Apache Web Server

Seup Base Web Server

Install

```
yum -y install httpd
yum -y install mod_ssl
```

Firewall

```
firewall-cmd --add-service=http
firewall-cmd --add-service=https
```

Start

```
systemctl enable httpd.service
systemctl start httpd.service
systemctl status httpd.service
```

Add Basic Index Page

```
echo "server1" > /var/www/html/index.html
```

Test

From c1 or host OS.

```
curl s1
curl -k https://s1
```

Both should return server1

Setup Virtual Host

Create Document Folders

```
mkdir -p /srv/{default,test}/www
echo "default" > /srv/default/www/index.html
echo "test" > /srv/test/www/index.html
ls -ZR /srv
restorecon -Rv /srv
ls -ZR /srv
```

Configure

Finding Examples

```
rpm -qil httpd | grep doc
view /usr/share/doc/httpd-2.4.6/httpd-vhosts.conf
```

```
vi /etc/httpd/conf.d/default-vhost.conf
<VirtualHost default:80>
DocumentRoot "/srv/default/www"

ServerName www.example.com

ErrorLog "/var/log/httpd/default-error"

CustomLog "/var/log/httpd/default" common
</VirtualHost>

<Directory /srv/default/www>
Require all granted
</Directory>
```

For test

```
vi /etc/httpd/conf.d/test-vhost.conf

<VirtualHost *:80>

DocumentRoot "/srv/test/www"

ServerName test.example.com

ErrorLog "/var/log/httpd/test-error"

CustomLog "/var/log/httpd/test" common

</VirtualHost>

Require all granted

// Directory /srv/test/www>
```

Check Configuration

apachectl configtest

Apply Configuration

```
systemctl reload httpd
```

Test

You'll need to have a DNS entry for test and www or an /etc/hosts entry.

```
curl www.example.com
default
curl test.example.com
test
```

Setup Python Web App

Docs

```
rpm -qil mod_wsgi
view /usr/share/doc/mod_wsgi-3.4/README
```

Install

```
yum -y install mod_wsgi
```

Configure

```
mkdir -p /srv/wsgiapp/www
cd /srv/wsgiapp/www
curl -0 gw/helloWorld.wsgi
```

Assumes app is available from gw server. If not you can create it manually.

Restore tags for SeLinux.

```
restorecon -rv /srv/wsgiapp/
```

Test

```
curl wsgiapp.example.com
Hello World! Python is so easy!
```

Configure PHP Web Application

Install Module

yum -y install mod_php

Configure

mkdir -p /srv/phpapp/www
cd /srv/phpapp/www
curl -o index.php gw/helloWorld.php

Assumes app is available from gw server. If not you can create it manually.

Restore tags for SeLinux.

restorecon -rv /srv/phpapp/

Test

curl phpapp.example.com
Hello World! PHP is so easy!

Secure Site

The mod_ssl is part of the secure configuration.

Configure

Create index page

mkdir -p /srv/secure/www
echo 'Secure Page!' > /srv/secure/www/index.html
restorecon -rv /srv/secure/

Create Server Cert

man req

openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 365 -newkey rsa:4096 -keyout server.key -out server.crt

Country Name: US

State: IL

Locality Name: Freeburg

Organization: Example

Unit: IT

hostname: secure.example.com

email: root@example.com

Output is the server certificate (server.crt) and server key ((server.key).

Position the cert and key.

cp server.crt /etc/pki/tls/certs/
chmod 600 /etc/pki/tls/certs/server.crt

cp server.key /etc/pki/tls/private/

chmod 400 /etc/pki/tls/private/server.key

Note: If you move the files (mv) instead of copy (cp); then you'll need to run restorecon restorecon -Rv /etc/pki/tls

Create Virtual Host

Start with similar base as other Virtual machines. Then use conf.d/ssl.conf as example of extra parameters for ssl.

```
<VirtualHost *:443>
    DocumentRoot "/srv/secure/www"
    ServerName secure.example.com
    ErrorLog "/var/log/httpd/secure-error"
    CustomLog "/var/log/httpd/secure" common
    SSLEngine on
    SSLProtocol all -SSLv2
    SSLCipherSuite HIGH: MEDIUM: !aNULL: !MD5: !SEED: !IDEA
    SSLCertificateFile /etc/pki/tls/certs/server.crt
    SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/pki/tls/private/server.key
</VirtualHost>
<Directory /srv/secure/www>
Require all granted
</Directory>
Reload and Test
systemctl reload httpd
From another computer.
curl -k https://secure.example.com
Secure Page!
The -k option tells curl to ignore self-signed cert.
I
```