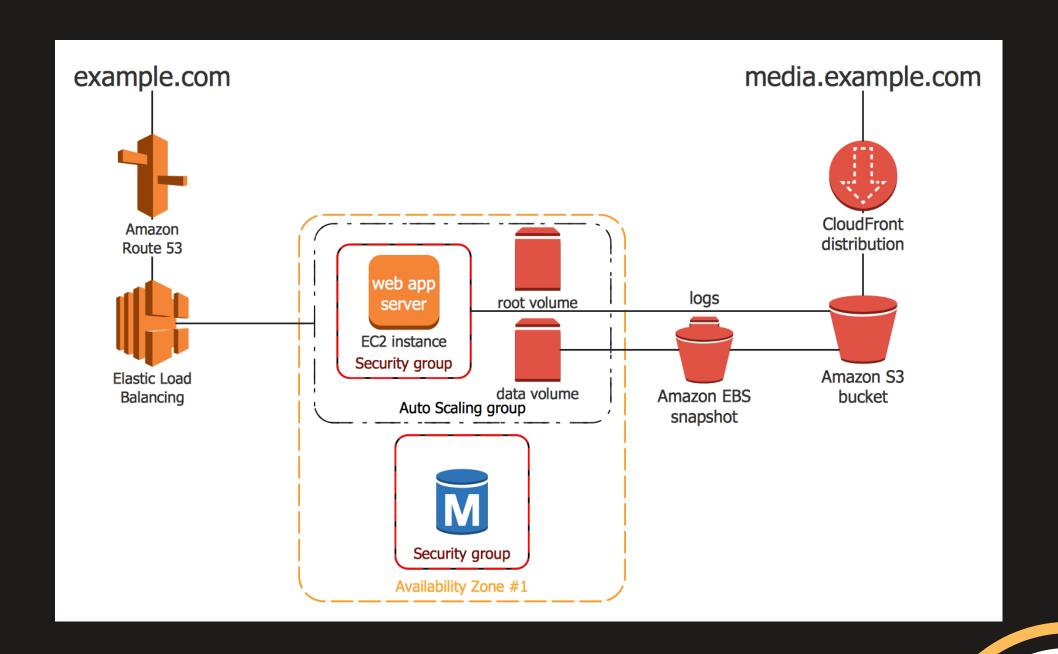


DETAILED EXPLANATION OF AWS ARCHITECTURE









AWS (Amazon Web Services) is a cloud computing platform that offers a wide range of services to businesses and individuals. The architecture of AWS is designed to provide scalability, flexibility, and high availability to its users. Here are some key components of AWS architecture:





Regions

AWS is divided into regions, which are geographic locations around the world where AWS has data centers. Each region is further divided into Availability Zones, which are distinct locations within a region.





Availability Zones (AZs)

An AZ is a data center or a cluster of data centers within a region. Each AZ is designed to be independent and isolated from other AZs to ensure high availability and fault tolerance.







Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

A VPC is a logically isolated section of the AWS cloud where users can launch resources, such as EC2 instances, RDS databases, and Lambda functions. Each VPC is customizable, allowing users to control the network settings, security, and routing.







Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)

EC2 is a web service that allows users to launch and manage virtual servers (instances) in the cloud. EC2 instances can be configured with different types of CPU, memory, storage, and network capacity, making them highly flexible and scalable.





Simple Storage Service (S3)

S3 is a highly scalable object storage service that allows users to store and retrieve data from anywhere on the web. S3 is designed for durability, availability, and security, making it an ideal storage solution for various use cases.







Lambda

Lambda is a serverless computing service that allows users to run code without provisioning or managing servers. Users can write their code in various languages, such as Node.js, Python, and Java, and deploy it to Lambda as a function. Lambda automatically scales the function in response to incoming traffic.







These are just a few components of AWS architecture. AWS offers many other services, such as RDS, DynamoDB, Elastic Load Balancing, and more, that enable users to build highly scalable and resilient applications in the cloud.





DON'T FORGET TO CLICK THE SAVE BUTTONAND FOLLOW ME FOR DAILY TIPS

Disha Mukherjee









