Python Class 15

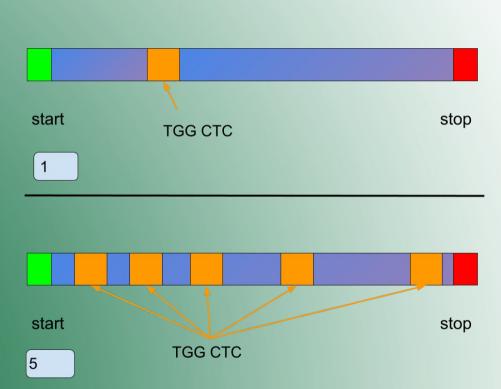
Continue DNA project

Get the code

 https://github.com/davidcbhunter/POP2021/blob/ma in/gene.py

Extra Challenge Function

• Add a function that counts the number patterns in a gene.



Make a DNA class

- What variables does a DNA class need?
- What functions does a DNA class need?



Compare the different pieces of DNA

- Make a DNA class with a list of genes
- Make 3 different DNA instances
 - Influenza has 8 genes
 - MERS has 11 genes
 - Covid-19 has 9 genes
- Let's compare them!

Saving data



Open a file

- To open a file, we use the built-in function open()
- open() takes two arguments
 - file
 - mode

Open arguments

- open(*file*,mode)
 - file is the path and name of the file
 - For example C:\Users\David
 Hunter\Documents\Seitoku Python Curriculum
 - This is the path where I save my files for this class.
 - C:\Users\David Hunter\Documents\Seitoku
 Python Curriculum/2021 Python Class
 11.odp
 - The BOLD part is the file name.

Open arguments, 2

- open(file, *mode*)
 - mode is how you want to open the file
 - "r" -reads the file. Error if no file
 - "a" -appends. Creates the file if no file.
 - "w" opens the file to write. Creates the file if no file
 - "x" create the file. Error if the file exists.

Mode (ファイルの読み方)

- You can also say how the file should be read.
 - "b" is for binary (二進法) → People cannot read this format, but computers can.
 - "t" is for text

File variables

- file.closed True or False
- file.mode- the mode
- file.name the name
- file.softspace not really important

File functions

- file.close() closes the file
- file.read() this gives you the data/information in the file
- file.write(str) this adds a string to the file
- file.writelines(sequence) this adds a list of strings to the file

Practice

```
my file = open("Hello.txt", "w")
print(my file.name)
print(my file.mode)
#my file.write("Hello")
my file.close()
my file = open("Hello.txt", "r")
print(my file.read())
```

Practice adding some information to a file

```
my file = open("Hello.txt", "w")
print(my file.name)
print(my file.mode)
my file.write("Hello")
my file.close()
my file = open("Hello.txt", "r")
print(my file.read())
```

Practice reading information from a file

```
my file = open("Hello.txt", "w")
print(my file.name)
print(my file.mode)
my file.write("Hello")
my file.close()
my file = open("Hello.txt", "r")
data = my file.read()
```

Using pickle to save data

- Pickle is a library, just like datetime or random.
- Pickle is used for saving data.
- It is especially useful for saving complicated data, such as class instances, lists, etc.

How to use

- Pickle has two main functions we will use
 - pickle.dump(obj,file)
 - obj is the information we want to save
 - file is a file that we opened
 - pickle.load(file)
 - this reads the data from the file and returns the data

Example

```
import pickle
import datetime
class Book:
   def init (self, n= "", a = "",d = datetime.date.today()):
        self.name = n
        self.author = a
        self.publish date = d
   def str (self):
        return self.name + " by " + self.author + \
               " (" + str(self.publish_date.year) + ")"
book = Book("The Malazan Book of the Fallen", \
            "Steven Erikson", datetime.date(2001,1,1))
file = open("test", "wb")
pickle.dump(book,file)
file.close()
infile = open("test", "rb")
correct = pickle.load(infile)
infile.close()
print(correct)
```

Practice!!!

- Pick one of the projects
 we made in previous
 classes: recipe, mangaka, vending machine,
 to-do list.
- Use pickle to save the data to a file.
- Use pickle to load the data.

