Data Visualization | Homework 3 | David Aslanyan | Python version

Part 1

First we need to do the conversion of the currencies into USD

```
import pandas as pd
In [2]:
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        file_path = "mobiles_dataset.csv"
        df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
        df["RAM"] = df["RAM"].str.extract(r'(\d+)').astype(float)
        conversion rates = {
            "Pakistan": 0.0036,
            "India": 0.011,
            "China": 0.14,
            "Dubai": 0.27,
        }
        df["Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD"] = df["Launched.Price.Pakistan.PKR"] * conv
        df["Launched.Price.India.USD"] = df["Launched.Price.India.INR"] * conversion
        df["Launched.Price.China.USD"] = df["Launched.Price.China.CNY"] * conversion
        df["Launched.Price.Dubai.USD"] = df["Launched.Price.Dubai.AED"] * conversion
        price columns = [
            "Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD",
            "Launched.Price.India.USD",
            "Launched.Price.China.USD",
            "Launched.Price.USA.USD",
            "Launched.Price.Dubai.USD",
        df["Average_Launch_Price"] = df[price_columns].mean(axis=1)
```

Part 1 | Battery Capacity vs Launched Price

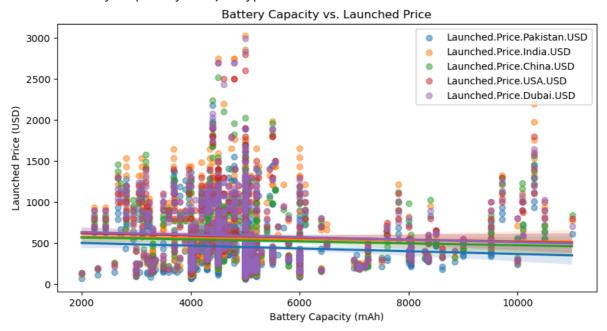
Then we create the correlation graph to understand the correlation between Battery Capacity and Launched Price

```
In [3]: cor_battery = df.corr(numeric_only=True)["Battery.Capacity.mAh"][price_columnt("Correlation between Battery Capacity and Price:\n", cor_battery)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    for col in price_columns:
        sns.regplot(x=df["Battery.Capacity.mAh"], y=df[col], label=col, scatter_

plt.xlabel("Battery Capacity (mAh)")
    plt.ylabel("Launched Price (USD)")
    plt.title("Battery Capacity vs. Launched Price")
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

```
Correlation between Battery Capacity and Price:
Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD -0.060913
Launched.Price.India.USD -0.019054
Launched.Price.China.USD -0.041043
Launched.Price.USA.USD -0.041137
Launched.Price.Dubai.USD -0.048908
Name: Battery.Capacity.mAh, dtype: float64
```



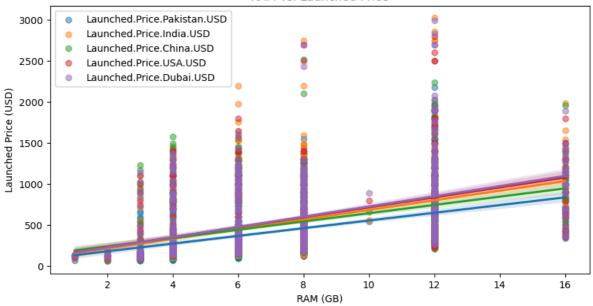
From this graph we understand that the correlation is very weak and we don't see any clear trend between these 2 variables, which implies that the battery capacity doesn't affect the Launch Price.

RAM Size vs Launched Prices

We do the same for RAM Size and Launched Prices

```
In [4]:
       cor_ram = df.corr(numeric_only=True) ["RAM"] [price_columns]
        print("Correlation between RAM and Price:\n", cor_ram)
        plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
        for col in price_columns:
             sns.regplot(x=df["RAM"], y=df[col], label=col, scatter_kws={"alpha": 0.5
        plt.xlabel("RAM (GB)")
        plt.ylabel("Launched Price (USD)")
        plt.title("RAM vs. Launched Price")
        plt.legend()
        plt.show()
        Correlation between RAM and Price:
         Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD
                                         0.408978
        Launched.Price.India.USD
                                        0.416193
        Launched.Price.China.USD
                                        0.421685
        Launched.Price.USA.USD
                                        0.461950
        Launched.Price.Dubai.USD
                                        0.473007
        Name: RAM, dtype: float64
```

RAM vs. Launched Price



From the graph we can see an okay, strongish correlation the 2 variables and also notice a positive trend. This implies that as the RAM size increases, the prices tend to rise.

Apple products vs other products

Next we take a price variance data and sort it

```
df["Price_Variance"] = df[price_columns].var(axis=1)
In [7]:
        brand_variance = df.groupby("Company.Name")["Price_Variance"].mean().sort_variance
        print("Top 10 brands with highest price variance:\n", brand_variance.head(10
        Top 10 brands with highest price variance:
         Company.Name
        Huawei
                    81301.539587
        Sony
                    26610.836455
        Samsung
                    16852.973465
        Apple
                    15966.129411
        Google
                    12518.534487
        Vivo
                    12160.320668
        Tecno
                    11627.855335
        0ppo
                    10830.709382
                    10604.013959
        Honor
        Xiaomi
                     8552.541051
        Name: Price_Variance, dtype: float64
```

From here we see that Huawei is leading the list with the highest price variance across all regions.

Next we want to understand if all smartphones have a budgetfriendly models.

```
In [8]: def categorize_price(price):
    if price < 300:
        return "Budget"
    elif 300 <= price <= 700:
        return "Mid-range"
    else:
        return "Premium"</pre>
```

```
df["Price_Segment"] = df["Average_Launch_Price"].apply(categorize_price)
brand_segments = df.groupby(["Company.Name", "Price_Segment"]).size().unstace
print("Brand Segments:\n", brand_segments)
```

Brand Segments:			
Price_Segment	Budget	Mid-range	Premiun
Company.Name			
Apple	1	6	90
Google	0	11	10
Honor	33	35	23
Huawei	0	17	25
Infinix	43	13	0
Lenovo	10	5	0
Motorola	27	29	6
Nokia	10	0	0
OnePlus	9	29	15
0ppo	41	66	22
P0C0	19	11	0
Poco	2	0	0
Realme	44	25	0
Samsung	29	14	41
Sony	0	3	6
Tecno	20	10	9
Vivo	40	37	9
Xiaomi	7	10	10
iQ00	0	3	0

From here we see that Google, Huawei, Sony and iQOO are almost not offering any Budget options, meanwhile Infinix, Honor, Oppo and Vivo are the leaders in the Budget-friendly options

And finally we want to understand which regions offer most affortable prices on average.

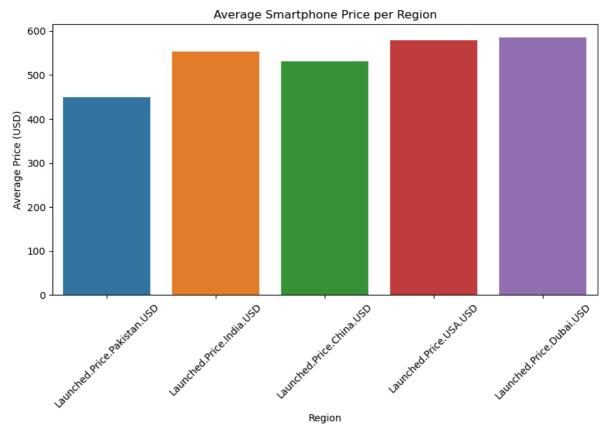
From this list we see that Pakistan offers the most affordable prices, whilst Dubai is at the bottom of the list with the hightest average smartphone prices.

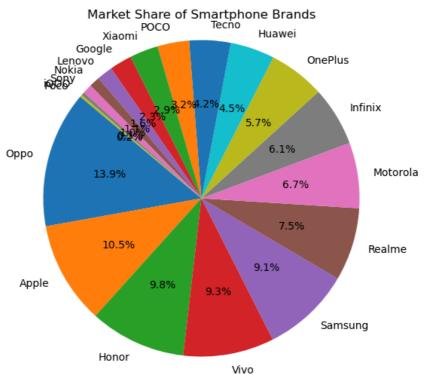
Part 2 | Visualization

```
In [12]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    sns.barplot(x=region_avg_prices.index, y=region_avg_prices.values)
    plt.xlabel("Region")
    plt.ylabel("Average Price (USD)")
    plt.title("Average Smartphone Price per Region")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.show()

brand_market_share = df["Company.Name"].value_counts()
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.pie(brand_market_share, labels=brand_market_share.index, autopct='%1.1f'
plt.title("Market Share of Smartphone Brands")
plt.axis("equal") # Ensures pie chart is circular
plt.show()
```





Part 4 | Factors affecting the price

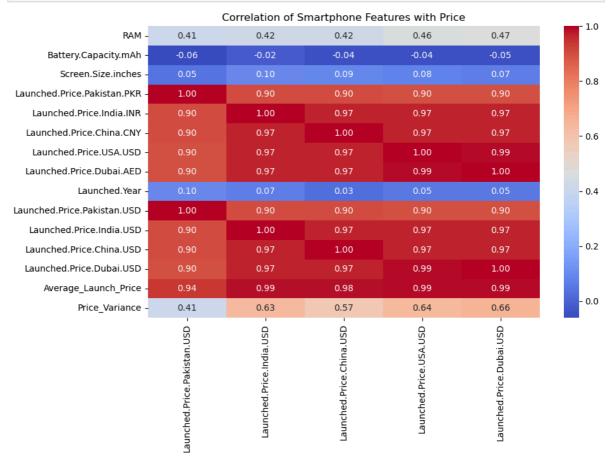
```
In [16]: correlations = df.corr(numeric_only=True)[price_columns]
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.heatmap(correlations, annot=True, cmap="coolwarm", fmt=".2f")
```

```
plt.title("Correlation of Smartphone Features with Price")
plt.show()

print("Correlation of other factors with price:\n", correlations)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
for col in price_columns:
    sns.regplot(x=df["Screen.Size.inches"], y=df[col], label=col, scatter_kv

plt.xlabel("Screen Size (inches)")
plt.ylabel("Launched Price (USD)")
plt.title("Screen Size vs. Launched Price")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Correlation of other factors with price: Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD \ RAM 0.408978 Battery.Capacity.mAh -0.060913Screen.Size.inches 0.045831 Launched.Price.Pakistan.PKR 1.000000 Launched.Price.India.INR 0.903831 Launched Price China CNY 0.902354 0.897739 Launched.Price.USA.USD Launched.Price.Dubai.AED 0.898563 Launched. Year 0.099566 Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD 1.000000 Launched.Price.India.USD 0.903831 Launched.Price.China.USD 0.902354 Launched Price Dubai USD 0.898563 Average Launch Price 0.939085 Price_Variance 0.410217 Launched.Price.India.USD \ RAM 0.416193 Battery.Capacity.mAh -0.019054Screen.Size.inches 0.097088 Launched.Price.Pakistan.PKR 0.903831 Launched Price India INR 1.000000 Launched Price China CNY 0.967194 Launched Price USA USD 0.969135 Launched Price Dubai AED 0.968952 Launched. Year 0.068514 Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD 0.903831 Launched.Price.India.USD 1.000000 Launched Price China USD 0.967194 Launched.Price.Dubai.USD 0.968952 Average Launch Price 0.985366 Price Variance 0.629089 Launched Price China USD Launched Price USA U SD \ RAM 0.421685 0.4619 50 -0.041043-0.0411Battery Capacity MAh Screen.Size.inches 0.089618 0.0787 04 Launched.Price.Pakistan.PKR 0.902354 0.8977 Launched.Price.India.INR 0.967194 0.9691 Launched.Price.China.CNY 1.000000 0.9682 Launched.Price.USA.USD 0.968203 1.0000 Launched.Price.Dubai.AED 0.9902 0.969291 62 Launched. Year 0.026589 0.0519 32 Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD 0.902354 0.8977 Launched.Price.India.USD 0.967194 0.9691 Launched.Price.China.USD 1.000000 0.9682 03 Launched.Price.Dubai.USD 0.969291 0.9902 62

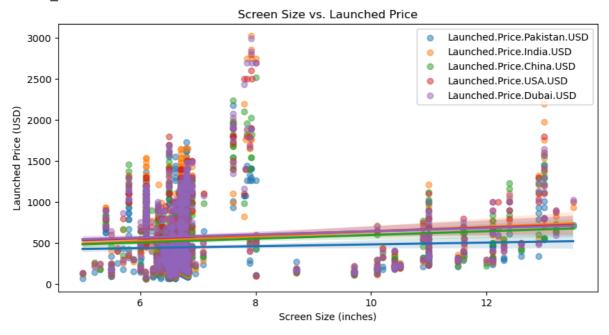
0.983864

Average_Launch_Price

0.9884

67
Price_Variance 0.569994 0.6422

	Launched.Price.Dubai.USD
RAM	0.473007
Battery.Capacity.mAh	-0.048908
Screen.Size.inches	0.068749
Launched.Price.Pakistan.PKR	0.898563
Launched.Price.India.INR	0.968952
Launched.Price.China.CNY	0.969291
Launched.Price.USA.USD	0.990262
Launched.Price.Dubai.AED	1.000000
Launched.Year	0.050600
Launched.Price.Pakistan.USD	0.898563
Launched.Price.India.USD	0.968952
Launched.Price.China.USD	0.969291
Launched.Price.Dubai.USD	1.000000
Average_Launch_Price	0.988792
Price_Variance	0.658697



- 1. The screen size has a small impact on the prices.
- 2. The factors affecting prices the most are RAM size and Brand Reputation.

In []: