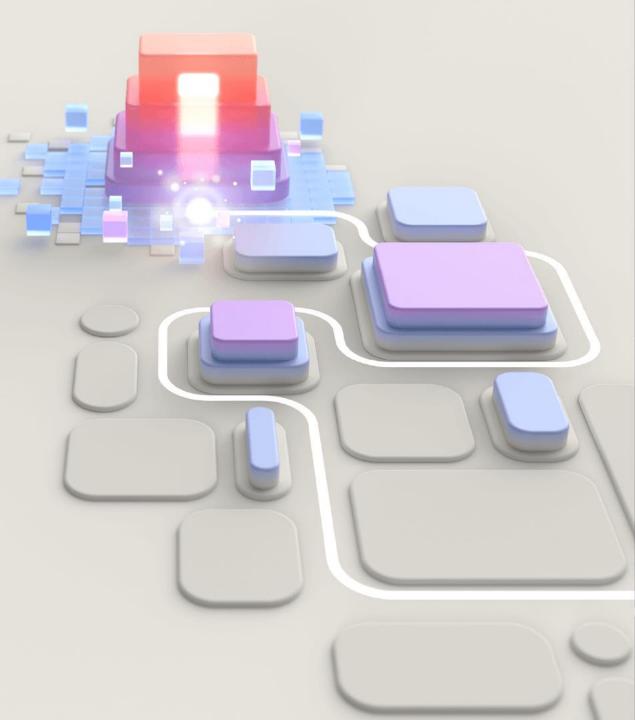


4: Using built-in functions



Agenda

- Getting started with scalar functions
- Grouping aggregated results

1: Getting started with scalar functions



Introduction to built-in functions

Function category	Description
Scalar	Operate on a single row, return a single value
Logical	Compare multiple values to determine a single output
Ranking	Operate on a partition (set) of rows
Rowset	Return a virtual table that can be used subsequently in a Transact-SQL statement
Aggregate	Take one or more input values, return a single summarizing value

Scalar functions

Operate on elements from a single row as inputs, return a single value as output

- Return a single (scalar) value
- Can be used like an expression in queries
- May be deterministic or non-deterministic

SELECT UPPER(ProductName) AS Product,

ROUND(ListPrice, 0) AS ApproxPrice,

YEAR(SaleStartDate) AS SoldSince

FROM Production. Product;

Scalar function categories

- Configuration
- Conversion
- Cursor
- Date and Time
- Mathematical
- Metadata
- Security
- String
- System
- System Statistical
- Text and Image

Logical functions

Output is determined by comparative logic

IIF

• Evaluate logical expression, return first value if true and second value if false

CHOOSE

Return value based ordinal position of expression in 1-based list

Ranking functions

Functions applied to a partition, or set of rows

SELECT TOP(3) ProductID, Name, ListPrice,

RANK() OVER(ORDER BY ListPrice DESC) AS RankByPrice

FROM Production. Product

ORDER BY RankByPrice;



ProductID	Name	ListPrice	RankByPrice
8	Gizmo	263.50	1
29	Widget	123.79	2
9	Thingybob	97.00	3

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Rowset functions

Return a rowset that can be used in a FROM clause

- OPENDATASOURCE Get data from an object on a remote server
- OPENROWSET Run an ad-hoc query on a remote server or file
- OPENQUERY Get query results from a linked server
- OPENXML Read elements and attributes from XML into a rowset
- OPENJSON Read values from JSON objects into a rowset

```
SELECT a.*
FROM OPENROWSET('SQLNCLI',
    'Server=server1;Trusted_Connection=yes;',
    'SELECT Name, ListPrice
    FROM adventureworks.SalesLT.Product') AS a;
```

Aggregate functions

Functions that operate on sets, or rows of data

- Summarize input rows
- Without GROUP BY clause, all rows are arranged as one group



OrderLines	TotalSales
542	714002.9136

2: Grouping aggregated results



Grouping with GROUP BY

- GROUP BY creates groups for output rows, according to unique combination of values specified in the GROUP BY clause
- GROUP BY calculates a summary value for aggregate functions in subsequent phases
- Detail rows are not available after GROUP BY clause is processed

SELECT CustomerID, COUNT(*) AS OrderCount FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader GROUP BY CustomerID;

Filtering groups with HAVING

- HAVING clause provides a search condition that each group must satisfy
- WHERE clause is processed before GROUP BY, HAVING clause is processed after GROUP BY

SELECT CustomerID, COUNT(*) AS Orders

FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader

GROUP BY CustomerID

HAVING COUNT(*) > 10;

Lab: Using built-in functions



- Use scalar functions
- Use logical functions
- Use aggregate functions
- Group aggregated results with GROUP BY clause
- Filter groups with the HAVING clause

Review



- 1 Which OrderState value does this query return for rows with a Status value of 2:
 - SELECT OrderNo, CHOOSE(Status, 'Ordered', 'Shipped', 'Delivered') AS OrderState FROM Sales.Order;
 - **Y** Shipped
 - □ Delivered
 - □ NULL
- 2 Which query returns the number of customers in each city?
 - ☐ SELECT City, COUNT(*) AS CustomerCount FROM Sales.Customer;
 - ✓ SELECT City, COUNT(*) AS CustomerCount FROM Sales.Customer GROUP BY City;
 - □ SELECT City, COUNT(*) AS CustomerCount FROM Sales.Customer ORDER BY City;
- **3** Which query returns a row for each category with an average price over 10.00?
 - ☐ SELECT Category, AVG(Price) FROM Store.Product WHERE AVG(Price) > 10.00;
 - ☐ SELECT Category, AVG(Price) FROM Store.Product GROUP BY Category WHERE AVG(Price) > 10.00;
 - ✓ SELECT Category, AVG(Price) FROM Store.Product GROUP BY Category HAVING AVG(Price) > 10.00;

