## Fixed-Axis Rotation

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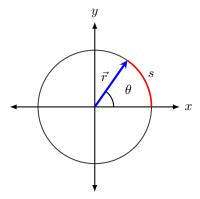
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## 10.1 Rotational Variables

## **Angular Velocity**

Uniform circular motion is motion in a circle at constant speed, although this is the simplest case of rotational motion, it is used here to introduce rotational variables.

The figure shows a particle moving in a circle. Its position vector from the origin of the circle to the particle sweeps out the angle  $\theta$ , which increases in the counterclockwise direction as the particle moves along its path. The angle  $\theta$  is called the angular position of the particle. As the particle moves, it traces an arc length s.



The angle is related to the radius of the circle and the arc length by

$$\theta = \frac{s}{r} \tag{1}$$