

Problem 2

1) The sample space consists in all the pairs (gender, day of week) that can represent the two children

$$\Omega = \left\{ ((B, \text{Monday}) (B, \text{Tuesday})), ((B, \text{Monday}) (G, \text{Tuesday})), \dots \dots \dots \right. \\ \left. \dots ((G, \text{Friday}) (G, \text{Sunday})) \right\}$$

Since there are 2 children and 7 days we have for 1 child 14 possible outcomes and for 2 children 196
So the probability of each ^{sample} event in the sample space is

$$P(\text{event}) = \frac{1}{196}$$

2) event A = "1 child is a girl"
event B = "Both children are girls"

We need to calculate the conditional probability

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)}$$

In this case the sample space is $\Omega = \{(G, G) (G, B) (B, G) (B, B)\}$

$$P(B|A) = \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

3) event A = "girl born on Sunday"
event B = "both children are girls"

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)}$$

$$P(A) = 1 - \frac{13 \times 13}{196} = \frac{27}{196}$$

for each child there are 14 possible outcomes and if we exclude A we have 13 outcomes for each child

$$P(B \cap A) = \left(\frac{1}{14} = \frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot 2 = \frac{1}{14}$$

$\frac{1}{14}$ is the prob. that 1st child is born on Sunday, $\frac{1}{2}$ the prob. that other child is also a girl. born on any other day. This can happen for 1st or 2nd child.

$$P(B|A) = \frac{\frac{1}{14}}{\frac{27}{186}} = \frac{1}{14} \cdot \frac{186}{27} = \frac{14}{27} \approx 0,518$$

Problem 3

The sample space is composed by $\Omega = \{DM, \neg DM, T_{pos}, T_{neg}\}$
We can have 4 possible outcomes:

$$(DM, T_{pos}), (\neg DM, T_{pos}), (\neg DM, T_{neg}), (DM, T_{neg})$$

We want to find

$$P(DM | T_{pos}) = \frac{P(DM \cap T_{pos})}{P(T_{pos})} = \frac{P(T_{pos} | DM) \cdot P(DM)}{P(T_{pos})}$$

where $P(T_{pos})$ is the prob of having a positive test

$$P(T_{pos}) = P(T_{pos} | DM) \cdot P(DM) + P(T_{pos} | \neg DM) \cdot P(\neg DM)$$

we have all these probability with the problem.

$$P(T_{pos}) = (0,999 \cdot 0,00001) + (0,001 \cdot 0,99999) = 0,00100998$$

$$\Rightarrow P(DM | T_{pos}) = \frac{9998 \cdot 0,00001}{0,00100998} \approx 0,00988 \approx 1\%$$