

# Assignment 2

## AI1110: Probability and Random Variables

Indian Institute of Technology Hyderabad

MALOTH DAVID  
CS21BTECH11035

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(ICSE Class 12, Exercise 11.B ) solve:  $\sin x \frac{dy}{dx} - y = \sin x \tan \frac{x}{2}$

**Solution.**

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - y = \sin x \tan \frac{x}{2} \quad (1)$$

The general solution to this equation solved by taking integral factor:

- $\sin x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} - y = \sin x \tan(\frac{x}{2})$
- $\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{\sin x} = \tan(\frac{x}{2})$
- integral factor of the above equation is  $1/\tan(x/2)$

- $\frac{y}{\tan(\frac{x}{2})} dx = \int \tan(\frac{x}{2}) \frac{1}{\tan(\frac{x}{2})} + c$

- $\frac{y}{\tan(\frac{x}{2})} = x + c$

- $y = x \tan(\frac{x}{2}) + c \tan(\frac{x}{2})$

$\therefore$  The solution to the equation is  $y = x \tan(\frac{x}{2}) + c \tan(\frac{x}{2})$