
- in 6-side die, each side will have another 6 options after one roll, if we do a branch of tree as one possible case, for each parent there are 5 children, you will go through 6^(depth) steps to reach the ideal path in the worst case
- in Prolog we use "," for AND operator, there's no OR operator, but in prolog if one assumption fails, we can go to another line to see if that gets satisfied
- I think the less we provide, the more prolog will guess for us so we will have more answers