GRPS1024

Library of the groups of order 1024 of p-class at least 3, those of p-class two and rank 4 and those of p-class 1 and rank 10.

0.0.1

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Contents

1	Groups of Order 1024 1.1 Overview	3 3
	Functionality 2.1 Methods	5 5
References		7
In	dex	8

Chapter 1

Groups of Order 1024

1.1 Overview

This library gives explicit access to the following groups of order 1024:

- The Rank 1 group
- All Rank 2 groups
- · All Rank 3 groups
- All Rank 4 groups
- Rank 5 groups with p-class at least 3
- Rank 6 groups with p-class at least 3
- Rank 7 groups with p-class at least 3
- Rank 8 groups with p-class at least 3
- Rank 9 groups with p-class at least 3
- The Rank 10 group

This library gives partial information on the remaining groups of order 1024:

- Rank 5 groups with p-class 2
- Rank 6 groups with p-class 2
- Rank 7 groups with p-class 2
- Rank 8 groups with p-class 2
- Rank 9 groups with p-class 2

For the groups that are not explicitly available the following information is available:

• Parent Group ID

GRPS1024 4

- Parent Group Order
- p-class
- Rank
- Age

The groups are sorted first by their parent group ids and then by the pc codes of the standard presentations for the groups. The data contained in this library was used in the 2021 enumeration of the groups of order 1024 [Bur21]. The available groups were generated using the p-group generation algorithm [O'B90] as implemented in the ANUPQ package [GNOH19]. The information on the remaining groups was calculated using the cohomological methods for enumerating p-groups of p-class 2 as introduced in [EO99].

Chapter 2

Functionality

2.1 Methods

Once the package is loaded the user may call SmallGroup(1024,i) and receive either a group if available or a partially constructed group which has the following attributes set

- · p-class
- · Rank
- Heritage
- Order

2.1.1 AvailableMap

Returns: int

For $1 \le i \le 683,875,133$ this function will return the SmallGroup ID of the *i*th available group among all the groups of order 1024.

```
#groups 1-3567 are available SmallGroup(1024,3568) is not available

gap> g:=SmallGroup(1024,3567);

<pc group of size 1024 with 10 generators> #this is an available group

gap> g:=SmallGroup(1024,3568);

<pc group with 0 generators> #this is a partially constructed group and not available

#the next available group has index 378632399

gap> AvailableMap(3568)

378632399

#access the ith available group of order 1024

gap> SmallGroup(1024,AvailableMap(i)) #for i <= 683,875,1333
```

2.1.2 InverseAvailableMap

▷ InverseAvailableMap(N)

(function)

Returns: int

For $1 \le i \le 49,487,367,289$ if SmallGroup(1024,i) is available this will return its position in the available groups list or else it will print a message telling you that it is not available and return 0.

GRPS1024 6

```
gap> InverseAvailableMap(AvailableMap(i)) = i;
gap> InverseAvailableMap(3568);
This is an immediate descendant of the elementary abelian group of order 32 and is not available 0
```

2.1.3 Heritage (for IsGroup)

 \triangleright Heritage(G) (attribute)

Returns: list

Returns as a list the following information for a group of order 1024 loaded from the library [ParentGroupID, ParentGroupOrder, Step, Age]. The age of a group is the position of the group among its siblings in the ordered list of their standard PC codes.

References

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- [O'B90] E. A. O'Brien. The p-group generation algorithm. *Journal of Symbolic Computation*, 9(5):677–698, oct 1990. 4

Index

AvailableMap, 5

Heritage
for IsGroup, 6

InverseAvailableMap, 5