

# Hacking Mobile Platforms

Module 15

Unmask the Invisible Hacker.



# The Future of Mobile

## Internet Users Worldwide



Global number of internet users



**66%** of the world's population (based on an increase of 2-3 billion connected to the Internet)

## Using Mobiles with Money

### Mobile payment user



**2020**

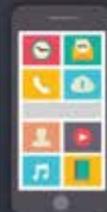
**50%**

of transactions will be made by mobile



## The Projected Growth of Mobile Use

Internet connections made via mobile devices



<http://www.three.co.uk>

## Smartphone Adoption Rate



Percentage of UK Population



## Tablet Adoption Rate



Percentage of UK Population



# Module Objectives

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- Understanding Mobile Platform Attack Vectors
- Understanding various Android Threats and Attacks
- Understanding various iOS Threats and Attacks
- Understanding various Windows Phone OS Threats and Attacks



- Understanding various BlackBerry Threats and Attacks
- Understanding Mobile Device Management (MDM)
- Mobile Security Guidelines and Security Tools
- Overview of Mobile Penetration Testing



# Module Flow

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



**1**

**Mobile Platform Attack Vectors**

**iOS**

**3**

**Hacking iOS**



**5**

**Hacking BlackBerry**



**7**

**Mobile Security Guidelines and Tools**



**2**

**Hacking Android OS**



**4**

**Hacking Windows Phone OS**



**6**

**Mobile Device Management**

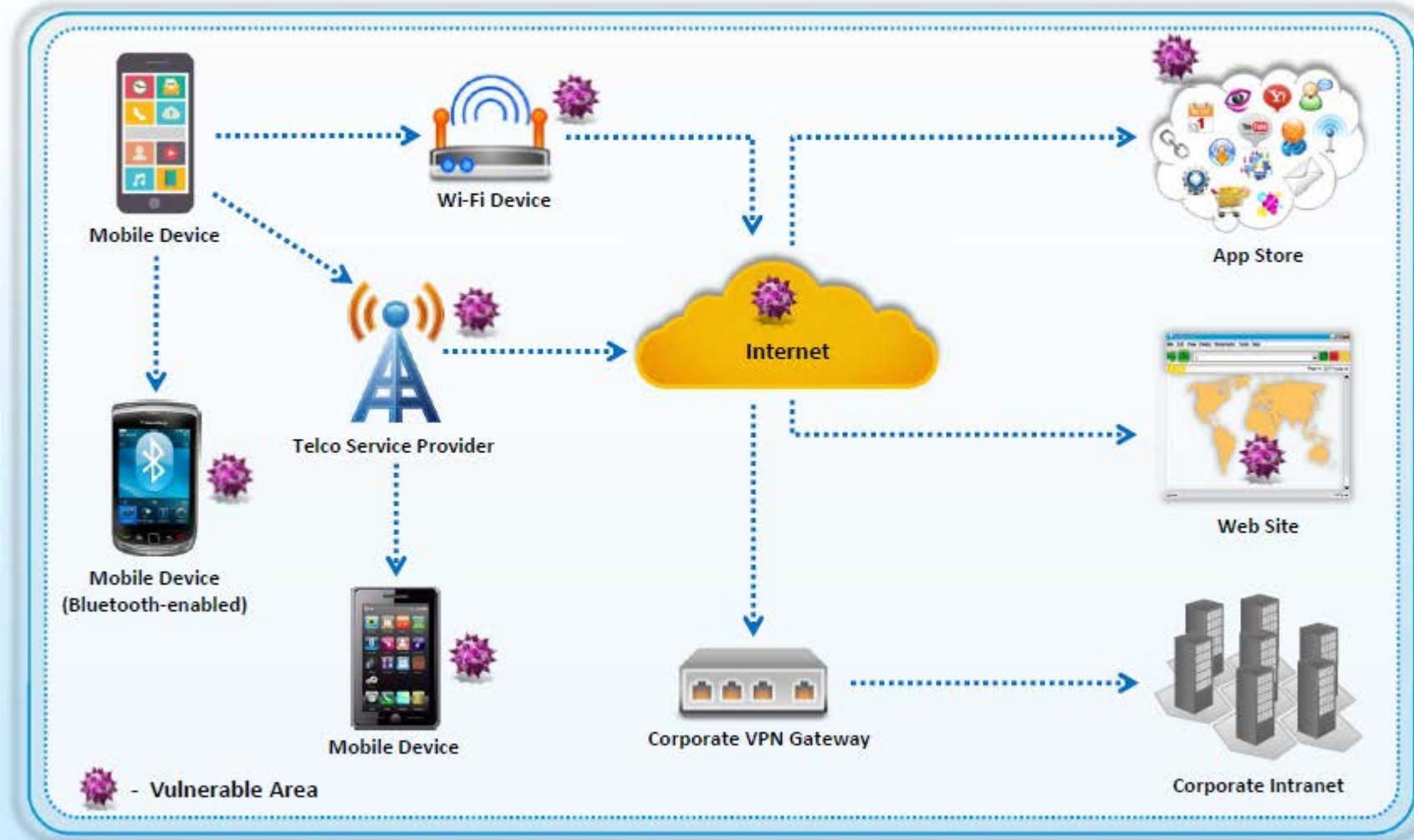


**8**

**Mobile Pen Testing**

# Vulnerable Areas in Mobile Business Environment

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



<https://www-935.ibm.com>

Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

# OWASP Mobile Top 10 Risks

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



01 | Weak Server Side Controls



06 | Broken Cryptography



02 | Insecure Data Storage



07 | Client Side Injection



03 | Insufficient Transport Layer Protection



08 | Security Decisions Via Untrusted Inputs



04 | Unintended Data Leakage



09 | Improper Session Handling



05 | Poor Authorization and Authentication



10 | Lack of Binary Protections

<https://www.owasp.org>

Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

# Anatomy of a Mobile Attack

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## Point 01 – THE DEVICE



### BROWSER

- Phishing
- Framing
- Clickjacking
- Man-in-the-Mobile
- Buffer Overflow
- Data Caching



### PHONE/SMS

- Baseband Attacks
- SMiShing



### APPS

- Sensitive Data Storage
- No Encryption/Weak Encryption
- Improper SSL Validation
- Config Manipulation
- Dynamic Runtime Injection
- Unintended Permissions
- Escalated Privileges
- Access to device and User Info



### MALWARE

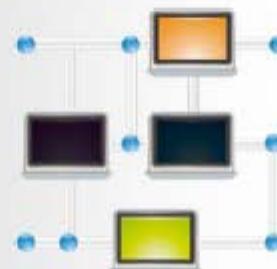
<https://viaforensics.com>

## Point 02 – THE NETWORK



### THE NETWORK

- Wi-Fi (no encryption/weak encryption)
- Rogue Access Point
- Packet Sniffing
- Man-in-the-Middle (MITM)
- Session Hijacking
- DNS Poisoning
- SSLStrip
- Fake SSL Certificate



## Point 03 – THE DATA CENTER



### WEB SERVER

- Platform Vulnerabilities
- Server Misconfiguration
- Cross-site Scripting (XSS)
- Cross-site Request Forgery (XSRF)
- Weak Input Validation
- Brute Force Attacks



### DATABASE

- SQL Injection
- Privilege Escalation
- Data Dumping
- OS Command Execution

# How a Hacker can Profit from Mobile when Successfully Compromised

**C|EH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



<http://www.sophos.com>

**16M**  
Mobile devices infected worldwide



**6** out of the top **20** mobile threats are spyphone apps



## Impersonation

- SMS redirection
- Sending email messages
- Posting to social media



**14%** of homes are infected with malware

<http://www.alcatel-lucent.com>

# Mobile Attack Vectors

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



# Mobile Platform Vulnerabilities and Risks



- |    |                                |    |                                    |
|----|--------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| 01 | Malicious Apps in Stores       | 07 | Mobile Application Vulnerabilities |
| 02 | Mobile Malware                 | 08 | Privacy Issues (Geolocation)       |
| 03 | App Sandboxing Vulnerabilities | 09 | Weak Data Security                 |
| 04 | Weak Device and App Encryption | 10 | Excessive Permissions              |
| 05 | OS and App Updates Issues      | 11 | Weak Communication Security        |
| 06 | Jailbreaking and Rooting       | 12 | Physical Attacks                   |

# Security Issues Arising from App Stores

1

Insufficient or **no vetting of apps** leads to malicious and fake apps entering app marketplace

2

App stores are common target for attackers to **distribute malware and malicious apps**

3

Attackers can also **social engineer users** to download and run apps outside the official app stores

4

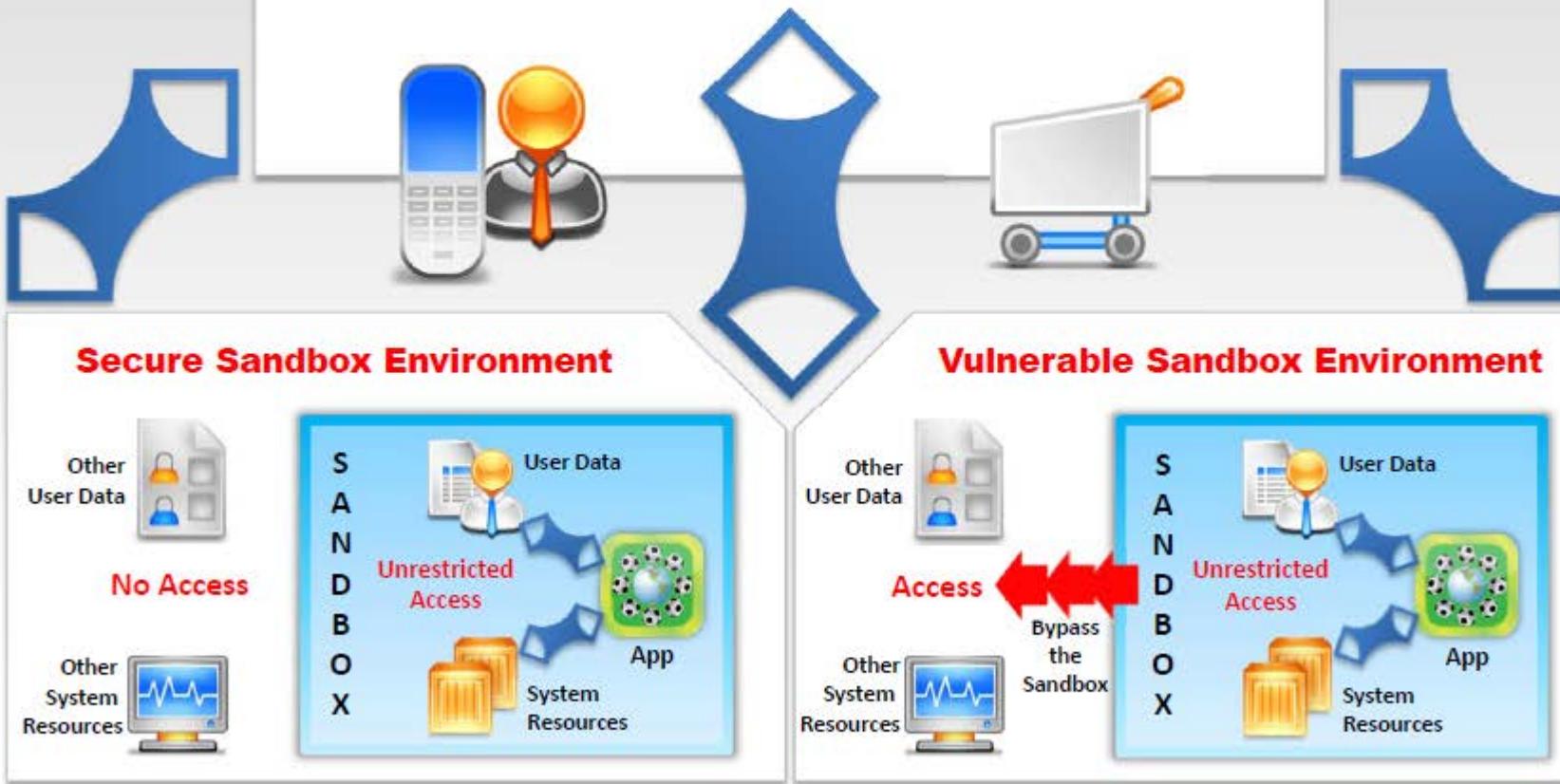
Malicious apps can **damage other applications** and data, and send your sensitive data to attackers



# App Sandboxing Issues

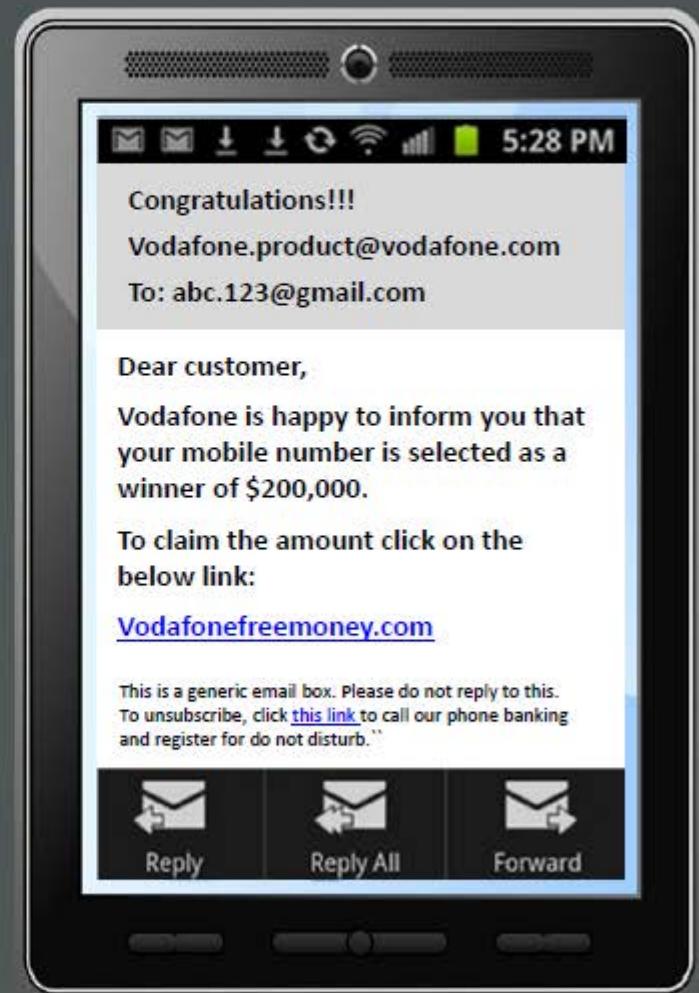
CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

Sandboxing helps **protect systems and users** by limiting the resources the app can access in the mobile platform; however, malicious applications may exploit vulnerabilities and bypass the sandbox



# Mobile Spam

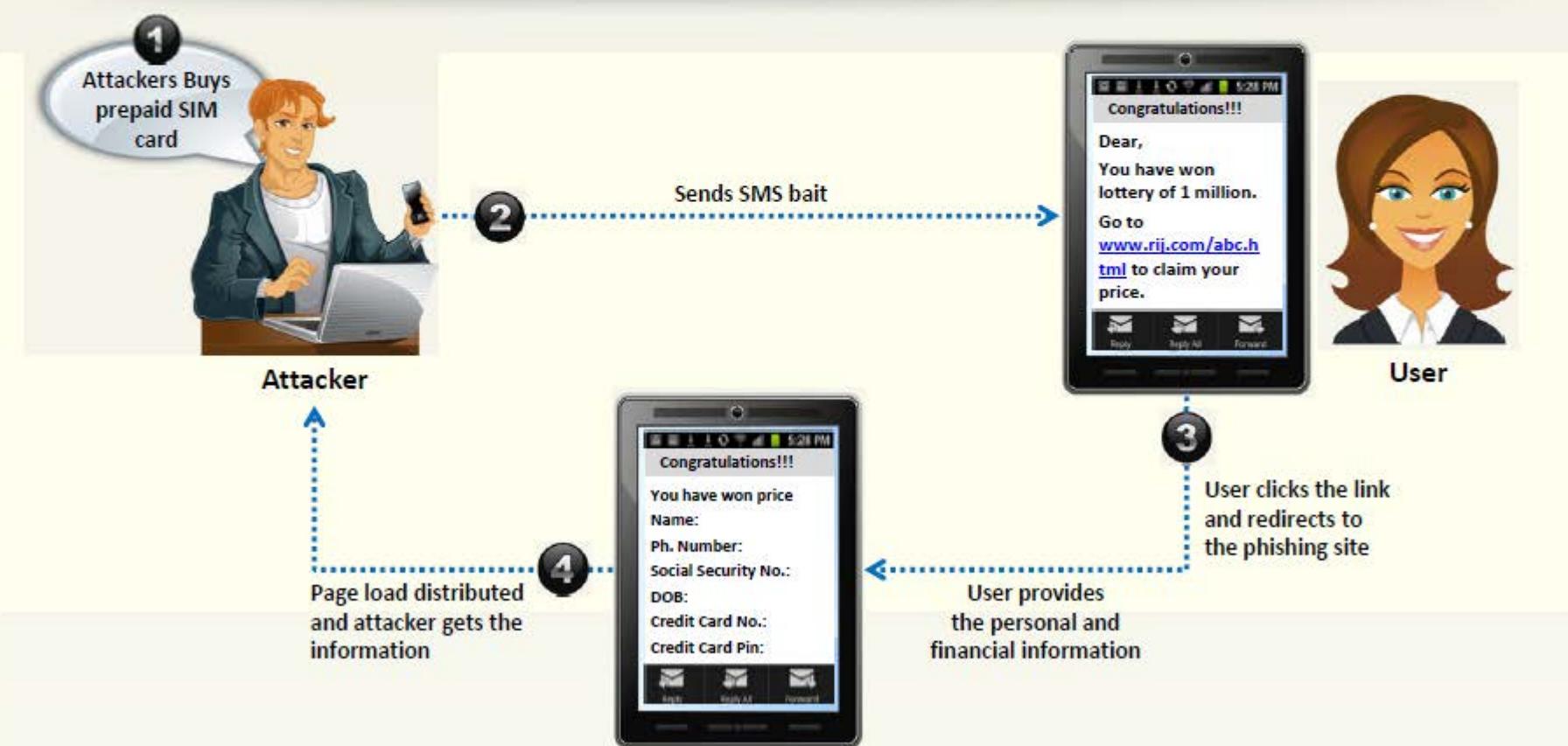
- 01 Unsolicited **text/email** messages sent to mobile devices from **known/unknown phone number/email IDs**
- 02 Spam messages contain **advertisements or malicious links** that can trick users to reveal confidential information
- 03 Significant amount of **bandwidth is wasted** by Spam messages
- 04 Spam attacks are done for **financial gain**



# SMS Phishing Attack (SMiShing) (Targeted Attack Scan)



- SMS Phishing is the act of trying to **acquire personal and financial information** by sending **SMS** (Instant Message or IM) containing deceptive link



# Why SMS Phishing is Effective?



Most of the consumers access the Internet through a mobile

Mobile users are not conditioned to receiving spam text messages on their mobile

Easy to set up a mobile phishing campaign

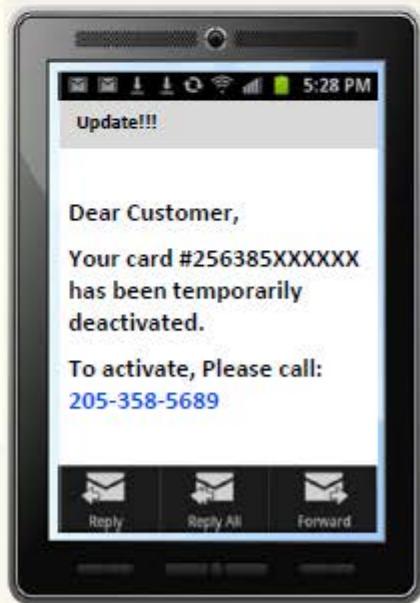
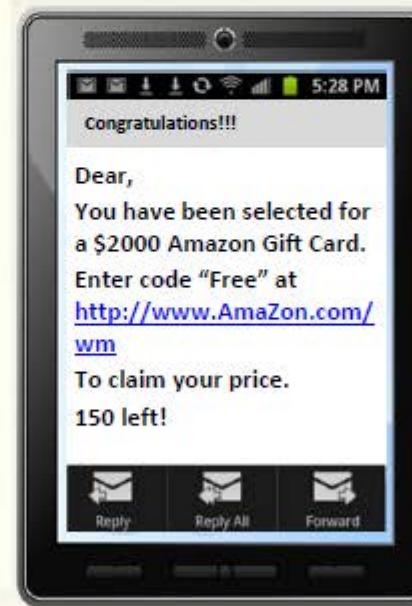
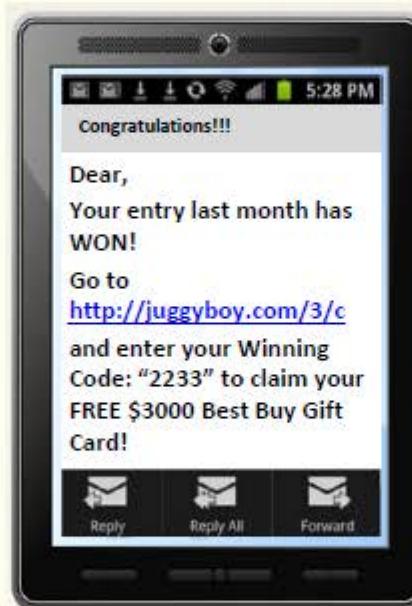
No mainstream mechanism for weeding out spam SMS

Difficult to detect and stop before they cause harm

Most of the mobile anti-virus does not check the SMS

# SMS Phishing Attack Examples

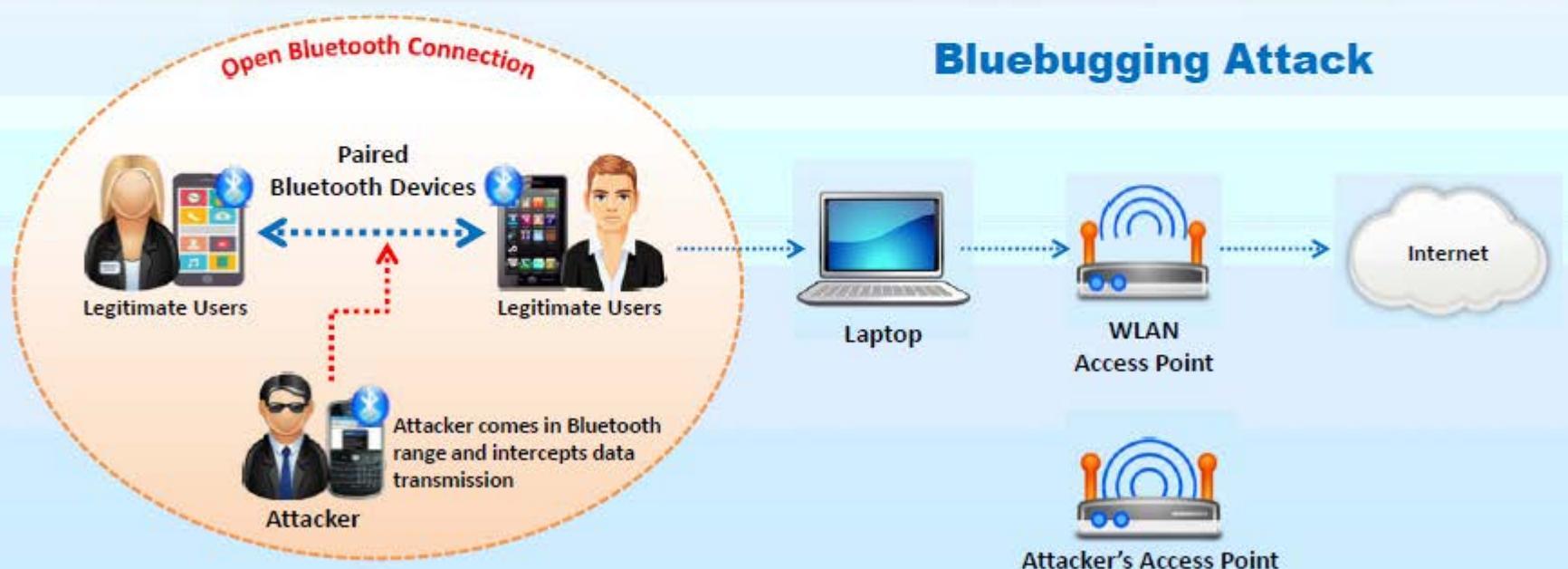
**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



# Pairing Mobile Devices on Open Bluetooth and Wi-Fi Connections

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- Mobile device pairing on open connections (public Wi-Fi/unencrypted Wi-Fi routers) allows attackers to eavesdrop and intercept data transmission using techniques such as;
  - BlueSnarfing (Stealing the information via bluetooth)
  - BlueBugging (Gaining control over the device via bluetooth)
- Sharing data from malicious devices can infect/breach data on the recipient device



# Module Flow

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



**1**

**Mobile Platform Attack Vectors**

**iOS**

**3**

**Hacking iOS**



**5**

**Hacking BlackBerry**



**7**

**Mobile Security Guidelines and Tools**



**2**

**Hacking Android OS**



**4**

**Hacking Windows Phone OS**



**6**

**Mobile Device Management**



**8**

**Mobile Pen Testing**

# Android OS

Android is software environment developed by Google for mobile devices that includes an operating system, middleware, and key applications



## Features



Application framework enabling reuse and replacement of components



Dalvik virtual machine optimized for mobile devices



Integrated browser based on the open source WebKit engine



SQLite for structured data storage



Media support for common audio, video, and still image formats (MPEG4, H.264, MP3, AAC, AMR, JPG, PNG, GIF)



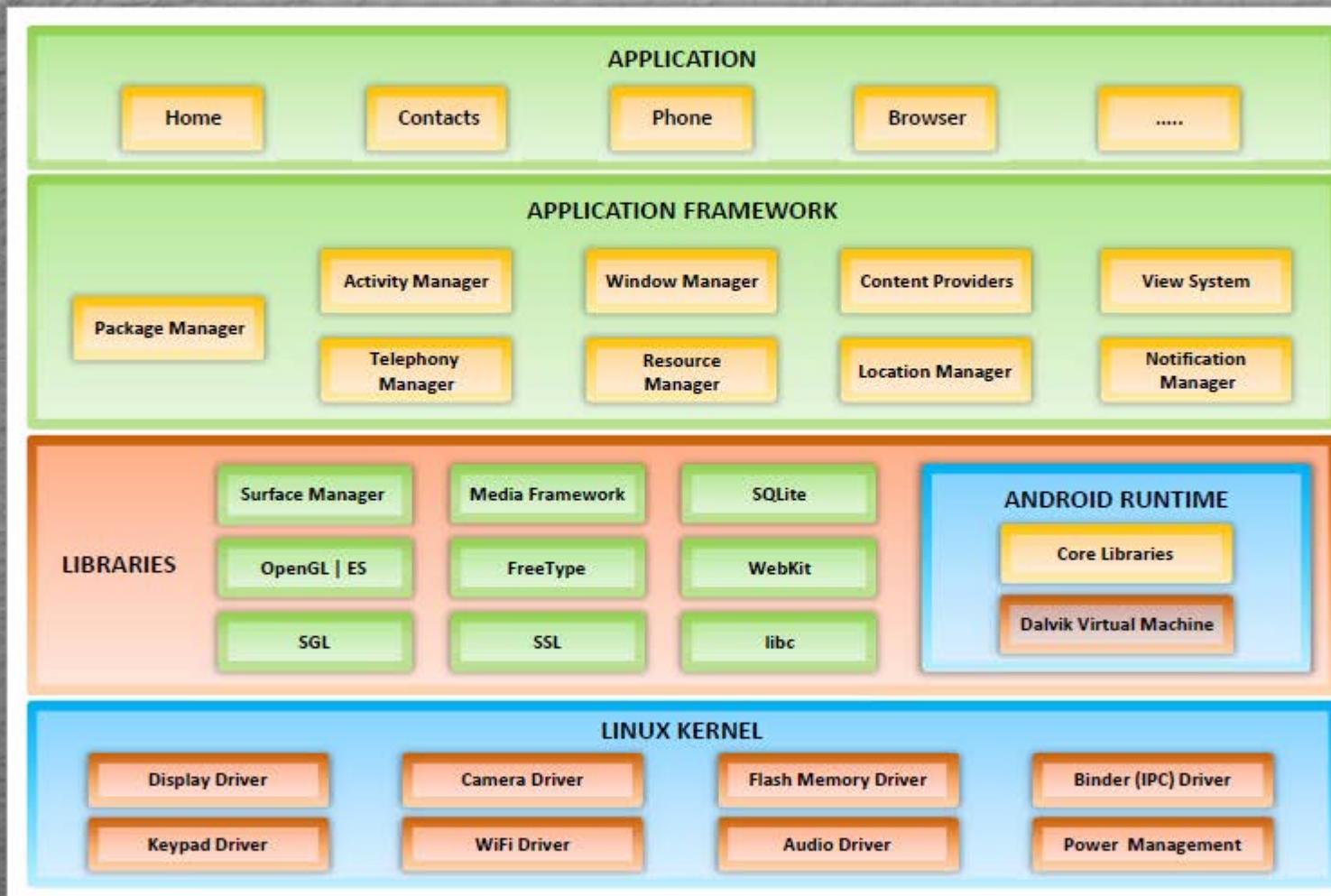
Rich development environment including a device emulator, tools for debugging, memory and performance profiling, and a plugin for the Eclipse IDE



<http://developer.android.com>

# Android OS Architecture

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



# Android Device Administration API



- The Device Administration API introduced in Android 2.2 provides **device administration features** at the system level
- These APIs allow developers to create **security-aware applications** that are useful in enterprise settings, in which IT professionals require rich control over employee devices



## Policies supported by the Device Administration API

- Password enabled
- Minimum password length
- Alphanumeric password required
- Complex password required
- Minimum letters required in password
- Minimum lowercase letters required in password
- Minimum non-letter characters required in password
- Minimum numerical digits required in password
- Minimum symbols required in password
- Minimum uppercase letters required in password
- Password expiration timeout
- Password history restriction
- Maximum failed password attempts
- Maximum inactivity time lock
- Require storage encryption
- Disable camera
- Prompt user to set a new password
- Lock device immediately
- Wipe the device's data



<http://developer.android.com>

# Android Rooting

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- Rooting allows Android users to **attain privileged control** (known as "root access") within Android's subsystem
- Rooting process involves exploiting security vulnerabilities in the **device firmware**, and copying the su binary to a location in the current process's PATH (e.g. /system/xbin/su) and granting it executable permissions with the **chmod command**

Rooting enables all the user-installed applications to **run privileged commands** such as:

- Modifying or **deleting system files**, module, ROMs (stock firmware), and kernels
- Removing carrier- or manufacturer-installed applications (**bloatware**)
- Low-level access to the hardware that are typically unavailable to the devices in their **default configuration**
- Improved **performance**
- Wi-Fi and **Bluetooth** tethering
- Install applications on **SD card**
- Better user interface and keyboard

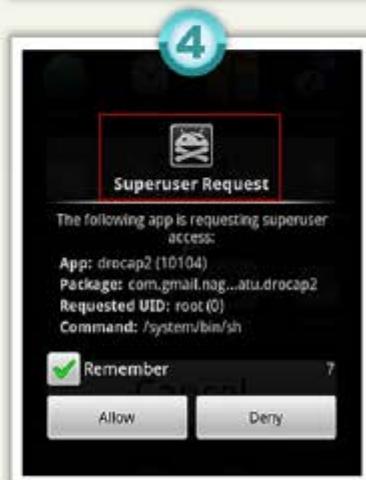
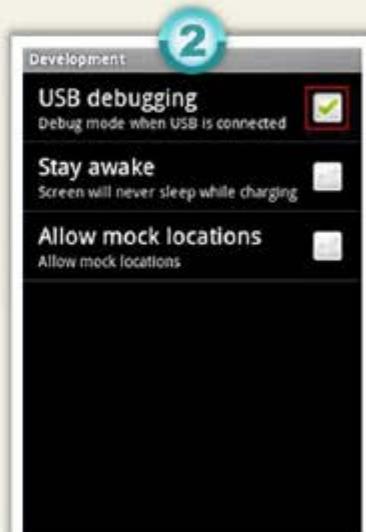
Rooting also comes with many **security** and other **risks** to your device including:

- Voids your phone's **warranty**
- Poor **performance**
- **Malware** infection
- **Bricking** the device



# Rooting Android Phones Using SuperOneClick

- Plug in and connect your android device to your computer via **USB**
- **Install driver** for the device if prompted
- Unplug and re-connect, but this time select "**Charge only**" to sure that your phone's SD Card is not mounted to your PC
- Go to **Settings** → **Applications** → **Development** and enable **USB Debugging** to put your android into USB Debugging mode
- Run **SuperOneClick.exe** (available in Tools DVD)
- Click on the "**Root**" button
- Wait for some time until you see a "**Running a Su test Success!**" message
- Now check out the **installed apps** in your phone
- Superuser icon means you now have **root access** (reboot the phone if you do not see it)



# Rooting Android Phones Using Superboot

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

1

Download and extract the **Superboot files**

2

**Put your Android phone in bootloader mode**

- Turn off the phone, **remove the battery**, and plug in the USB cable
- When the battery icon appears onscreen, **pop the battery back in**
- Now tap the **Power button** while holding down the Camera key
- For Android phones with a trackball: Turn off the phone, **press and hold the trackball**, then turn the phone back on

3

**Depending on your computer's OS, do one of the following:**

- **Windows:** Double click "install-superboot-windows.bat"
- **Mac:** Open a terminal window to the directory containing the files, and type "chmod +x install-superboot-mac.sh" followed by "./install-superboot-mac.sh"
- **Linux:** Open a terminal window to the directory containing the files, and type "chmod +x install-superboot-linux.sh" followed by "./install-superboot-linux.sh"

4

Your device has been **rooted**



# Android Rooting Tools

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## One Click Root

- Download **One Click Root**
- Connect your Android phone or tablet to your computer using your **Micro USB/USB cable**
- Enable **USB Debugging mode** and Install **USB drivers** for your device
- Run One Click Root software then click '**Root Now**'



## Kingo Android ROOT

- Download **Kingo Android Root** and install it on your desktop
- Run the tool and **connect the device** to the computer with USB cable
- Now the tool will install the **latest drivers** on your PC
- You will see a new screen on your desktop with your device name and "**ROOT**" button



# Android Rooting Tools

(Cont'd)

**C|EH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



**Unrevoked**



**RescueRoot**



**Unlock Root Pro**

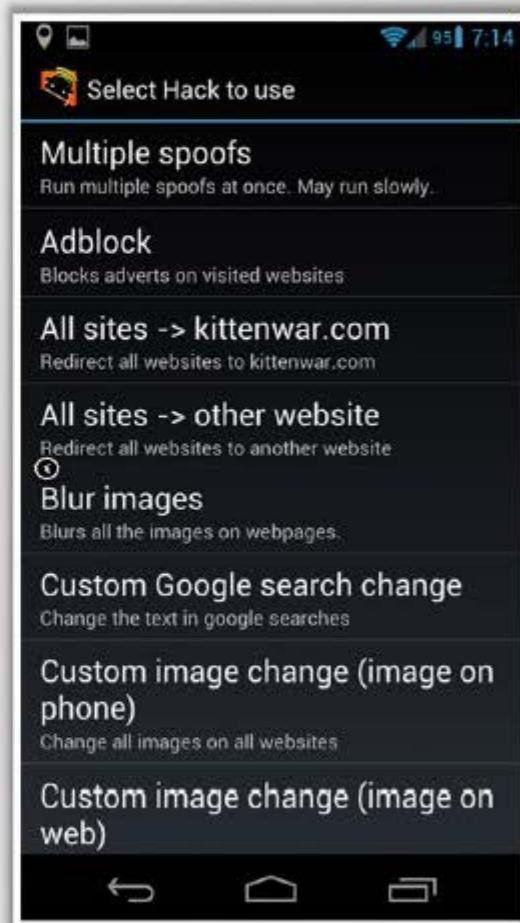
# Hacking Networks Using Network Spoof



- Network Spoof lets you **change websites** on other people's computers from an Android phone

## Features

- Flip pictures upside down
- Flip text upside down
- Make websites experience gravity
- Redirect websites to other pages
- Delete random words from websites
- Replace words on websites with others
- Change all pictures to Trollface
- Wobble all pictures / graphics around a bit



<http://www.digitalsquid.co.uk>

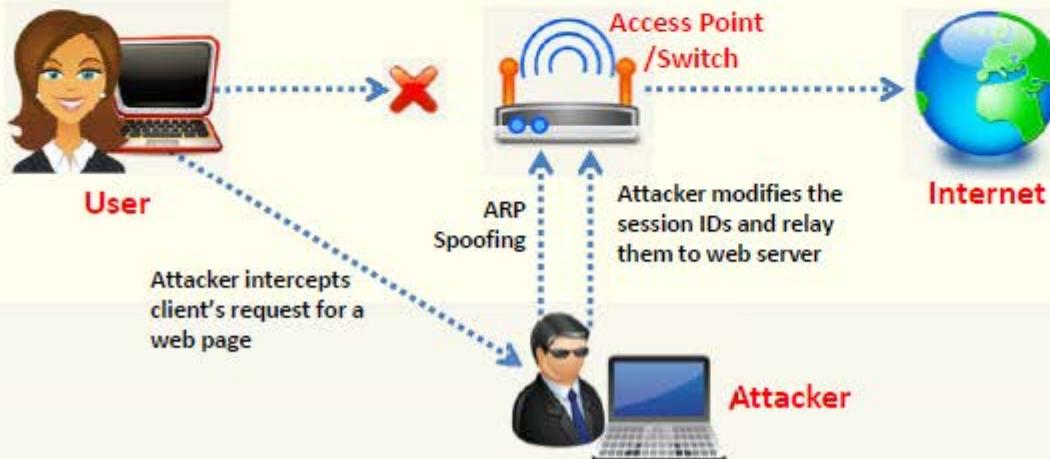
# Session Hijacking Using DroidSheep

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

DroidSheep is a simple Android tool for web session hijacking (sidejacking)

It **listens for HTTP packets** sent via a wireless (802.11) network connection and **extracts the session IDs** from these packets in order to reuse them

DroidSheep can capture sessions using the libpcap library and supports: **OPEN Networks, WEP encrypted networks, WPA and WPA2 (PSK only) encrypted networks**



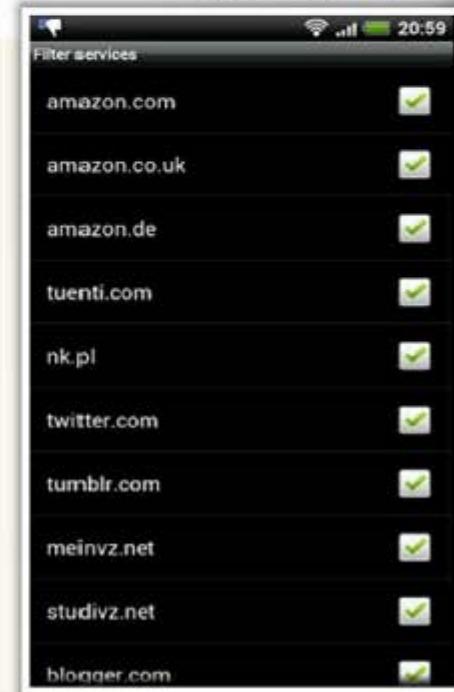
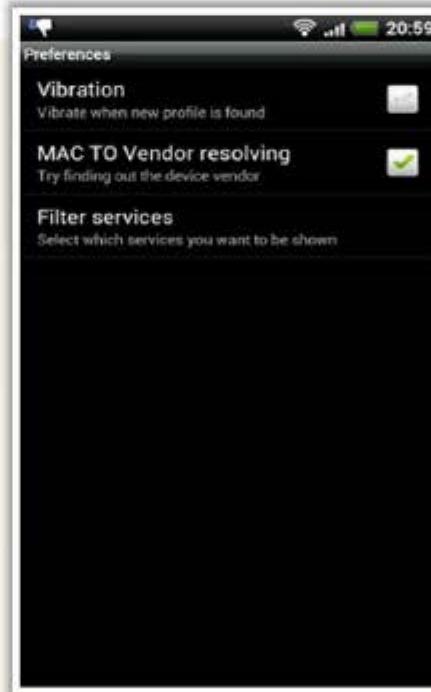
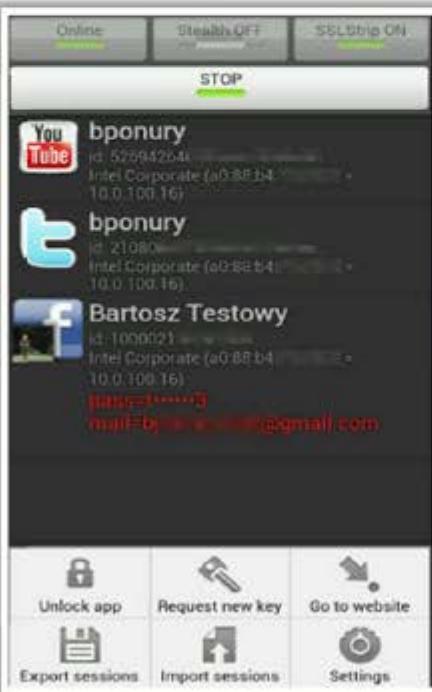
<http://droidsheep.de>

# Android-based Sniffer: FaceNiff

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- FaceNiff is an Android app that allows you to **sniff and intercept web session profiles** over the Wi-Fi that your mobile is connected to
- It is possible to hijack sessions only when Wi-Fi is not using **EAP**, but it should work over any **private networks** (Open/WEP/WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK)

<http://faceniff.ponury.net>



# Android-based Sniffers: Packet Sniffer, tPacketCapture, and Android PCAP

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## Packet Sniffer



<https://sites.google.com>

## tPacketCapture



<http://www.taosoftware.co.jp>

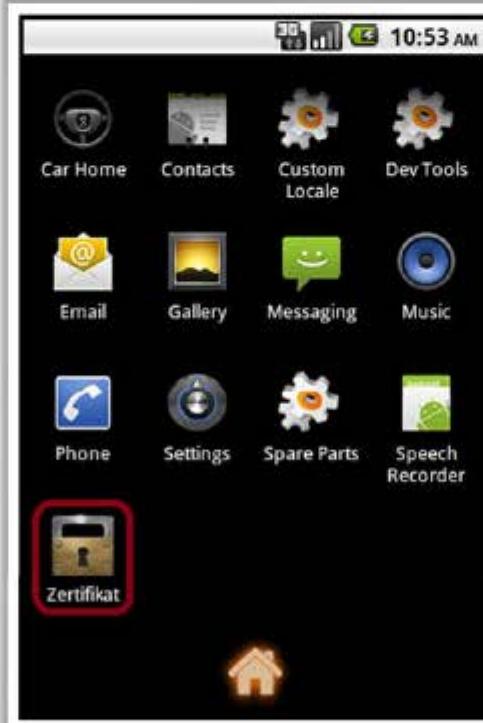
## Android PCAP



<http://www.kismetwireless.net>

# Android Trojan: ZitMo (Zeus-in-the-Mobile)

- ZitMo is the notorious mobile component of the **Zeus banking Trojan** that circumvents two-factor authentication by intercepting SMS confirmation codes to **access bank accounts**
- The new versions for Android and BlackBerry have now added botnet-like features, such as **enabling cybercriminals** to control the Trojan via SMS commands



# Android Trojans: **FakeToken** and **TRAMP.A**

**C|EH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## FakeToken

FakeToken **steals both banking authentication factors** (Internet password and mTAN) directly from the mobile device

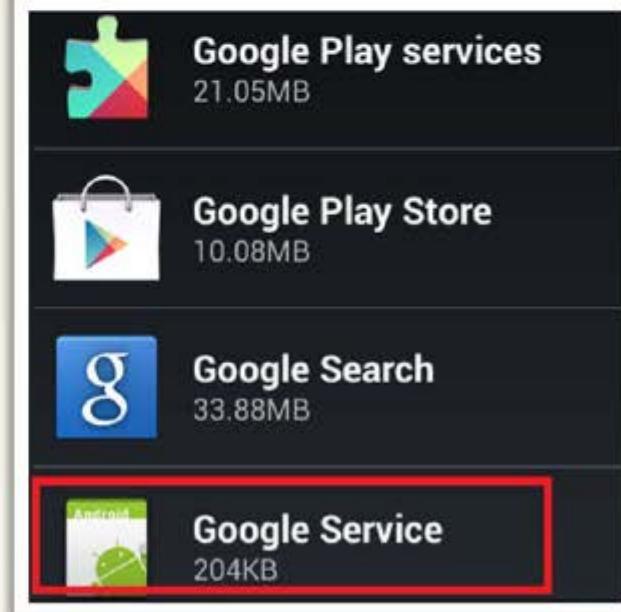
Permissions
This application can access the following on your phone:
<b>✓ Your messages</b> receive SMS
<b>✓ Network communication</b> full Internet access
<b>✓ Your personal information</b> read contact data
<b>✓ Storage</b> modify/delete SD card contents
<b>✓ Phone calls</b> read phone state and identity
<b>✓ Services that cost you money</b> send SMS messages

Permissions
This application can access the following on your phone:
<b>✓ Your messages</b> receive SMS
<b>✓ Network communication</b> full Internet access
<b>✓ Storage</b> modify/delete SD card contents
<b>✓ Phone calls</b> read phone state and identity
<b>✓ Services that cost you money</b> send SMS messages

**NEW VERSION**

## TRAMP.A

Design to **log the keystrokes** of target android mobile to steal passwords and other sensitive information

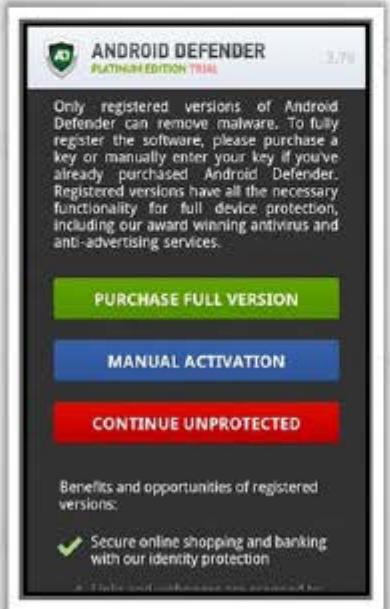
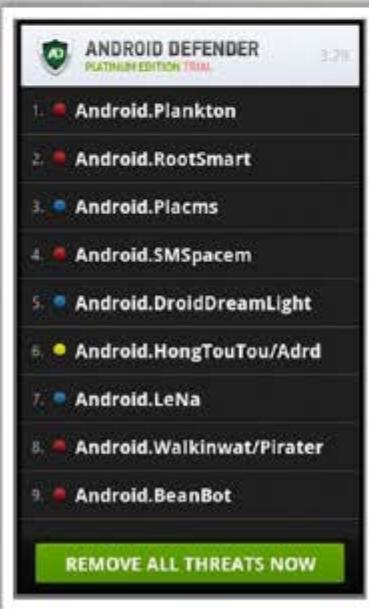


# Android Trojans: Fakedefender and Obad

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

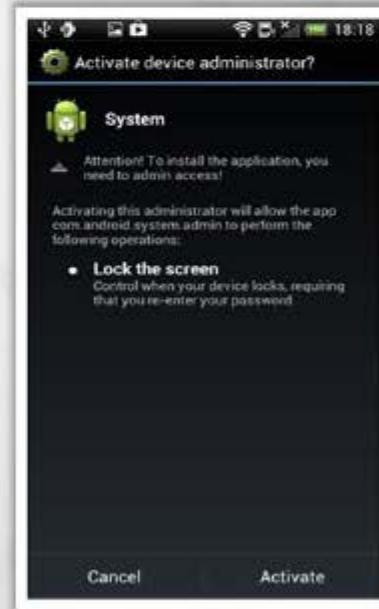
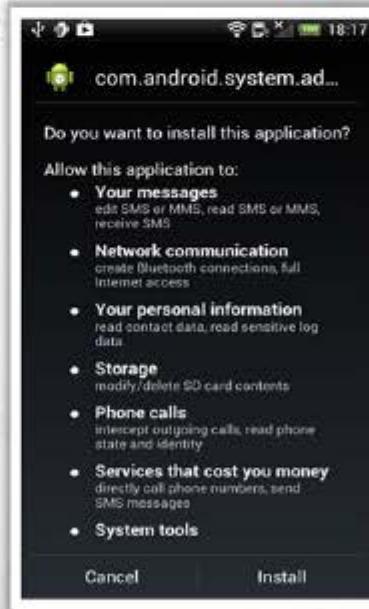
## Fakedefender

- Android.Fakedefender is a Trojan horse for Android devices that **displays fake security alerts** in an attempt to convince the user to purchase an app in order to remove non-existent malware or security risks from the device



## Obad

- Obad Trojan is distributed through different methods such as mobile botnet, traditional SMS spam, Google Play fake store, etc.
- It **gains administrator privileges** and uses an exploit to break through the Android operating system's security layer

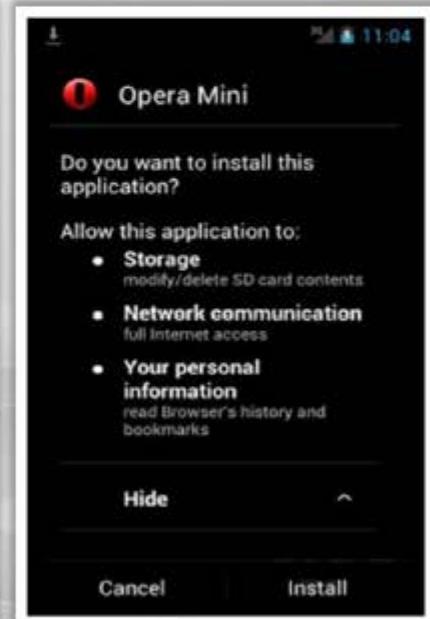
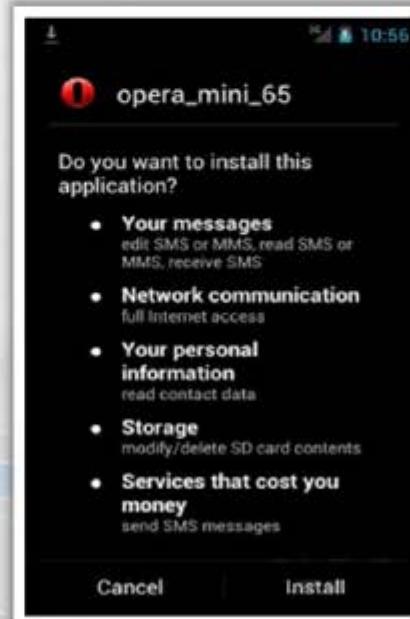
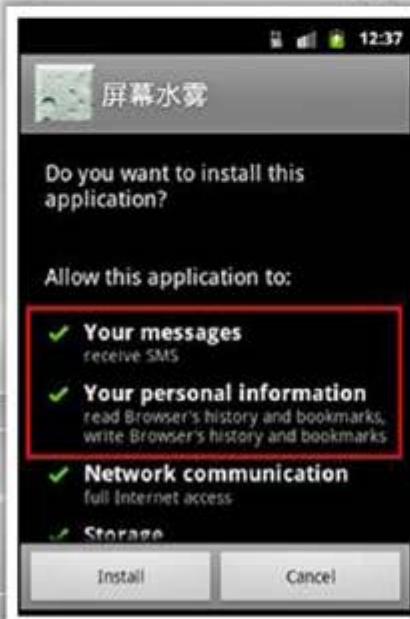


# Android Trojans: FakelInst and OpFake

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## FakelInst

- FakelInst Trojan sends **SMS messages to premium rate phone numbers** or a subscription-based paid service



## OpFake

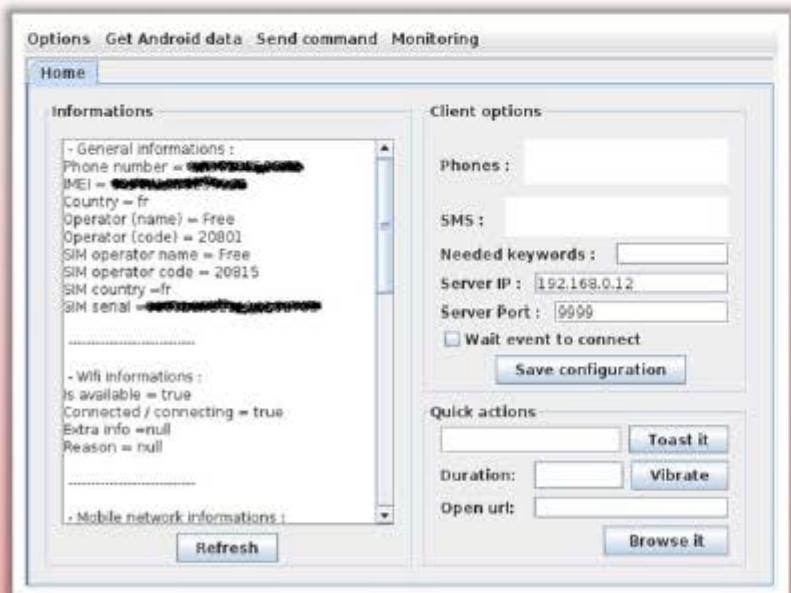
- Android.Opfake is a detection for Trojan horses on the Android platform that send **SMS texts to premium-rate numbers**

# Android RAT: AndroRAT and Dendroid

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

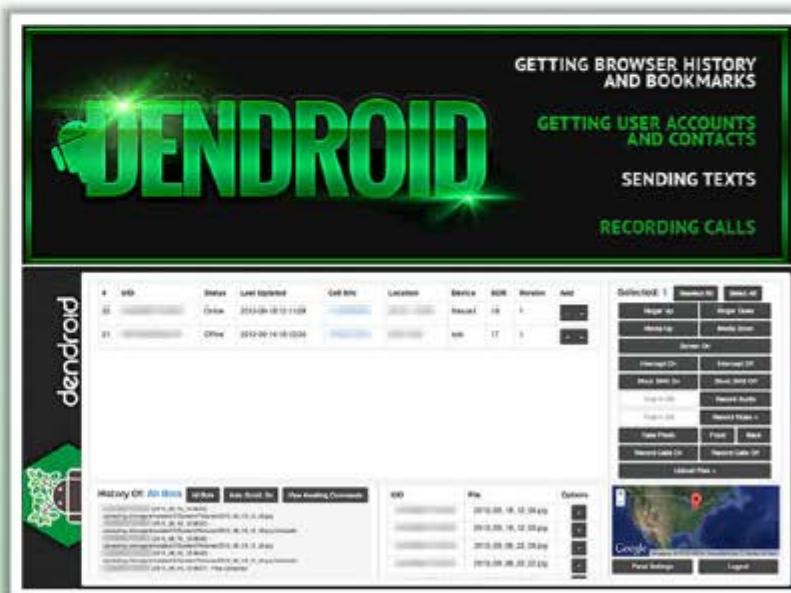
## AndroRAT

- AndroRAT allows a remote attacker to **gain control over the device** and steal information from it
- It allows a remote attacker to perform various actions such as **retrieve call log and contact information, place a call**, etc.



## Dendroid

- Dendroid is a **HTTP RAT** that is marketed as being transparent to the user and firmware interface, having a sophisticated PHP panel, and an application APK binder package
- It **generates a malicious APK file** that can delete call logs, open web pages, etc.



# Securing Android Devices

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- ✓ Enable screen locks for your Android phone for it to be more secure



- ✗ Do not directly download Android package files (APK)



- ✗ Never root your Android device



- ✓ Update the operating system regularly



- ✓ Download apps only from official Android market



- ✓ Use free protector Android app like **Android Protector** where you can assign passwords to text messages, mail accounts, etc.



- ✓ Keep your device updated with Google Android antivirus software



- ✓ Customize your locked home screen with the user's information



# Google Apps Device Policy

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

1

Google Apps Device Policy app allows Google Apps domain admin to **set security policies for your Android device**

It is a device administration app for Google Apps for Business, Education, and Government accounts that makes your **Android device more secure for enterprise use**

3

This app allows IT administrator to **enforce security policies** and remotely wipe your device

Additionally, this app allows you to ring, lock, or locate your Android devices through the My Devices page: <https://www.google.com/apps/mydevices>

2



4



<https://play.google.com>

# Remote Wipe Service: Remote Wipe

- If users have Google Sync installed on a supported mobile device or an Android device with the **Google Apps Device Policy** app, they can use the Google Admin console to remotely wipe the device



## To remote wipe a lost or stolen device:

- Sign in to your **Google Admin console**
- Click **Device management** → **Managed devices**
- In the **Devices tab**, hover your cursor over the user whose device you want to wipe
- Click **Remote Wipe** (or **Wipe account**) in the box that appears
- A second box appears asking you to confirm that you want to remotely wipe the device. If you are sure you want to wipe the device, click **Wipe Device** (or **Wipe account**)

Mobile settings

Org Settings Activation Devices

1 - 30 of 38 Next >

	Search	Approve	Block	Remote Wipe	Export All	...		
	Device ID	Name	Email	Model	OS	Type	Last Sync	Status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_XUQTRV	Juan Dahlmann	juandahlmann@altostar.com	iPhone 4	iOS 5	Google Sync	1/16/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_IS93NO	Emma Zurek	emma.zurek@altostar.com	iPhone 3Gs	iOS 5	Google Sync	1/17/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_DK3NRB	Bruno Domenech	budomenech@altostar.com	iPhone 3Gs	iOS 4.0	Google Sync	1/14/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_XUQTRV	student@altostar.com	student@altostar.com	iPhone 4	iOS 5	Google Sync	1/16/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	28c6_878ac9	Ruthie	ruthie@altostar.com	Windows Phone 7	Windows Phone 7	Google Sync	1/14/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_3YX1R4	Averroes	averroes@altostar.com	iPhone 3G	iOS 4.2	Google Sync	1/12/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	36c6_878ac9	Suarez Miranda	suarezmiranda@altostar.com	Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/29/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_P9KA4T	Lazarus Morell		Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/26/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_7RW3NP	Henri Bacheler		Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/26/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_2TTA4T	Doctor Brodo		Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/20/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_DDU04T	Herbert Quato		Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/20/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_JEXA4T	Isidro Parodi		Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/20/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_JCB84T	Jacques Reboul		Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/15/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_P9KA4S	Victor Moon		Nexus S	Android 2.3.6	Android	1/15/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_EYD0NS	Tom Castro	tomcastro@altostar.com	iPhone 3Gs	iOS 4.3	Google Sync	1/14/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_5GXK4T	Gervasio Montenegro	gervasio.montenegro@altostar.com	iPhone 4	iOS 4.3	Google Sync	1/13/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	3c59_f7a28	Erik Lonnrot	erik.lonnrot@altostar.com	Liquid MT	Android 2.3.5	Android	1/13/11	Wiping
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_WQB84T	Beatriz Vitorbo	beatriz.vitorbo@altostar.com	iPhone 4	iOS 4.3	Google Sync	1/8/11	Blocked
<input type="checkbox"/>	3339_604af6	Pierre Menard	pierre.menard@altostar.com	Liquid MT	Android 2.3.5	Android	1/7/11	Approved
<input type="checkbox"/>	Appl_ZP0FHW	Silas Haslam	silas.haslam@altostar.com	iPad 2	iOS 4.3	Google Sync	1/6/11	Blocked

<http://support.google.com>

# Android Security Tool: DroidSheep Guard

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- DroidSheep Guard monitors your phones ARP-Table and pop-up alerts in case it detects suspicious entries in the phones ARP-Table
- It can immediately disable Wi-Fi connection to protect your accounts
- DroidSheep Guard works with all ARP-Based attacks, like DroidSheep and Faceniff



Status: Running  
< last check: 27.12.2011 20:00:51 >

Checks per Minute: 60

- Autostart/-stop depending WiFi
- Disable WiFi on alert
- Notify in system
- Cautious mode (MIGHT cause false alerts)

Start protection Stop protection Save and hide

IP: 10.157.215.218 MAC: 02:60:f3:00:00:00  
IP: 192.168.1.1 MAC: b0:48:7a:be:da:1a

SOMEONE SEEMS TO BE HIJACKING USING ARPSPOOFING ON THIS NETWORK!

Open DroidSheep Guard

Ignore warning Desected WiFi

WiFi was automatically disabled to prevent Hijacks! You'd better keep out of this network... Found Adversary! IP:192.168.1.1 has MAC: 00:0c:29:95:24:ca and b0:48:7a:be:da:1a

<http://droidsheep.de>

# Android Security Tools: TrustGo Mobile Security and Sophos Mobile Security

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## TrustGo Mobile Security

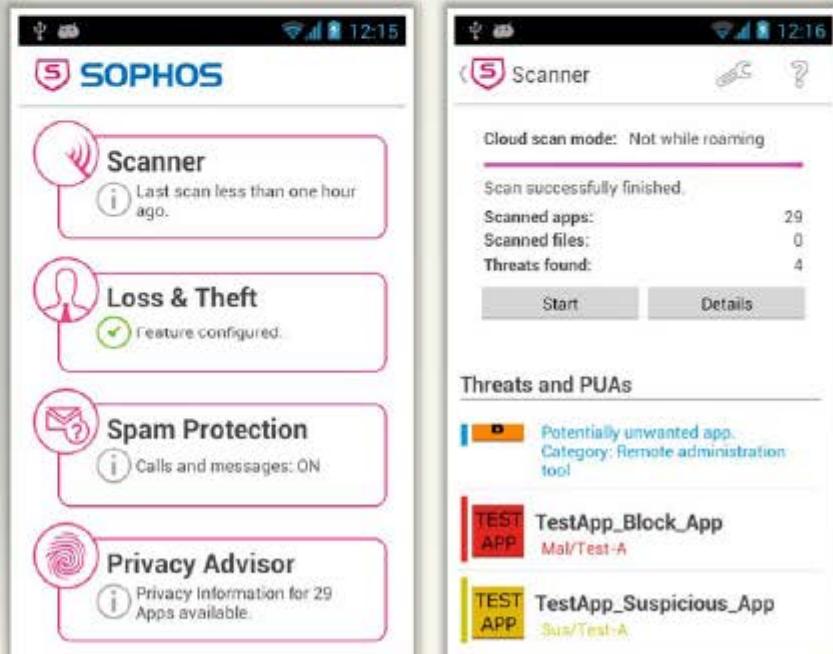
- TrustGo SAFE lets you know which apps are **free from malware** and **risks before you download**



<http://www.trustgo.com>

## Sophos Mobile Security

- Sophos Mobile Security protects your Android device **without reducing performance** and helps you **avoid undesirable software**

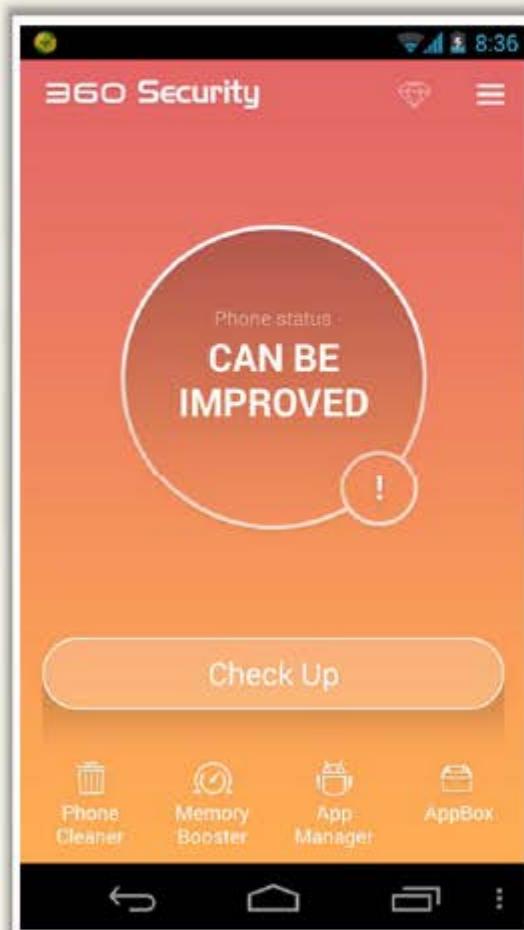


<http://www.sophos.com>

# Android Security Tools: 360 Security, AVL, and Avira Antivirus Security



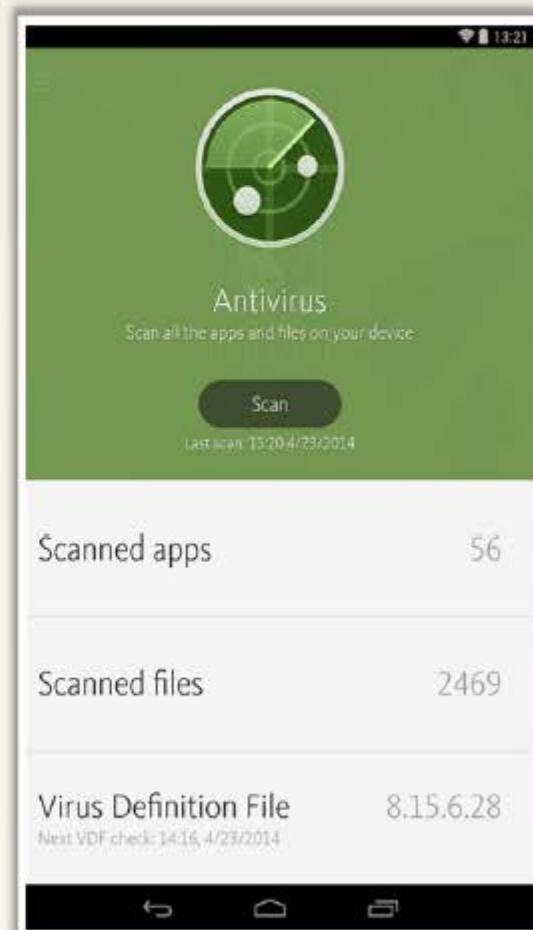
## 360 Security



## AVL



## Avira Antivirus Security



<http://www.360safe.com>

<http://www.antiy.net>

<http://www.avira.com>

# Android Vulnerability Scanner: X-Ray

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

01

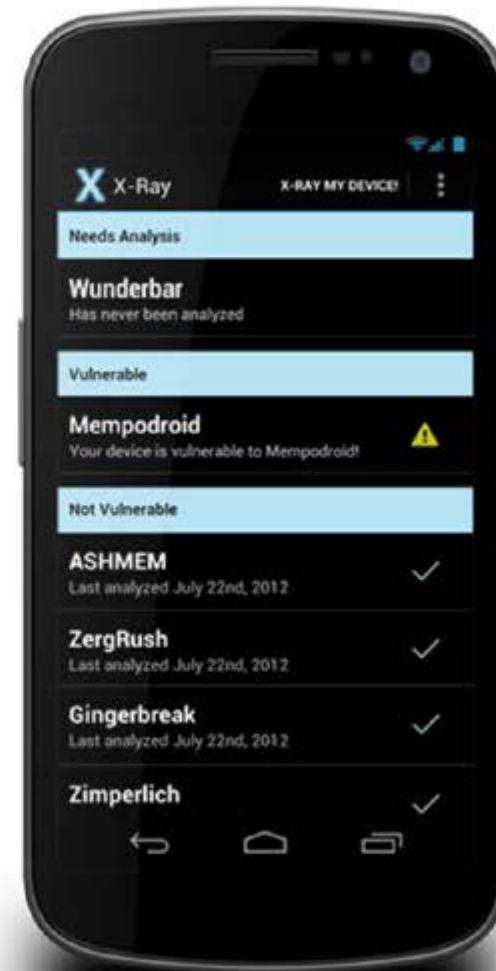
X-Ray scans your Android device to determine whether there are **vulnerabilities** that **remain unpatched** by your carrier

02

It presents you with a **list of vulnerabilities** that it is able to identify and allows you to check for the presence of each vulnerability on your device

03

X-Ray is **automatically updated** with the ability to scan for new vulnerabilities as they are discovered and disclosed



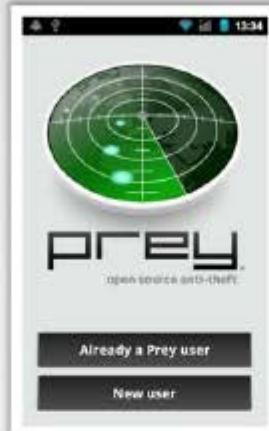
<http://www.xray.io>

# Android Device Tracking Tools

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



**Find My Phone**  
<http://findmyphone.mangobird.com>



**Prey Anti-Theft**  
<http://preyproject.com>



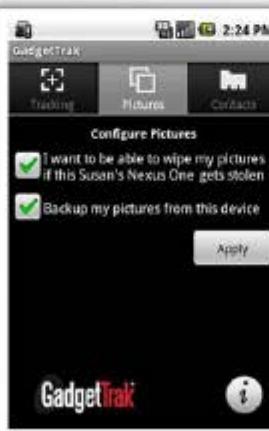
**My AntiTheft**  
<http://myantitheft.com>



**Wheres My Droid**  
<http://wheresmydroid.com>



**iHound**  
<https://www.ihoundssoftware.com>



**GadgetTrak Mobile Security**  
<http://www.gadgettrak.com>



**Total Equipment Protection App**  
<https://protection.sprint.com>



**AndroidLost.com**  
<http://www.androidlost.com>

# Module Flow



# Apple iOS

- iOS is **Apple's mobile operating system**, which supports Apple devices such as iPhone, iPod touch, iPad, and Apple TV
- The user interface is based on the concept of **direct manipulation**, using **multi-touch** gestures



## Applications



## Cocoa Touch

UIKit

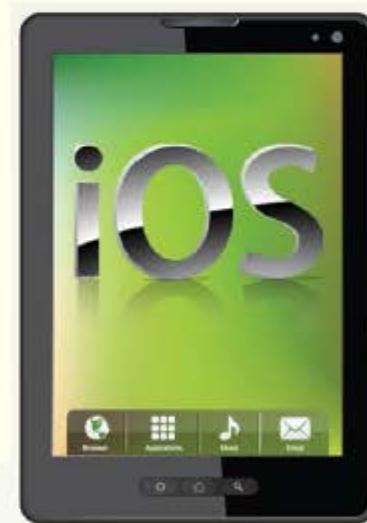
Core Framework

## Media

## Core Services

Foundation

## Core OS



# Jailbreaking iOS

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- Jailbreaking is defined as the process of **installing a modified set of kernel patches** that allows users to run third-party applications not signed by the OS vendor
- Jailbreaking provides **root access to the operating system** and permits downloading of third-party applications, themes, extensions on an iOS devices
- Jailbreaking **removes sandbox restrictions**, which enables malicious apps to access restricted mobile resources and information



**Jailbreaking, like rooting, also comes with many security and other risks to your device including:**

**1**

Voids your phone's warranty



**3**

Malware infection



**2**

Poor performance



**4**

Bricking the device



# Types of Jailbreaking

## Userland Exploit

A userland jailbreak **allows user-level access** but does not allow iboot-level access



## iBoot Exploit

An iboot jailbreak allows **user-level access** and **iboot-level access**



## Bootrom Exploit

A bootrom jailbreak allows **user-level access** and **iboot-level access**



# Jailbreaking Techniques

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



## Untethered Jailbreaking

- An untethered jailbreak has the property that if the user turns the device off and back on, the device will start up completely, and the **kernel will be patched** without the help of a computer – in other words, it will be jailbroken after each reboot

## Semi-tethered Jailbreaking

- A semi-tethered has the property that if the user turns the device off and back on, the device will start up completely, it will **no longer have a patched kernel**, but it will still be **usable for normal functions**. To use jailbroken addons, the user need to start the device with the help of the **jailbreaking tool**



## Tethered Jailbreaking

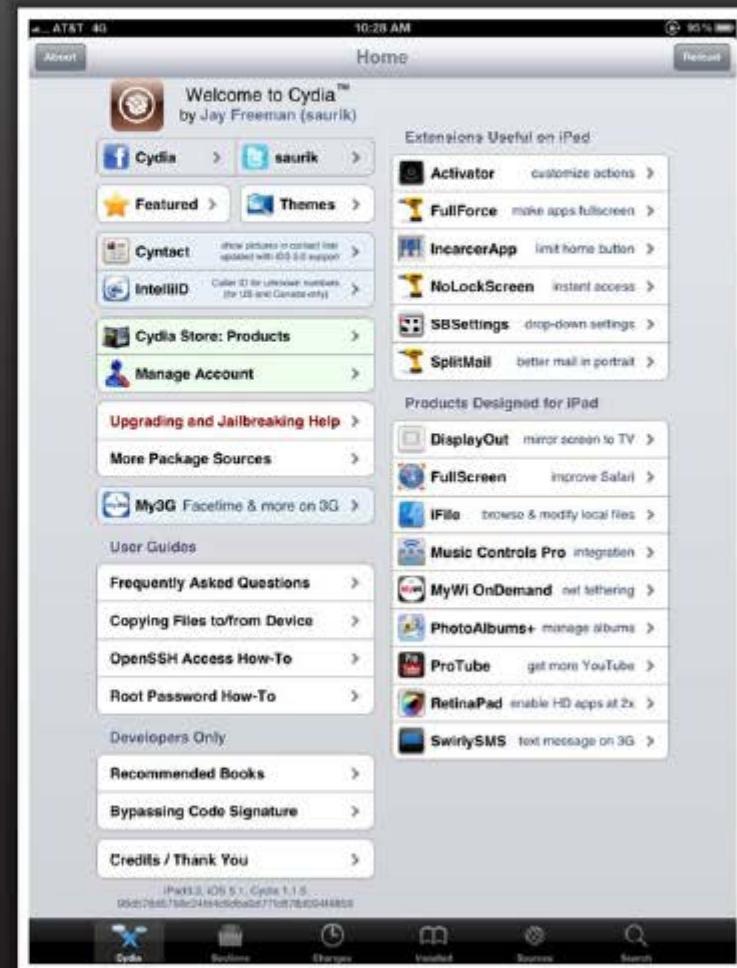
- With a tethered jailbreak, if the device starts back up on its own, it will **no longer have a patched kernel**, and it may get stuck in a partially started state; in order for it to start completely and with a patched kernel, it essentially must be "re-jailbroken" with a computer (using the "boot tethered" feature of a jailbreaking tool) each time it is turned on

# App Platform for Jailbroken Devices: Cydia



Cydia is a software application for iOS that enables a user to **find and install software packages** (including apps, interface customizations, and system extensions) on a jailbroken iPhone, iPod Touch, or iPad

It is a graphical front end to **Advanced Packaging Tool (APT)** and the dpkg package management system, which means that the packages available in Cydia are provided by a **decentralized system of repositories** (also called sources) that list these packages



<http://cydia.saurik.com>

# Jailbreaking Tool: Pangu



Pangu is a jailbreak program and performs an **untethered jailbreak for all devices on iOS 7.1.x**



# Untethered Jailbreaking of iOS 7.1.1/7.1.2 Using Pangu for Mac

1



Download **Pangu.dmg** application (also available in CEH Tools DVD)

2



Connect your device running iOS 7.1.1/7.1.2 to your Mac computer via **USB cable** and launch **Pangu.dmg** application

3



Wait until the device is detected by the Pangu application and then click **Jailbreak** button

4



A guide will popup asking you adjust your date back in time. Navigate to **Settings → General → Date & Time** and disable the **Set Automatically** toggle. Press the **Date & time** and set the date to **1 June 2014**

5



Once the date has been adjusted, a **Pangu icon** will appear on your **Springboard**. Tap the icon to launch Pangu app then press **Continue** when prompted to confirm the launch of the application

6



The Pangu utility will continue with the jailbreak. You will get a prompt to unlock your device once it **reboots**. You will see **Cydia icon** on your device **Home screen**

# Jailbreaking Tools: Redsn0w and Absinthe



## Redsn0w

- RedSn0w allows you to **jailbreak your iPhone**, iPod Touch, and iPad running a variety of firmware versions



<http://redsn0w.info>

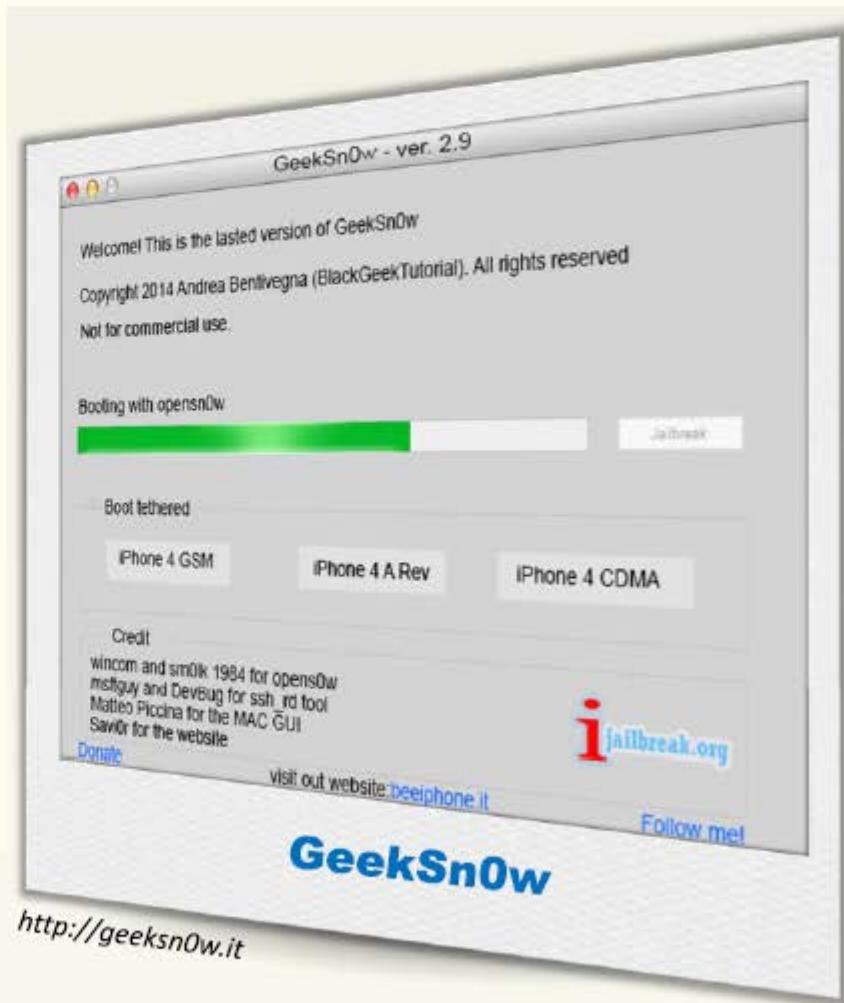
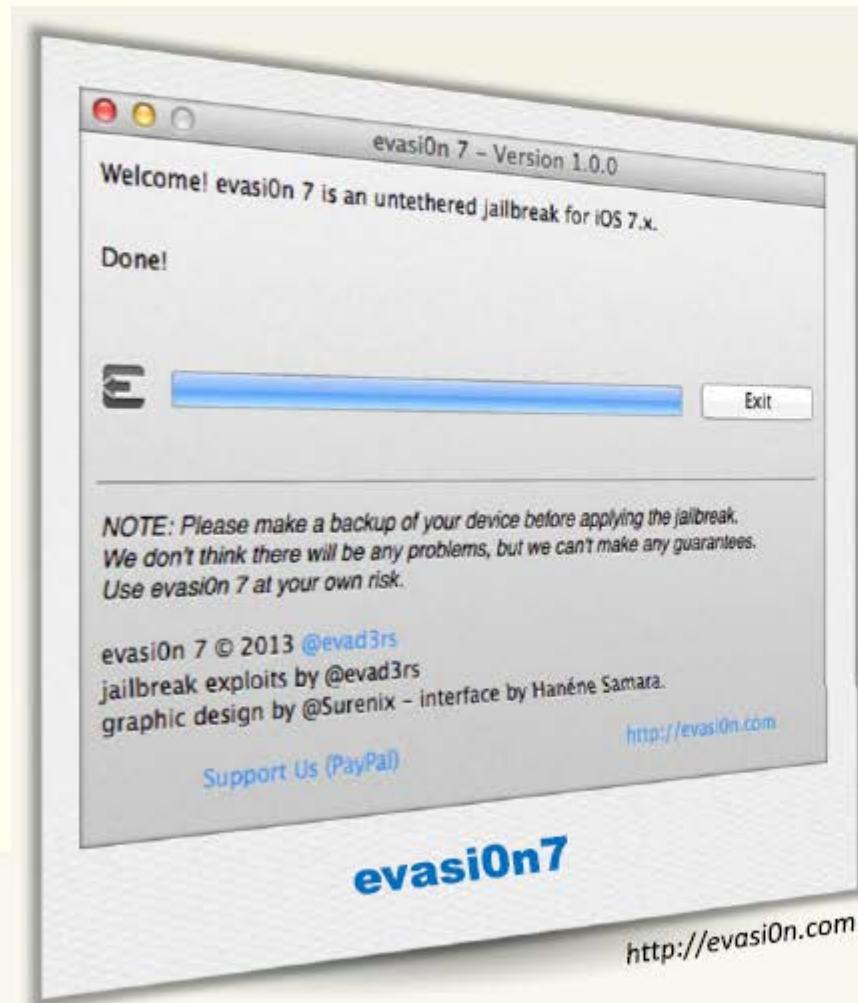
## Absinthe

- A **jailbreak solution** for your iPhone, iPod, iPad, and AppleTV brought to you by Chronic Dev Team



<http://greenpois0n.com>

# Jailbreaking Tools: evasi0n7 and GeekSn0w



# Jailbreaking Tools: Sn0wbreeze and PwnageTool

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



# Jailbreaking Tools: LimeRa1n and Blackra1n



## LimeRa1n

October 9, 2010     iPhone, iPad, iPod Touch, iPhone.com  
limeRa1n, 6 months in the making  
iPhone 3GS, iPod Touch 3G, iPad, iPhone 4, iPod Touch 4G  
4.0-4.1 and beyond+++  
limeRa1n is unpatchable  
untethered thanks to jailbreakme star comex  
released today to get chronicdev to do the right thing  
brought to you by geohot  
Mac and Linux coming soon  
follow the instructions in the box, sadly limeRa1n isn't one click  
that's the price of unpatchability  
as usual, donations appreciated but not required  
still in beta, pardon my ragged edges  
AppleTV is technically supported, but there's no apps yet  
zero pictures of my face

known bugs  
3GS new bootrom is broken, fix pending  
some people need to restart to get the Cydia icon to show up after installing  
some people still don't have windows  
beta iOS versions aren't supported  
uninstall in limeRa1n app doesn't work, you can just delete the blackra1n.app directory, i need regression testing

<http://www.limera1n.com>



## Blackra1n

AT&T 2:29 PM  
Install

Please select Install App(s)

Cydia Popular package installer by Saurik. Access APT. Community & Cydia Store.

Rock

Icy Faster and more lightweight alternative to Cydia

Unpacking Cydia...

Uninstall blackra1n

blackra1n by geohot

<http://blackra1n.com>

# Guidelines for Securing iOS Devices

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



Use **passcode lock** feature for locking iPhone

01



Use iOS devices on a **secured** and **protected** Wi-Fi network

02

Disable **Javascript** and **add-ons** from web browser



Do not access web services on a **compromised network**

03

04

Do not store sensitive data on **client-side database**



Deploy only **trusted** third-party **applications** on iOS devices

05

06

Do not open **links** or **attachments** from unknown sources



07

08

Change default password of iPhone's **root password** from **alpine**



# Guidelines for Securing iOS Devices (Cont'd)



**Do not jailbreak or root your device** if used within enterprise environments



Configure **Find My iPhone** and utilize it to wipe a lost or stolen device



Enable **Jailbreak detection** and also protect access to **iTunes AppleID** and **Google accounts**, which are tied to sensitive data



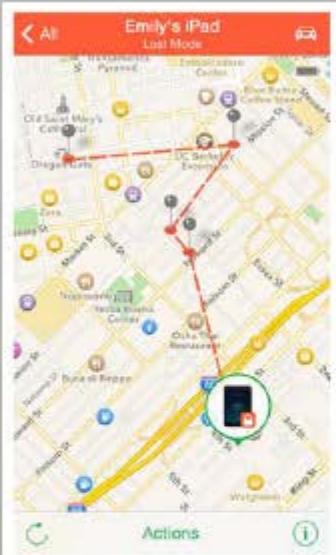
Disable **iCloud services** so that sensitive enterprise data is not backed up to the cloud (Note that cloud services can back up documents, account information, settings, and messages)



Along with this **follow the common security guidelines** for all the mobile devices outlined in the later slides

# iOS Device Tracking Tools

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



**Find My iPhone**

<https://itunes.apple.com>



**iHound**

<https://www.ihoundssoftware.com>



**GadgetTrak iOS Security**

<http://www.gadgettrak.com>



**iLocalis**

<http://ilocalis.com>



# Module Flow

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



1

**Mobile Platform Attack Vectors**



2

**Hacking Android OS**

iOS

3

**Hacking iOS**



4

**Hacking Windows Phone OS**



5

**Hacking BlackBerry**



6

**Mobile Device Management**



7

**Mobile Security Guidelines and Tools**



8

**Mobile Pen Testing**

# Windows Phone 8



It allows devices with larger screens and **multi-core processors** up to 64

Trusted shared Windows core and improved support for **removable storage**

Core components from **Windows 8**, including kernel, file system, drivers, network stack, security components, media and graphics support

Internet **Explorer 10**, Nokia map technology and **background multitasking**

Supports **Near field communication (NFC)**, including payment and content sharing with Windows Phone 8 and Windows 8 machines

Supports **native code (C and C++)**, simplified porting from platforms such as Android, Symbian, and iOS

**Carrier control** and branding of "wallet" element is possible via SIM or phone hardware

Native **128-bit Bitlocker encryption** and remote device management of Windows Phone

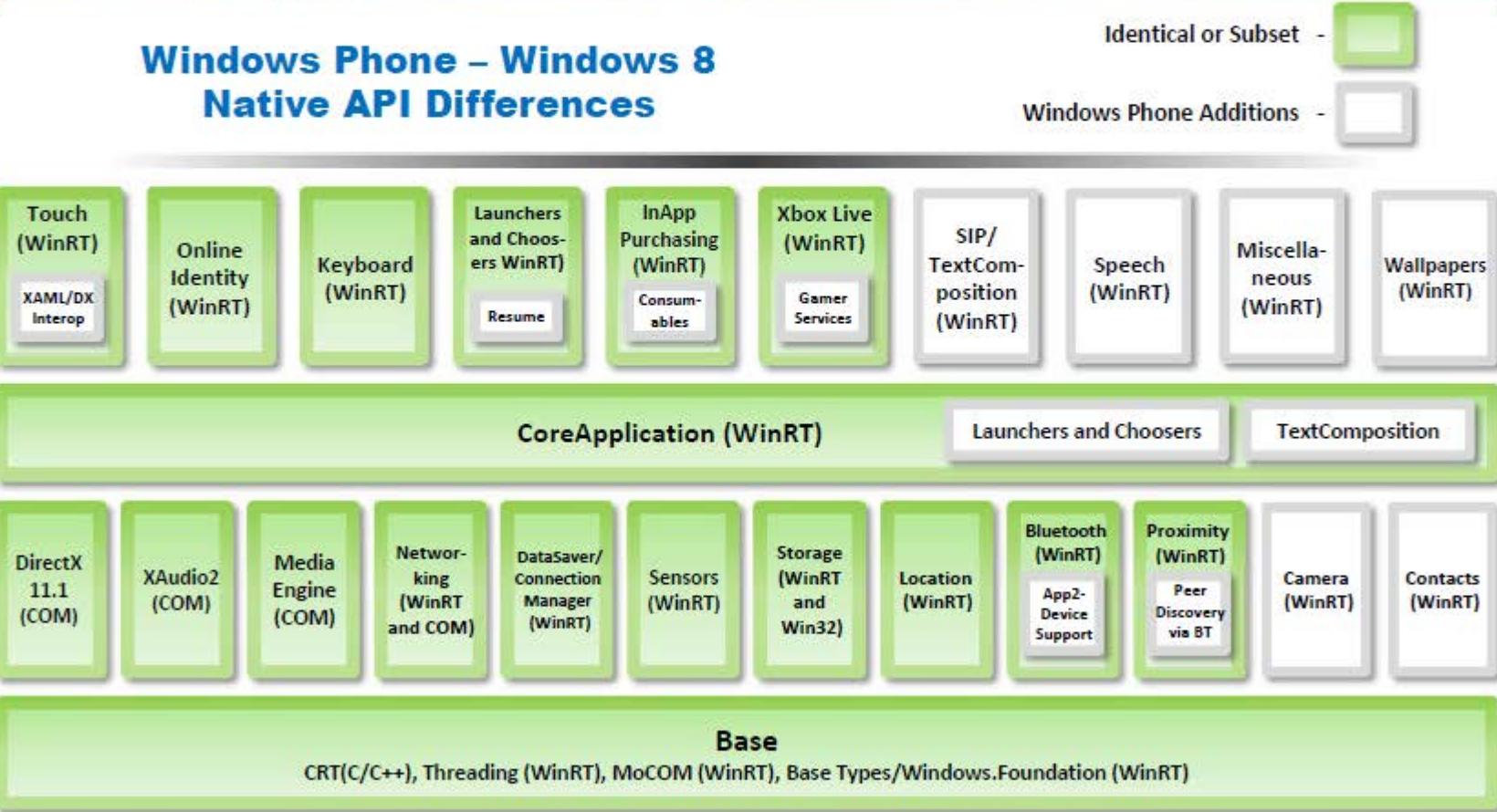
**Unified Extensible Firmware Interface** (UEFI) secure boot protocol and Firmware over the air for Windows Phone updates

Features improved **app sandboxing** and **VoIP and video chat** integration for any VoIP or video chat app

# Windows Phone 8 Architecture

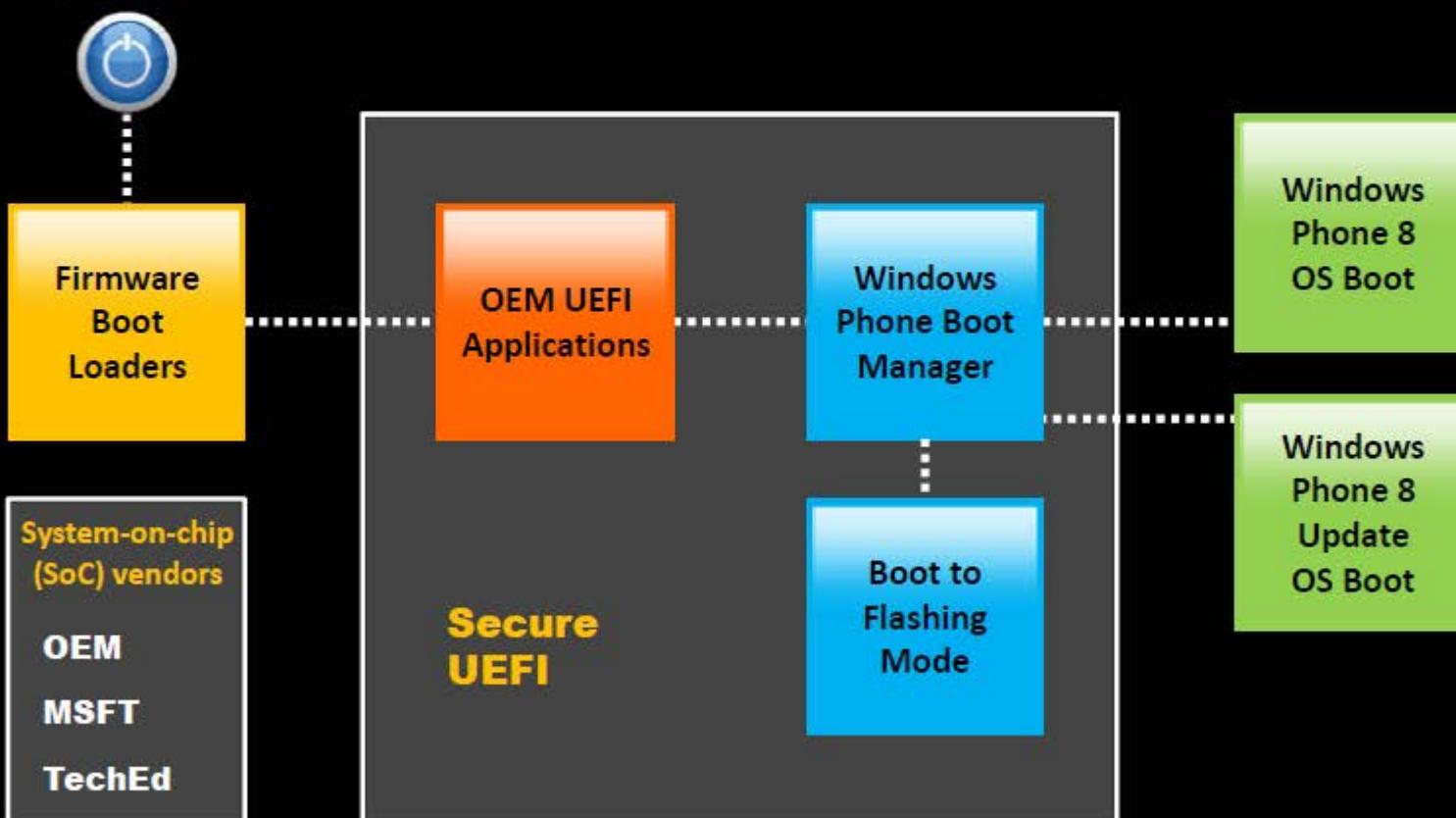
CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## Windows Phone – Windows 8 Native API Differences



# Secure Boot Process

**Power On**



<http://www.uefi.org>

Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

# Guidelines for Securing Windows OS Devices

**C|EH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



Download apps only from trusted sources like [windowsphone.com](http://windowsphone.com)



Protect your WP8 **SIM** (Subscriber Identity Module) with a **PIN** (Personal Identification Number)



Setup **passwords** for WP8 **lock** screen and keep your phone updated with WP8 **security updates**



Enable device encryption using **Exchange ActiveSync (EAS)** or **device management policy**



Make sure to **clear** all your **browsing history** from **Internet Explorer**



Implement the **chambers concept** for all applications on Windows Phone 8



Try to avoid accessing **password protected** websites in your windows phone while you are in **unsecured Wi-Fi networks**

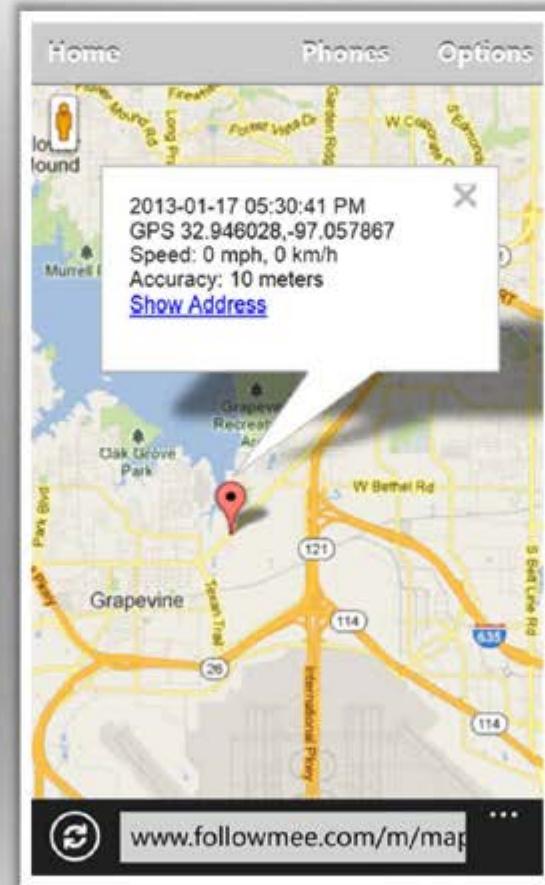


Implement **trusted Boot and code signing features** on Windows Phone device

# Windows OS Device Tracking Tool: FollowMee GPS Tracker

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

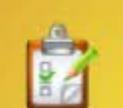
- GPS Tracker by FollowMee converts your smart phone or tablet into a **GPS tracking device**
- It tracks location of a Windows Phone 8 device, **records locations** (GPS, Wi-Fi, or cellular triangulation) and uploads to a secured server
- Using this app, you can track your **children's movement** daily, follow whereabouts of your **family members** or **employees**
- It supports **multiple mobile platforms**



<https://www.followmee.com>

# Module Flow



-  1 **Mobile Platform Attack Vectors**
-  2 **Hacking Android OS**
-  3 **Hacking iOS**
-  4 **Hacking Windows Phone OS**
-  5 **Hacking BlackBerry**
-  6 **Mobile Device Management**
-  7 **Mobile Security Guidelines and Tools**
-  8 **Mobile Pen Testing**

# BlackBerry Operating System

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## BlackBerry OS

BlackBerry OS is a proprietary mobile operating system developed by **Research In Motion (RIM)** for its BlackBerry line of smartphones and handheld devices

## Java Based Application

It includes a Java-based third-party application framework that implements **J2ME Mobile Information Device Profile v2** (MIDP2) and Connected Limited Device Configuration (CLDC), as well as a number of RIM specific APIs

## BlackBerry Features

Native Support for Corporate Email



BlackBerry Enterprise Server



BlackBerry Messenger



BlackBerry Internet Service

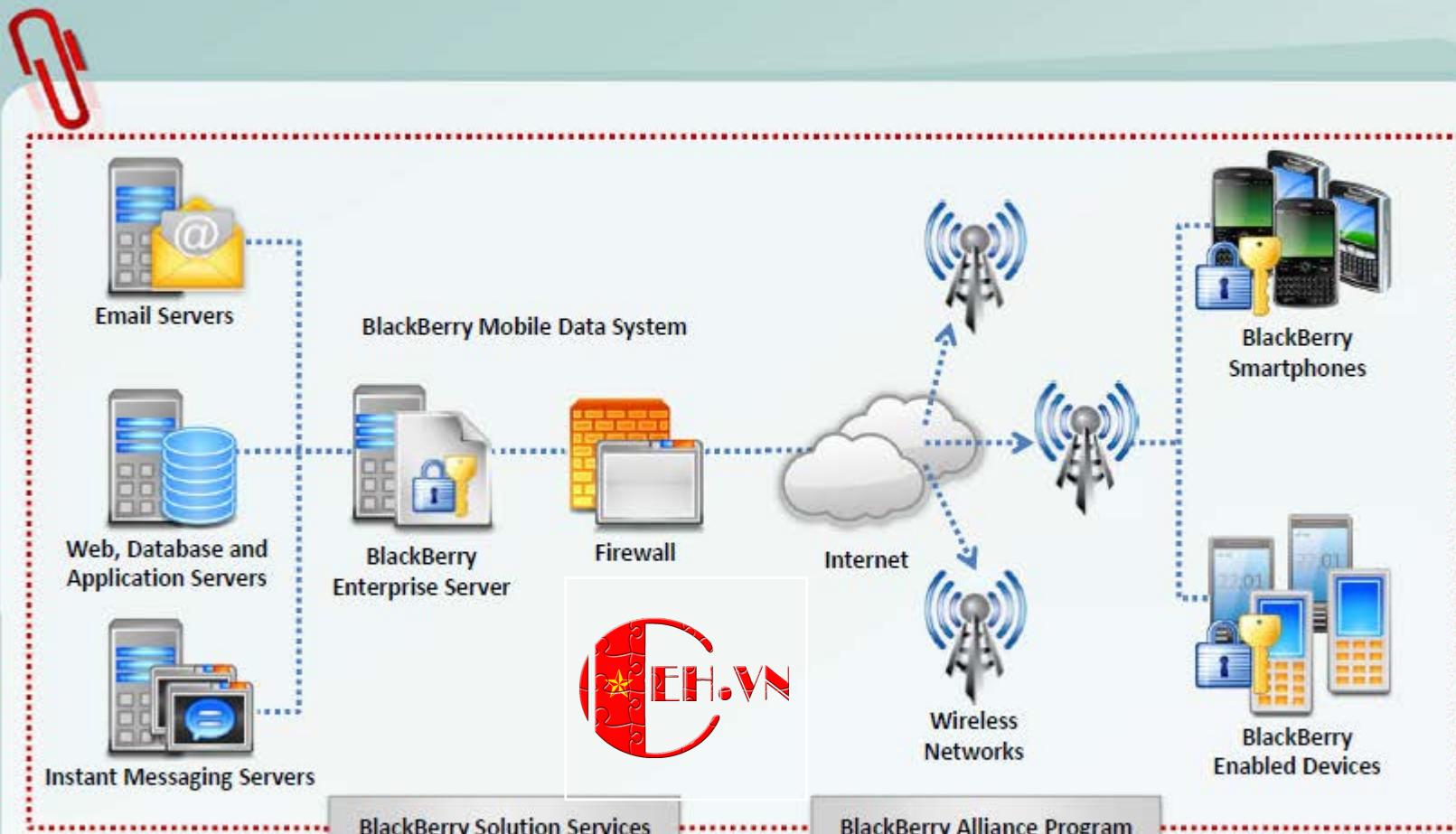


BlackBerry Email Client



# BlackBerry Enterprise Solution Architecture

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



# Blackberry Attack Vectors

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



Malicious Code  
Signing



JAD File  
Exploits



Memory and  
Processes  
Manipulations



Email Exploits



PIM Data  
Attacks



Short Message  
Service (SMS)  
Exploits



TCP/IP Connections  
Vulnerabilities



Blackberry  
Malwares



Telephony  
Attacks

# Malicious Code Signing

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- BlackBerry applications must be **signed by RIM** to get full access to the operating system APIs
- If a required signature is missing or the application is altered after signing, the JVM will either **refuse/restrict the API access to the application** or will fail at run-time with an error message

- Attacker can obtain **code-signing keys** anonymously using prepaid credit-cards and false details, sign a malicious application and publish it on the **BlackBerry app world**
- Attackers can also **compromise a developer's system** to steal code signing keys and password to decrypt the encrypted keys



# JAD File Exploits and Memory/Processes Manipulations

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## JAD File Exploits

- .jad (Java Application Descriptors) files include the **attributes of a java application**, such as app description, vendor details and size, and provides the URL where the application can be downloaded
- It is used as a standard way to provide **Over The Air (OTA)** installation of java applications on J2ME mobile devices
- Attackers can use specially crafted .jad file with **spoofed information** and trick user to **install malicious apps**



## Memory/Processes Manipulations

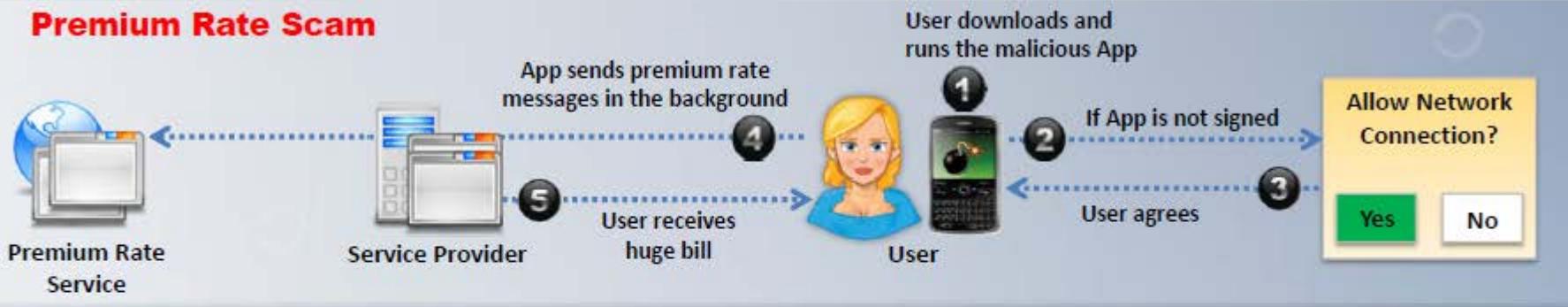
- Attackers can create malicious applications by creating an **infinite loop**, with a break condition in the middle that will always be false to bypass compiler verification
- It will cause a **denial-of-service (DoS) attack** when the malicious application is run rendering the device unresponsive



# Short Message Service (SMS) Exploits

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

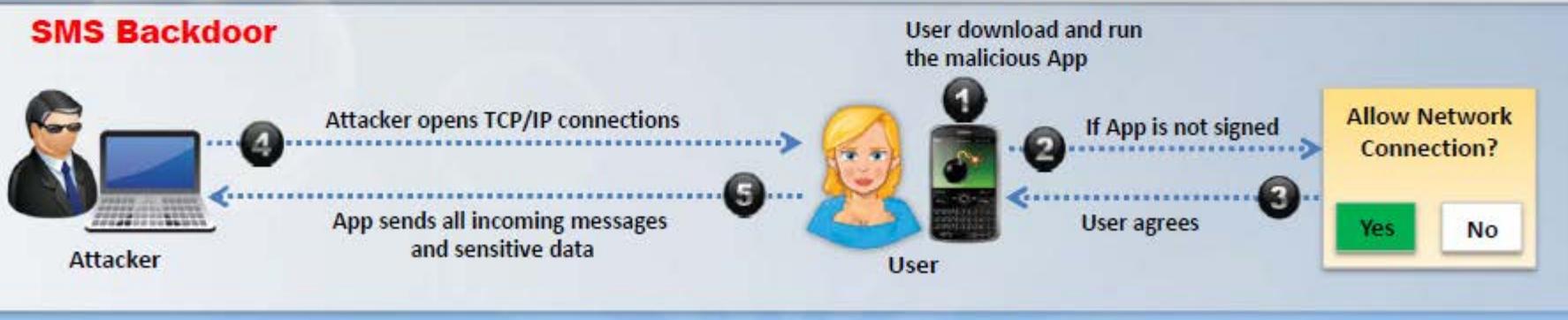
## Premium Rate Scam



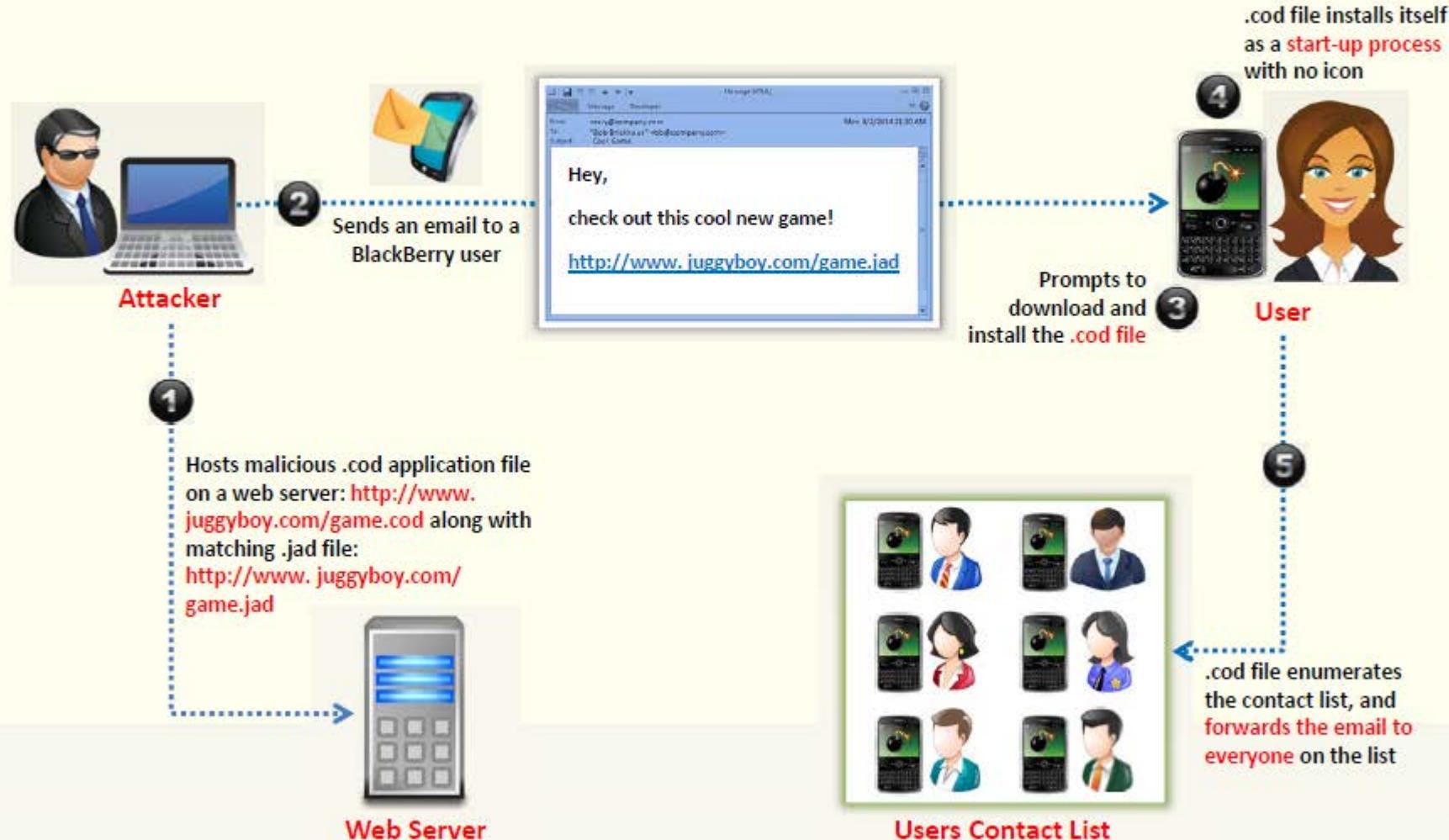
## SMS Interception



## SMS Backdoor



# Email Exploits



# PIM Data Attacks and TCP/IP Connections Vulnerabilities

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## PIM Data Attacks

- Personal Information Manager (PIM) data in the PIM database of a BlackBerry device includes **address books, calendars, tasks, and memo pads** information
- Attackers can create **malicious signed application** that read all the PIM data and send it to an attacker using different **transport mechanisms**
- The malicious applications can also **delete or modify the PIM data**



## TCP/IP Connections Vulnerabilities

- If the device firewall is off, signed apps can **open TCP connections** without the user being prompted
- Malicious apps installed on the device can **create a reverse connection with the attacker** enabling him to utilize the infected device as a TCP proxy and gain access to organization's internal resources
- Attackers can also exploit the reverse TCP connection for backdoors and perform various **malicious information gathering attacks**



# Guidelines for Securing BlackBerry Devices

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



Use **content protection** feature for protecting data on the BlackBerry Enterprise Network



Use **password encryption** for protecting files on BlackBerry devices



Use **BlackBerry Protect** or other security apps for securing confidential data



Enable **SD-card/Media card encryption** for protecting data



Enterprises should follow a **security policy** for managing BlackBerry devices



Maintain a **monitoring mechanism** for the network infrastructure on BlackBerry Enterprise Networks



Disable **unnecessary applications** from BlackBerry Enterprise Networks



Provide training on **security awareness and attacks** on handheld devices on BlackBerry Enterprise Networks

# BlackBerry Device Tracking Tools: MobileTracker and Position Logic BlackBerry Tracker

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## MobileTracker



<http://www.skylab-mobilesystems.com>

**Options**

**General Options**

Name: 100000a\_2010-08-11T18-46-52  
Ask for custom name add: No  
Directory: /SDCard/blackberry/  
Delay: 1 Sec.  
Track altitude: Yes  
Export to GPX: No  
Export to KMZ (KML): Yes

**KMZ (KML) Options**

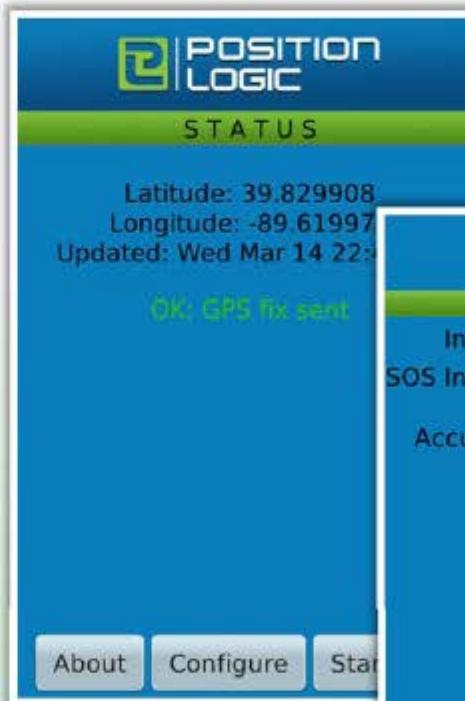
Altitude mode: Clamp to ground  
Tracklog style: Line & Waypoints

**Photo Options**

Directory: /SDCard/blackberry/pictures/  
Image prefix: IMG  
Image Dimensions: 320x240

**Save & Close**

## Position Logic BlackBerry Tracker



<http://www.positionlogic.com>



# Mobile Spyware: mSpy and StealthGenie

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

## mSpy

The screenshot shows the mSpy mobile monitoring interface. On the left, a sidebar lists various monitoring options: View Message, View Contacts, View Events, View Photos, View Videos, View Broadcasts, Tracked Phrases, Commands, Help, and Uninstall. The main area displays two recent SMS messages from Brad and Sean. Below that is a section for Locations, showing a map of a city area with several blue dots indicating tracked locations. A Google map interface is at the bottom.

Nikolas Drakulovic 56899762410 00:00:11  
Ariana Lieberth 19785698748 00:00:12

SMS

Type	Name	Phone Number	Message
Green	Brad	17123174529	pick u up after football
Green	SEAN	17018364571	Dude u gotta try this shit I'm high as a fuckin kite right now
Red	Makayla McDonald	19795561685	BFDIC
Green	Makayla McDonald	19795561685	Hopes it's a bustle ▾

LOCATIONS

Google 1000 ft 200 m

<http://www.mspy.com>

## StealthGenie

The screenshot shows the StealthGenie mobile monitoring dashboard. On the left, a sidebar menu includes Account, Dashboard, Calls, Photo & Video, Remote Control, Webwatch, Notifications, and Help. The main dashboard features a "Call Logs / SMS" section with a graph showing activity over time, and sections for Photo Memory and Overall Statistics. A speedometer-style gauge in the center indicates a value of 4%.

Welcome James

stealthGenie

Dashboard

Call Logs / SMS

Photo Memory

Overall Statistics

Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

<http://www.stealthgenie.com>

# Mobile Spyware



**Mobile Spy**

<http://www.mobile-spy.com>



**SpyBubble**

<http://www.spybubble.com>



**Mobistealth**

<http://www.mobistealth.com>



**FlexiSPY**

<http://www.flexispy.com>



**Highster Mobile**

<http://www.highstermobile.com>



**SpyPhoneTap**

<http://www.spyphonetap.com>



**Spyera**

<http://spyera.com>



**PhoneSheriff**

<http://www.phonesheriff.com>



**My Mobile Watchdog**

<https://www.mymobilewatchdog.com>

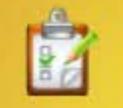


**SpyToMobile**

<http://spytomobile.com>

# Module Flow



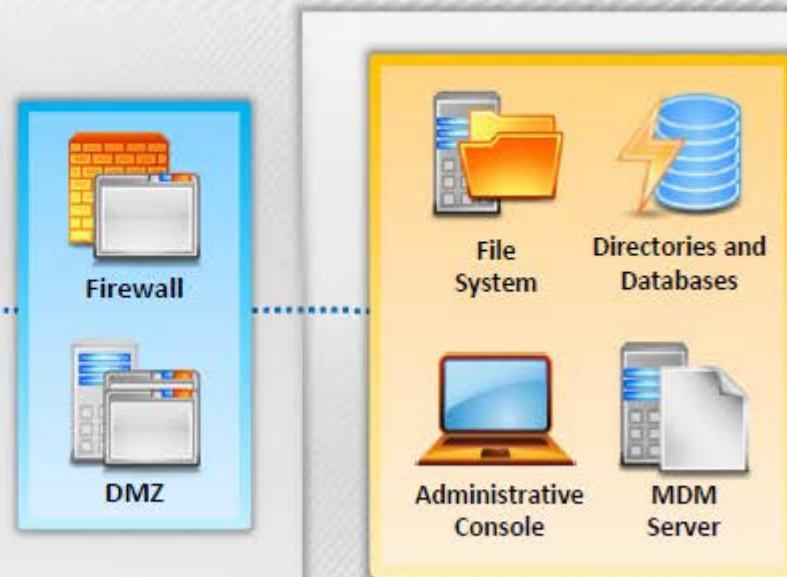
-  1 **Mobile Platform Attack Vectors**
-  2 **Hacking Android OS**
-  3 **Hacking iOS**
-  4 **Hacking Windows Phone OS**
-  5 **Hacking BlackBerry**
-  6 **Mobile Device Management**
-  7 **Mobile Security Guidelines and Tools**
-  8 **Mobile Pen Testing**

# Mobile Device Management (MDM)

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- Mobile Device Management (MDM) provides platforms for **over-the-air or wired distribution of applications**, data and configuration settings for all types of mobile devices, including mobile phones, smartphones, tablet computers, etc.
- MDM helps in implementing **enterprise-wide policies** to reduce support costs, business discontinuity, and security risks

- It helps system administrators to **deploy and manage software applications** across all enterprise mobile devices to secure, monitor, manage, and supports mobile devices
- It can be used to **manage both company-owned and employee-owned (BYOD) devices** across the enterprise



# MDM Solution: MaaS360 Mobile Device Management (MDM)



01

MaaS360 supports the complete **mobile device management (MDM) lifecycle** for smartphones and tablets including iPhone, iPad, Android, Windows Phone, BlackBerry, and Kindle Fire

02

As a **fully integrated cloud platform**, MaaS360 simplifies MDM with rapid deployment, and comprehensive visibility and control that spans across mobile devices, applications, and documents



The screenshot shows the 'Passcode Settings' section of the MaaS360 management console. On the left, a sidebar lists various settings categories: Workplace Settings, Device Settings, Passcode (selected), Security, Restrictions, Application Compliance, Native App Compliance, ActiveSync, Wi-Fi, VPN, Web Shortcuts, and Device Management. The main panel is titled 'Configure Passcode Policy' with the sub-instruction 'Select this option to enforce the use of a Passcode before using the mobile device.' A checkbox is checked next to this instruction. Below this, there are four configuration fields: 'Passcode Quality' (set to 'Numeric'), 'Minimum Passcode Length (4-16 characters)' (set to '4'), 'Maximum Passcode Age (in Days)' (set to '180'), and 'Allowed Idle Time (in minutes) Before Auto-Lock' (set to '1 minute'). At the bottom, there is a field for 'Passcode history' and another for 'Number of Failed Passcode Attempts Before All Data is Erased (4-16)', both of which are currently empty.

<http://www.maas360.com>

Copyright © by EC-Council. All Rights Reserved. Reproduction is Strictly Prohibited.

# MDM Solutions



**XenMobile**  
<http://www.citrix.com>



**Absolute Manage MDM**  
<http://www.absolute.com>



**SAP Afaria**  
<http://www.sybase.com>



**Device Management Centre**  
<http://www.sicap.com>



**AirWatch**  
<http://www.air-watch.com>



**Good Mobile Manager**  
<http://www1.good.com>



**MobileIron**  
<http://www.mobileiron.com>



**Tangoe MDM**  
<http://www.tangoe.com>



**MobiControl**  
<https://www.soti.net>

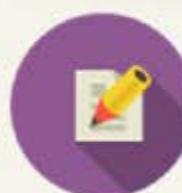


**MediaContact**  
<http://www.device-management-software.com>

# Bring Your Own Device (BYOD)

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- Bring your own device (BYOD) refers to a policy allowing an employee to bring their **personal devices** such as laptops, smartphones, and tablets at **workplace** and use them for accessing organization's resources as per their access privileges
- BYOD policy allow employees to use the devices that they are **comfortable with** and **best fits his/her preferences** and work purposes



## BYOD Benefits

Increased productivity

Employee satisfaction

Work flexibility

Lower costs



# BYOD Risks



Sharing **confidential data** on unsecured network

**Data leakage** and endpoint security issues

Improperly **disposing** device

Support of many **different devices**

Mixing **personal** and **private** data

Lost or **stolen** devices

Lack of **awareness**

Ability to bypass organizations **network policy rules**

**Infrastructure** issues

Disgruntled **employees**

# BYOD Policy Implementation

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

01

Define your requirements



02

Select device of your choice and build a technology portfolio

03

Develop policies

04

Security

05

Support



# BYOD Security Guidelines for Administrator

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



Secure organization's data centers with **multi-layered protection systems**



Make it clear **who owns what apps and data**



Make it clear **what apps will be allowed or banned**



Do not allow **jailbroken and rooted devices**

**Educate your employees** about the BYOD policy



**Use encrypted channel** for data transfer



**Control access** based on the need-to-know



Apply **session authentication and timeout policy** on access gateways



# BYOD Security Guidelines for Employee



Use encryption mechanism to store data



Maintain a clear separation between the business and personal data



Register devices with a remote locate and wipe facility if company policy permits



Regularly update your device with latest OS and patches



Use anti-virus and data loss prevention (DLP) solutions

# Module Flow



# General Guidelines for Mobile Platform Security

**C|EH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker

Do not load too many **applications** and avoid auto-upload of photos to **social networks**



Securely **wipe or delete** the data disposing of the device

Perform a **Security Assessment** of the Application **Architecture**



Ensure that your **Bluetooth** is “**off**” by default. Turn it on when ever it is necessary

Maintain **configuration** control and **management**



Do not share the information within **GPS-enabled apps** unless they are necessary

**Install** applications from trusted application **stores**



Never connect two separate networks such as **Wi-Fi** and **Bluetooth** simultaneously

# General Guidelines for Mobile Platform Security (Cont'd)

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

1

## Use Passcode

- Configure a **strong passcode** with maximum possible length to gain access to your mobile devices
- Set an idle **timeout** to automatically lock the phone when not in use
- Enable **lockout/wipe** feature after a certain number of attempts

2

## Update OS and Apps



3

## Enable Remote Management

- In an enterprise environment, use **Mobile Device Management (MDM) software** to secure, monitor, manage, and support mobile devices deployed across the organization

4

## Do not allow Rooting or Jailbreaking

- Ensure your MDM solutions prevent or detect **rooting/jailbreaking**
- Include this clause in your **mobile security policy**

5

## Use Remote Wipe Services

- Use **remote wipe services** such as Remote Wipe (Android) and Find My iPhone or FindMyPhone (Apple iOS) to locate your device should it be lost or stolen

6

## Encrypt Storage

- If supported, configure your mobile device to encrypt its storage with **hardware encryption**



# General Guidelines for Mobile Platform Security (Cont'd)



Perform periodic backup and synchronization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Use a secure, <b>over-the-air backup-and-restore tool</b> that performs periodic background synchronization</li></ul>
Filter e-mail-forwarding barriers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Filter email/emails by configuring <b>server-side settings</b> of the corporate email/emails system</li><li>Use <b>commercial data loss prevention filters</b></li></ul>
Configure Application certification rules	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Allow only <b>signed applications</b> to install or execute</li></ul>
Harden browser permission rules	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Harden browser permission rules according to <b>company's security policies</b> to avoid attacks</li></ul>
Design and implement mobile device policies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Set a policy that defines the <b>accepted usage, levels of support</b>, and <b>type of information access permitted</b> on different devices</li></ul>

# General Guidelines for Mobile Platform Security (Cont'd)

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



Set require passcode to immediately

Thwart passcode guessing: set erase data to ON

Enable auto-lock and set to one minute

Encrypt the device and backups



Configure wireless to ask to join networks

Perform regular software maintenance



Control the location of backups

Control devices and applications



Prohibit USB keys

Encrypt backups

Prevent local caching of email

Sandbox application and data



# General Guidelines for Mobile Platform Security (Cont'd)



1

Disable the collection of **Diagnostics and Usage Data** under **Settings → General → About**

2

Apply **software updates** when new releases are available

3

Limit **logging data** stored on device

4

Use **device encryption** and **patch** applications

5

Managed **operating environment**

6

Managed **application environment**

7

Press the **power button** to lock the device whenever it is not in use

8

Verify the **location of printers** before printing sensitive documents

9

Utilize a **passcode lock** to protect access to the mobile device - consider the eight character non-simple passcode

10

Report a **lost or stolen device to IT** so they can disable certificates and other access methods associated with the device

# General Guidelines for Mobile Platform Security (Cont'd)



**1**

Consider the **privacy implications** before enabling location-based services and limit usage to trusted applications

**2**

Keep **sensitive data off** of shared mobile devices. If enterprise information is locally stored on a device, it is recommended that this device not be openly shared

**3**

Ask your IT department how to use **Citrix technologies** to keep data in the data center and keep personal devices personal

**4**

If you must have sensitive data on a mobile device, use **follow-me data** and **ShareFile** as an enterprise-managed solution

**5**

(Android) Backup to **Google Account** so that sensitive enterprise data is not backed up to the cloud

**6**

**Configure location services** to disable location tracking for applications that you do not want to know your location information

**7**

**Configure notifications** to disable the ability to view notifications while the device is locked for applications that could display sensitive data

**8**

**Configure AutoFill** - Auto-fill Names and Passwords for browsers to reduce password loss via shoulder-surfing and surveillance (if desired and allowed by enterprise policy)

# Mobile Device Security Guidelines for Administrator



01 Publish an **enterprise policy** that specifies the acceptable usage of consumer grade devices and bring-your-own devices in the enterprise



02 Publish an enterprise policy for **cloud**



03 Enable **security measures** such as antivirus to protect the data in the datacenter



04 Implement policy that specifies what levels of **application and data access** are allowable on consumer-grade devices, and which are prohibited



05 Specify a **session timeout** through Access Gateway



06 Specify whether the **domain password** can be cached on the device, or whether users must enter it every time they request access



07 Determine the allowed **Access Gateway authentication methods** from the following:



- No authentication
- Domain only
- SMS authentication
- RSA SecurID only
- Domain + RSA SecurID

# SMS Phishing Countermeasures

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



Never reply to a **suspicious SMS** without verifying the source



Do not click on any **links** included in the SMS



Never reply to a SMS that requires **personal and financial information** from you



Review the **bank's policy** on sending SMS



Enable the "**block texts from the internet**" feature from your provider



Never reply to a SMS which urging you to **act or respond quickly**

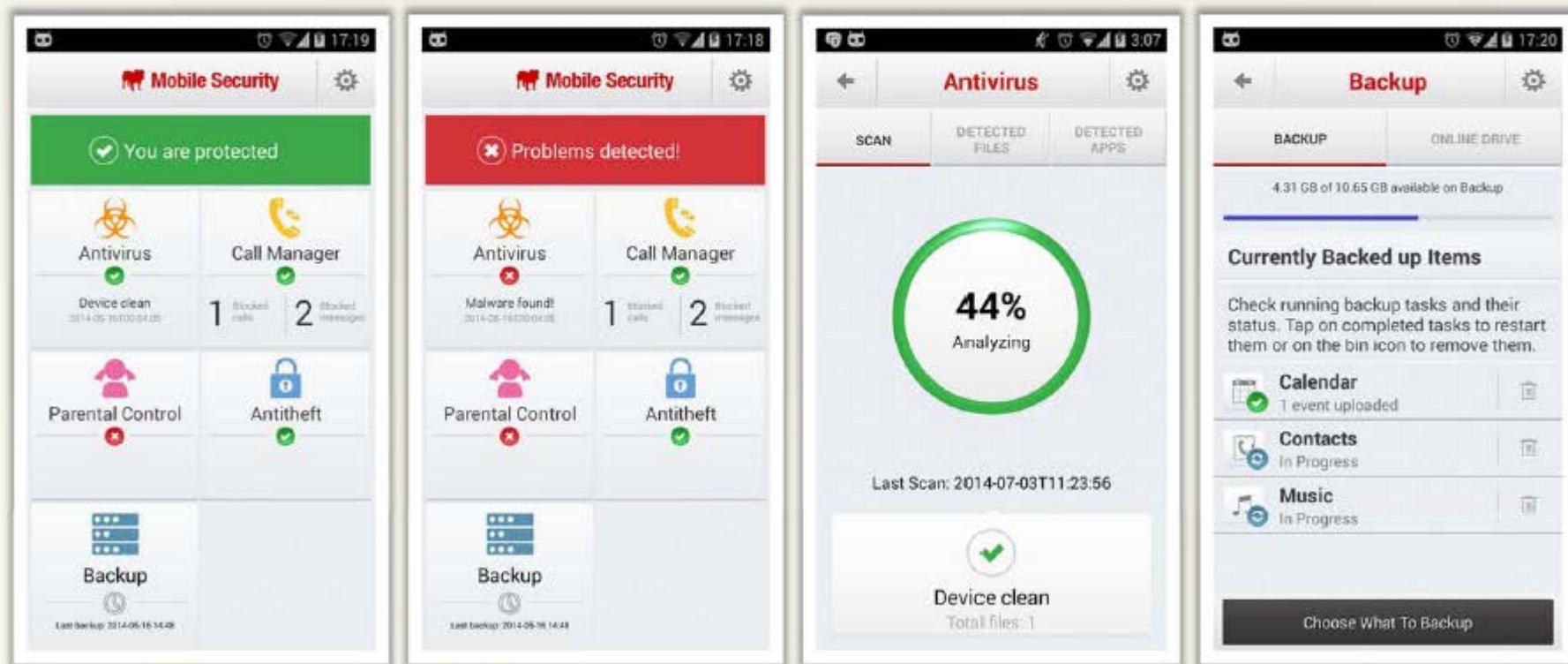


**Never call a number** left in a SMS

# Mobile Protection Tool: BullGuard Mobile Security

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- It delivers complete **mobile phone antivirus** against all mobile phone viruses
- It locks, locates and wipes device **remotely if lost or stolen**
- It blocks **unwanted calls** and **SMS messages**



The image displays four screenshots of the BullGuard Mobile Security app interface on an Android device:

- Home Screen:** Shows a green banner stating "You are protected". It includes icons for Antivirus (green checkmark), Call Manager (green checkmark), Parental Control (red X), and Antitheft (green checkmark). Below these are sections for Device clean (last run: 2014-05-10 10:04:05) and Backup (last backup: 2014-06-16 14:48).
- Home Screen (with issues):** Shows a red banner stating "Problems detected!" with a red X icon. It includes icons for Antivirus (red X), Call Manager (green checkmark), Parental Control (red X), and Antitheft (green checkmark). Below these are sections for Device clean (last run: 2014-06-16 10:04:05) and Backup (last backup: 2014-06-16 14:48).
- Antivirus Screen:** Shows a large green circular progress bar at 44%, with the text "Analyzing" below it. It includes tabs for SCAN, DETECTED FILES, and DETECTED APPS. Below the progress bar is the text "Last Scan: 2014-07-03T11:23:56". At the bottom is a green "Device clean" button with a checkmark icon.
- Backup Screen:** Shows a list of currently backed up items: Calendar (1 event uploaded), Contacts (In Progress), and Music (In Progress). It includes tabs for BACKUP and ONLINE DRIVE. Below the list is a black button labeled "Choose What To Backup".

<http://www.bullguard.com>

# Mobile Protection Tool: Lookout

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

Lookout protects your phone from mobile threats

## Security and Privacy

Helps avoid risky behavior, like connecting to an unsecured Wi-Fi network, downloading a malicious app

## Backup

Provides safe, secure and seamless backup of your mobile data, automatically over the air

## Missing Device

Helps you find your phone if it's lost or stolen

## Management

Allows you to remotely manage your phone

### Locate & Scream

Log onto [Lookout.com](https://www.lookout.com) and easily manage your phone there



<https://www.lookout.com>

### Theft Alerts

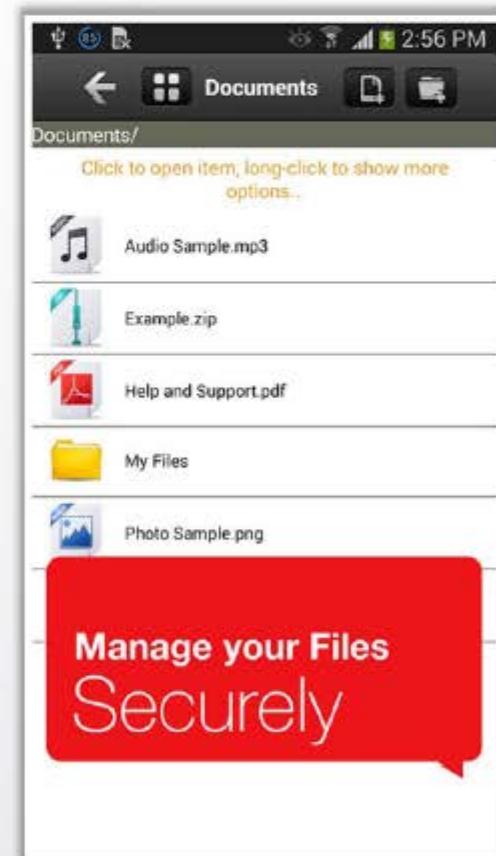
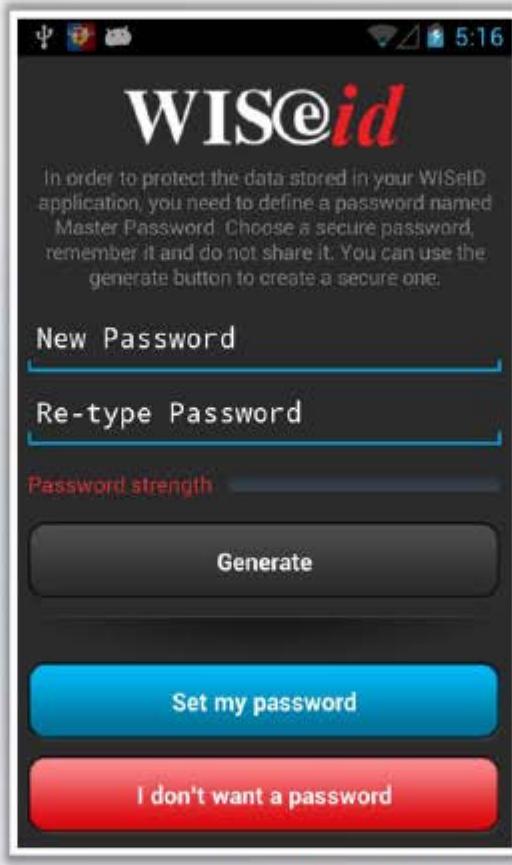
Get an email with a photo & location when someone messes with your device



# Mobile Protection Tool: WISeID

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- WISeID provides secure and easy-to-use **encrypted storage for personal data**, personally identifiable information (PII), PINs, credit and loyalty cards, notes, and other information
- WISeID allows you to store your web sites, user names and passwords and quickly log on to your **favourite websites** through your mobile device



# Mobile Protection Tool: zIPS

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- zIPS employs machine-learning to **detect abnormal behavior** and isolate your device before any exploit can take place
- zIPS is equipped with a **behavioral analysis engine** to automatically detect and block malicious threats by monitoring how they change the characteristics of the mobile device
- It **scans all mobile applications** and browsers to enhance the security of user device and keeps your whole organization safe from MITM, IPv4 and even IPv6 attacks



<https://www.zimperium.com>



# Mobile Protection Tools

**CEH**  
Certified Ethical Hacker



**McAfee Mobile Security**

<http://home.mcafee.com>



**Kaspersky Internet Security  
for Android**

<http://www.kaspersky.com>



**AVG AntiVirus Pro for Android**

<http://www.avg.com>



**F-Secure Mobile Security**

<http://www.f-secure.com>



**avast! Mobile Security**

<http://www.avast.com>



**Trend Micro™ Mobile  
Security**

<http://www.trendmicro.com>



**Norton Mobile Security**

<http://us.norton.com>



**Comodo Mobile Security**

<http://www.comodo.com>



**ESET Mobile Security**

<http://www.eset.com>



**Bitdefender Mobile Security**

<http://www.bitdefender.com>

# Mobile Anti-Spyware

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

SeCore Security



AntiSpy Mobile



Malwarebytes Anti-Malware Mobile



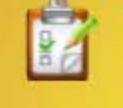
<http://www.securelab.com>

<http://www.antispymobile.com>

<https://www.malwarebytes.org>

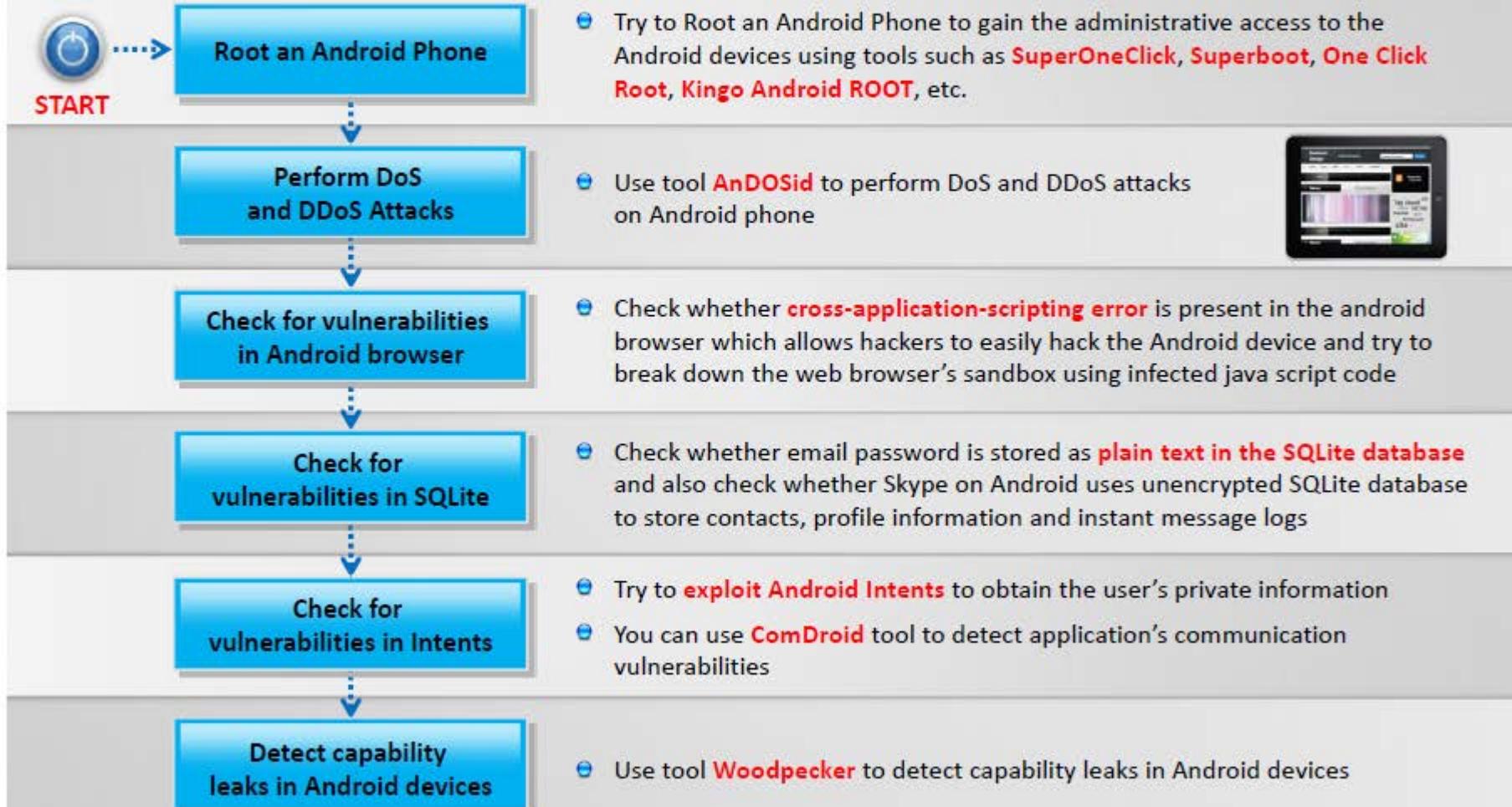
# Module Flow



-  1 **Mobile Platform Attack Vectors**
-  2 **Hacking Android OS**
-  3 **Hacking iOS**
-  4 **Hacking Windows Phone OS**
-  5 **Hacking BlackBerry**
-  6 **Mobile Device Management**
-  7 **Mobile Security Guidelines and Tools**
-  8 **Mobile Pen Testing**

# Android Phone Pen Testing

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



# iPhone Pen Testing



- Try to Jailbreak the iPhone using tools such as **Pangu**, **evasi0n7**, **Redsn0w**, **Absinthe**, **Sn0wbreeze**, **PwnageTool**, etc.
- Unlock the iPhone using tools such as **iPhoneSimFree** and **anySIM**
- Hold the power button of an iOS operating device till the **power off message** appears. Close the smart cover till the screen shuts and open the smart cover after few seconds. Press the cancel button to **bypass the password code security**
- Use the Metasploit tool to exploit the vulnerabilities in iPhone. Try to send **malicious code** as payload to the device to gain access to the device
- Setup an **access point** with the same name and encryption type
- Perform **man-in-the-middle/SSL stripping attack** by intercepting wireless parameters of iOS device on Wi-Fi network. Send malicious packets on Wi-Fi network using **Cain & Abel** tool
- Use **social engineering techniques** such as sending emails, SMS to trick the user to open links that contain malicious web pages

# Windows Phone Pen Testing

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

START

Try to turn off the phone by sending an SMS

- Send an SMS to the phone which turns off the mobile and reboots again

Try to jailbreak Windows phone

- Use **WindowBreak** program to jailbreak/unlock Windows phone

Check for on-device encryption

- Check whether the data on phone can be accessed without **password or PIN**

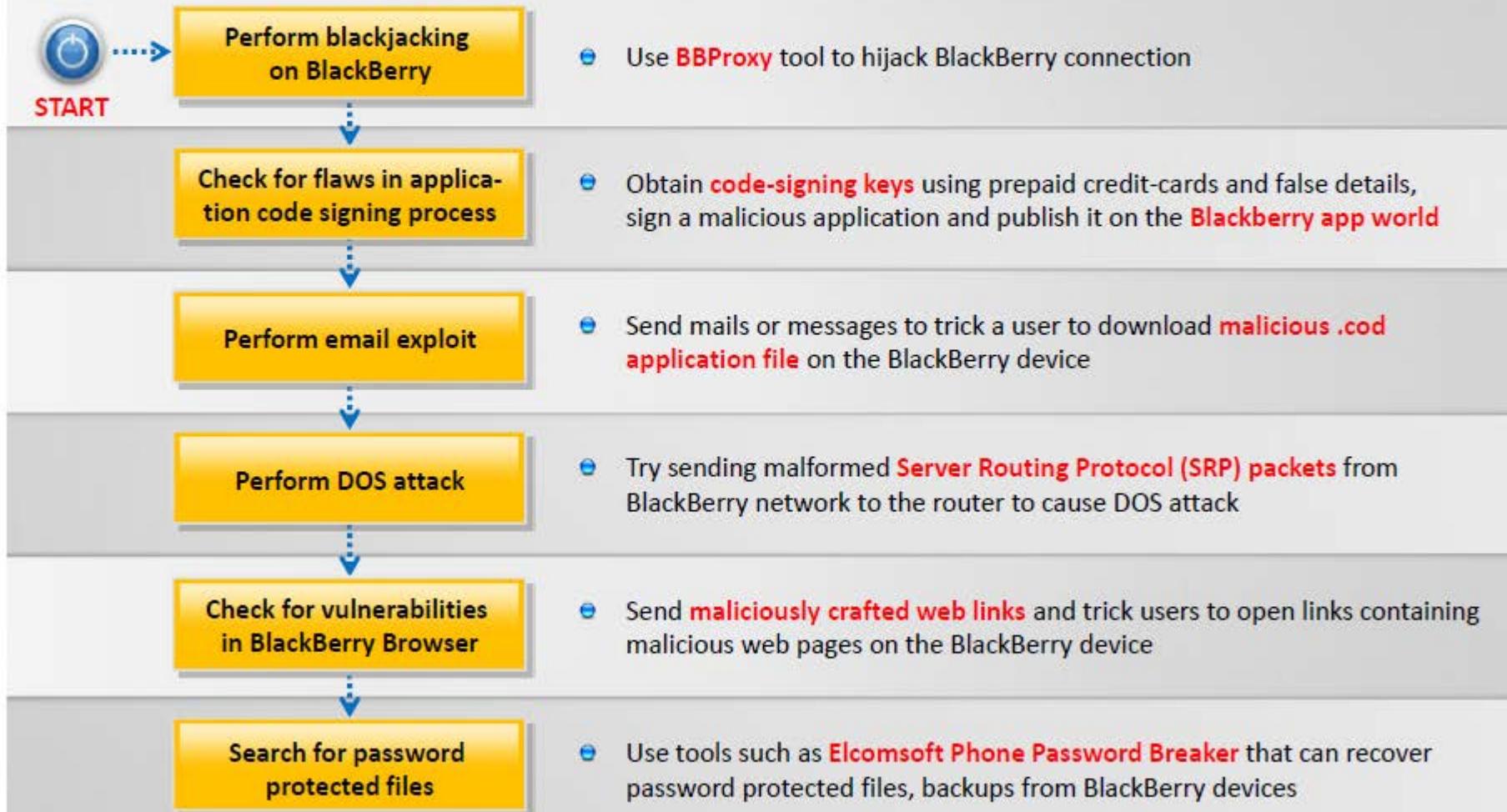
Check for vulnerability in Windows phone Internet Explorer

- Check whether the **flaw in CSS function** in Internet Explorer allows attackers to gain full access over the phone through **remote code execution**



# BlackBerry Pen Testing

CEH  
Certified Ethical Hacker



# Mobile Pen Testing Toolkit: zANTI



1

zANTI is a comprehensive **network diagnostics toolkit** that enables complex audits and penetration tests

2

It provides **cloud-based reporting** that walks you through simple guidelines to ensure network safety

3

It offers a comprehensive range of fully customizable scans to **reveal everything** from authentication, backdoor and brute-force attempts to database, DNS and protocol-specific attacks – including rogue access points

4

It produces an **Automated Network Map** that shows any vulnerabilities of a given target



<https://www.zimperium.com>

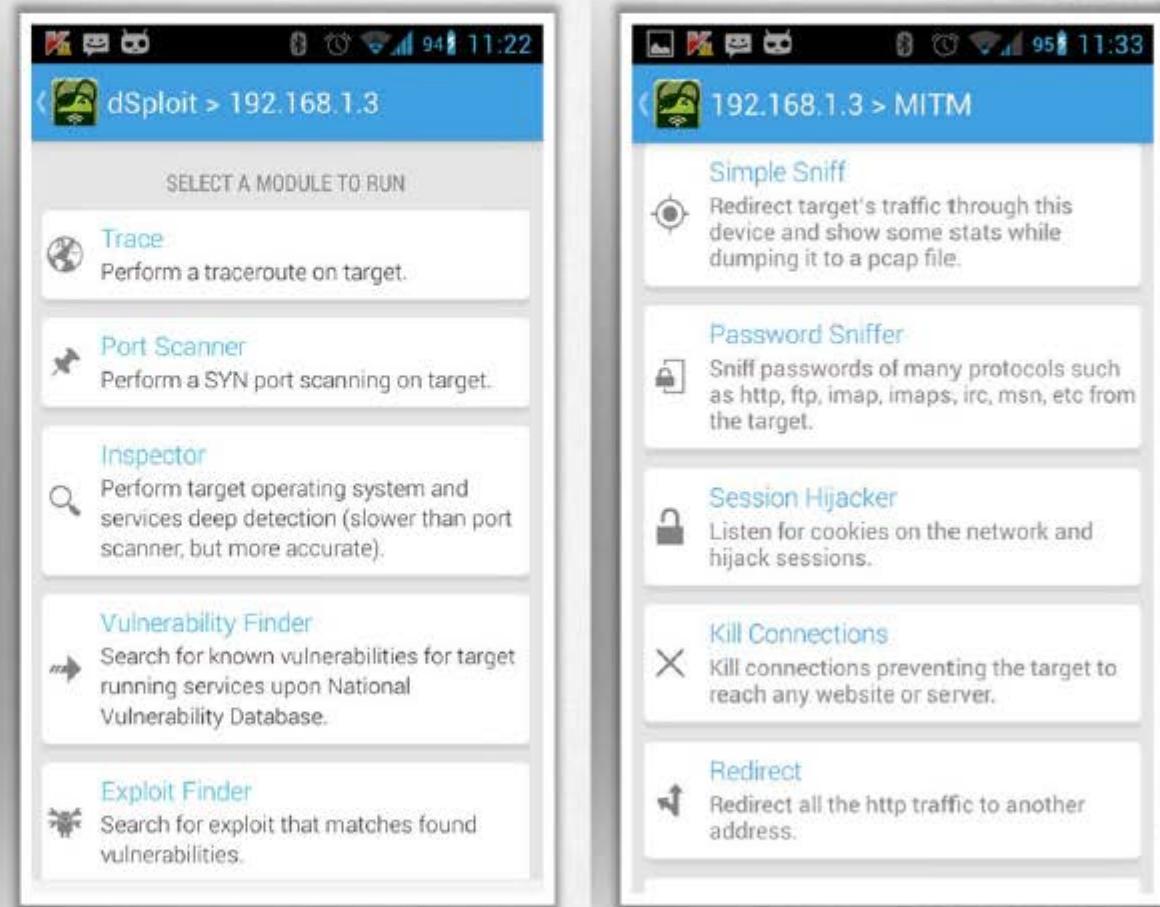
# Mobile Pen Testing Toolkit: dSploit

C|EH  
Certified Ethical Hacker

- dSploit is an Android network analysis and penetration suite which aims to offer to IT security experts/geeks the most complete and advanced professional toolkit to **perform network security assessments on a mobile device**

## ■ Features

- Wi-Fi scanning and common router key cracking
- Deep inspection
- Vulnerability search
- MITM multi protocol password sniffing
- MITM HTTP/HTTPS session hijacking



<http://dsplolt.net>

# Mobile Pen Testing Toolkit: Hackode (The Hacker's Toolbox)



Hackode: The hacker's Toolbox is an application for **penetration tester, Ethical hackers, IT administrator and Cyber security professional** to perform different tasks like reconnaissance, scanning for exploits etc.



Google Hacking and Google Dorks



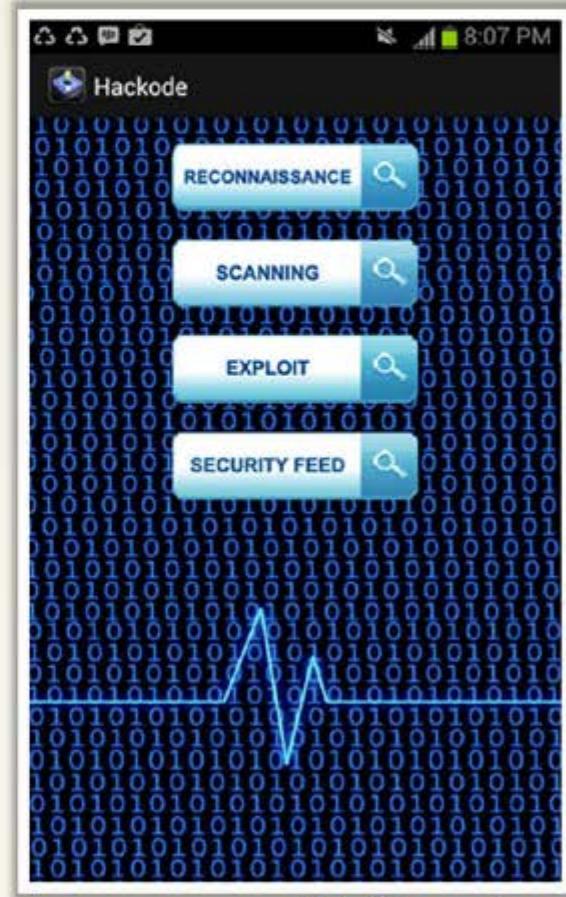
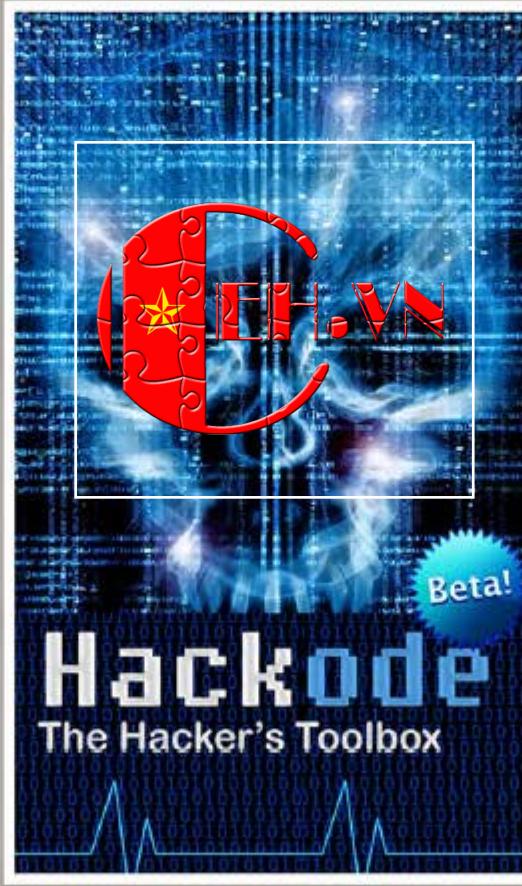
Whois, Ping, and Traceroute



DNS lookup, MX Records, DNS Dig



Exploits and Security Rss Feed



<https://play.google.com>

# Module Summary



- ❑ Focus of attackers and malware writers has shifted to mobile devices due to the increased adoption of mobile devices for business and personal purposes and comparatively lesser security controls
- ❑ Sandboxing helps protect systems and users by limiting the resources the app can access in the mobile platform
- ❑ Android is a software stack developed by Google for mobile devices that includes an operating system, middleware, and key applications
- ❑ Rooting allows Android users to attain privileged control (known as "root access") within Android's subsystem
- ❑ Jailbreaking provides root access to the operating system and permits download of third-party applications, themes, extensions on an iOS devices
- ❑ Attacker can obtain code-signing keys anonymously using prepaid credit-cards and false details, sign a malicious application, and publish it on the Blackberry app world
- ❑ Mobile Device Management (MDM) provides a platform for over-the-air or wired distribution of applications, data, and configuration settings for all types of mobile devices, including mobile phones, smartphones, tablet computers, etc.