

5: Modifying data



Agenda

- Inserting data into tables
- Modifying and deleting data

1: Inserting data into tables



Options for inserting data into tables

INSERT...VALUES

- Inserts explicit values
- You can omit identity columns, columns that allow NULL, and columns with default constraints
- You can also explicitly specify
 NULL and DEFAULT

INSERT...SELECT

Inserts the results returned by a query into an existing table

SELECT...INTO

Creates a new table from the results of a query

Identity columns

IDENTITY property of a column generates sequential numbers automatically for insertion into a table

- Optional seed and increment values can be specified when creating the table
- Use system variables and functions to return last inserted identity:

@@IDENTITY: The last identity generated in the session

SCOPE_IDENTITY(): The last identity generated in the current scope

IDENT_CURRENT('< table_name>'): The last identity inserted into a table

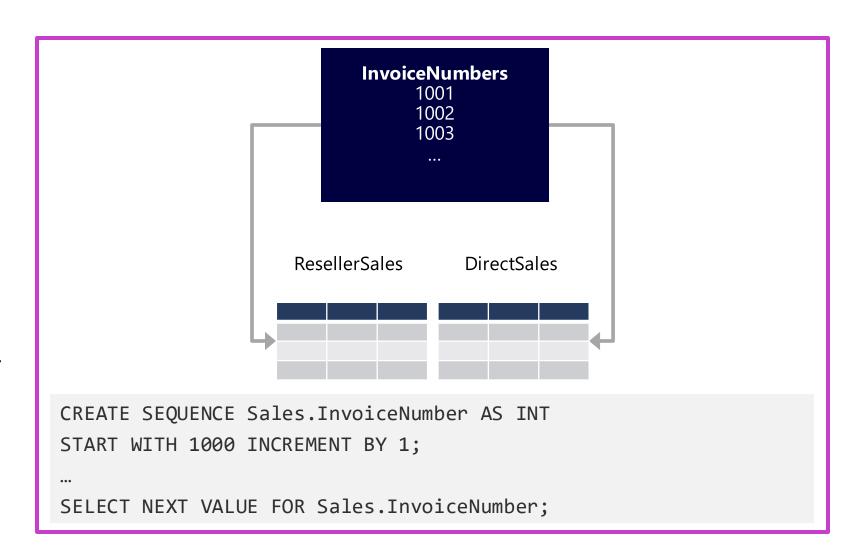
```
INSERT INTO Sales.Promotion (PromotionName,StartDate,ProductModelID,Discount,Notes)
VALUES
('Clearance Sale', '01/01/2021', 23, 0.10, '10% discount')
...
SELECT SCOPE_IDENTITY() AS PromotionID;
```

Sequences

Sequences are objects that generate sequential numbers

- Exist independently of tables, so offer greater flexibility than Identity
- Use SELECT NEXT VALUE FOR to retrieve the next sequential number

Can be set as the default value for a column



2: Modifying and deleting data



Updating data in a table

Updates all rows in a table or view

- Set can be filtered with a WHERE clause
- Set can be defined with a FROM clause

Only columns specified in the SET clause are modified

```
UPDATE Sales.Promotion
SET Notes = '25% off socks'
WHERE PromotionID = 2;
```

Deleting data from a table

DELETE removes rows that match the WHERE predicate

Caution: DELETE without a WHERE clause deletes all rows!

```
DELETE FROM Production.Product
WHERE discontinued = 1;
```

TRUNCATE TABLE clears the entire table

- Storage physically deallocated, rows not individually removed
- The operation is minimally logged to optimize performance
- TRUNCATE TABLE will fail if the table is referenced by a foreign key constraint in another table

TRUNCATE TABLE Sales. Promotion;

Merging data in a table

MERGE modifies data based on a condition

- When the source matches the target
- When the source has no match in the target
- When the target has no match in the source

Lab: Modifying data



- Insert data
- Update data
- Delete data

