CHM2046 Formulas

Constants

 $\begin{array}{l} {\rm Planck's\ Constant:}\ h = 6.626\,069\times 10^{-34}\ {\rm m^2\cdot kg/s}\\ {\rm Coulomb's\ Constant:}\ k_e = 8.987\,551\times 10^9\ {\rm N\cdot m^2/s^2}\\ {\rm Gas\ Constant}\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} R = 0.082\,057\ {\rm L\cdot atm\cdot mol^{-1}\cdot K^{-1}}\\ R = 8.314\,462\ {\rm J\cdot K^{-1}\cdot mol^{-1}} \end{array} \right.\\ {\rm Faraday's\ Constant:}\ \mathscr{F} = 96\,485\ {\rm C\cdot mol^{-1}}\\ K_w = 1.00\times 10^{-14}\ {\rm at\ 25^{\circ}C} \end{array}$

 $K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14}$ at 25°C pH + pOH = 14.00 at 25°C $RT/\mathscr{F} = 0.025693$ at 25°C

General

Coulomb's Law:

 $F_e = k_e \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{r^2}$

Kinetic Energy:

 $E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$

Quadratic Formula:

 $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

Conversions:

$$1 \text{ V} = 1 \text{ J/C}$$
 & $1 \text{ A} = 1 \text{ C/s}$

Thermodynamics

Heat Transfer:

$$q = mc\Delta T$$

Enthalpy of Reaction:

$$\Delta H_{rxn}^{\circ} = \sum n\Delta H_f^{\circ}(\text{products}) - \sum n\Delta H_f^{\circ}(\text{reactants})$$

Gibbs Free Energy:

$$\Delta G^{\circ} = \Delta H^{\circ} - T \Delta S^{\circ}$$

$$\Delta G_{rxn}^{\circ} = \sum \Delta G_f^{\circ}(\text{products}) - \sum \Delta G_f^{\circ}(\text{reactants})$$

Clausius-Clapeyron Relation:

$$\ln\left(\frac{P_1}{P_2}\right) = \frac{\Delta H_{vap}}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_2} - \frac{1}{T_1}\right)$$

Equilibria

Definition of pH, pOH, & pKa:

$$pH = -\log[H_3O^+]$$

$$pOH = -\log[OH^-]$$

$$pK_a = -\log K_a$$

 ΔG at equilibrium:

$$\Delta G = \Delta G^{\circ} + RT \ln Q$$

Electrochemistry

Cell Voltage:

$$E_{cell}^{\circ} = E_{cathode}^{\circ} - E_{anode}^{\circ}$$

Nernst Equation:

$$E_{cell} = E_{cell}^{\circ} - \frac{RT}{n\mathscr{F}} \ln Q$$

$$E_{cell} = E_{cell}^{\circ} - \frac{0.059\,160}{n} \log Q \quad \text{at } 25^{\circ}\text{C}$$

Relationship between K, ΔG , and E_{cell}°

$$\Delta G^{\circ} = -R T \ln K$$

$$E_{cell}^{\circ} = \frac{RT}{n\mathscr{F}} \ln K$$

$$\Delta G = -n\mathscr{F} E_{cell}^{\circ}$$