

## Don't write $f(n) = O(g(n))$

The notation  $O(g(n))$  denotes a set of functions. Therefore, we write

$$f(n) \text{ is in } O(g(n)) \quad \text{or} \quad f(n) \in O(g(n)).$$

But some books and research articles use the notation

$$f(n) = O(g(n))$$

Don't ever do that! And, if you see a book or website using that notation, stop using to that book or website.

Using equality = instead of membership  $\in$  can lead to proving things that are false. Here's an example.

We know that  $n+2 \in O(n)$  and  $n+3 \in O(n)$ . Let's write these as equalities instead:

$$(1) \quad n+2 = O(n)$$

$$(2) \quad n+3 = O(n)$$

But transitivity of equality then allows us to conclude that

$$\begin{aligned} n+2 &= n+3 \quad \text{and} \\ 2 &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Obviously these are false, but we proved them from equalities (1) and (2).

Therefore, never write:  $f(n) = O(g(n))$ .