Redes Neuronales

Tarea 4: Random Forest

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Fecha: 2023-07-27

En la presente tarea analizaremos mediante Random Forests los datasets Computer Hardware, carsmall y Tratamiento Regresion para compararlos con los modelos de regresión logrados a través de un único árbol de decisión.

Dataset Computer Hardware

```
% Ejercicio 1: Dataset Computer Hardware
clc;
clear;
close all;
rng(0);
warning("off","all")

fprintf("\n-----")
```

```
fprintf("\nEjercicio 1: Dataset Computer Hardware")
Ejercicio 1: Dataset Computer Hardware
```

```
fprintf("\n----")
```

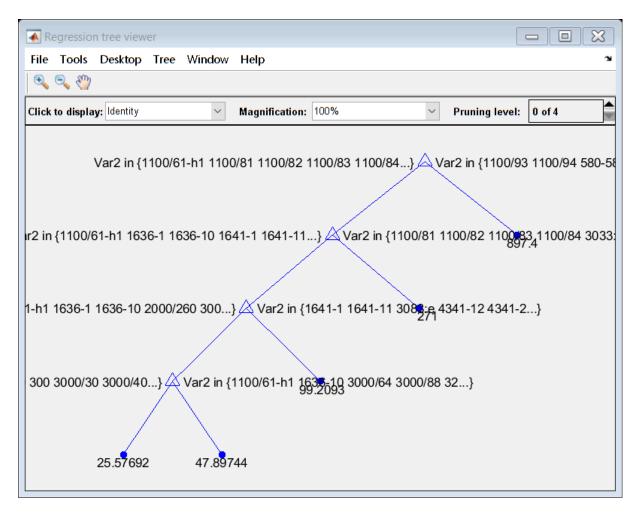
```
T = readtable("machine.txt", "ReadVariableNames", false);
X = T(:,1:9);
Y = table2array(T(:,10));
[mean_mse1, mean_mse1_rf] = calcularMSE(X, Y, 10, 100, true);
```

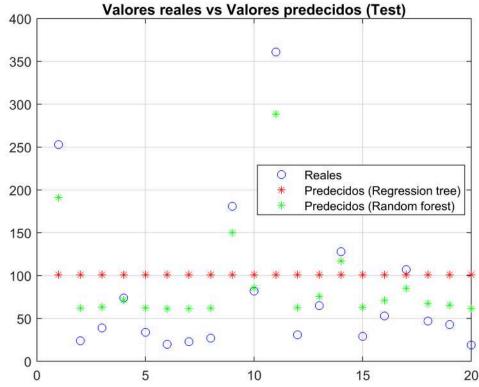
```
Resultados para Fold Nro. 1

Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 7907.7597

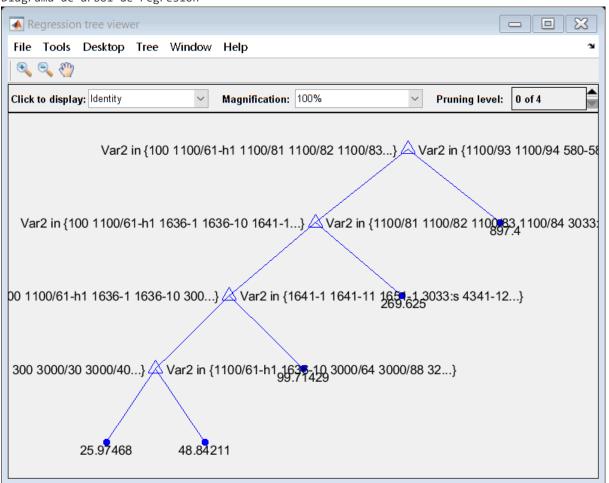
Valor MSE (Random forest) = 1165.0437

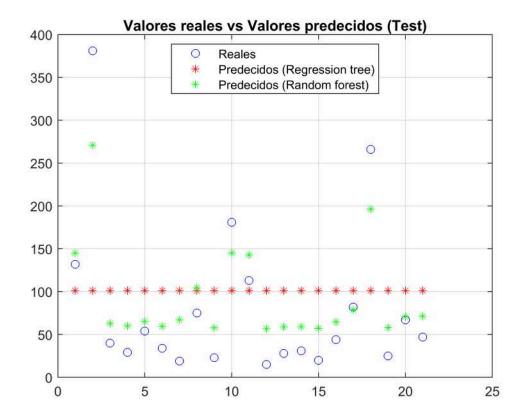
Diagrama de árbol de regresión
```





Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 8578.8081 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 1573.8711

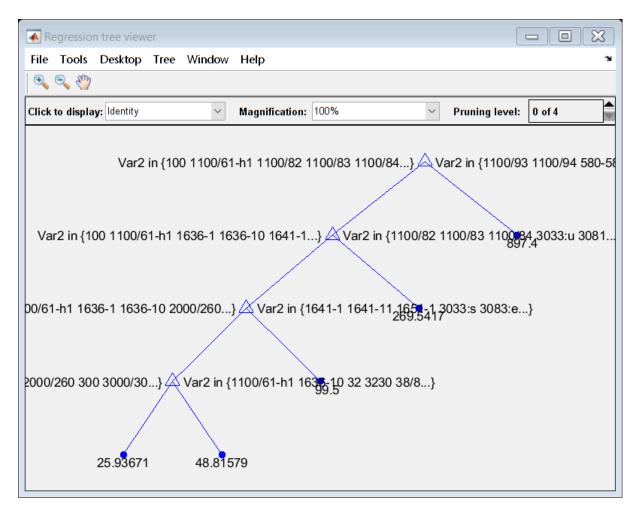


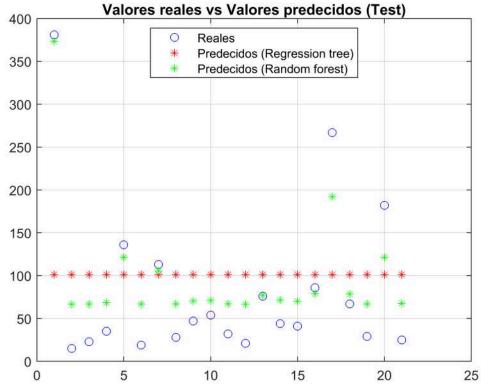


Resultados para Fold Nro. 3

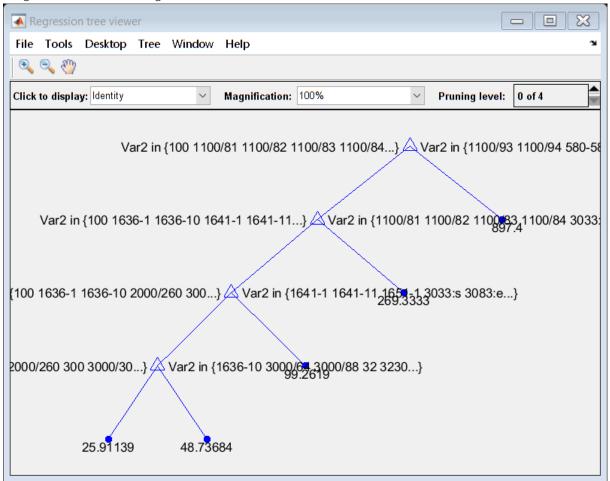
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 8575.9317

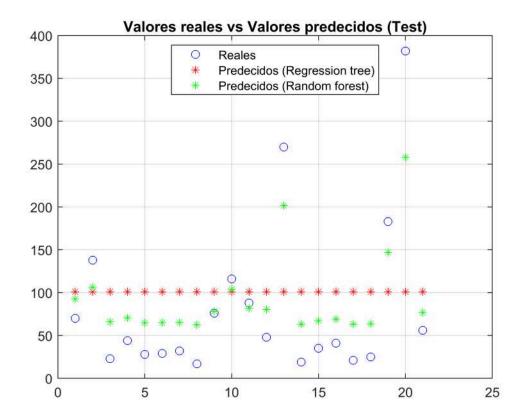
Valor MSE (Random forest) = 1341.5024





Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 8622.5662 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 1903.0694

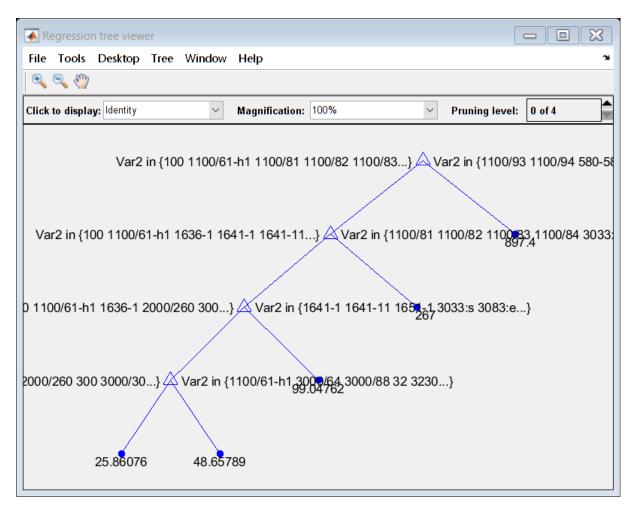


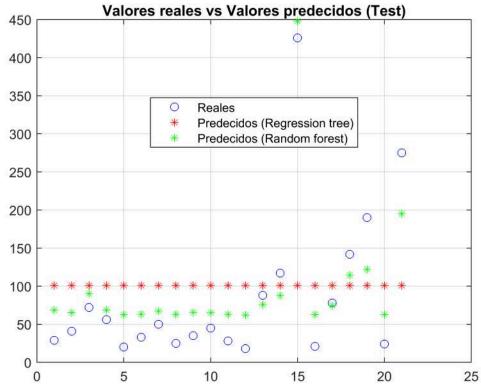


Resultados para Fold Nro. 5

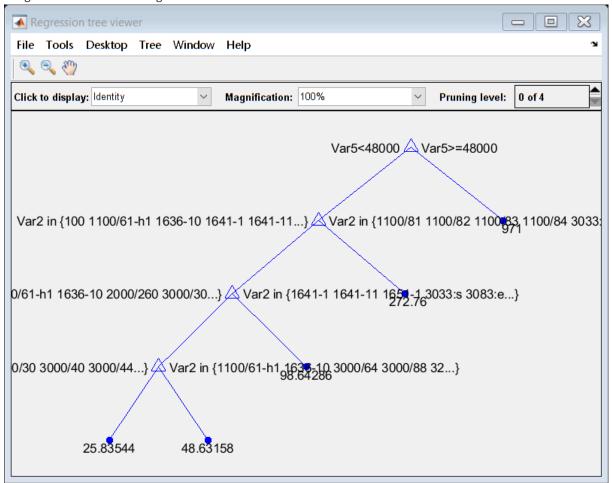
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 9979.7456

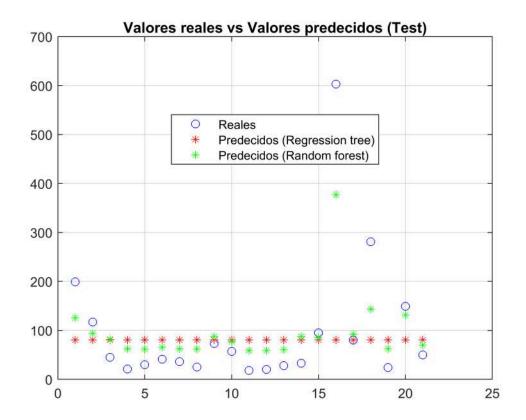
Valor MSE (Random forest) = 1338.9594





Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 17363.0664 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 4423.5498

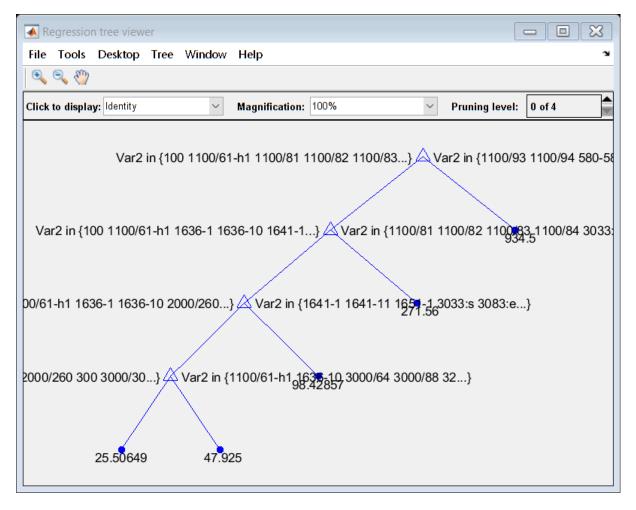


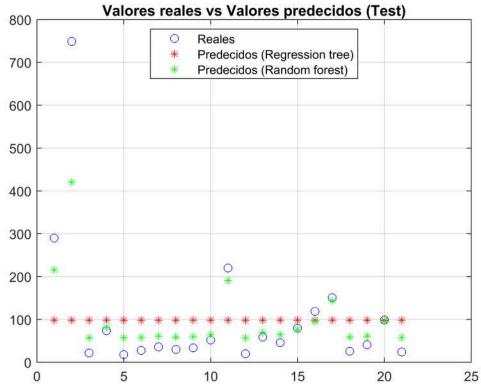


Resultados para Fold Nro. 7

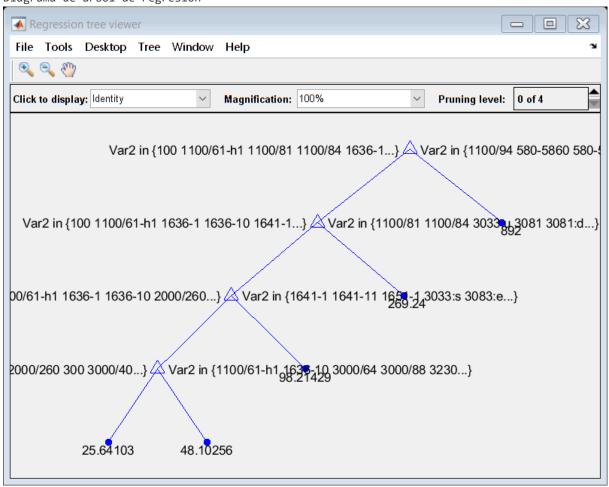
.

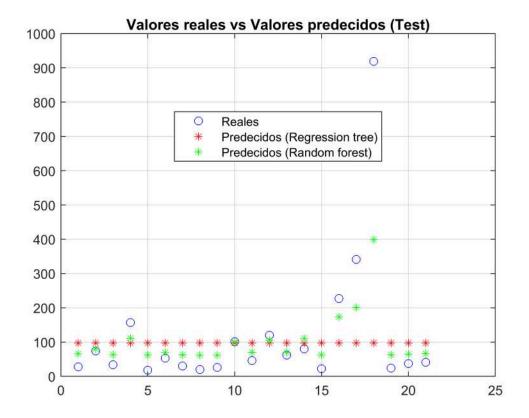
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 25499.1153 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 5979.0447





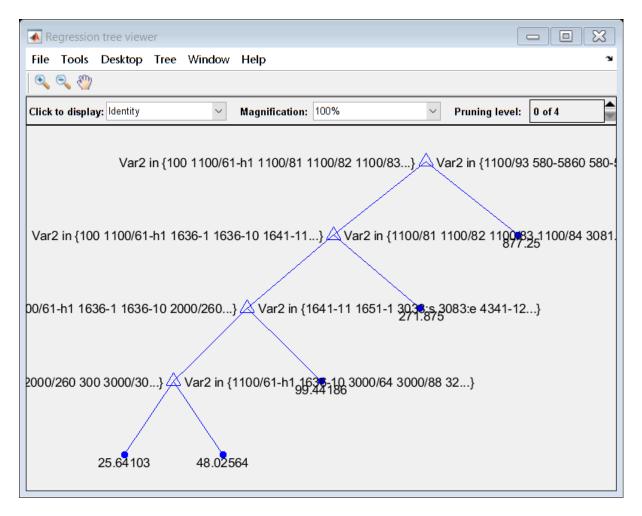
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 38603.7826 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 14759.4441

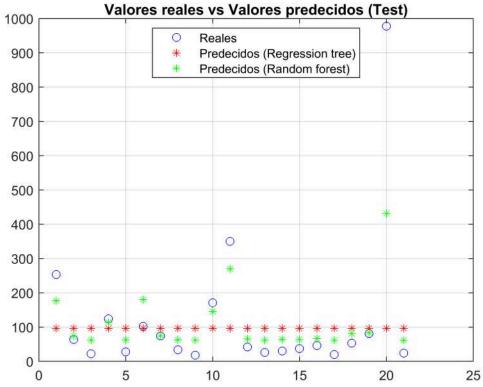




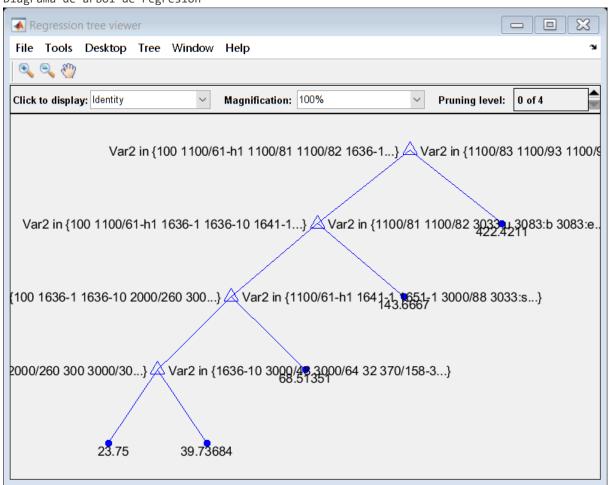
Resultados para Fold Nro. 9

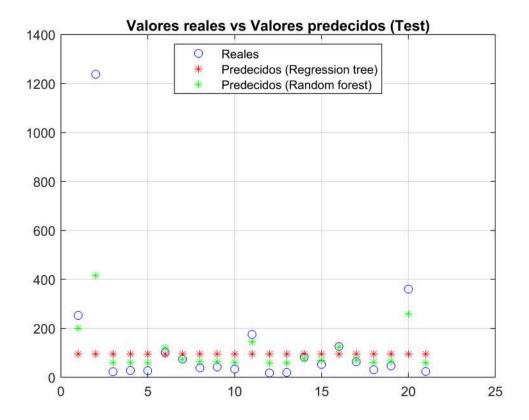
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 44069.6256 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 15782.3334





Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 69479.9118 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 33386.6932





```
Error Cuadrático Medio final (Regression tree) = 23868.0313
Error Cuadrático Medio final (Random forest) = 8165.3511
```

X = [Weight(Com),Cylinders(Com),Horsepower(Com)];

Dataset carsmall

Y = MPG(Com);

```
% Ejercicio 2: Dataset carsmall
rng(0);
fprintf("\n-----")

fprintf("\nEjercicio 2: Dataset carsmall")

Ejercicio 2: Dataset carsmall

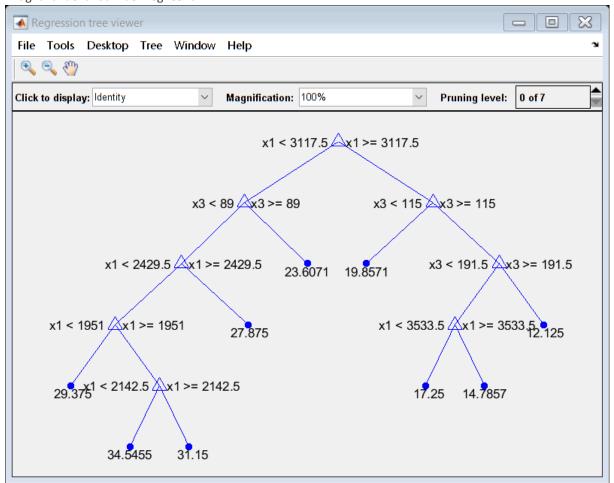
fprintf("\n-----")

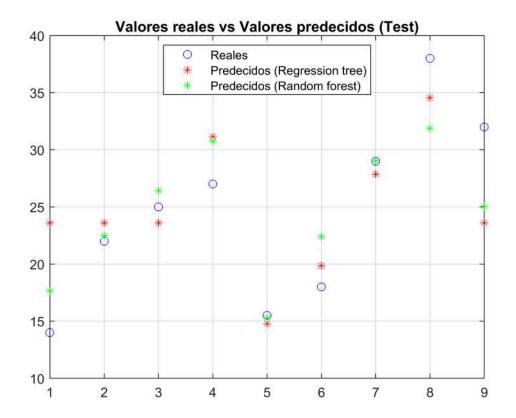
load carsmall;
Com = (~isnan(MPG));
```

[mean_mse2, mean_mse2_rf] = calcularMSE(X, Y, 10, 15, true);

Resultados para Fold Nro. 1

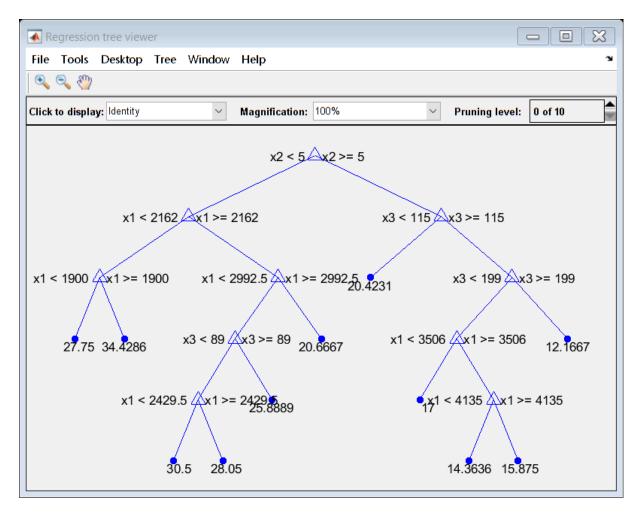
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 22.4046 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 14.9883

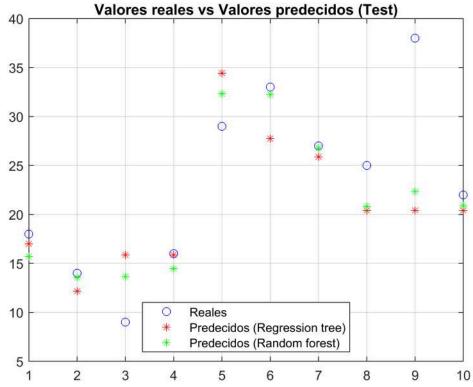




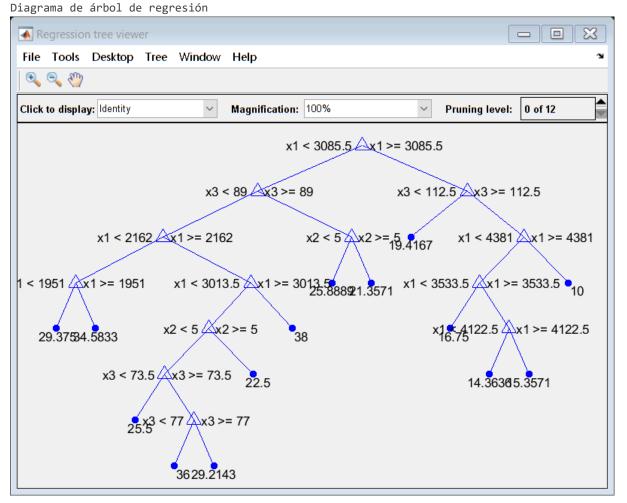
Resultados para Fold Nro. 2

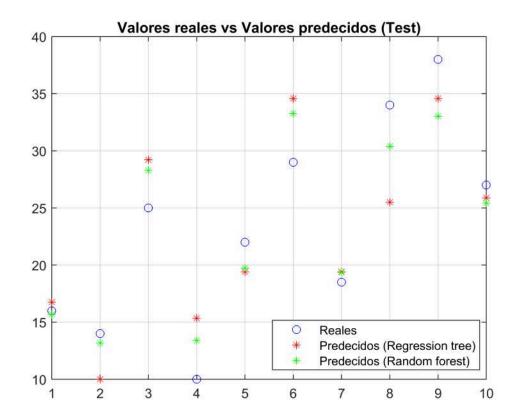
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 44.2292 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 30.5549 Diagrama de árbol de regresión





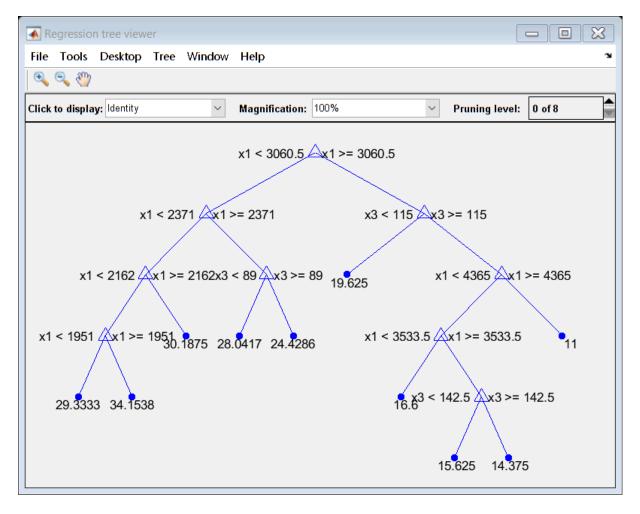
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 18.6867 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 8.7125

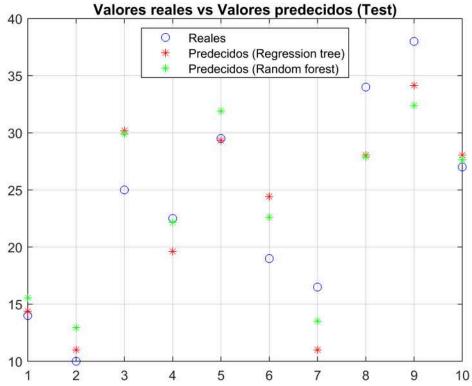




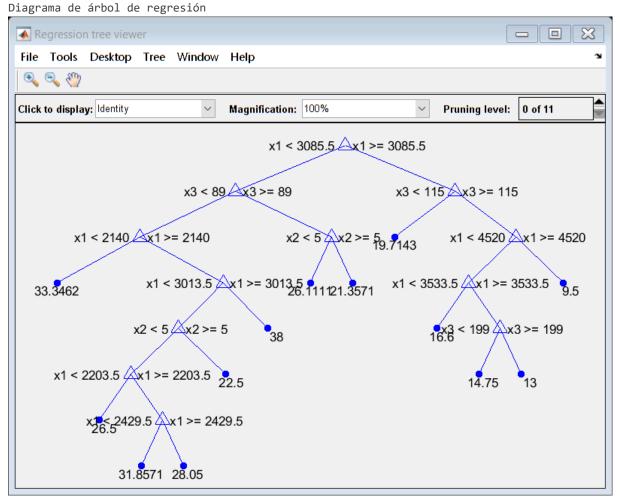
Resultados para Fold Nro. 4

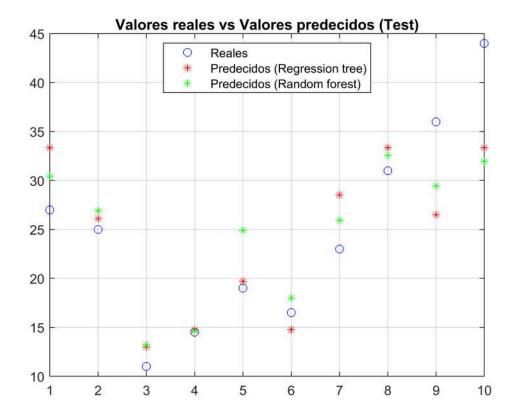
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 14.7443 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 13.2118 Diagrama de árbol de regresión





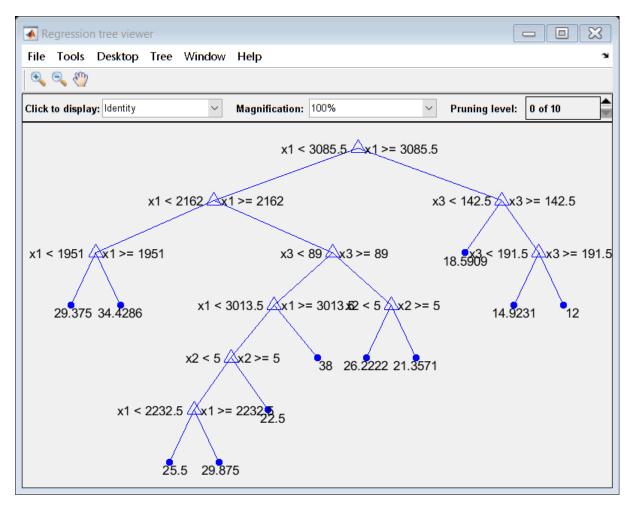
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 28.9077 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 25.6924

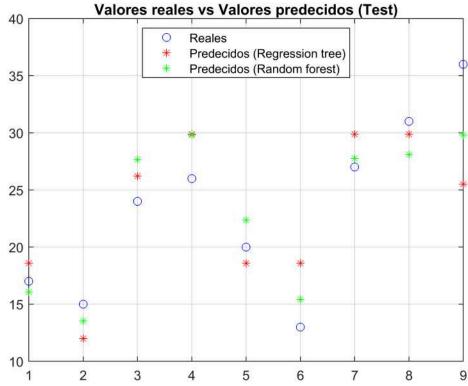




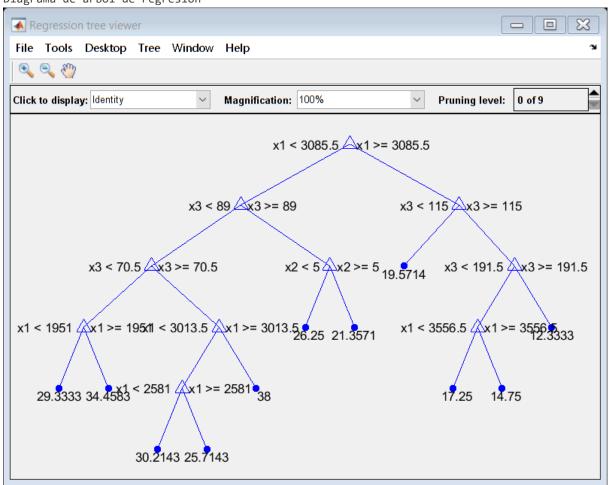
Resultados para Fold Nro. 6

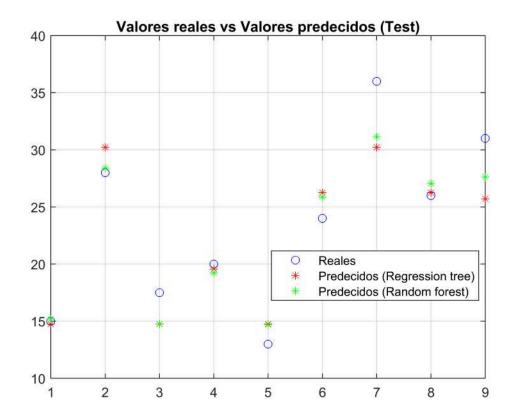
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 20.5011 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 9.9664 Diagrama de árbol de regresión





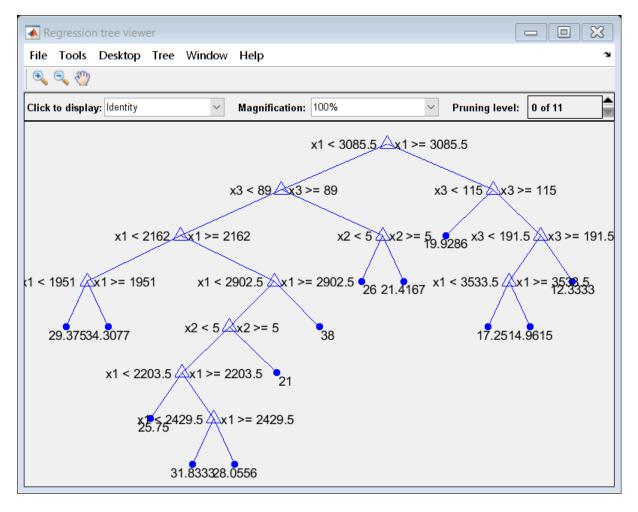
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 9.1458 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 5.6464 Diagrama de árbol de regresión

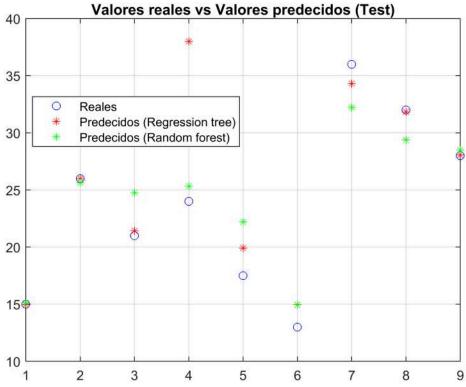




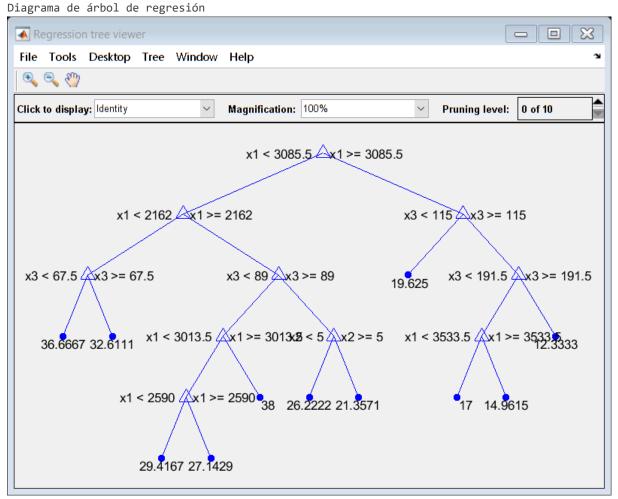
Resultados para Fold Nro. 8

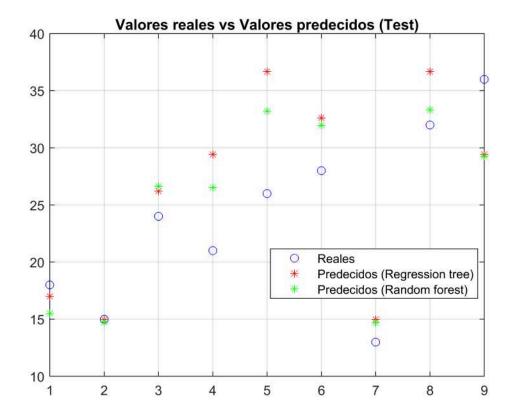
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 23.2017 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 7.0335 Diagrama de árbol de regresión





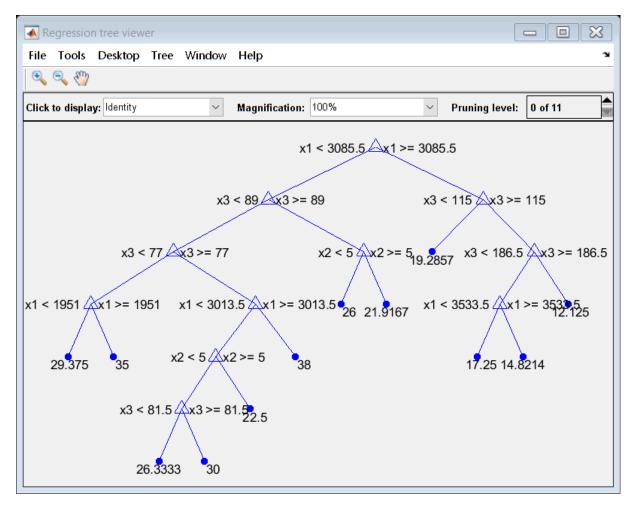
Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 31.1984 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 17.9964

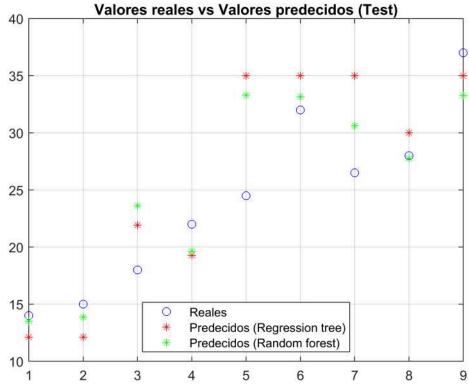




Resultados para Fold Nro. 10

Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 25.9988 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 16.4850 Diagrama de árbol de regresión





Error Cuadrático Medio final (Regression tree) = 23.9018

```
Error Cuadrático Medio final (Random forest) = 15.0288
```

Dataset TratamientoRegresion

```
% Ejercicio 3: Dataset TratamientoRegresion
rng(0);
fprintf("\n-----")

fprintf("\nEjercicio 3: Dataset TratamientoRegresion")

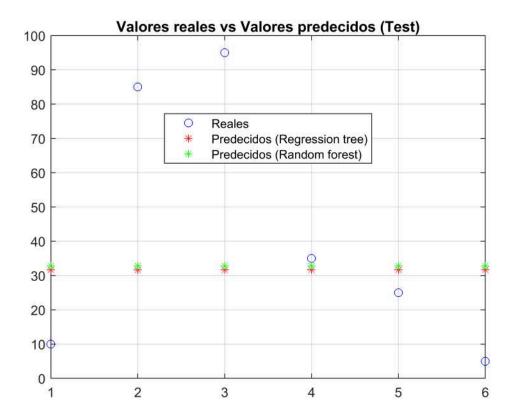
Ejercicio 3: Dataset TratamientoRegresion

fprintf("\n----")

T = readtable("Tratamientoregresion.xlsx", "Range","D6:E17","ReadVariableNames",false);
X = T(:,1);
Y = table2array(T(:,2));
[mean_mse3, mean_mse3_rf] = calcularMSE(X, Y, 2, 10, false);

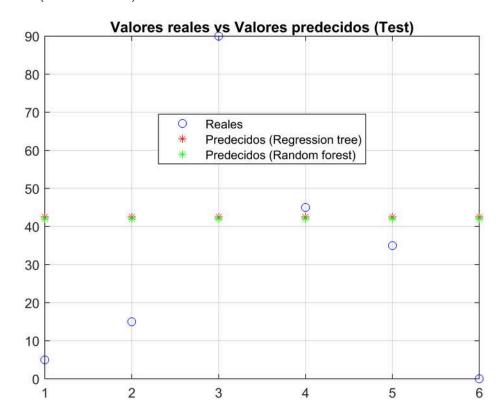
Resultados para Fold Nro. 1

Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 1348.6111
Valor MSE (Random forest) = 1325.6636
```



Resultados para Fold Nro. 2

Valor MSE (Regression tree) = 1047.9167 Valor MSE (Random forest) = 1037.3333



```
Error Cuadrático Medio final (Regression tree) = 1198.2639
Error Cuadrático Medio final (Random forest) = 1181.4985
```

Función general implementada:

```
function [mean_mse, mean_mse_rf] = calcularMSE(X, Y, k, minParentSize, graph)
   % Estrategia k-folding
   CVO = cvpartition(Y, "k", k);
   num_pruebas = CVO.NumTestSets;
   total mse = 0;
   total mse rf = 0;
   for i = 1:num pruebas
       fprintf("\n----")
       fprintf("\nResultados para Fold Nro. %d", i)
       fprintf("\n-----")
       % Indices de training y test
       trIdx = CVO.training(i);
       teIdx = CVO.test(i);
       % Árbol de regresión
       tree = fitrtree(X(trIdx,:),Y(trIdx,:), "MinParentSize", minParentSize);
       % Vector de predicciones y cálculo de MSE (Regression tree)
       Ypred = predict(tree, X(teIdx,:));
       fold_mse = mse(Y(teIdx), Ypred);
       fprintf("\nValor MSE (Regression tree) = %.4f", fold_mse)
       total_mse = total_mse + fold_mse;
       % Random Forest
       RF = TreeBagger(200, X(trIdx,:), Y(trIdx,:), "Method", "regression", ...
           "OOBPrediction", "On");
       Ypred_rf = RF.predict(X(teIdx,:));
       fold_mse_rf = mse(Y(teIdx), Ypred_rf);
       fprintf("\nValor MSE (Random forest) = %.4f", fold_mse_rf)
       total mse rf = total mse rf + fold mse rf;
       % Diagrama del árbol de regresión empleado
       if (graph)
           fprintf("\nDiagrama de árbol de regresión");
           view(tree, "mode", "graph")
       end
       % Diagrama de valores reales contra valores predecidos
       figure;
       plot(Y(teIdx), "ob")
       hold on;
       plot(Ypred, "*r")
       hold on;
       plot(Ypred_rf, "*g")
       grid on;
       title("Valores reales vs Valores predecidos (Test)");
       legend("Reales", "Predecidos (Regression tree)", ...
       "Predecidos (Random forest)", 'Location', 'Best');
       hold off;
```

Conclusión

Se puede concluir que, de manera general, el método Random Forest ayudó a obtener mejores métricas en comparación con el árbol de regresión individual para los diferentes escenarios de regresión:

Para el caso del dataset Computer Hardware se obtuvo con un único árbol de decisión un MSE igual a 23.868,0313 mientras que con Random Forest se obtuvo un MSE igual a 8.165,3511.

Para el caso del dataset carsmall se obtuvo con un único arbol de decisión un MSE igual a 23,9018 y con Random Forest un MSE igual a 15,0288.

Finalmente, para el dataset TratamientoRegresion se obtuvo con un único árbol de regresión un MSE igual a 1.198,2639 mientras que con Random Forest el MSE obtenido fue de 1.181,4985.

Se puede concluir además que la mejora en la métrica obtenida se puede apreciar mucho mejor cuando se tienen varios datos para entrenamiento.