

**Martin Richards**

**How to write a dissertation in  
L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X**

Diploma in Computer Science

St John's College

March 20, 2013



# Proforma

Name:	<b>Martin Richards</b>
College:	<b>St John's College</b>
Project Title:	<b>How to write a dissertation in <math>\text{\LaTeX}</math></b>
Examination:	<b>Diploma in Computer Science, July 2001</b>
Word Count:	<b>1587<sup>1</sup> (well less than the 12000 limit)</b>
Project Originator:	Dr M. Richards
Supervisor:	Dr M. Richards

## Original Aims of the Project

To write a demonstration dissertation<sup>2</sup> using  $\text{\LaTeX}$  to save student's time when writing their own dissertations. The dissertation should illustrate how to use the more common  $\text{\LaTeX}$  constructs. It should include pictures and diagrams to show how these can be incorporated into the dissertation. It should contain the entire  $\text{\LaTeX}$  source of the dissertation and the Makefile. It should explain how to construct an MSDOS disk of the dissertation in Postscript format that can be used by the book shop for printing, and, finally, it should have the prescribed layout and format of a diploma dissertation.

## Work Completed

All that has been completed appears in this dissertation.

---

<sup>1</sup>This word count was computed by `detex diss.tex | tr -cd '0-9A-Za-z \n' | wc -w`

<sup>2</sup>A normal footnote without the complication of being in a table.

## Special Difficulties

Learning how to incorporate encapsulated postscript into a  $\text{\LaTeX}$  document on both CUS and Thor.

## Declaration

I, [Name] of [College], being a candidate for Part II of the Computer Science Tripos [or the Diploma in Computer Science], hereby declare that this dissertation and the work described in it are my own work, unaided except as may be specified below, and that the dissertation does not contain material that has already been used to any substantial extent for a comparable purpose.

Signed [signature]

Date [date]



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## Acknowledgements

This document owes much to an earlier version written by Simon Moore [2]. His help, encouragement and advice was greatly appreciated.

# Chapter 1

## Introduction

### 1.1 Overview of the files

This document consists of the following files:

- `Makefile` — The Makefile for the dissertation and Project Proposal
- `diss.tex` — The dissertation
- `probody.tex` — Appendix C – the project proposal
- `proposal.tex` — A  $\text{\LaTeX}$  main file for the proposal
- `figs` – A directory containing diagrams and pictures
- `refs.bib` — The bibliography database

### 1.2 Building the document

This document was produced using  $\text{\LaTeX} 2_{\epsilon}$  which is based upon  $\text{\LaTeX}$ [1]. To build the document you first need to generate `diss.aux` which, amongst other things, contains the references used. This is done by executing the command:

```
latex diss
```

Then the bibliography can be generated from `refs.bib` using:

```
bibtex diss
```

Finally, to ensure all the page numbering is correct run `latex` on `diss.tex` until the `.aux` files do not change. This usually takes 2 more runs.

### 1.2.1 The makefile

To simplify the calls to `latex` and `bibtex`, a makefile has been provided, see Appendix B.1. It provides the following facilities:

- `make`  
Display help information.
- `make prop`  
Run `latex proposal`; `xdvi proposal.dvi`.
- `make diss.ps`  
Make the file `diss.ps`.
- `make gv`  
View the dissertation using ghostview after performing `make diss.ps`, if necessary.
- `make gs`  
View the dissertation using ghostscript after performing `make diss.ps`, if necessary.
- `make count`  
Display an estimate of the word count.
- `make all`  
Construct `proposal.dvi` and `diss.ps`.
- `make pub`  
Make a `.tar` version of the `demodiss` directory and place it in my `public_html` directory.
- `make clean`  
Delete all files except the source files of the dissertation. All these deleted files can be reconstructed by typing `make all`.
- `make pr`  
Print the dissertation on your default printer.

## 1.3 Counting words

An approximate word count of the body of the dissertation may be obtained using:

```
wc diss.tex
```

Alternatively, try something like:

```
detex diss.tex | tr -cd '0-9A-Z a-z\n' | wc -w
```



## Chapter 2

# Preparation

This chapter is empty!





# Chapter 3

## Implementation

### 3.1 Verbatim text

Verbatim text can be included using `\begin{verbatim}` and `\end{verbatim}`. I normally use a slightly smaller font and often squeeze the lines a little closer together, as in:

```
GET "libhdr"

GLOBAL { count:200; all  }

LET try(ld, row, rd) BE TEST row=all
                        THEN count := count + 1
                        ELSE { LET poss = all & ~(ld | row | rd)
                              UNTIL poss=0 DO
                                { LET p = poss & -poss
                                  poss := poss - p
                                  try(ld+p << 1, row+p, rd+p >> 1)
                                }
                              }

LET start() = VALOF
{ all := 1
  FOR i = 1 TO 12 DO
    { count := 0
      try(0, 0, 0)
      writef("Number of solutions to %i2-queens is %i5*n", i, count)
      all := 2*all + 1
    }
  RESULTIS 0
}
```

## 3.2 Tables

Here is a simple example<sup>1</sup> of a table.

Left Justified	Centred	Right Justified
First	A	XXX
Second	AA	XX
Last	AAA	X

There is another example table in the proforma.

## 3.3 Simple diagrams

Simple diagrams can be written directly in  $\text{\LaTeX}$ . For example, see figure 3.1 on page 9 and see figure 3.2 on page 9.

## 3.4 Adding more complicated graphics

The use of  $\text{\LaTeX}$  format can be tedious and it is often better to use encapsulated postscript to represent complicated graphics. Figure 3.3 and 3.5 on page 11 are examples. The second figure was drawn using `xfig` and exported in `.eps` format. This is my recommended way of drawing all diagrams.

---

<sup>1</sup>A footnote

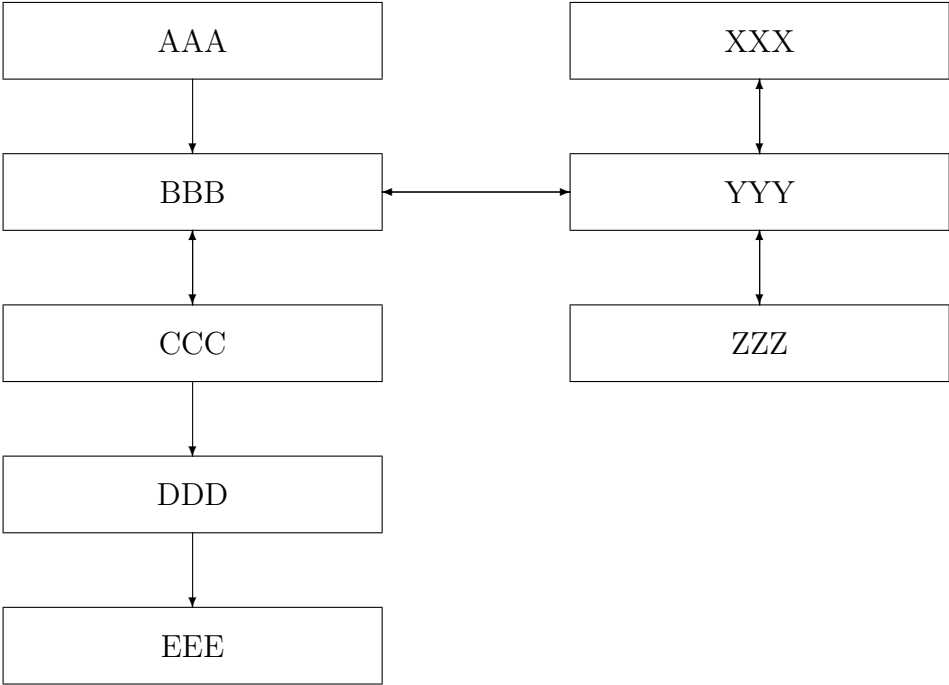


Figure 3.1: A picture composed of boxes and vectors.

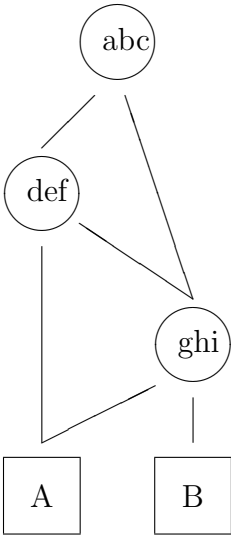


Figure 3.2: A diagram composed of circles, lines and boxes.



Figure 3.3: Example figure using encapsulated postscript

Figure 3.4: Example figure where a picture can be pasted in

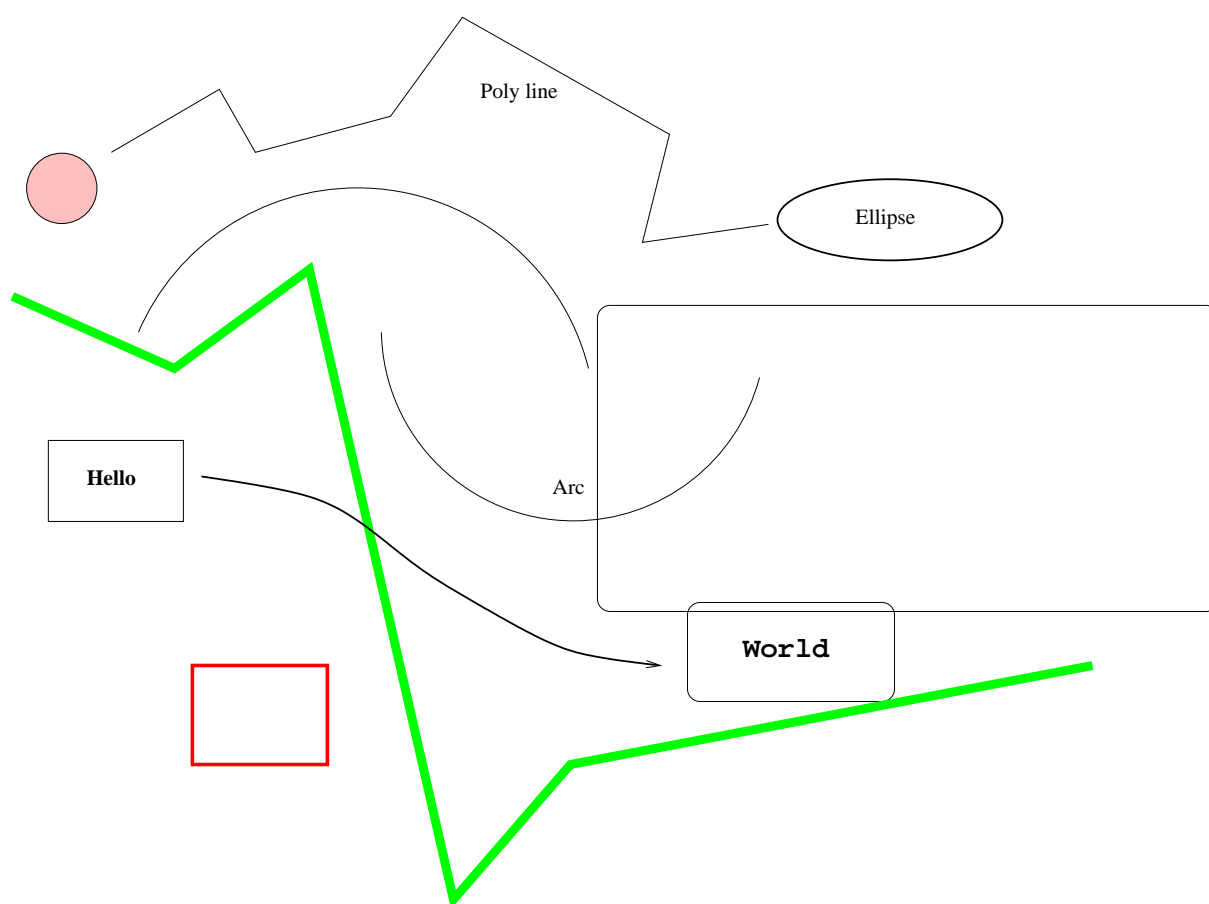


Figure 3.5: Example diagram drawn using xfig



# Chapter 4

## Evaluation

### 4.1 Printing and binding

If you have access to a laser printer that can print on two sides, you can use it to print two copies of your dissertation and then get them bound by the Computer Laboratory Bookshop. Otherwise, print your dissertation single sided and get the Bookshop to copy and bind it double sided.

Better printing quality can sometimes be obtained by giving the Bookshop an MSDOS 1.44 Mbyte 3.5" floppy disc containing the Postscript form of your dissertation. If the file is too large a compressed version with **zip** but not **gnuzip** nor **compress** is acceptable. However they prefer the uncompressed form if possible. From my experience I do not recommend this method.

#### 4.1.1 Things to note

- Ensure that there are the correct number of blank pages inserted so that each double sided page has a front and a back. So, for example, the title page must be followed by an absolutely blank page (not even a page number).
- Submitted postscript introduces more potential problems. Therefore you must either allow two iterations of the binding process (once in a digital form, falling back to a second, paper, submission if necessary) or submit both paper and electronic versions.
- There may be unexpected problems with fonts.

## 4.2 Further information

See the Computer Lab's world wide web pages at URL:

<http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/TeXdoc/TeXdocs.html>



# Chapter 5

## Conclusion

I hope that this rough guide to writing a dissertation is  $\text{\LaTeX}$  has been helpful and saved you time.



# Bibliography

- [1] L. Lamport. *LaTeX — a document preparation system — user's guide and reference manual*. Addison-Wesley, 1986.
- [2] S.W. Moore. How to prepare a dissertation in latex, 1995.



# Appendix A

## Latex source

### A.1 diss.tex

```
% The master copy of this demo dissertation is held on my filespace
% on the cl file serve (/homes/mr/teaching/demodissert/)

% Last updated by MR on 2 August 2001

\documentclass[12pt,twoside,notitlepage]{report}

\usepackage{a4}
\usepackage{verbatim}

\input{epsf} % to allow postscript inclusions
% On thor and CUS read top of file:
% /opt/TeX/lib/texmf/tex/dvips/epsf.sty
% On CL machines read:
% /usr/lib/tex/macros/dvips/epsf.tex

\raggedbottom % try to avoid widows and orphans
\sloppy
\clubpenalty1000%
\widowpenalty1000%

\addtolength{\oddsidemargin}{6mm} % adjust margins
\addtolength{\evensidemargin}{-8mm}

\renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{1.1} % adjust line spacing to make
% more readable

\begin{document}

\bibliographystyle{plain}

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Title
```

```

\pagestyle{empty}

\hfill{\LARGE \bf Martin Richards}

\vspace*{60mm}
\begin{center}
\Huge
{\bf How to write a dissertation in \LaTeX} \\
\vspace*{5mm}
Diploma in Computer Science \\
\vspace*{5mm}
St John's College \\
\vspace*{5mm}
\today % today's date
\end{center}

\cleardoublepage

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Proforma, table of contents and list of figures

\setcounter{page}{1}
\pagenumbering{roman}
\pagestyle{plain}

\chapter*{Proforma}

{\large
\begin{tabular}{ll}
Name: & \bf Martin Richards \\
College: & \bf St John's College \\
Project Title: & \bf How to write a dissertation in \LaTeX \\
Examination: & \bf Diploma in Computer Science, July 2001 \\
Word Count: & \bf 1587\footnotemark[1] \\
(well less than the 12000 limit) \\
Project Originator: & Dr M.~Richards \\
Supervisor: & Dr M.~Richards \\
\end{tabular}
}
\footnotetext[1]{This word count was computed
by {\tt detex diss.tex | tr -cd '0-9A-Za-z $\tt\backslash$\n' | wc -w}
}
\stepcounter{footnote}

\section*{Original Aims of the Project}

To write a demonstration dissertation\footnote{A normal footnote without the
complication of being in a table.} using \LaTeX\ to save
student's time when writing their own dissertations. The dissertation
should illustrate how to use the more common \LaTeX\ constructs. It
should include pictures and diagrams to show how these can be
incorporated into the dissertation. It should contain the entire
\LaTeX\ source of the dissertation and the Makefile. It should
explain how to construct an MSDOS disk of the dissertation in
Postscript format that can be used by the book shop for printing, and,
finally, it should have the prescribed layout and format of a diploma
dissertation.

```

```
\section*{Work Completed}
```

All that has been completed appears in this dissertation.

```
\section*{Special Difficulties}
```

Learning how to incorporate encapsulated postscript into a \LaTeX\ document on both CUS and Thor.

```
\newpage
```

```
\section*{Declaration}
```

I, [Name] of [College], being a candidate for Part II of the Computer Science Tripos [or the Diploma in Computer Science], hereby declare that this dissertation and the work described in it are my own work, unaided except as may be specified below, and that the dissertation does not contain material that has already been used to any substantial extent for a comparable purpose.

```
\bigskip
```

```
\leftline{Signed [signature]}
```

```
\medskip
```

```
\leftline{Date [date]}
```

```
\cleardoublepage
```

```
\tableofcontents
```

```
\listoffigures
```

```
\newpage
```

```
\section*{Acknowledgements}
```

This document owes much to an earlier version written by Simon Moore \cite{moore95}. His help, encouragement and advice was greatly appreciated.

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% now for the chapters
```

```
\cleardoublepage          % just to make sure before the page numbering
                           % is changed
```

```
\setcounter{page}{1}
```

```
\pagenumbering{arabic}
```

```
\pagestyle{headings}
```

```
\chapter{Introduction}
```

```
\section{Overview of the files}
```

This document consists of the following files:

```
\begin{itemize}
```

```
\item {\tt Makefile} --- The Makefile for the dissertation and Project Proposal
```

```
\item {\tt diss.tex} --- The dissertation
```

```

\item {\tt propbody.tex} --- Appendix~C -- the project proposal
\item {\tt proposal.tex} --- A \LaTeX\ main file for the proposal
\item{\tt figs} -- A directory containing diagrams and pictures
\item{\tt refs.bib} --- The bibliography database
\end{itemize}

\section{Building the document}

This document was produced using \LaTeXe which is based upon
\LaTeX\cite{Lamport86}. To build the document you first need to
generate {\tt diss.aux} which, amongst other things, contains the
references used. This is done by executing the command:

{\tt latex diss}

\noindent
Then the bibliography can be generated from {\tt refs.bib} using:

{\tt bibtex diss}

\noindent
Finally, to ensure all the page numbering is correct run {\tt latex}
on {\tt diss.tex} until the {\tt .aux} files do not change. This
usually takes 2 more runs.

\subsection{The makefile}

To simplify the calls to {\tt latex} and {\tt bibtex},
a makefile has been provided, see Appendix~\ref{makefile}.
It provides the following facilities:

\begin{itemize}
\item{\tt make} \\
Display help information.

\item{\tt make prop} \\
Run {\tt latex proposal; xdvi proposal.dvi}.

\item{\tt make diss.ps} \\
Make the file {\tt diss.ps}.

\item{\tt make gv} \\
View the dissertation using ghostview after performing
{\tt make diss.ps}, if necessary.

\item{\tt make gs} \\
View the dissertation using ghostscript after performing
{\tt make diss.ps}, if necessary.

\item{\tt make count} \\
Display an estimate of the word count.

\item{\tt make all} \\
Construct {\tt proposal.dvi} and {\tt diss.ps}.

\item{\tt make pub} \\
Make a {\tt .tar} version of the {\tt demodiss}
directory and place it in my {\tt public\_html} directory.

```



```
\item{\tt make clean} \ Delete all files except the source files of
the dissertation. All these deleted files can be reconstructed by
typing {\tt make all}.
```

```
\item{\tt make pr} \
Print the dissertation on your default printer.
```

```
\end{itemize}
```

```
\section{Counting words}
```

An approximate word count of the body of the dissertation may be obtained using:

```
{\tt wc diss.tex}
```

```
\noindent
```

Alternatively, try something like:

```
\verb/detex diss.tex | tr -cd '0-9A-Z a-z\n' | wc -w/
```

```
\cleardoublepage
```

```
\chapter{Preparation}
```

This chapter is empty!

```
\cleardoublepage
```

```
\chapter{Implementation}
```

```
\section{Verbatim text}
```

Verbatim text can be included using `\verb|\begin{verbatim}|` and `\verb|\end{verbatim}|`. I normally use a slightly smaller font and often squeeze the lines a little closer together, as in:

```
{\renewcommand{\baselinestretch}{0.8}\small\begin{verbatim}
GET "libhdr"
```

```
GLOBAL { count:200; all }
```

```
LET try(ld, row, rd) BE TEST row=all
    THEN count := count + 1
    ELSE { LET poss = all & ~(ld | row | rd)
        UNTIL poss=0 DO
            { LET p = poss & -poss
              poss := poss - p
              try(ld+p << 1, row+p, rd+p >> 1)
            }
        }
    }
```

```
LET start() = VALOF
{ all := 1
```

```

FOR i = 1 TO 12 DO
  { count := 0
    try(0, 0, 0)
    writef("Number of solutions to %i2-queens is %i5*n", i, count)
    all := 2*all + 1
  }
  RESULTIS 0
}
\end{verbatim}
}

\section{Tables}

\begin{samepage}
Here is a simple example\footnote{A footnote} of a table.

\begin{center}
\begin{tabular}{l|c|r}
Left      & Centred & Right \\
Justified &         & Justified \\
\hline
First     & A       & XXX \\
Second    & AA      & XX \\
Last      & AAA     & X
\end{tabular}
\end{center}

\noindent
There is another example table in the proforma.
\end{samepage}

\section{Simple diagrams}

Simple diagrams can be written directly in \LaTeX. For example, see
figure~\ref{latexpic1} on page~\pageref{latexpic1} and see
figure~\ref{latexpic2} on page~\pageref{latexpic2}.

\begin{figure}
\setlength{\unitlength}{1mm}
\begin{center}
\begin{picture}(125,100)
\put(0,80){\framebox(50,10){AAA}}
\put(0,60){\framebox(50,10){BBB}}
\put(0,40){\framebox(50,10){CCC}}
\put(0,20){\framebox(50,10){DDD}}
\put(0,00){\framebox(50,10){EEE}}

\put(75,80){\framebox(50,10){XXX}}
\put(75,60){\framebox(50,10){YYY}}
\put(75,40){\framebox(50,10){ZZZ}}

\put(25,80){\vector(0,-1){10}}
\put(25,60){\vector(0,-1){10}}
\put(25,50){\vector(0,1){10}}
\put(25,40){\vector(0,-1){10}}
\put(25,20){\vector(0,-1){10}}

\put(100,80){\vector(0,-1){10}}
\put(100,70){\vector(0,1){10}}

```

```

\put(100,60){\vector(0,-1){10}}
\put(100,50){\vector(0,1){10}}

\put(50,65){\vector(1,0){25}}
\put(75,65){\vector(-1,0){25}}
\end{picture}
\end{center}
\caption{\label{latexpic1}A picture composed of boxes and vectors.}
\end{figure}

\begin{figure}
\setlength{\unitlength}{1mm}
\begin{center}

\begin{picture}(100,70)
\put(47,65){\circle{10}}
\put(45,64){abc}

\put(37,45){\circle{10}}
\put(37,51){\line(1,1){7}}
\put(35,44){def}

\put(57,25){\circle{10}}
\put(57,31){\line(-1,3){9}}
\put(57,31){\line(-3,2){15}}
\put(55,24){ghi}

\put(32,0){\framebox(10,10){A}}
\put(52,0){\framebox(10,10){B}}
\put(37,12){\line(0,1){26}}
\put(37,12){\line(2,1){15}}
\put(57,12){\line(0,2){6}}
\end{picture}

\end{center}
\caption{\label{latexpic2}A diagram composed of circles, lines and boxes.}
\end{figure}

\section{Adding more complicated graphics}

The use of \LaTeX\ format can be tedious and it is often better to use
encapsulated postscript to represent complicated graphics.
Figure~\ref{epsfig} and ~\ref{xfig} on page \pageref{xfig} are
examples. The second figure was drawn using {\tt xfig} and exported in
{\tt .eps} format. This is my recommended way of drawing all diagrams.

\begin{figure}[tbh]
\centerline{\epsfbox{figs/cuarms.eps}}
\caption{\label{epsfig}Example figure using encapsulated postscript}
\end{figure}

\begin{figure}[tbh]
\vspace{4in}
\caption{\label{pastedfig}Example figure where a picture can be pasted in}
\end{figure}

```

```

\begin{figure}[tbh]
\centerline{\epsfbox{figs/diagram.eps}}
\caption{\label{xfig}Example diagram drawn using {\tt xfig}}
\end{figure}

```

```

\cleardoublepage
\chapter{Evaluation}

```

```

\section{Printing and binding}

```

If you have access to a laser printer that can print on two sides, you can use it to print two copies of your dissertation and then get them bound by the Computer Laboratory Bookshop. Otherwise, print your dissertation single sided and get the Bookshop to copy and bind it double sided.

Better printing quality can sometimes be obtained by giving the Bookshop an MSDOS 1.44~Mbyte 3.5" floppy disc containing the Postscript form of your dissertation. If the file is too large a compressed version with {\tt zip} but not {\tt gunzip} nor {\tt compress} is acceptable. However they prefer the uncompressed form if possible. From my experience I do not recommend this method.

```

\subsection{Things to note}

```

```

\begin{itemize}
\item Ensure that there are the correct number of blank pages inserted
so that each double sided page has a front and a back. So, for
example, the title page must be followed by an absolutely blank page
(not even a page number).

\item Submitted postscript introduces more potential problems.
Therefore you must either allow two iterations of the binding process
(once in a digital form, falling back to a second, paper, submission if
necessary) or submit both paper and electronic versions.

\item There may be unexpected problems with fonts.

```

```

\end{itemize}

```

```

\section{Further information}

```

See the Computer Lab's world wide web pages at URL:

```

{\tt http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/TeXdoc/TeXdocs.html}

```

```

\cleardoublepage
\chapter{Conclusion}

```

I hope that this rough guide to writing a dissertation is \LaTeX\ has been helpful and saved you time.

```

\cleardoublepage

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% the bibliography

\addcontentsline{toc}{chapter}{Bibliography}
\bibliography{refs}
\cleardoublepage

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% the appendices
\appendix

\chapter{Latex source}

\section{diss.tex}
{\scriptsize\verbatiminput{diss.tex}}

\section{proposal.tex}
{\scriptsize\verbatiminput{proposal.tex}}

\section{propbody.tex}
{\scriptsize\verbatiminput{propbody.tex}}


\cleardoublepage

\chapter{Makefile}

\section{\label{makefile}Makefile}
{\scriptsize\verbatiminput{makefile.txt}}

\section{refs.bib}
{\scriptsize\verbatiminput{refs.bib}}


\cleardoublepage

\chapter{Project Proposal}

\input{propbody}

\end{document}

```

## A.2 proposal.tex

```

% This is a LaTeX driving document to produce a standalone copy
% of the project proposal held in propbody.tex. Notice that
% propbody can be used in this context as well as being incorporated
% in the dissertation (see diss.tex).

\documentstyle[12pt,a4]{article}
\begin{document}

```

```
\include{propbody}

\end{document}
```

## A.3 propbody.tex

```
% Draft #1 (final?)

\vfil

\centerline{\Large Computer Science Project Proposal}
\vspace{0.4in}
\centerline{\Large How to write a dissertation in \LaTeX\ }
\vspace{0.4in}
\centerline{\large M. Richards, St John's College}
\vspace{0.3in}
\centerline{\large Originator: Dr M. Richards}
\vspace{0.3in}
\centerline{\large 14th October 2011}

\vfil


\noindent
{\bf Project Supervisor:} Dr M. Richards
\vspace{0.2in}

\noindent
{\bf Director of Studies:} Dr M. Richards
\vspace{0.2in}
\noindent

\noindent
{\bf Project Overseers:} Dr~F.~H.~King \& Dr~A.~W.~Moore


% Main document

\section*{Introduction, The Problem To Be Addressed}


Many students write their CST dissertations in \LaTeX\ and
spend a fair amount of time learning just how to do that. The purpose of
this project is to write a demonstration dissertation that explains in
detail how it done.


This core proposal document will be augmented by a separately-printed
cover sheet at the front and a resource form at the end. Additional
sheets for risk assessment and human resources may also need to be included.


This document will repeat much of the material that is summarised on the additional sheets.


\section*{Starting Point}
```

```
{\em Describe existing state of the art, previous work in this area, libraries and databases to be used.  
Describe the state of any existing codebase that is to be built on. }
```

I am already able to write prose using the English language. I have an online dictionary. etc..

```
\section*{Resources Required}
```

```
{\em A note of the resources required and confirmation of access.}
```

For this project I shall mainly use my own quad-core computer that runs Fedora Linux. Backup will be to github and/or to an SVN repository on an external hard disk that is dumped to writable CD/DVD media. I have another similar computer to hand should my main machine suddenly fail. I require no other special resources.

```
\section*{Work to be done}
```

```
{\em Describe the technical work.}
```

The project breaks down into the following sub-projects:

```
\begin{enumerate}
```

```
\item The construction of a skeleton dissertation with the required  
structure. This involves writing the Makefile and making dummy files  
for the title page, the proforma, chapters 1 to 5, the appendices and  
the proposal.
```

```
\item Filling in the details required in the cover page and proforma.
```

```
\item Writing the contents of chapters 1 to 5, including examples  
of common \LaTeX\ constructs.
```

```
\item Adding an example of how to use floating figures and encapsulated  
postscript diagrams.
```

```
\end{enumerate}
```

```
\section*{Success Criterion for the Main Result}
```

The project will be a success if I have a completed dissertation with the correct chapter titles and I have achieved my other success criterion, which is to blah ...

```
\section*{Possible Extensions}
```

```
{\em Potential further envisaged evaluation metrics or extensions.}
```

If I achieve my main result early I shall try the following alternative experiment or method of evaluation ...

```
\section*{Timetable: Workplan and Milestones to be achieved.}
```

```
{\em Perhaps list ten or so two-week work-packages.}
```

Planned starting date is 16/10/2011.

```
\begin{enumerate}

\item {\bf Michaelmas weeks 2-4} Learn to use X. Read book Y. Read papers Z.

\item {\bf Michaelmas weeks 5-6} Do preliminary test of Q.

\item {\bf Michaelmas weeks 7-8} Start implementation of main task A.

\item {\bf Michaelmas vacation} Finish A and start main task B.

\item {\bf Lent weeks 0-2} Write progress report. Generate corpus of test examples. Finish task B.

\item {\bf Lent weeks 3-5} Run main experiments and achieve working project.

\item {\bf Lent weeks 6-8} Second main deliverable here.

\item {\bf Easter vacation:} Extensions and writing dissertation main chapters.

\item {\bf Easter term 0-2:} Further evaluation and complete dissertation.

\item {\bf Easter term 3:} Proof reading and then an early submission so as to concentrate on examination revision.

\end{enumerate}
```



# Appendix B

## Makefile

### B.1 Makefile

```
# This is the Makefile for the demonstration dissertation
# written by Martin Richards
#
# Note that continuation lines require '\'
# and that TAB is used after ':' and before unix commands.

DISS = diss.tex refs.bib propbody.tex figs/diagram.eps makefile.txt

PROP = proposal.tex propbody.tex

help:
    @echo
    @echo "USAGE:"
    @echo
    @echo "make          display help information"
    @echo "make prop      make the proposal and view it using xdvi"
    @echo "make diss.ps   make a postscript version of the dissertation"
    @echo "make diss.pdf  make a .pdf version of the dissertation"
    @echo "make gv        view the dissertation with ghostview"
    @echo "make gs        view the dissertation with ghostscript"
    @echo "make all       construct proposal.dvi and diss.ps"
    @echo "make count     display an estimated word count"
    @echo "make pub       put demodiss.tar on my homepage"
    @echo "make clean     remove all remakeable files"
    @echo "make pr        print the dissertation"
    @echo

prop:  proposal.dvi
      xdvi proposal.dvi

diss.ps:      $(DISS)
      latex diss
      bibtex diss
      latex diss
      bibtex diss
      latex diss
      bibtex diss
```

```

dvips -Ppdf -G0 -t a4 -pp 0-200 -o diss.ps diss.dvi

diss.pdf:      diss.ps
              ps2pdf diss.ps

makefile.txt:  Makefile
              expand Makefile >makefile.txt
count:
              detex diss.tex | tr -cd '0-9A-Za-z \n' | wc -w

proposal.dvi: $(PROP)
              latex proposal

all:           proposal.dvi diss.ps

pub:           diss.pdf
              cp diss.pdf /homes/mr/public_html/demodiss.pdf
              make clean
              (cd ..; tar cfv /homes/mr/public_html/demodiss.tar demodiss)

clean:
              rm -f diss.ps *.dvi *.aux *.log *.err
              rm -f core *~ *.lof *.toc *.blg *.bbl
              rm -f makefile.txt

gv:           diss.ps
              ghostview diss.ps

gs:           diss.ps
              gs diss.ps

pr:           diss.ps
              lpr diss.ps

```

## B.2 refs.bib

```

@BOOK{Lamport86,
  TITLE = "{LaTeX} --- a document preparation system --- user's guide
and reference manual",
  AUTHOR = "Lamport, L.",
  PUBLISHER = "Addison-Wesley",
  YEAR = "1986"}

@REPORT{Moore95,
  TITLE = "How to prepare a dissertation in LaTeX",
  AUTHOR = "Moore, S.W.",
  YEAR = "1995"}

```

# Appendix C

## Project Proposal

Computer Science Project Proposal

How to write a dissertation in L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X

M. Richards, St John's College

Originator: Dr M. Richards

14<sup>th</sup> October 2011

**Project Supervisor:** Dr M. Richards

**Director of Studies:** Dr M. Richards

**Project Overseers:** Dr F. H. King & Dr A. W. Moore

## Introduction, The Problem To Be Addressed

Many students write their CST dissertations in  $\text{\LaTeX}$  and spend a fair amount of time learning just how to do that. The purpose of this project is to write a demonstration dissertation that explains in detail how it done.

This core proposal document will be augmented by a separately-printed cover sheet at the front and a resource form at the end. Additional sheets for risk assessment and human resources may also need to be included.

This document will repeat much of the material that is summarised on the additional sheets.

## Starting Point

*Describe existing state of the art, previous work in this area, libraries and databases to be used. Describe the state of any existing codebase that is to be built on.*

I am already able to write prose using the English language. I have an online dictionary. etc..

## Resources Required

*A note of the resources required and confirmation of access.*

For this project I shall mainly use my own quad-core computer that runs Fedora Linux. Backup will be to github and/or to an SVN repository on an external hard disk that is dumped to writable CD/DVD media. I have another similar computer to hand should my main machine suddenly fail. I require no other special resources.

## Work to be done

*Describe the technical work.*

The project breaks down into the following sub-projects:

1. The construction of a skeleton dissertation with the required structure. This involves writing the Makefile and making dummy files for the title page, the proforma, chapters 1 to 5, the appendices and the proposal.
2. Filling in the details required in the cover page and proforma.

3. Writing the contents of chapters 1 to 5, including examples of common L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X constructs.
4. Adding a example of how to use floating figures and encapsulated postscript diagrams.

## Success Criterion for the Main Result

The project will be a success if I have a completed dissertation with the correct chapter titles and I have achieved my other success criterion, which is to blah ...

## Possible Extensions

*Potential further envisaged evaluation metrics or extensions.*

If I achieve my main result early I shall try the following alternative experiment or method of evaluation ...

## Timetable: Workplan and Milestones to be achieved.

*Perhaps list ten or so two-week work-packages.*

Planned starting date is 16/10/2011.

1. **Michaelmas weeks 2-4** Learn to use X. Read book Y. Read papers Z.
2. **Michaelmas weeks 5-6** Do preliminary test of Q.
3. **Michaelmas weeks 7-8** Start implementation of main task A.
4. **Michaelmas vacation** Finish A and start main task B.
5. **Lent weeks 0-2** Write progress report. Generate corpus of test examples. Finish task B.
6. **Lent weeks 3-5** Run main experiments and achieve working project.
7. **Lent weeks 6-8** Second main deliverable here.
8. **Easter vacation:** Extensions and writing dissertation main chapters.
9. **Easter term 0-2:** Further evaluation and complete dissertation.

10. **Easter term 3:** Proof reading and then an early submission so as to concentrate on examination revision.