NR Adjustment Formulas

OR nonresidents are allowed a partial deduction for adjustments taken on the federal return.

(1) The deduction for the alimony paid, student loan interest paid (limited to amount on Federal return), HSA contributions made is based on the ratio (or percentage) of OR source income to total federal income <u>before adjustments</u>, additions, subtractions, and deductions:

Oregon source income while an NR
Total income while an NR

The result should be carried to <u>3 decimal places</u>. Multiply the amount of alimony paid, student loan interest paid, or HSA contributions made while the TP was a nonresident by that decimal to calculate the NR adjustment. For example:

Oregon source income while an NR

Total income while an NR X Alimony paid while a NR = NR alimony paid deduction

The student loan interest paid, HSA contributions and alimony paid adjustments follow the same pattern.

(2) The IRA contribution deduction formula only uses compensation in calculating the adjustment:

Oregon source compensation* i while an NR IRA contributions

Total compensation* while an NR X made while a NR = NR IRA deduction

*Federal definition of Compensation for IRA Contribution includes alimony

(3) The self-employment tax paid deduction formula is:

S/E earnings taxed by OR

Total taxable S/E earnings X Federal S/E tax adjustment = NR self-employment tax deduction

For the S/E tax paid adjustment, figure how much of the net self-employment income is attributable to Oregon business activity. This is the numerator. The net self-employment income from the 1040 is the denominator.

If TP **only did business in OR**, the numerator and the denominator will be the same and the deduction will be 100% of the federal S/E tax adjustment. If the TP **didn't do any business in OR**, then the numerator will be \$-0-, and there will be no SE tax adjustment in the OR column.