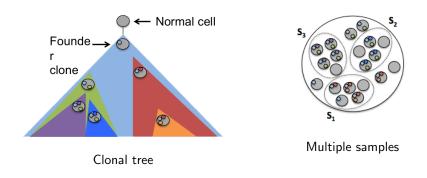
# Clustering with the Multivariate binomial model/DP

January 17, 2017

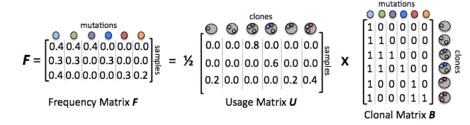
# Cancer is an evolutionary disease.



This mixture of clones is called intratumor heterogeneity.

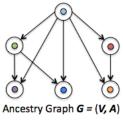
#### Ancestree.

The purpose of Ancestree is to infer the clonal tree that relates the clones and the proportions of each clone in each sample, given a matrix of variant allele frequencies (VAFs) indexed by samples and SNVs.

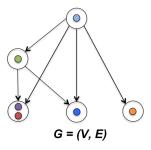


# Clustering mutations.

Why cluster mutations? What does that mean?



Unclustered

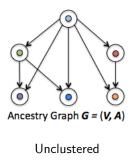


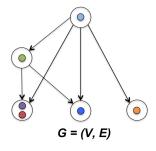
Clustered

# Clustering mutations.

Why cluster mutations? What does that mean?

► Passenger mutations.



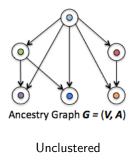


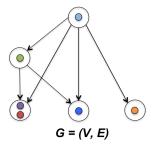
Clustered

# Clustering mutations.

Why cluster mutations? What does that mean?

- Passenger mutations.
- ► Low read coverage.





Clustered

# Model, Inference, Equations

I will defer to the pdf here.

## Results

### Simulated datasets:

Number of clusters	10
Number of SNVs	100
Number of samples	4, 5, 6
Coverage	50, 100, 1000

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## Evaluating cluster assignments

- Adjusted Rand Index
- Cluster frequency error

$$\frac{1}{m} \sum_{p=1}^{m} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{t=1}^{T} \min_{j} |\phi_t - \widehat{\phi}_j|$$

- Number of clusters
- ► Number of mutations placed by Ancestree



## **Plots**

- ► Violin plots
- ► Posterior plots