

T<sub>21</sub>

$$(1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 6 \\ 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{-20} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -6 \\ -3 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{10} & \frac{3}{10} \\ \frac{3}{20} & -\frac{1}{20} \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} A_{11} = d \\ A_{12} = -c \\ A_{21} = -b \\ A_{22} = a \end{matrix} \quad A^* = \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2) \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & +\sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \quad A_{22} = a$$

$$(3) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \Rightarrow |A| = 1 \quad \frac{1}{|A|} A^* = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{21} & A_{31} \\ A_{12} & A_{22} & A_{32} \\ A_{13} & A_{23} & A_{33} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(4) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(5) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 5 & -2 & -3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \Rightarrow |A| = 0 \quad \text{无逆}$$

$$(7) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 & a^3 \\ 0 & 1 & a & a^2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \Rightarrow (A, E) \rightarrow (E, A^{-1}) \quad A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -a & 1 & -a \\ 0 & 1 & -a & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -a \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

T<sub>22</sub>(1)

$$X \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 1 & -2 \\ -5 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 1 & -2 \\ -5 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \\ = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 1 & -2 \\ -5 & -3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{5} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -4 \\ 0 & -2 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 7 & -10 \\ -1 & -23 & 33 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(4) \quad X P = P B^{-1} \Rightarrow X = P B P^{-1} = A \frac{1}{|A|} \quad |A| = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$B^5 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}^5 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \text{ S.A. } \leftarrow \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} (r)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 6 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T \Rightarrow (A + 2E)^{-1}(A^2 + A - 2E) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{⑩} \rightarrow (A+2E)(A-E) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$T_{25} \quad A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad |A| = 1 \quad A^{-1} = A^*$$

$$|A^{-1}| = |A|^{-1} \Rightarrow A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} A^* \Rightarrow A^* = |A| A^{-1} = \frac{A^{-1}}{|A^{-1}|}$$

$$(A^*)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(A^*)^* = \begin{bmatrix} A_{11} & A_{21} & A_{31} \\ A_{12} & A_{22} & A_{32} \\ A_{13} & A_{23} & A_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{9} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & -5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{9} & \frac{2}{9} & -\frac{1}{9} \\ -\frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{9} & \frac{1}{9} \\ -\frac{1}{9} & -\frac{5}{9} & \frac{4}{9} \end{bmatrix}$$

T<sub>26</sub>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad A^* = |A| A^{-1} = A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sum A_{ij} = 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 - 2 - 2 - 2 + 1 + 1 + 0 = 0$$

T<sub>27</sub>

$|A| = 2$ ,  $-A$  是  $(A^* + kA^{-1})$  的逆

$$(-A) \cdot (|A| A^{-1} + kA^{-1}) = E$$

$$-(2+k) = 1 \Rightarrow k = -3$$

T<sub>28</sub> (2)

$$A \times A + B \times B = A \times B + B \times A + E$$

$$(A-B) \times (A-B) = E$$

$$X = (A-B)^{-1} (A-B)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

T28 (3)

$$|A| > 0 \quad A^* = \text{diag}(1, -1, -4)$$

$$|A^*| = |A|^{n-1} = |A|^2 \quad |A| = 2$$

$$ABA^{-1} = BA^{-1} + 3E \quad A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} A^* \Rightarrow A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow (A-E)BA^{-1} = 3E$$

$$B = 3(A-E)^{-1} \cdot E \cdot A$$

$$= 3(A-E)^{-1} \cdot A$$

$$= 3 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

T32  $A^2 - A + E = 0$

$$\rightarrow A(E - A) = E$$

A 有逆  $\rightarrow$  非奇异

T33  $A^2 + AB + B^2 = 0$

因为 B 可逆,  $|B| \neq 0 \quad |B^2| = |B||B| \neq 0$

$$A^2 + AB = -B^2 \rightarrow |A^2 + AB| = |A||A+B| \neq 0$$

$$\rightarrow |A| \neq 0, |A+B| \neq 0$$

T35  $E + BA^{-1}$  可逆

$$\Rightarrow |E + BA^{-1}| = |AA^{-1} + BA^{-1}| = |A+B||A^{-1}| \neq 0$$

A+B 可逆

$$\Rightarrow E + A^{-1}B = A^{-1}(A+B) \text{ 可逆}$$

逆阵为  $(A+B)^{-1}A$



$$T38 \quad |A| = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{求} |A^*| \quad \left| \left( \frac{1}{2} A \right)^{-1} - 2A^* \right|$$

$$|A^*| = |A|^{n-1} = \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^4 = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$\left| \left( \frac{1}{2} A \right)^{-1} - 2A^* \right| = \left| 2A^{-1} - 2A^* \right| = \left| 2 \frac{A^*}{|A|} - 2A^* \right| = |4A^*| = 4^5 \cdot \frac{1}{16} = 64$$

T41 (1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 4 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} B_1 \\ B_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11}B_1 + A_{12}B_2 \\ A_{21}B_1 + A_{22}B_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 7 \\ 3 & 5 \\ -4 & 9 \\ -2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(2)

不抄题目3

$$\begin{pmatrix} A_{11} & A_{12} \\ A_{21} & A_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} B_{11} & B_{12} \\ B_{21} & B_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A_{11}B_{11} + A_{12}B_{21} & A_{11}B_{12} + A_{12}B_{22} \\ A_{21}B_{11} + A_{22}B_{21} & A_{21}B_{12} + A_{22}B_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 5 & -6 \end{pmatrix}$$

T43.

$$(1) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & A \\ C & 0 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} B_1 & B_2 \\ B_3 & B_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & A \\ C & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} B_1 & B_2 \\ B_3 & B_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} AB_3 & AB_4 \\ CB_1 & CB_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} E & 0 \\ 0 & E \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} AB_3 = E \\ AB_4 = 0 \\ CB_1 = 0 \\ CB_2 = E \end{cases}$$

$$B_1 = 0, B_2 = C^{-1}E, B_3 = A^{-1}E, B_4 = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & A \\ C & 0 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & C^{-1} \\ A^{-1} & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} A & 0 \\ 0 & C \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} A^{-1} & 0 \\ 0 & C^{-1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{4}{3} & \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

