Relational Databases with MySQL Week 1 Coding Assignment Points possible: 70

Category	Criteria	% of Grade		
Functionality	Does the code work?	25		
Organization	Is the code clean and organized? Proper use of white space, syntax, and consistency are utilized. Names and comments are concise and clear.	25		
Creativity	Student solved the problems presented in the assignment using creativity and out of the box thinking.	25		
Completeness	All requirements of the assignment are complete.	25		

Instructions: Using a text editor of your choice, write the queries that accomplishes the objectives listed below. Take screenshots of the queries and results and paste them in this document where instructed below. Create a new repository on GitHub for this week's assignments and push this document to the repository. Additionally, push an .sql file with all your queries to the same repository. Add the URL for this week's repository to this document where instructed and submit this document to your instructor when complete.

Coding Steps:

Using the employees database you installed, write SQL queries that do the following (the SQL queries you write are what you will turn in for your homework):

- 1. Show all employees who were born before 1965-01-01
- 2. Show all employees who are female and were hired after 1990
- 3. Show the first and last name of the first 50 employees whose last name starts with F
- 4. Insert 3 new employees into the employees table. There emp_no should be 100, 101, and 102. You can choose the rest of the data.
- 5. Change the employee's first name to Bob for the employee with the emp no of 10023.
- 6. Change all employees hire dates to 2002-01-01 whose first or last names start with P.
- 7. Delete all employees who have an emp no less than 10000

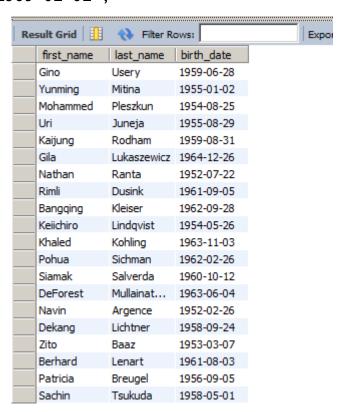
8. Delete all employee who have an emp no of 10048, 10099, 10234, and 20089.

Screenshots of Queries:

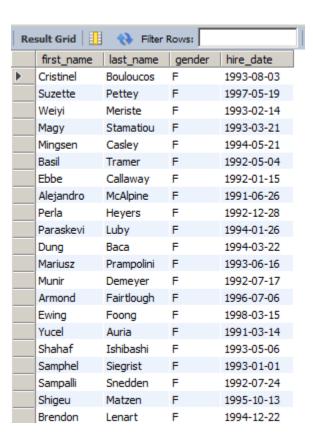
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  1 • show databases;
  2 • use employees;
        show tables;
  4 • select first_name , last_name , birth_date from employees where birth_date < '1965-01-01';
        select first_name , last_name , gender, hire_date from employees where gender = 'F' AND hire_date >= '1991-01-01';
  6 • select first_name , last_name from employees where last_name LIKE 'f%' LIMIT 50;
  7 • SELECT * from employees where emp_no between 100 and 102;
  8 • INSERT INTO employees (emp_no , birth_date , first_name, last_name, gender, hire_date) VALUES (100, '2001-01-01' , 'Jone', 'Doe' , 'M' , '2021-01-11') ,
        (101, '2000-12-25', 'Jane', 'Smith', 'F', '2021-01-12'), (102, '2001-02-14', 'John', 'Smith', 'M', (current_date()));
 10 • SELECT * from employees where emp_no between 100 and 102;
 11 • select * from employees where emp_no = 10023;
 12 • update employees SET first_name = 'Bob' where emp_no = 10023;
 13 • select * from employees where emp_no = 10023;
 14 • update employees set hire_date ='2002-01-01' where (last_name like 'P%') OR (first_name like 'P%');
 15 • select count(1) from employees where emp_no < 10000;
 16 • delete from employees where emp_no < 10000;
 17 • select count(1) from employees where emp no < 10000;
 18 • select * from employees where emp_no IN (10048 ,10099 , 10234, 20089);
 19 • delete from employees where emp_no IN (10048 ,10099 , 10234, 20089);
 20 • select * from employees where emp_no IN (10048 ,10099 , 10234, 20089);
 21 • rollback;
```

Screenshots of Query Results (only include the last 20 rows):

select first_name , last_name , birth_date from employees where birth_date < '1965-01-01';</pre>



select first_name , last_name , gender, hire_date from employees
where gender = 'F' AND hire_date >= '1991-01-01';



select first_name , last_name from employees where last_name LIKE 'f%' LIMIT 50;



SELECT * from employees where emp_no between 100 and 102; INSERT INTO employees (emp_no , birth_date , first_name, last_name, gender, hire_date) VALUES (100, '2001-01-01' , 'Jone', 'Doe' , 'M' , '2021-01-11') , (101, '2000-12-25', 'Jane' , 'Smith', 'F' , '2021-01-12') , (102 , '2001-02-14' , 'John' , 'Smith' , 'M', (current_date())); SELECT * from employees where emp_no between 100 and 102;

Result Grid 1							
	emp_no	birth_date	first_name	last_name	gender	hire_date	
	100	2001-01-01	Jone	Doe	M	2021-01-11	
	101	2000-12-25	Jane	Smith	F	2021-01-12	
	102	2001-02-14	John	Smith	M	2022-01-14	
	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	

Student Note: First select query is at bottom (oldest) with no data inserted.

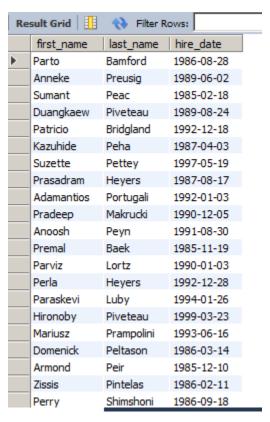
update employees SET first_name = 'Bob' where emp_no = 10023; select * from employees where emp_no = 10023;



SELECT first_name, last_name , hire_date from employees WHERE (last_name like 'P%') OR (first_name like 'P%');

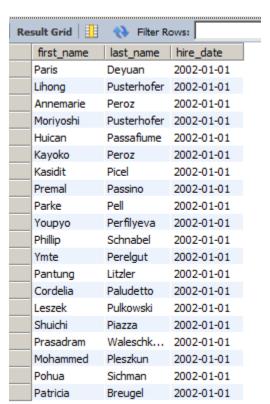
UPDATE employees set hire_date ='2002-01-01' where (last_name like 'P%') OR (first_name like 'P%');

SELECT first_name, last_name , hire_date from employees WHERE (last_name like 'P%') OR (first_name like 'P%');



 $5\ \ 22:43:21\ \ \ UPDATE\ employees\ set\ hire_date\ = '2002-01-01'\ where\ (last_name\ like\ 'P\%')\ OR\ (first_name\ like\ 'P\%')$

31566 row(s) affected Rows matched: 31566 Changed: 31566 Warnings: 0



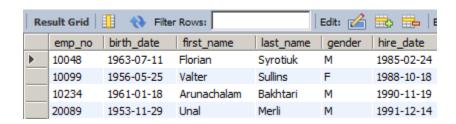
delete from employees where emp_no < 10000; select count(1) from employees where emp_no < 10000;</pre>

8 22:48:21 delete from employees where emp_no < 10000</p>

3 row(s) affected

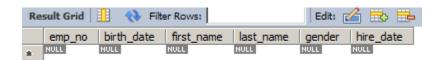


select * from employees where emp_no IN (10048 ,10099 , 10234, 20089); delete from employees where emp_no IN (10048 ,10099 , 10234, 20089); select * from employees where emp_no IN (10048 ,10099 , 10234, 20089);



13 22:52:47 delete from employees where emp_no IN (10048,10099, 10234, 20089)

4 row(s) affected



URL to GitHub Repository:

https://github.com/david2joh/sqlweek1.git