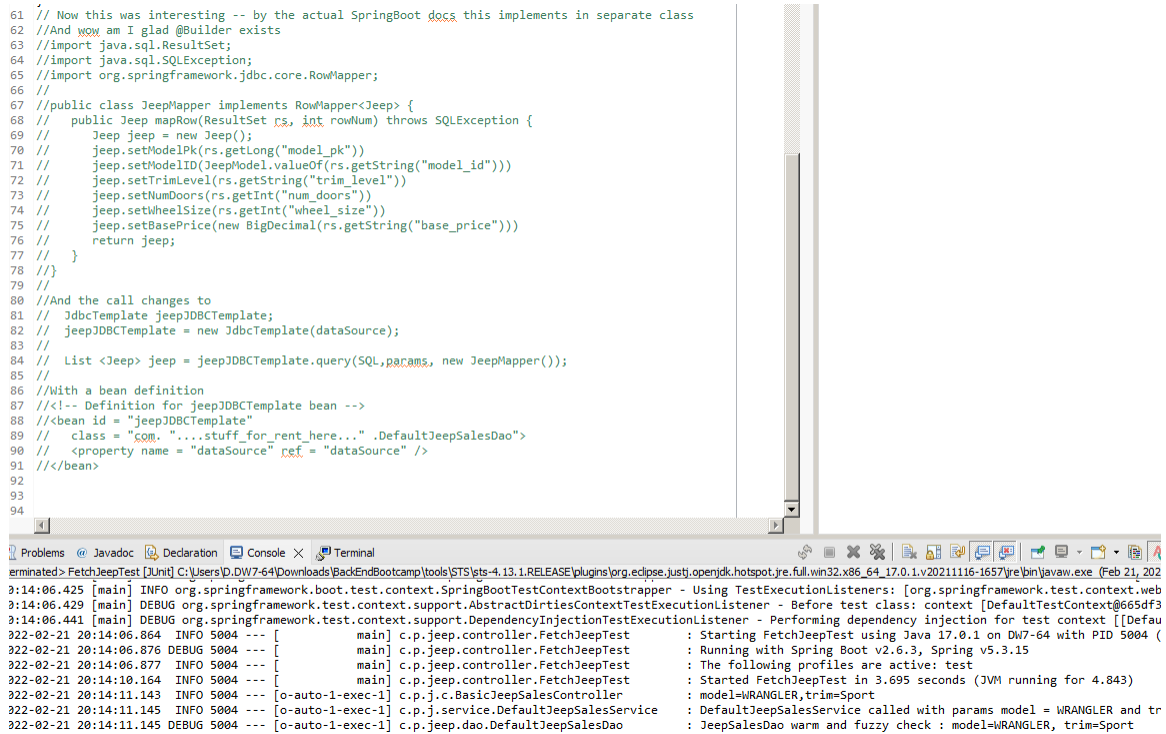


Web API Design with Spring Boot Week 3 Coding Assignment

- 1)
- 2)
- 3) In the DAO implementation class (DefaultJeepSalesDao):
 - a) Add the class-level annotation: @Service.
 - b) Add a log statement in DefaultJeepSalesDao.fetchJeeps() that logs the model and trim level. Run the integration test. Produce a screenshot showing the DAO implementation class and the log line in the IDE's console. 

```
1 /**
4 package com.promineotech.jeep.dao;
5
6 import java.math.BigDecimal;
20 * @author D
23 @Component
24 @Slf4j
25 public class DefaultJeepSalesDao implements JeepSalesDao {
26
27     @Autowired
28     private NamedParameterJdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate;
29
30     @Override
31     public List<Jeep> fetchJeeps(JeepModel model, String trim) {
32         log.debug("JeepSalesDao warm and fuzzy check : model={}, trim={}", model, trim);
33
34         String Query1 = "" + "SELECT * " + " FROM models " +
35             " WHERE model_id = :model_id AND trim_level= :trim_level";
36         Map<String, Object> params = new HashMap<>();
37         params.put("model_id", model.toString());
38         params.put("trim_level", trim);
39
40         return jdbcTemplate.query(Query1, params,
41             new org.springframework.jdbc.core.RowMapper<>() {
42
43             @Override
44             public Jeep mapRow(ResultSet rs, int rowNum) throws SQLException {
45                 // @formatter:off
46                 return Jeep.builder()
47                     //The video has the Primary key included in the returned results but that is just an auto_increment
48                     //Really don't want to even return this -- the video really goes round and round
49                     // Of course this begs the question of "what if we want the PK for later operations?"
50                     //
51                     .modelPk(rs.getLong("model_pk"))
52                     .modelID(JeepModel.valueOf(rs.getString("model_id")))
53                     .trimLevel(rs.getString("trim_level"))
54                     .numDoors(rs.getInt("num_doors"))
55                     .wheelSize(rs.getInt("wheel_size"))
56                     .basePrice(new BigDecimal(rs.getString("base_price")))
57                     .build();
58                 // @formatter:on
59             }
60         });
61     }
62 }
```

```
61 // Now this was interesting -- by the actual SpringBoot docs this implements in separate class
62 //And wow am I glad @Builder exists
63 //import java.sql.ResultSet;
64 //import java.sql.SQLException;
65 //import org.springframework.jdbc.core.RowMapper;
66 //
67 //public class JeepMapper implements RowMapper<Jeep> {
68 //    public Jeep mapRow(ResultSet rs, int rowNum) throws SQLException {
69 //        Jeep jeep = new Jeep();
70 //        jeep.setModelPk(rs.getLong("model_pk"));
71 //        jeep.setModelID(JeepModel.valueOf(rs.getString("model_id")))
72 //        jeep.setTrimLevel(rs.getString("trim_level"))
73 //        jeep.setNumDoors(rs.getInt("num_doors"))
74 //        jeep.setWheelSize(rs.getInt("wheel_size"))
75 //        jeep.setBasePrice(new BigDecimal(rs.getString("base_price")))
76 //        return jeep;
77 //    }
78 //}
79 //
80 //And the call changes to
81 // JdbcTemplate jeepJdbcTemplate;
82 // jeepJdbcTemplate = new JdbcTemplate(dataSource);
83 //
84 // List<Jeep> jeep = jeepJdbcTemplate.query(SQL,params, new JeepMapper());
85 //
86 //With a bean definition
87 //<!-- Definition for jeepJdbcTemplate bean -->
88 //<bean id = "jeepJdbcTemplate"
89 //    class = "com. ....stuff_for_rent_here..." >DefaultJeepSalesDao</bean>
90 //    <property name = "dataSource" ref = "dataSource" />
91 //</bean>
92
93
94
```




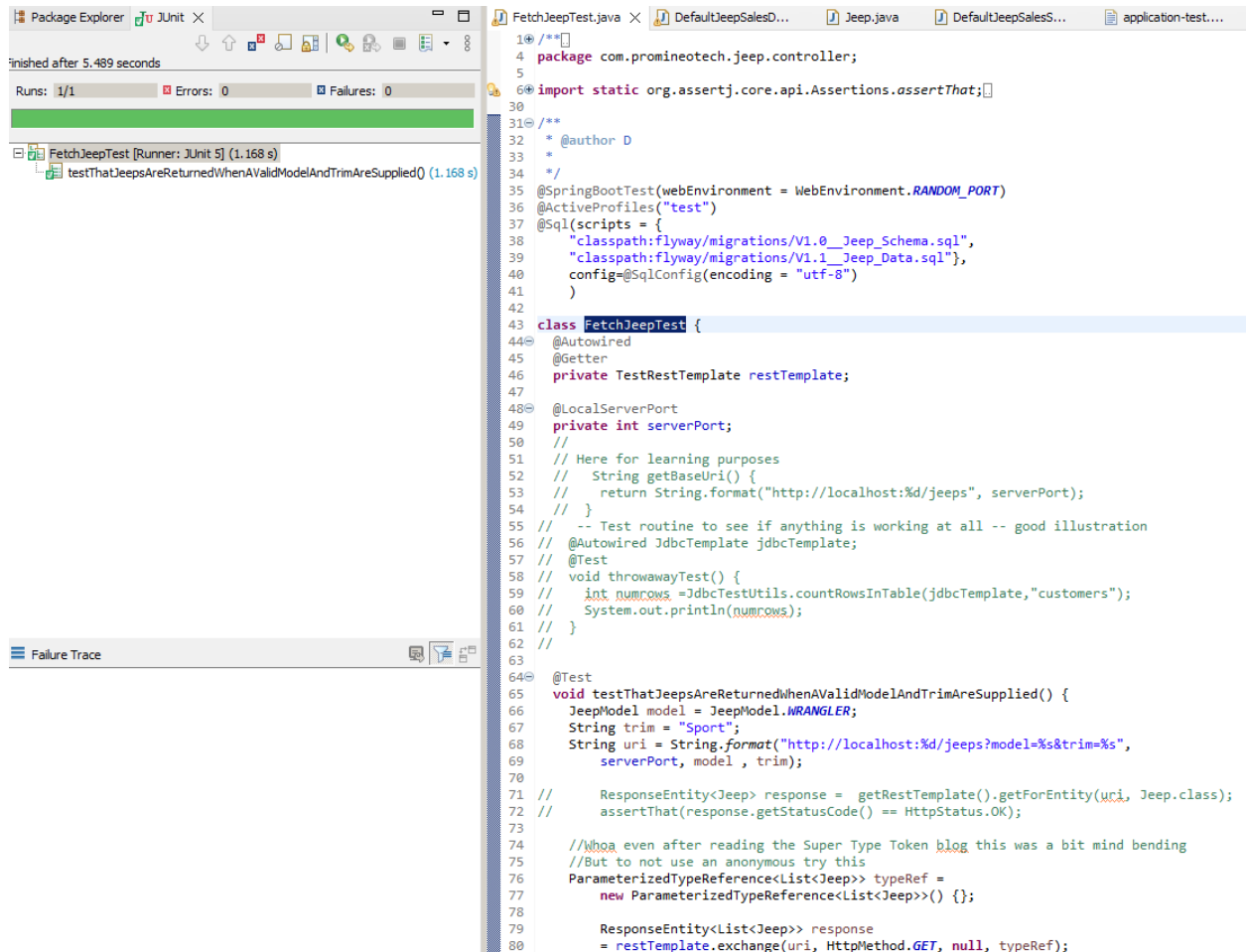
- c)
- d)
- e) Call the query method on the NamedParameterJdbcTemplate instance variable to return a list of Jeep model objects. Use a RowMapper to map each row of the result set. Remember to convert modelId to a JeepModel. See the video for details. Produce a screenshot to show the complete method in the implementation class. 🖥️

(Student Note : Complete class in screenshots above. Only method call here)

```
42
43 @Override
44 public Jeep mapRow(ResultSet rs, int rowNum) throws SQLException {
45     // @formatter:off
46     return Jeep.builder()
47 //The video has the Primary key included in the returned results but that is just an auto_increment
48 //Really don't want to even return this -- the video really goes round and round
49 // Of course this begs the question of "what if we want the PK for later operations?"
50 //
51     .modelPk(rs.getLong("model_pk"))
52     .modelID(JeepModel.valueOf(rs.getString("model_id")))
53     .trimLevel(rs.getString("trim_level"))
54     .numDoors(rs.getInt("num_doors"))
55     .wheelSize(rs.getInt("wheel_size"))
56     .basePrice(new BigDecimal(rs.getString("base_price")))
57     .build();
58     // @formatter:on
59 }
60 }
```

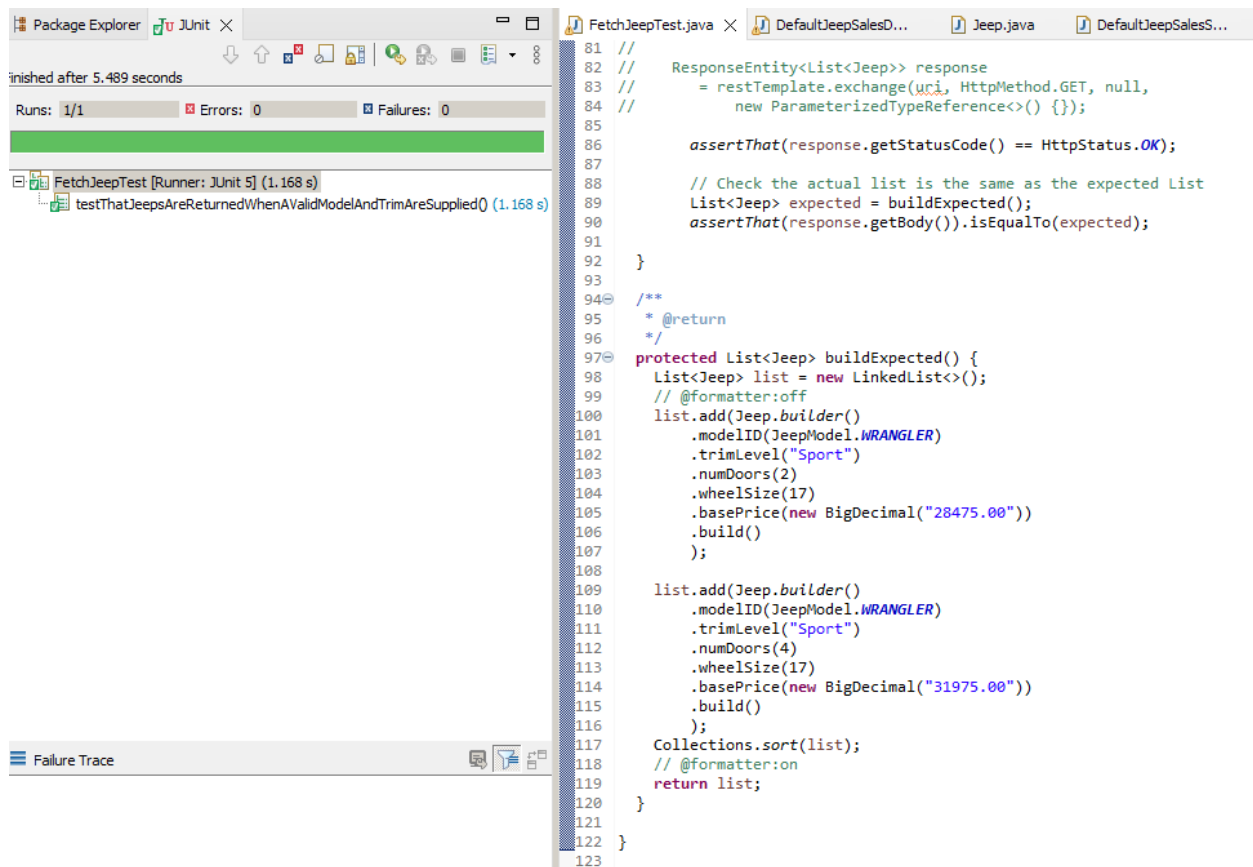
4)

5) Run the test to produce a green status bar. Produce a screenshot showing the test and the green status bar. 



The screenshot displays an IDE with two main panels. The left panel shows the JUnit test runner interface, indicating that the test 'testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidModelAndTrimAreSupplied()' passed successfully after 1.168 seconds. The right panel shows the source code for 'FetchJeepTest.java', which is a Spring Boot test class. The code includes annotations for Spring Boot testing, a REST client setup, and a test method that verifies the response from a REST API call.

```
10 /**
4 package com.promineotech.jeepp.controller;
5
6 import static org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat;
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
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16
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18
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20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31 /**
32 * @author D
33 *
34 */
35 @SpringBootTest(webEnvironment = WebEnvironment.RANDOM_PORT)
36 @ActiveProfiles("test")
37 @Sql(scripts = {
38     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.0__Jeep_Schema.sql",
39     "classpath:flyway/migrations/V1.1__Jeep_Data.sql"},
40     config=@SqlConfig(encoding = "utf-8")
41 )
42
43 class FetchJeepTest {
44     @Autowired
45     @Getter
46     private TestRestTemplate restTemplate;
47
48     @LocalServerPort
49     private int serverPort;
50     //
51     // Here for learning purposes
52     // String getBaseUrl() {
53     //     return String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps", serverPort);
54     // }
55     // -- Test routine to see if anything is working at all -- good illustration
56     // @Autowired JdbcTemplate jdbcTemplate;
57     // @Test
58     // void throwawayTest() {
59     //     int numRows = JdbcTestUtils.countRowsInTable(jdbcTemplate, "customers");
60     //     System.out.println(numRows);
61     // }
62     //
63
64     @Test
65     void testThatJeepsAreReturnedWhenAValidModelAndTrimAreSupplied() {
66         JeepModel model = JeepModel.WRANGLER;
67         String trim = "Sport";
68         String uri = String.format("http://localhost:%d/jeeps?model=%s&trim=%s",
69             serverPort, model, trim);
70
71         // ResponseEntity<Jeep> response = restTemplate.getForEntity(uri, Jeep.class);
72         // assertThat(response.getStatusCode(), equalTo(HttpStatus.OK));
73
74         //Whoa even after reading the Super Type Token blog this was a bit mind bending
75         //But to not use an anonymous try this
76         ParameterizedTypeReference<List<Jeep>> typeRef =
77             new ParameterizedTypeReference<List<Jeep>>() {};
78
79         ResponseEntity<List<Jeep>> response
80             = restTemplate.exchange(uri, HttpMethod.GET, null, typeRef);
```



6) URL to GitHub Repository:

<https://github.com/david2joh/springweek3.git>