Validation of the Scottish Social Care Survey

using Data from Renfrewshire Council

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Background

- Validation to inform main thesis project
- Social Care Survey (SCS) newly available for data linkage
- Cross-sectional
- Continuous data from Renfrewshire council



- What percentage of the total number of individuals receiving care in each financial year is captured by SCS?
- Are there demographic differences in those that are/are not captured by the census?
- Are there differences in the intensity and duration of care received by those that are/are not captured by the census?
- For those individuals that are captured by the census, is the amount of care they receive in the census week representative of the care received throughout the year?



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Methods

- Summarise data into packages of care.
- Descriptive stats
- Time series
- Interim results



Descriptives (1)

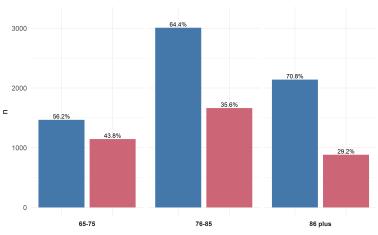
Table 1: Number of records at each stage of data cleaning

Data Cleaning stage	Number of records
Initial home care file	106,111
Including over 65s only	92,723
Summarised to packages of care	41,002 ¹
Packages of non-zero hours of care	28,775

¹ Total number of individuals = 10,310

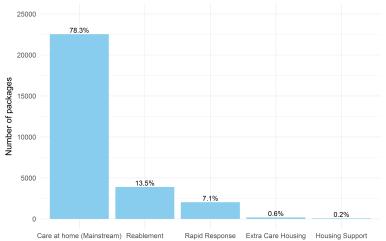


Descriptives (2)



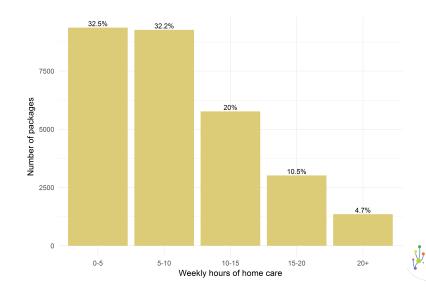


Descriptives (3)

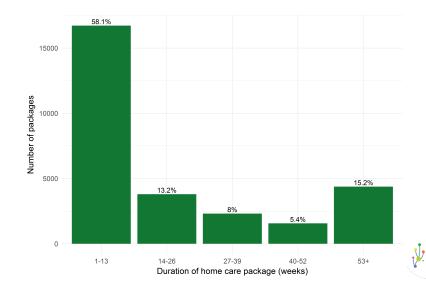




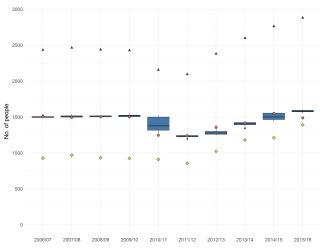
Descriptives (4)



Descriptives (5)



Number of individuals captured by the census







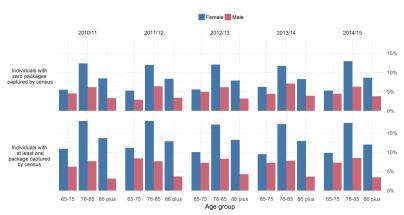
Percentage of individuals captured by the census

Table 2: Count of individuals with packages captured by census

Financial Year	Individuals with zero packages captured by census (n)	Individuals with at least one package captured by census (n)
2010/11	864 (40.3%)	1279 (59.7%)
2011/12	797 (38.2%)	1289 (61.8%)
2012/13	945 (39.8%)	1430 (60.2%)
2013/14	1080 (41.7%)	1513 (58.3%)
2014/15	1138 (41.4%)	1614 (58.6%)

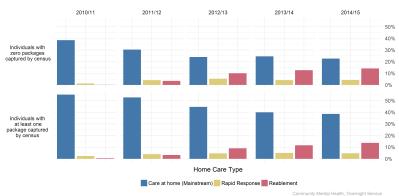


Demographic differences in individuals captured by census





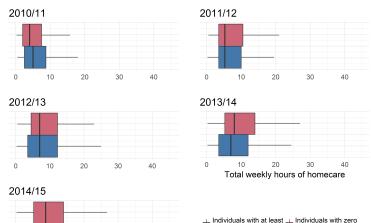
Differences in package type captured by the census



Community Mental Health, Overnight Service Extra Care Housing & Housing Support packages removed due to low numbers



Differences in intensity of packages for individuals captured by the census



one package captured

by census

packages captured

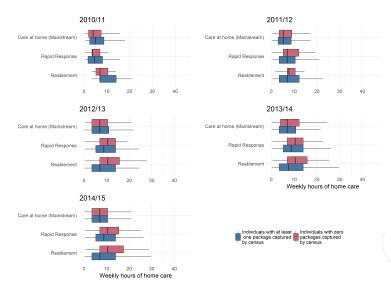
by census



30

40

Differences in intensity of packages for individuals captured by the census, by care type



Ω

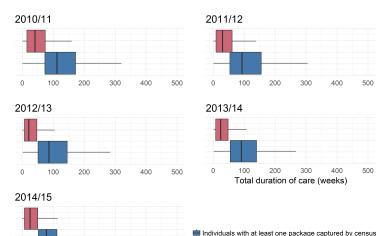
100

200

Total duration of care (weeks)

300

Differences in duration of packages for individuals captured by the census



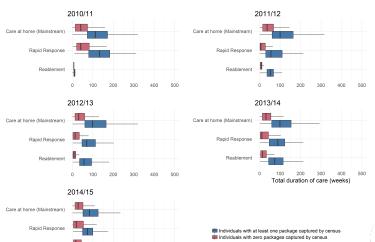
500

Individuals with zero packages captured by census



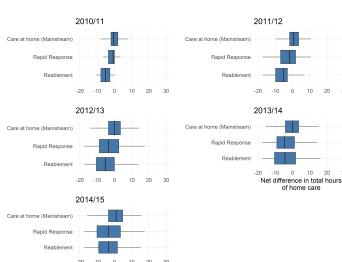
Differences in duration of packages for individuals captured by the census, by care type

Total duration of care (weeks)





Variation in amount of care received by indiviudals captured by the census



of home care



30

Limitations

- Data from one council area only
- Methods of summarising may be different from those calculated by Renfrewshire
- Did not account for SEP
- No longitudinal analysis



- SCS captured approximately 60% of all individuals receiving home care 2010-2015
- Increase in reablement type care over time not captured by older versions of SCS
- No major demographic differences between those in/not in the census
- Individuals that are not identified by the census have marginally higher intensities of care and much shorter total duration of care.
- This is seen more obviously in non-"Mainstream" type packages



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- ...but it is cross-sectional
- Individuals not in the census are short-term care users
- The weekly hours of home care reported in the census is a fairly accurate representation of care throughout the year



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