

# RG255C Series&RM255C-GL AT Commands Manual

## 5G Module Series

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## Revision History

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# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Scope of the Document

This document presents the AT command set supported by Quectel 5G RG255C series and RM255C-GL modules.

## 1.2 Definitions

- **<CR>** Carriage return character.
- **<LF>** Line feed character.
- **<...>** Parameter name. Angle brackets do not appear on the command line.
- **[...]** Optional parameter of a command or an optional part of TA information response. Square brackets do not appear on the command line. When an optional parameter is not given in a command, the new value equals its previous value or the default settings, unless otherwise specified.
- **Underline** Default setting of a parameter.

## 1.3 AT Command Syntax

All command lines must start with **AT** or **at** and end with **<CR>**. Information responses and result codes always start and end with a carriage return character and a line feed character: **<CR><LF><response><CR><LF>**. In tables presenting commands and responses throughout this document, only the commands and responses are presented, and **<CR>** and **<LF>** are deliberately omitted.

AT commands implemented by Quectel 5G modules can be separated into three categories syntactically: “Basic”, “S Parameter” and “Extended”, as listed below:

- **Basic**

Basic command format is **AT<x><n>**, or **AT&<x><n>**, where **<x>** is the command, and **<n>** is/are the argument(s) of the command. For example, **ATE<n>** tells the DCE (Data Circuit-terminating Equipment)

whether received characters should be echoed back to the DTE (Data Terminal Equipment) according to the value of **<n>**. **<n>** is optional and a default will be used if it is omitted.

#### ● S Parameter

S Parameter command format is **ATS<n>=<m>**, where **<n>** is the index of the **S** register to be set, and **<m>** is the value to be assigned to it.

#### ● Extended Command

There are several types of extended commands as shown in the following table.

**Table 1: Type of AT Commands**

Command Type	Syntax	Description
Test Command	<b>AT+&lt;cmd&gt;=?</b>	Test the existence of the corresponding command and return information about the type, value, or range of its parameter.
Read Command	<b>AT+&lt;cmd&gt;?</b>	Check the current parameter value of the corresponding command.
Write Command	<b>AT+&lt;cmd&gt;=&lt;p1&gt;[,&lt;p2&gt;[,&lt;p3&gt;[...]]]</b>	Set user-definable parameter value.
Execution Command	<b>AT+&lt;cmd&gt;</b>	Return a specific information parameter or perform a specific action.

Multiple commands can be placed on a single line using a semi-colon (;) between commands. In such cases, only the first command should have **AT** prefix. Commands can be in upper or lower case.

Spaces should be ignored when you enter AT commands, except in the following cases:

- Within quoted strings, where they are preserved;
- Within an unquoted string or numeric parameter;
- Within an IP address;
- Within the AT command name up to and including a **=**, **?** or **=?**.

On input, at least a carriage return is required. A newline character is ignored so it is permissible to use carriage return/line feed pairs on the input.

If no command is entered after the **AT** token, **OK** will be returned. If an invalid command is entered, **ERROR** will be returned.

Optional parameters, unless explicitly stated, need to be provided up to the last entered parameter.

## 1.4 AT Command Responses

When the AT command processor has finished processing a line, it will output **OK**, **ERROR**, **+CME ERROR: <err>** or **+CMS ERROR: <err>** to indicate that it is ready to accept a new command. Solicited information responses are sent before the final **OK**, **ERROR** or **+CME ERROR: <err>** or **+CMS ERROR: <err>**.

Responses will be in the format of:

```
<CR><LF>+CMD1:<parameters><CR><LF>  
<CR><LF>OK<CR><LF>
```

Or

```
<CR><LF><parameters><CR><LF>  
<CR><LF>OK<CR><LF>
```

## 1.5 Declaration of AT Command Examples

The AT command examples in this document are provided to help you learn about the use of the AT commands introduced herein. The examples, however, should not be taken as Quectel's recommendations or suggestions about how to design a program flow or what status to set the module into. Sometimes multiple examples may be provided for one AT command. However, this does not mean that there is a correlation among these examples, or that they should be executed in a given sequence.

## 1.6 Supported Character Sets

The AT command interface of Quectel 5G modules default to the **GSM** character set. Quectel 5G modules support the following character sets:

- GSM format
- UCS2
- IRA

The character set can be configured and interrogated by using the **AT+CSCS (3GPP TS 27.007)** and it is defined in 3GPP TS 27.005. The character set affects transmission and reception of SMS and SMS Cell Broadcast Messages, as well as the entry and display of phone book entries text field.

## 1.7 AT Command Port

The main UART port and two USB ports (USB modem port and USB AT port) support AT command communication and data transfer.

## 1.8 Unsolicited Result Code

Unsolicited Result Code (URC) is not issued as a part of the response related to an executed AT command, but as a report message issued by the modules without being requested by the TE. It is issued automatically when a certain event occurs. Typical events leading to URCs are incoming calls (**RING**), received short messages, high/low voltage alarm, high/low temperature alarm, etc.

## 1.9 Module Turn-off Procedure

It is recommended to execute **AT+QPOWD** to turn off the module, since it is the safest and best method through which the powering off is realized by letting the module log off from the network and allowing the software to enter a secure and safe data state before disconnecting the power supply.

After sending **AT+QPOWD**, please do not enter any other AT commands. When the command is executed successfully, the module will output message **POWERED DOWN** and then enter the power down mode. In order to avoid data loss, it is suggested to wait for 1 s to disconnect the power supply after the URC **POWERED DOWN** is outputted. If **POWERED DOWN** cannot be received within 65 s, the power supply shall be disconnected compulsorily.

## 1.10 Special Mark

**Table 2: Special Mark**

Mark	Definition
*	Unless otherwise specified, when an asterisk (*) is used after a function, feature, interface, pin name, AT command, or argument, it indicates that the function, feature, interface, pin, AT command, or argument is under development and currently not supported; and the asterisk (*) after a model indicates that the sample of such a model is currently unavailable.

# 2 General Commands

## 2.1 ATI Display MT Identification Information

This Execution Command delivers the MT identification information text.

ATI Display MT Identification Information	
Execution Command ATI	Response Quectel <objectID> Revision: <revision>  OK
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

<objectID>	String type. Identifier of device type.
<revision>	String type. Identification text of MT firmware version.

### Example

```
ATI
Quectel
RG255C-CN
Revision: RG255CCN00AAR01A01M4G
OK
```

## 2.2 AT+GMI Request Manufacturer Identification

This Execution Command returns the manufacturer identification text. It is identical with **AT+CGMI** in *Chapter 2.5*.

AT+GMI Request Manufacturer Identification	
Test Command <b>AT+GMI=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+GMI</b>	Response <b>Quectel</b>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

## 2.3 AT+GMM Request MT Model Identification

This command returns the MT model identification text. It is identical with **AT+CGMM** in *Chapter 2.6*.

AT+GMM Request MT Model Identification	
Test Command <b>AT+GMM=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+GMM</b>	Response <b>&lt;objectID&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;objectID&gt;</b>	String type. Identifier of device type.
-------------------------	-----------------------------------------



## 2.4 AT+GMR Request MT Firmware Revision Identification

This Execution Command delivers the identification text of MT firmware version. It is identical with **AT+CGMR** in *Chapter 2.7*.

AT+GMR Request MT Firmware Revision Identification	
Test Command <b>AT+GMR=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+GMR</b>	Response <b>&lt;revision&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;revision&gt;</b>	String type. Identification text of MT firmware version, including line terminators, which should not exceed 2048 characters in the information text.
-------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### Example

```

AT+GMR
RG255CCN00AAR01A01M4G

OK
```

## 2.5 AT+CGMI Request Manufacturer Identification

This command returns the manufacturer identification text. It is identical with the above **AT+GMI**.

AT+CGMI Request Manufacturer Identification	
Test Command <b>AT+CGMI=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CGMI</b>	Response <b>Quectel</b>

	<b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## 2.6 AT+CGMM Request MT Model Identification

This command returns the model information of the product. It is identical with the above **AT+GMM**.

<b>AT+CGMM Request MT Model Identification</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CGMM=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CGMM</b>	Response <objectID>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<objectID>	String type. Identifier of device type.
------------	-----------------------------------------

## 2.7 AT+CGMR Request MT Firmware Revision Identification

This Execution Command delivers the identification text of MT firmware version. It is identical with the above **AT+GMR**.

<b>AT+CGMR Request MT Firmware Revision Identification</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CGMR=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command	Response

AT+CGMR	<revision>
	OK
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<revision>	String type. Revision of software release, including line terminators, which should not exceed 2048 characters in the information text.
------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 2.8 AT&F Reset AT Command Settings to Factory Settings

This command resets AT command settings to the default values specified by the manufacturer (See **Chapter 13.2**).

AT&F Reset AT Command Settings to Factory Settings	
Execution Command AT&F[<value>]	Response OK
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
V.25ter	

### Parameter

<value>	Integer type.
0	Reset all AT command settings to factory setting.

## 2.9 AT&V Display Current Configurations

This command displays the current configurations of some AT command parameters (See **Table 3**), even including the single-letter AT command parameters which are not readable.

AT&V Display Current Configurations	
Execution Command <b>AT&amp;V</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

**Table 3: AT&V Response**

AT&V
&C: 1
&D: 2
&F: 0
E: 1
Q: 0
V: 1
X: 4
Z: 0
S0: 0
S3: 13
S4: 10
S5: 8
S6: 2
S7: 0
S8: 2
S10: 15
OK

## 2.10 ATZ Restore All AT Command Settings from User-defined Profile\*

This command first resets the AT command settings to their manufacturer defaults, which is similar to **AT&F**. Afterwards the AT command settings are restored from the user-defined profile in the non-volatile memory, if they have been stored with **AT&W** before (See **Chapter 13.4**).

Any additional AT command on the same command line may be ignored.

### ATZ Restore All AT Command Settings From User-defined Profile

Execution Command <b>ATZ[&lt;value&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;value&gt;</b>	Integer type. <u>0</u> Reset to profile number 0.
----------------------	------------------------------------------------------

## 2.11 ATQ Set Result Code Presentation Mode

This command controls whether the result code is transmitted to the TE. Other information text transmitted as response is not affected.

### ATQ Set Result Code Presentation Mode

Execution Command <b>ATQ&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response If <n>=0: <b>OK</b>  If <n>=1: (none)
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether the result code is transmitted to the TE. <u>0</u> Result codes are transmitted 1      Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted
------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 2.12 ATV MT Response Format

This command determines the contents of header and trailer transmitted with AT command result codes and information responses.

The numeric equivalents and brief descriptions of results code are listed in the following **Table 4**.

ATV MT Response Format	
Execution Command <b>ATV&lt;value&gt;</b>	Response When <value>=0 <b>0</b>  When <value>=1 <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

<value>	Integer type.
0	Information response: <text><CR><LF> Short result code format: <numeric code><CR>
1	Information response: <CR><LF><text><CR><LF> Long result code format: <CR><LF><verbose code><CR><LF>

### Example

<b>ATV1</b>	//Set <value>=1.
<b>OK</b>	
<b>AT+QCSQ</b>	
<b>+QCSQ: "LTE",-34,-83,1,-3</b>	
<b>OK</b>	//When <value>=1, the result code is <b>OK</b> .
<b>ATV0</b>	//Set <value>=0.
<b>0</b>	
<b>AT+QCSQ</b>	
<b>+QCSQ: "LTE",-76,-140,-14,-20</b>	
<b>0</b>	//When <value>=0, the result code is <b>0</b> .

Table 4: The Numeric Equivalents and Brief Description of ATV0&amp;ATV1 Result Codes

ATV1	ATV0	Description
OK	0	Acknowledges execution of a command.
CONNECT	1	A connection has been established. The DCE is switching from command mode to data mode.
RING	2	The DCE has detected an incoming call signal from network.
NO CARRIER	3	The connection has been terminated or the attempt to establish a connection failed.
ERROR	4	Command not recognized, caused by command line maximum length exceeded, parameter value invalid, or other problem with processing the command line.
NO DIALTONE	6	No dial tone detected.
BUSY	7	Engaged (busy) signal detected.
NO ANSWER	8	@ (Wait for Quiet Answer) dialing modifier was used, but remote ringing followed by five seconds of silence was not detected before expiration of the connection timer (S7).

### 2.13 AT&W Store Current Settings to User-defined Profile\*

This command stores the current AT command settings to a user-defined profile in non-volatile memory (See **Chapter 13.3**). The AT command settings are automatically restored from the user-defined profile during power-up or if **ATZ** is executed.

AT&W Store Current Settings to User-defined Profile	
Execution Command	Response
AT&W[<n>]	OK
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
V.25ter	

#### Parameter

<n>	Integer type.
<u>0</u>	Profile number to store current AT command settings.

**NOTE**

Executing **AT&W[<n>]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## 2.14 ATE Set Command Echo Mode

This command controls whether TA echoes characters received from TE or not during AT command mode.

ATE Set Command Echo Mode	
Execution Command <b>ATE&lt;value&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;value&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether to echo the characters received from TE.
0	OFF
1	ON

## 2.15 A/ Repeat Previous Command Line

This command repeats previous AT command line, and "/" acts as the line termination character.

A/ Repeat Previous Command Line	
Execution Command <b>A/</b>	Response Repeat the previous command
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	



## Example

```

ATI                                     //Deliver the MT identification information text.
Quectel
RG255C-CN
Revision: RG255CCN00AAR01A01M4G

OK
A/                                     //Repeat the previous command.
Quectel
RG255C-CN
Revision: RG255CCN00AAR01A01M4G

OK

```

## 2.16 ATS3 Set Command Line Termination Character

This command determines the character recognized by TA to terminate an incoming command line. It is also generated for result codes and information text, along with character value set via **ATS4**.

ATS3 Set Command Line Termination Character	
Read Command <b>ATS3?</b>	Response <n>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>ATS3=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

## Parameter

<n>	Integer type. Command line termination character. Range: 0–127. Default value: 13.
-----	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 2.17 ATS4 Set Response Formatting Character

This command determines the character generated by TA for result code and information text, along with the command line termination character set via **ATS3**.

ATS4 Set Response Formatting Character	
Read Command <b>ATS4?</b>	Response <n>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>ATS4=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

<n>	Integer type. Response formatting character. Range: 0–127. Default value: 10.
-----	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 2.18 ATS5 Set Command Line Editing Character

This command determines the value of editing character used by TA to delete the immediately preceding character from the AT command line (i.e. equates to backspace key).

ATS5 Set Command Line Editing Character	
Read Command <b>ATS5?</b>	Response <n>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>ATS5=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

## Parameter

**<n>** Integer type. Response editing character. Range: 0–127. Default value: 8.

## 2.19 ATX Set CONNECT Result Code Format and Monitor Call Progress

This command determines whether TA transmits particular result codes to TE. It also controls whether TA detects the presence of a dial tone when it begins dialing and the engaged tone (busy signal).

### ATX Set CONNECT Result Code Format and Monitor Call Progress

Execution Command <b>ATX&lt;value&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

## Parameter

**<value>** Integer type.

- 0 Only **CONNECT** is returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled.
- 1 Only **CONNECT<text>** is returned, dial tone and busy detection are both disabled.
- 2 **CONNECT<text>** is returned, dial tone detection is enabled, and busy detection is disabled.
- 3 **CONNECT<text>** is returned, dial tone detection is disabled, and busy detection is enabled.
- 4 **CONNECT<text>** is returned, and dial tone and busy detection are both enabled.

## 2.20 AT+CFUN Set UE Functionality

This command controls the functionality level. It can also be used for resetting the UE.

### AT+CFUN Set UE Functionality

Test Command <b>AT+CFUN=?</b>	Response <b>+CFUN: (list of supported &lt;fun&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;rst&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
----------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Read Command <b>AT+CFUN?</b>	Response <b>+CFUN: &lt;fun&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CFUN=&lt;fun&gt;[,&lt;rst&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	15 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;fun&gt;</b>	Integer type. Functionality level. 0 Minimum functionality 1 Full functionality 4 Disable both transmitting and receiving RF signals
<b>&lt;rst&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether to reset UE. 0 Do not reset the UE before setting it to <b>&lt;fun&gt;</b> power level. 1 Reset UE. The device is fully functional after the reset. This value is available only for <b>&lt;fun&gt;=1</b> .
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### NOTE

When the module searches for or registers the network, data may be written to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory) if you execute **AT+CFUN=1**. Please operate with caution.

## Example

```

AT+CFUN=0           //Switch UE to minimum functionality.
OK
AT+COPS?            //Read command.
+COPS: 0            //No operator is registered.

OK
AT+CPIN?

```

```

+CME ERROR: 13                //(U)SIM failure
AT+CFUN=1                    //Switch UE to full functionality.
OK

+CPIN: READY

+QUSIM: 1

+QIND: PB DONE

+QIND: SMS DONE
AT+CPIN?                    //Read command.
+CPIN: READY

OK
AT+COPS?                    //Read command.
+COPS: 0,0,"CHINA MOBILE CMCC",7 //Operator is registered.

OK

```

## 2.21 AT+CMEE Error Message Format

This command disables or enables the use of final result code **+CME ERROR: <err>** as the indication of an error. When enabled, errors cause **+CME ERROR: <err>** final result code instead of **ERROR**.

AT+CMEE Error Message Format	
Test Command <b>AT+CMEE=?</b>	Response <b>+CMEE:</b> (range of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CMEE?</b>	Response <b>+CMEE:</b> <n>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CMEE=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether to enable result code.
0	Disable result code and use <b>ERROR</b> instead.
1	Enable result code and use numeric values.
2	Enable result code and use verbose values.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```

AT+CMEE=0                                //Disable result code.
OK
AT+CPIN?                                  //Read command.
ERROR                                     //Only ERROR is displayed.
AT+CMEE=1                                //Enable error result code with numeric values.
OK
AT+CPIN?                                  //Read command.
+CME ERROR: 10
AT+CMEE=2                                //Enable error result code with verbose (string) values.
OK
AT+CPIN?                                  //Read command.
+CME ERROR: SIM not inserted

```

## 2.22 AT+CSCS Select TE Character Set

This Write Command informs the MT which character set is used by the TE. This enables the MT to convert character strings correctly between TE and MT character sets.

AT+CSCS Select TE Character Set	
Test Command <b>AT+CSCS=?</b>	Response <b>+CSCS: (list of supported &lt;chset&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSCS?</b>	Response <b>+CSCS: &lt;chset&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSCS=&lt;chset&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>

Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;chset&gt;</b>	String type. Character set.
"GSM"	GSM default alphabet
"IRA"	International reference alphabet
"UCS2"	UCS2 alphabet

## Example

```

AT+CSCS?                                     //Query the current character set.
+CSCS: "GSM"                                 //The character set is GSM.

OK
AT+CSCS="UCS2"                               //Set the character set to "UCS2".
OK
AT+CSCS?                                     //Query the current character set.
+CSCS: "UCS2"                                 //The character set is UCS2 after the configuration.

OK

```

## 2.23 AT+QURCCFG Configure URC Indication Option

This command configures the output port of URC.

AT+QURCCFG Configure URC Indication Option	
Test Command <b>AT+QURCCFG=?</b>	Response <b>+QURCCFG: "urcport",</b> (list of supported <URC_port_value>s)  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QURCCFG="urcport",&lt;URC_port_value&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current configuration: <b>+QURCCFG: "urcport",&lt;URC_port_value&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>

	<p>If the optional parameter is specified, configure the output port of URC:</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p><b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	<p>The command takes effect immediately.</p> <p>The configuration is saved automatically.</p>

## Parameter

<URC_port_value>	String type. URC output port.
"usbat"	USB AT port
"uart1"	Main UART
"all"	All ports

### NOTE

Executing **AT+QURCCFG="urcport",<URC\_port\_value>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```

AT+QURCCFG=?
+QURCCFG: "urcport",("usbat","uart1","all")

OK
AT+QURCCFG="urcport"           //Query the current configuration of URC output port.
+QURCCFG: "urcport","usbat"

OK
AT+QURCCFG="urcport","uart1"   //Configure the URC output port to main UART port.
OK
AT+QURCCFG="urcport"
+QURCCFG: "urcport","uart1"

OK

```



# 3 Status Control Commands

## 3.1 AT+CPAS Mobile Equipment Activity Status

This command queries the activity status of the ME.

AT+CPAS Mobile Equipment Activity Status	
Test Command <b>AT+CPAS=?</b>	Response <b>+CPAS:</b> (list of supported <pas>s)  <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CPAS</b>	Response TA returns the activity status of ME: <b>+CPAS:</b> <pas>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<pas>	Integer type. ME activity status. 0 Ready 3 Ringing 4 Call in progress or call hold
<err>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### Example

```

AT+CPAS //Execution command.
+CPAS: 0 //ME is ready.

OK
RING
AT+CLCC //Execution command.
+CLCC: 1,1,4,0,0,"15695519173",161

OK
AT+CPAS //Execution command.
+CPAS: 3 //MT is ringing.

OK
AT+CLCC //Execution command.
+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10010",129

OK
AT+CPAS //Execution command.
+CPAS: 4 //Call in progress.

OK

```

## 3.2 AT+QCFG Extended Configuration Settings

This command queries and configures various settings of UE.

### AT+QCFG Extended Configuration Settings

Test Command	Response
<b>AT+QCFG=?</b>	<b>+QCFG: "pdp/duplicatechk",</b> (list of supported <enable>s) <b>+QCFG: "risignatype",</b> (list of supported <risignatype>s) <b>+QCFG: "data_interface",</b> (list of supported <network>s),(list of supported <diag>s) <b>+QCFG: "pcie/mode",</b> (list of supported <mode>s) <b>+QCFG: "usbnet",</b> (range of supported <net>s) <b>+QCFG: "sms_control",</b> (list of supported <submit>s),(list of supported <deliver>s) <b>+QCFG: "call_control",</b> (list of supported <disableMO>s),(list of supported <disableMT>s) ...

	OK
Maximum Response Time	300 ms

### 3.2.1. AT+QCFG="pdp/duplicatechk" Establish Multi PDNs With the Same APN

This command allows or refuses establishing multi PDNs with the same APN profile.

AT+QCFG="pdp/duplicatechk" Establish Multi PDNs With the Same APN	
Write Command <b>AT+QCFG="pdp/duplicatechk"</b> <b>[,&lt;enable&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QCFG: "pdp/duplicatechk",&lt;enable&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, allow or refuse establishing multiple PDNs with the same APN profile: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;enable&gt;</b>	Integer type. <u>0</u> Refuse to establish multi PDNs with the same APN profile 1 Allow to establish multi PDNs with the same APN profile
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

#### NOTE

Executing **AT+QCFG="pdp/duplicatechk",<enable>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### 3.2.2. AT+QCFG="risignalttype" RI Signal Output Carrier

This command specifies the RI (ring indicator) signal output carrier.

AT+QCFG="risignalttype" RI Signal Output Carrier	
Write Command <b>AT+QCFG="risignalttype"[,&lt;risignalttype&gt;]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QCFG: "risignalttype",&lt;risignalttype&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameter is specified, set the RI signal output carrier: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;risignalttype&gt;</b>	String type. RI signal output carrier.
"respective"	The ring indicator behaves on the port where URC is presented. For example, if URC is presented on UART port, it is physical ring indicator. If URC is presented on USB port, it is virtual ring indicator. If URC is presented on USB AT port which does not support ring indicator, then there is no ring indicator. <b>AT+QURCCFG="urcport"</b> can get the port on which URC is presented.
"physical"	No matter which port URC is presented on, URC only causes the behavior of physical ring indicator.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

#### NOTE

Executing **AT+QCFG="risignalttype",<risignalttype>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### 3.2.3. AT+QCFG="data\_interface" Set Network Port/Diagnostic Port Communication via PCIe/USB Interface

This command sets the network port/diagnostic port communication via USB/PCIe interface.

AT+QCFG="data_interface" Set Network Port/Diagnostic Port Communication via PCIe/USB Interface	
Write Command <b>AT+QCFG="data_interface"</b> [ ,<network>,<diag>]	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QCFG: "data_interface",&lt;network&gt;,&lt;diag&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameters are specified, set the network port/diagnostic port communication via USB/PCIe interface: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	<p>The command takes effect after the module is rebooted.</p> <p>The configurations are saved automatically.</p>

#### Parameter

<network>	<p>Integer type.</p> <p><u>0</u> Set the network port communication via USB interface.</p> <p>1 Set the network port communication via PCIe interface.</p>
<diag>	<p>Integer type.</p> <p><u>0</u> Set the diagnostic port communication via USB interface.</p>

#### NOTE

1. If the network port and diagnostic port communication is switched to PCIe through eFuse, this command is invalid, and the communication cannot be switched back to USB any longer.
2. If the network port is set to communicate via the USB interface, the PCIe interface is disabled. Therefore, if the network port is set to communicate via the USB interface, no AT port or diagnostic port communicates via the PCIe interface.
3. The PCIe switched by **AT+QCFG="data\_interface"** is only applicable when the host is installed with the ARM system, and the USB interface of the module must be connected to the host.
4. The PCIe switched through eFuse supports upgrading firmware by connecting the host via the PCIe

interface. However, the PCIe switched by **AT+QCFG="data\_interface"** does not support upgrading firmware by connecting the host via the PCIe interface, thus you need to upgrade firmware via the USB interface.

5. When the module needs to be rebooted (For example: 5 seconds after upgrading firmware via FOTA, after upgrading firmware by connecting the host, etc.), please ensure that the host and the module reboot synchronously, and the power-on time sequence keeps the same with that of the first initialization.
6. It is not recommended to execute **AT+CFUN=1,1** to restart the module with the PCIe interface, which may cause the PCIe initialization time sequence error and then resulting in PCIe interface initialization failure; it is recommended to reset the module by hardware reset.
7. If the module or the host restarts, please make sure that the initialization time sequence of the PCIe interface is correct.

### Example

```

AT+QCFG="data_interface" //Query the current configuration.
+QCFG: "data_interface",0,0

OK
AT+QCFG="data_interface",1,0 //Set the network port communication via PCIe interface, and
                             diagnostic port communication via USB interface. AT commands can
                             communicate via both the USB interface and the PCIe interface.

OK

```

#### 3.2.4. AT+QCFG="pcie/mode" Set PCIe RC/EP Mode

This command sets PCIe RC/EP mode.

AT+QCFG="pcie/mode" Set PCIe RC/EP Mode	
Write Command <b>AT+QCFG="pcie/mode"[,&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QCFG: "pcie/mode",&lt;mode&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, set PCIe RC/EP mode: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect after the module is rebooted.

The configuration is saved automatically.

**Parameter**

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. PCIe RC or EP mode.
0	PCIe EP mode.
1	PCIe RC mode.

**Example**

```
AT+QCFG="pcie/mode" //Query the current configuration.
+QCFG: "pcie/mode",0

OK
AT+QCFG="pcie/mode",1 //Set PCIe RC/EP mode to PCIe RC mode.
OK
```

**3.2.5. AT+QCFG="usbnet" Configure NIC Data Call Method**

This command configures NIC data call method in USB NIC mode.

AT+QCFG="usbnet" Configure NIC Data Call Method	
Write Command <b>AT+QCFG="usbnet"[,&lt;net&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QCFG: "usbnet",&lt;net&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, configure the NIC data call method in USB NIC mode: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	This command takes effect after the module is rebooted. The configuration is saved automatically.

**Parameter**

<b>&lt;net&gt;</b>	Integer type. NIC data call method in USB NIC mode.
--------------------	-----------------------------------------------------

<u>0</u>	RmNET
1	ECM
2	MBIM
3	RNDIS

### Example

```

AT+QCFG="usbnet"           //Query the current configuration.
+QCFG: "usbnet",0

OK
AT+QCFG="usbnet",1         //Set the NIC data call method to ECM.
OK

```

### 3.2.6. AT+QCFG="sms\_control" Enable/Disable Delivering or Submitting SMS

This command enables or disables delivering or submitting SMS.

AT+QCFG="sms_control" Enable/Disable Delivering or Submitting SMS	
Write Command <b>AT+QCFG="sms_control"[,&lt;submit&gt;,&lt;deliver&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QCFG: "sms_control",&lt;submit&gt;,&lt;deliver&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameters are specified, enable or disable delivering or submitting SMS. <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately; The configurations are saved automatically.

### Parameter

<b>&lt;submit&gt;</b>	Integer Type. Enable/disable submitting SMS.
<u>0</u>	Disable
<u>1</u>	Enable



<b>&lt;deliver&gt;</b>	Integer Type. Enable/disable delivering SMS.
0	Disable
1	Enable

#### NOTE

1. After sending SMS is disabled, **AT+CMGS/AT+CMSS** will return an error.
2. This command takes effect in both 3GPP and 3GPP2 messages.

#### Example

```

AT+QCFG="sms_control" //Query SMS control configuration.
+QCFG: "sms_control",1,1

OK
AT+QCFG="sms_control",0,1 //Disable submitting SMS.
OK
AT+CMGS="17301836745"
+CMS ERROR: 302 //The operation is not allowed.
AT+QCFG="sms_control",0,0 //Disable sending and receiving SMS.
OK

```

#### 3.2.7. AT+QCFG="call\_control" Enable/Disable Module Voice Call Feature

This command enables or disables MO and MT voice call feature of the module.

##### AT+QCFG="call\_control" Enable/Disable Module Voice Call Feature

Write Command

**AT+QCFG="call\_control"[,<disableMO>,<disableMT>]**

Response

If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current setting:

**+QCFG: "call\_control",<disableMO>,<disableMT>**

**OK**

If the optional parameter is specified, enable or disable MO and MT voice call feature of the module:

**OK**

If there is any error:

**ERROR**

Maximum Response Time

300 ms

Characteristics

The command takes effect immediately;

the configurations are saved automatically.

## Parameter

<b>&lt;disableMO&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable MO voice call feature. <u>0</u> Enable 1    Disable
<b>&lt;disableMT&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable MT voice call feature. <u>0</u> Enable 1    Disable

## Example

```

AT+QCFG=?
...
+QCFG: "call_control",(0,1),(0,1)
...

OK
AT+QCFG="call_control"
+QCFG: "call_control",0,0

OK
ATD10086;           //Make a MO voice call.
OK
ATH
OK
AT+QCFG="call_control",1,0
OK
ATD10086;           //Failed to make a MO voice call.
ERROR

```

# 4 (U)SIM Related Commands

## 4.1 AT+CIMI Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)

This command requests the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI) which is intended to permit the TE to identify the individual (U)SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or (U)SIM) that is attached to MT.

AT+CIMI Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI)	
Test Command <b>AT+CIMI=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CIMI</b>	Response TA returns <b>&lt;IMSI&gt;</b> for identifying the individual (U)SIM which is attached to the module. <b>&lt;IMSI&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;IMSI&gt;</b>	International mobile subscriber identity (string without double quotes).
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### Example

```

AT+CIMI //Query IMSI number of (U)SIM which is attached to MT.
460023210226023

OK

```

## 4.2 AT+ICCID Get ICCID

This command gets ICCID if a (U)SIM card is inserted.

AT+ICCID Query ICCID	
Test Command <b>AT+ICCID=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+ICCID</b>	Response <b>+ICCID: &lt;ICCID&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

### Parameter

<b>&lt;ICCID&gt;</b>	String without double quotes. ICCID of the (U)SIM card.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### Example

```

AT+ICCID //Query ICCID of the (U)SIM card.
+ICCID: 89148000000000000002
OK

```

## 4.3 AT+CLCK Facility Lock\*

This command locks/unlocks or interrogates an MT or a network facility **<fac>**. Password is normally needed to do such actions. When querying the status of network service (**<mode>=2**), the response line for 'not active' case (**<status>=0**) should be returned only if service is not active for any **<class>**.

AT+CLCK Facility Lock	
Test Command <b>AT+CLCK=?</b>	Response <b>+CLCK: (list of supported &lt;fac&gt;s)</b>

	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CLCK=&lt;fac&gt;,&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;password&gt;[,&lt;class&gt;]]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is not 2 and the command is set successfully: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=2</b> and the command is set successfully: <b>+CLCK: &lt;status&gt;[,&lt;class&gt;]</b> <b>[+CLCK: &lt;status&gt;[,&lt;class&gt;]]</b> <b>[...]</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	5 s
Characteristics	<p>The command takes effect immediately.</p> <p>The configurations are saved automatically.</p>
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

## Parameter

<b>&lt;fac&gt;</b>	String type.
"SC"	(U)SIM (lock (U)SIM/UICC card inserted in the currently selected card slot) (U)SIM/UICC asks password in MT power-up and when this lock command is issued).
"AO"	BAOC (Bar All Outgoing Calls) (see 3GPP TS 22.088).
"OI"	BOIC (Bar Outgoing International Calls) (see 3GPP TS 22.088).
"OX"	BOIC-exHC (Bar Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) (see 3GPP TS 22.088).
"AI"	BAIC (Bar All Incoming Calls) (see 3GPP TS 22.088).
"IR"	BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country) (see 3GPP TS 22.088).
"AB"	All barring services (see 3GPP TS 22.030) (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b> ).
"AG"	All outgoing barring services (see 3GPP TS 22.030) (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b> ).
"AC"	All incoming barring services (see 3GPP TS 22.030) (applicable only for <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b> ).
"FD"	(U)SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or (U)SIM) fixed dialing memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current

	session, PIN2 is required as <b>&lt;password&gt;</b> ).
"PF"	Lock Phone to the very first inserted (U)SIM/UICC card (also referred in the present document as PH-FSIM) (MT asks password when other (U)SIM/UICC cards are inserted).
"PN"	Network Personalization (see <i>3GPP TS 22.022</i> )
"PU"	Network Subset Personalization (see <i>3GPP TS 22.022</i> )
"PP"	Service Provider Personalization (see <i>3GPP TS 22.022</i> )
"PC"	Corporate Personalization (see <i>3GPP TS 22.022</i> )
<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type.
0	Unlock
1	Lock
2	Query status
<b>&lt;password&gt;</b>	String type. Password.
<b>&lt;class&gt;</b>	Integer type.
1	Voice
2	Data
4	FAX
7	All telephony except SMS
8	Short message service
16	Data circuit synchronization
32	Data circuit asynchronization
<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	Integer type. Lock status.
0	OFF
1	ON
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

#### NOTE

When **<mode>** is not 2, executing **AT+CLCK=<fac>,<mode>[,<password>[,<class>]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

#### Example

```

AT+CLCK="SC",2           //Query the status of (U)SIM card.
+CLCK: 0                 //The (U)SIM card is unlocked (OFF).

OK
AT+CLCK="SC",1,"1234"    //Lock (U)SIM card, and the password is 1234.
OK
AT+CLCK="SC",2           //Query the status of (U)SIM card.
+CLCK: 1                 //The (U)SIM card is locked (ON).

OK
AT+CLCK="SC",0,"1234"    //Unlock (U)SIM card.

```

OK

## 4.4 AT+CPIN Enter PIN

This command sends to the MT a password which is necessary before it can be operated or queries whether MT requires a password or not before it can be operated. The password may be (U)SIM PIN, (U)SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.

AT+CPIN Enter PIN	
Test Command <b>AT+CPIN=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CPIN?</b>	Response MT returns an alphanumeric string indicating whether or not a password is required. <b>+CPIN: &lt;code&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error related to MT functionality: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CPIN=&lt;pin&gt;[,&lt;new_pin&gt;]</b>	Response MT stores a password, such as (U)SIM PIN, (U)SIM PUK, which is necessary before it can be operated. If the PIN is to be entered twice, the MT shall automatically repeat the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action will be taken and an error message <b>+CME ERROR</b> is returned to TE.  If the PIN required is (U)SIM PUK or (U)SIM PUK2, the second parameter is required. This second PIN <b>&lt;new_pin&gt;</b> replaces the old pin in the (U)SIM. <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	5 s
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are saved automatically.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;code&gt;</b>	String without double quotes.
READY	MT is not pending for any password
SIM PIN	MT is waiting for (U)SIM PIN to be given
SIM PUK	MT is waiting for (U)SIM PUK to be given
SIM PIN2	MT is waiting for (U)SIM PIN2 to be given
SIM PUK2	MT is waiting for (U)SIM PUK2 to be given
PH-NET PIN	MT is waiting for network personalization password to be given
PH-NET PUK	MT is waiting for network personalization unlocking password to be given
PH-NETSUB PIN	MT is waiting for network subset personalization password to be given
PH-NETSUB PUK	MT is waiting for network subset personalization unlocking password to be given
PH-SP PIN	MT is waiting for service provider personalization password to be given
PH-SP PUK	MT is waiting for service provider personalization unlocking password to be given
PH-CORP PIN	MT is waiting for corporate personalization password to be given
PH-CORP PUK	MT is waiting for corporate personalization unlocking password to be given
<b>&lt;pin&gt;</b>	String type. Password. If the requested password was a PUK, such as (U)SIM PUK1, PH-FSIM PUK or another password, then <b>&lt;pin&gt;</b> must be followed by <b>&lt;new_pin&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;new_pin&gt;</b>	String type. New password required if the requested code was a PUK.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```
//Enter PIN
AT+CPIN?                                //Whether or not a password is required.
+CPIN: SIM PIN                          //Waiting (U)SIM PIN to be given.

OK
AT+CPIN="1234"                          //Enter PIN.
OK

+CPIN: READY
AT+CPIN?                                //PIN has already been entered.
+CPIN: READY

OK
//Enter PUK and PIN
```



```

AT+CPIN? //Whether or not a password is required.
+CPIN: SIM PUK //Waiting (U)SIM PIN to be given.

OK

AT+CPIN="26601934","1234" //Enter PUK and the new password.
OK

+CPIN: READY
AT+CPIN? //Whether or not a password is required.
+CPIN: READY //PUK has already been entered.

OK

```

## 4.5 AT+CPWD Change Password\*

This command sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by **AT+CLCK**.

AT+CPWD Change Password	
Test Command <b>AT+CPWD=?</b>	Response MT returns a list of pairs which present the available facilities and the maximum length of their password. <b>+CPWD:</b> list of supported (<fac>,<pwdlength>)s  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CPWD=&lt;fac&gt;,&lt;oldpwd&gt;,&lt;newpwd&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	5 s
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are saved automatically.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<fac>	String type.
-------	--------------

"SC"	(U)SIM (lock (U)SIM/UICC card) ((U)SIM/UICC asks password in MT power-up and when this lock command is issued)
"AO"	BAOC (Bar All Outgoing Calls, see 3GPP TS 22.088)
"OI"	BOIC (Bar Outgoing International Calls, see 3GPP TS 22.088)
"OX"	BOIC-exHC (Bar Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country, see 3GPP TS 22.088)
"AI"	BAIC (Bar All Incoming Calls, see 3GPP TS 22.088)
"IR"	BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country, see 3GPP TS 22.088)
"AB"	All barring services (see 3GPP TS 22.030, applicable only for <mode>=0)
"AG"	All outgoing barring services (see 3GPP TS 22.030, applicable only for <mode>=0)
"AC"	All incoming barring services (see 3GPP TS 22.030, applicable only for <mode>=0)
"P2"	(U)SIM PIN2
<pwdlength>	Integer type. Maximum length of password.
<oldpwd>	String type. Password specified for the facility from the user interface or with command.
<newpwd>	String type. New password.

## Example

```

AT+CPIN?                                     //Whether or not a password is required.
+CPIN: READY

OK
AT+CPWD="SC","1234","4321"                   //Change (U)SIM card password to "4321".
OK
//Restart MT or re-activate the (U)SIM card
AT+CPIN?                                     //Waiting (U)SIM PIN to be given.
+CPIN: SIM PIN

OK
AT+CPIN="4321"                               //PIN must be entered to define a new password "4321".
OK
+CPIN: READY

```

## 4.6 AT+CSIM Generic (U)SIM Access\*

This command allows a direct control of the (U)SIM that is inserted in the currently selected card slot by a distant application on TE. TE should then keep the processing of (U)SIM information within the frame specified by GSM/UMTS.

<b>AT+CSIM Generic (U)SIM Access</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CSIM=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSIM=&lt;length&gt;,&lt;command&gt;</b>	Response <b>+CSIM: &lt;length&gt;,&lt;response&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are not saved.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;length&gt;</b>	Integer type. String length of <b>&lt;command&gt;</b> or <b>&lt;response&gt;</b> . Unit: byte.
<b>&lt;command&gt;</b>	String type in hexadecimal format. Command transferred by the MT to the (U)SIM in the format as described in <i>3GPP TS 51.011</i> .
<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>	Response to the command transferred by the (U)SIM to the MT in the format as described in <i>3GPP TS 51.011</i> .
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

#### Example

```

AT+CSIM=?
OK
AT+CSIM=10,"80F2010112"
+CSIM: 40,"8410A0000000871002FF86FF0389FFFFFFFFF9000"
OK

```

## 4.7 AT+CRSM Restricted (U)SIM Access

This command offers easy and limited access to the (U)SIM database. It transmits the (U)SIM command **<command>** and its required parameters to MT.

<b>AT+CRSM Restricted (U)SIM Access</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CRSM=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CRSM=&lt;command&gt;[,&lt;fileId&gt;[,&lt;P1&gt;,&lt;P2&gt;,&lt;P3&gt;[,&lt;data&gt;][,&lt;pathId&gt;]]]</b>	Response <b>+CRSM: &lt;sw1&gt;,&lt;sw2&gt;[,&lt;response&gt;]</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are not saved.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;command&gt;</b>	Integer type. (U)SIM command number. 176 READ BINARY 178 READ RECORD 192 GET RESPONSE 214 UPDATE BINARY 220 UPDATE RECORD 242 STATUS 203 RETRIEVE DATA 219 SET DATA
<b>&lt;fileId&gt;</b>	Integer type. Identifier for an elementary data file on (U)SIM, if used by <b>&lt;command&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;P1&gt;, &lt;P2&gt;, &lt;P3&gt;</b>	Parameters transferred by the MT to the (U)SIM. These parameters are mandatory for every command, except GET RESPONSE and STATUS. The values are described in 3GPP TS 51.011.
<b>&lt;data&gt;</b>	Information which should be written to the (U)SIM (hexadecimal character format; see <b>AT+CSCS</b> ).
<b>&lt;pathId&gt;</b>	The directory path of an elementary file on a (U)SIM/UICC in hexadecimal format.
<b>&lt;sw1&gt;, &lt;sw2&gt;</b>	Integer type. Information from the (U)SIM about the execution of the actual command. These parameters are delivered to the TE in both cases, on successful or failed execution of the command.
<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>	Response of a successful completion of the command previously issued

(hexadecimal character format; see **AT+CSCS**). STATUS and GET RESPONSE return data, which gives information about the current elementary data field. The information includes the type of file and its size (see *3GPP TS 51.011*). After READ BINARY, READ RECORD or RETRIEVE DATA command, the requested data will be returned. **<response>** is not returned after a successful UPDATE BINARY, UPDATE RECORD or SET DATA command.

**<err>**

Error codes. For more details, see **Chapter 13.5**.

## Example

```
AT+CRSM=?
OK
AT+CRSM=242
+CRSM: 144,0,"623A8202782183027FF08410A0000000871002FF86FFFF89FFFFFFFFF8A01058B03
2F0601C61290017883010183018183010A83010B83010C81026DA7"
OK
AT+CRSM=242,80,01,01,12
+CRSM: 144,0,"8410A0000000871002FF86FF"
OK
```

## 4.8 AT+CCHO Open Logical Channel\*

This command opens a logical channel. **<sessionid>** is to be used when you send commands with restricted UICC logical channel access **AT+CRLA** or generic UICC logical channel access **AT+CGLA**.

AT+CCHO Open Logical Channel	
Test Command <b>AT+CCHO=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CCHO=&lt;dfname&gt;</b>	Response <b>+CCHO: &lt;sessionid&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is not saved.

Reference  
3GPP TS 31.101

## Parameter

<b>&lt;sessionid&gt;</b>	Integer type. A session ID to be used in order to target a specific application on the smart card (e.g. (U)SIM, WIM, ISIM) using logical channels mechanism.
<b>&lt;dfname&gt;</b>	All selectable applications in the UICC are referenced by a DF name coded on 1 to 16 bytes.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```
AT+CCHO=?
OK
AT+CCHO="A0000000871002FF86FFFF89FFFFFFFF" //Open logical channels.
+CCHO: 1
OK
```

## 4.9 AT+CCHC Close Logical Channel\*

This command asks the ME to close a communication session with the active UICC. The ME shall close the previously opened logical channel. The TE will no longer be able to send commands on this logical channel. The UICC closes the logical channel when receiving this command.

AT+CCHC Close Logical Channel	
Test Command <b>AT+CCHC=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CCHC=&lt;sessionid&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is not saved.
Reference 3GPP TS 31.101	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;sessionid&gt;</b>	Integer type. A session ID to be used in order to target a specific application on the smart card (e.g. (U)SIM, WIM, ISIM) using logical channels mechanism.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```
AT+CCHC=?
OK
AT+CCHC=1 //Close logical channels.
OK
```

## 4.10 AT+CGLA Generic UICC Logical Channel Access\*

This command allows a direct control of the currently selected UICC by a distant application on the TE. The TE shall then take care of processing UICC information within the frame specified by GSM/UMTS.

AT+CGLA Generic UICC Logical Channel Access	
Test Command <b>AT+CGLA=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CGLA=&lt;sessionid&gt;,&lt;length&gt;,&lt;command&gt;</b>	Response <b>+CGLA: &lt;length&gt;,&lt;response&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are not saved.
Reference 3GPP TS 31.101	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;sessionid&gt;</b>	Integer type. This is the identifier of the session to be used in order to send the APDU commands to the UICC. It is mandatory in order to send commands to the UICC when targeting applications on the smart card using a logical channel other than the default channel (channel "0").
<b>&lt;length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Length of the characters that are sent to TE in <b>&lt;command&gt;</b> or

<response>	(two times the actual length of the command or response).
<command>	Command passed on by the MT to the UICC in the format as described in 3GPP TS 31.101(hexadecimal character format; see <b>AT+CSCS</b> ).
<response>	Response to the command passed on by the UICC to the MT in the format as described in 3GPP TS 31.101(hexadecimal character format; see <b>AT+CSCS</b> ).
<err>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

#### NOTE

Before using this command, the logical channel must be opened through **AT+CCHO=<dfname>**.

#### Example

```
AT+CGLA=?
OK
AT+CGLA=1,10,"80F2010112"
+CGLA: 40,"8410A0000000871002FF86FFFF89FFFFFFFF9000"
OK
```

### 4.11 AT+QPINC Display PIN Remainder Counter\*

This command queries the number of attempts left to enter the password of (U)SIM PIN/PUK.

#### AT+QPINC Display PIN Remainder Counter

Test Command <b>AT+QPINC=?</b>	Response <b>+QPINC:</b> (list of supported <facility>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+QPINC?</b>	Response <b>+QPINC:</b> "SC",<pincounter>,<pukcounter> <b>+QPINC:</b> "P2",<pincounter>,<pukcounter>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QPINC=&lt;facility&gt;</b>	Response <b>+QPINC:</b> <facility>,<pincounter>,<pukcounter>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>



	Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

## Parameter

<b>&lt;facility&gt;</b>	String type. "SC" (U)SIM PIN "P2" (U)SIM PIN2
<b>&lt;pincounter&gt;</b>	Integer type. Number of attempts left to enter the password of PIN.
<b>&lt;pukcounter&gt;</b>	Integer type. Number of attempts left to enter the password of PUK.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```
AT+QPINC?
+QPINC: "SC",3,10
+QPINC: "P2",3,10
OK
```

## 4.12 AT+QINISTAT Query Initialization Status of (U)SIM Card\*

This command queries the initialization status of (U)SIM card.

AT+QINISTAT Query Initialization Status of (U)SIM Card	
Test Command <b>AT+QINISTAT=?</b>	Response <b>+QINISTAT: (range of supported &lt;status&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+QINISTAT</b>	Response <b>+QINISTAT: &lt;status&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

## Parameter

<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	Integer type. Initialization status of (U)SIM card. Actual value is the sum of several of the following four kinds (e.g. 7 = 1 + 2 + 4 means CPIN READY + SMS DONE + PB DONE).
0	Initial state
1	CPIN READY. Operation like locking/unlocking PIN is allowed.
2	SMS DONE. SMS initialization completed.
4	PB DONE. Phonebook initialization completed.

## Example

```
AT+QINISTAT
```

```
+QINISTAT: 7
```

```
OK
```

## 4.13 AT+QSIMDET (U)SIM Card Detection

This command enables or disables (U)SIM card detection. (U)SIM card is detected by GPIO interrupt. The level of (U)SIM card detection pin should also be set when the (U)SIM card is inserted.

AT+QSIMDET (U)SIM Card Detection	
Test Command <b>AT+QSIMDET=?</b>	Response <b>+QSIMDET:</b> (list of supported <b>&lt;enable&gt;s</b> ),(list of supported <b>&lt;insert_level&gt;s</b> )  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+QSIMDET?</b>	Response <b>+QSIMDET:</b> <b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;insert_level&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QSIMDET=&lt;enable&gt;,&lt;insert_level&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect after the module is rebooted. The configurations are saved automatically.

## Parameter

<b>&lt;enable&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable (U)SIM card detection. 0    Disable 1    Enable
<b>&lt;insert_level&gt;</b>	Integer type. The level of (U)SIM detection pin when a (U)SIM card is inserted. 0    Low level 1    High level

### NOTE

1. (U)SIM card detection is invalid if the configured value of **<insert\_level>** is inconsistent with hardware design.
2. The configuration of **<insert\_level>** is valid only when (U)SIM card detection is enabled.
3. Executing **AT+QSIMDET=<enable>,<insert\_level>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```
AT+QSIMDET=1,0 //Set (U)SIM card detection pin level as low when (U)SIM card is inserted.
OK
```

```
<Remove (U)SIM card>
+CPIN: NOT READY
```

```
<Insert (U)SIM card>
+CPIN: READY
```

## 4.14 AT+QSIMSTAT (U)SIM Card Insertion Status Report

This command queries (U)SIM card insertion status or determines whether (U)SIM card insertion status report is enabled.

### AT+QSIMSTAT (U)SIM Card Insertion Status Report

Test Command <b>AT+QSIMSTAT=?</b>	Response <b>+QSIMSTAT:</b> (list of supported <b>&lt;enable&gt;s</b> )  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+QSIMSTAT?</b>	Response <b>+QSIMSTAT:</b> <b>&lt;enable&gt;,&lt;inserted_status&gt;</b>

	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QSIMSTAT=&lt;enable&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

## Parameter

<b>&lt;enable&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable (U)SIM insertion status report. If it is enabled, the URC <b>+QSIMSTAT: &lt;enable&gt;,&lt;inserted_status&gt;</b> is reported when (U)SIM card is inserted or removed. 0 Disable 1 Enable
<b>&lt;inserted_status&gt;</b>	Integer type. Inserted or removed status of the (U)SIM card. 0 Removed 1 Inserted 2 Unknown (before (U)SIM initialization)

### NOTE

Executing **AT+QSIMSTAT=<enable>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```

AT+QSIMSTAT?           //Query (U)SIM card insertion status.
+QSIMSTAT: 0,1

OK
AT+QSIMDET=1,0
OK
AT+QSIMSTAT=1         //Enable reporting of (U)SIM card insertion status.
OK
AT+QSIMSTAT?         //Query (U)SIM card insertion status.
+QSIMSTAT: 1,1

OK
//Remove the (U)SIM card
+QSIMSTAT: 1,0        //Report of (U)SIM card insertion status: removed.

```

```

+CPIN: NOT READY
AT+QSIMSTAT?           //Query (U)SIM card insertion status.
+QSIMSTAT: 1,0

OK
//Insert a (U)SIM card
+QSIMSTAT: 1,1         //Report of (U)SIM card insertion status: inserted.

+CPIN: READY

```

## 4.15 AT+QUIMSLOT Switch (U)SIM Slot

This command queries the slot currently used by the (U)SIM and configures the (U)SIM slot to be used.

AT+QUIMSLOT Switch (U)SIM Slot	
Test Command <b>AT+QUIMSLOT=?</b>	Response <b>+QUIMSLOT: (list of supported &lt;slot&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+QUIMSLOT?</b>	Response <b>+QUIMSLOT: &lt;slot&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QUIMSLOT=&lt;slot&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

### Parameter

<b>&lt;slot&gt;</b>	Integer type. Physical (U)SIM slot.
1	(U)SIM slot 1
2	(U)SIM slot 2

**NOTE**

Executing **AT+QUIMSLLOT=<slot>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

**Example**

```

AT+QUIMSLLOT?           //Query the (U)SIM slot currently used.
+QUSIMSLLOT: 1

OK

AT+QUIMSLLOT=2         //Switch to (U)SIM slot 2.
OK
    
```

# 5 Network Service Commands

## 5.1 AT+COPS Operator Selection

This command returns the current operators and their status, and allows automatic or manual network selection.

The Test Command returns a set of five parameters, each representing an operator presenting in the network. Any of the formats may be unavailable and should then be an empty field. The list of operators shall be in the order of: home network, networks referenced in (U)SIM and other networks.

The Read Command returns the current mode and the currently selected operator. If no operator is selected, **<format>**, **<oper>** and **<AcT>** are omitted.

The Write Command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM/UMTS/EPS/5G network operator. If the selected operator is not available, no other operator shall be selected (except **<mode>=4**). The format of selected operator name shall apply to further Read Commands (**AT+COPS?**).

AT+COPS Operator Selection	
Test Command <b>AT+COPS=?</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>+COPS:</b> [list of supported (<b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>),long alphanumeric <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b>,short alphanumeric <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b>,numeric <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b>s[<b>&lt;AcT&gt;</b>]]s][<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>s],(range of supported <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>s),(range of supported <b>&lt;format&gt;</b>s)]</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p><b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
Read Command <b>AT+COPS?</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>+COPS:</b> <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>[<b>&lt;format&gt;</b>][<b>&lt;oper&gt;</b>][<b>&lt;AcT&gt;</b>]]</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error related to MT functionality:</p> <p><b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
Write Command	Response

AT+COPS=<mode>[,<format>[,<oper>[,<AcT>]]]	OK Or +CME ERROR: <err>
Maximum Response Time	180 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<stat>	Integer type. Availability of operators. 0 Unknown 1 Operator available 2 Current operator 3 Operator forbidden
<oper>	String type. Operator in format as per <format>.
<mode>	Integer type. 0 Automatic. Operator selection (<oper> field is ignored). 1 Manual operator selection (<oper> field shall be present and <AcT> optionally) 2 Deregister from network 3 Set only <format> (for AT+COPS? Read Command), and do not attempt registration/deregistration (<oper> and <AcT> fields are ignored). This value is invalid in the response of Read Command. 4 Manual/automatic selection. <oper> field shall be presented. If manual selection fails, automatic mode (<mode>=0) will be entered
<format>	Integer type. 0 Long format alphanumeric <oper> which can be up to 16 characters long 1 Short format alphanumeric <oper> 2 Numeric <oper>. GSM location area identification number
<AcT>	Integer type. Access technology selected. Values 4, 5, 6 occur only in the response of Read Command while MS is in data service state and is not intended for the AT+COPS Write Command. 7 E-UTRAN 10 E-UTRAN connected to a 5GCN 11 NR connected to 5GCN 12 NG-RAN
<err>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### NOTE

- When selecting NR5G SA network, <AcT> should be set to 12, and when registering NR5G SA network, <AcT> returned by AT+COPS? is 11.



2. Executing **AT+COPS=<mode>[,<format>[,<oper>[,<AcT>]]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### Example

```

AT+COPS=?                                     //List all current network operators.
+COPS: (1,"CHN-UNICOM","UNICOM","46001",12),(3,"CHINA MOBILE","CMCC","46000",7),(3,"C
HN-CT","CT","46011",12),(3,"CHN-CT","CT","46011",7),(3,"CHINA MOBILE","CMCC","46000",12),,
(0-4),(0-2)

OK
AT+COPS?                                     //Query the currently selected network operator.
+COPS: 0,0,"CHINA MOBILE",11

OK
  
```

## 5.2 AT+CEREG EPS Network Registration Status

This command queries the network registration status and controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code **+CEREG: <stat>** when **<n>=1** and there is a change in the MT's EPS network registration status in E-UTRAN, or unsolicited result code **+CEREG: <stat>[,<tac>[,<ci>[,<AcT>]]]** when **<n>=2** and there is a change of the network cell in E-UTRAN.

<b>AT+CEREG EPS Network Registration Status</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CEREG=?</b>	Response <b>+CEREG:</b> (range of supported <b>&lt;n&gt;s</b> )  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CEREG?</b>	Response <b>+CEREG:</b> <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;stat&gt;</b> [, <b>&lt;tac&gt;</b> [, <b>&lt;ci&gt;</b> [, <b>&lt;AcT&gt;</b> ]]]  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CEREG=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type.
0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code
1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code <b>+CEREG:&lt;stat&gt;</b>
2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code <b>+CEREG: &lt;stat&gt;[,&lt;lac&gt;],[&lt;ci&gt;],[&lt;AcT&gt;]]</b>
<b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the EPS registration status.
0	Not registered, MT is not currently searching an operator to register to
1	Registered, home network
2	Not registered, but MT is currently trying to attach or searching an operator to register to
3	Registration denied
4	Unknown
5	Registered, roaming
<b>&lt;tac&gt;</b>	String type. Two-byte tracking area code in hexadecimal format.
<b>&lt;ci&gt;</b>	String type. Four-byte (E-UTRAN) cell ID in hexadecimal format.
<b>&lt;AcT&gt;</b>	Access technology selected.
7	E-UTRAN

## Example

```

AT+CEREG=?
+CEREG: (0-2)

OK
AT+CEREG=2
OK
AT+CEREG?
+CEREG: 2,1,"DE10","5A29C0B",7

OK
+CEREG: 1,"DE10","5A29C0B",7

```

## 5.3 AT+C5GREG 5GS Network Registration Status

This command queries the network registration status and controls the presentation of URC **+C5GREG: <stat>** when **<n>=1** and there is a change in the MT's network registration status in 5GS, or URC **+C5GREG: <stat>[,<tac>],[<ci>],[<AcT>],[<Allowed\_NSSAI\_length>],[<Allowed\_NSSAI>]]** when **<n>=2** and there is a change of the network cell in 5GS or the network provided an Allowed NSSAI. The parameters **<AcT>**, **<tac>**, **<ci>**, **<Allowed\_NSSAI\_length>** and **<Allowed\_NSSAI>** are provided only if

available.

AT+C5GREG 5GS Network Registration Status	
Test Command <b>AT+C5GREG=?</b>	Response <b>+C5GREG:</b> (range of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+C5GREG?</b>	Response <b>+C5GREG:</b> <n>,<stat>[,<tac>],[<ci>],[<AcT>],[<Allowed_NSSAI_length>],[<Allowed_NSSAI>]]  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+C5GREG=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

## Parameter

<n>	Integer type. <u>0</u> Disable network registration unsolicited result code 1 Enable network registration unsolicited result code <b>+C5GREG:&lt;stat&gt;</b> 2 Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code <b>+C5GREG: &lt;stat&gt;[,&lt;tac&gt;],[&lt;ci&gt;],[&lt;AcT&gt;],[&lt;Allowed_NSSAI_length&gt;],[&lt;Allowed_NSSAI&gt;]]</b>
<stat>	Integer type. Indicate the NR registration status. 0 Not registered, MT is not currently searching an operator to register to 1 Registered, home network 2 Not registered, but MT is currently trying to attach or searching an operator to register to 3 Registration denied 4 Unknown 5 Registered, roaming 8 Registered for emergency services only
<tac>	String type. Three-byte tracking area code in hexadecimal format.
<ci>	String type. Five-byte (NR) cell ID in hexadecimal format.

<AcT>	Integer type. Access technology selected. 10 E-UTRAN connected to a 5GCN 11 NR connected to a 5GCN
<Allowed_NSSAI_length>	Integer type. Indicate the number of octets of the <Allowed_NSSAI> information element.
<Allowed_NSSAI>	String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of allowed S-NSSAIs received from the network. The <Allowed_NSSAI> is coded as a list of <S-NSSAI>s separated by colons. See <S-NSSAI> in 3GPP 27.007 subclause 10.1.1. This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per AT+CSCS.
<S-NSSAI>	String type in hexadecimal character format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s) and semicolon(s). This parameter is associated with the PDU session for identifying a network slice in 5GS, see 3GPP TS 23.501 and 3GPP TS 24.501. For the format and the encoding of S-NSSAI, see also 3GPP TS 23.003. This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per AT+CSCS. The parameter has one of the forms: sst only slice/service type (SST) is present sst;mapped_sst SST and mapped configured SST are present sst.sd SST and slice differentiator (SD) are present sst.sd;mapped_sst SST, SD and mapped configured SST are present sst.sd;mapped_sst.mapped_sd SST, SD, mapped configured SST and mapped configured SD are present.

### Example

```

AT+C5GREG=?
+C5GREG: (0-2)

OK
AT+C5GREG=2
OK
AT+C5GREG?
+C5GREG: 2,1,"690E0F","9013B004",11,4,"01.000000"

OK
+C5GREG: 1,"690E0F","9013B004",11,4,"01.000000"

```

## 5.4 AT+C5GNSSAI 5GS NSSAI Setting

This command enables updating the default configuration NSSAI stored at MT.

AT+C5GNSSAI 5GS NSSAI Setting	
Test Command <b>AT+C5GNSSAI=?</b>	Response <b>+C5GNSSAI:</b> (range of supported <default_configured_nssai_length>s),(list of supported <default_configured_nssai>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+C5GNSSAI?</b>	Response <b>+C5GNSSAI:</b> [<default_configured_nssai_length>,<default_configured_nssai>]  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+C5GNSSAI=&lt;default_configured_nssai_length&gt;,&lt;default_configured_nssai&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;default_configured_nssai_length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the length in octets of the default configured NSSAI to be stored at the MT.
<b>&lt;default_configured_nssai&gt;</b>	String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of S-NSSAIs included in the default configured NSSAI to be stored by the MT. <b>&lt;default_configured_nssai&gt;</b> is coded as a list of <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;s</b> separated by colons. Refer <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> in <i>subclause 10.1.1</i> . This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b> .
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

**NOTE**

1. If the value is an empty string (""), no default configured NSSAI is stored at the MT.
2. Executing **AT+C5GNSSAI=<default\_configured\_nssai\_length>,<default\_configured\_nssai>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## 5.5 AT+C5GNSSAIRDP Read 5GS NSSAI Dynamic Parameters

This command returns the default configured NSSAI, rejected NSSAI for 3GPP access and rejected NSSAI for non-3GPP access stored at the MT.

AT+C5GNSSAIRDP Read 5GS NSSAI Dynamic Parameters	
Test Command <b>AT+C5GNSSAIRDP=?</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>+C5GNSSAIRDP:</b> (range of supported &lt;nssai_type&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;plmn_id&gt;s)</p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
Write Command <b>AT+C5GNSSAIRDP=&lt;nssai_type&gt;,&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>[+C5GNSSAIRDP:</b> [&lt;default_configured_nssai_length&gt;,&lt;default_configured_nssai&gt;,&lt;rejected_nssai_3gpp_length&gt;,&lt;rejected_nssai_3gpp&gt;,&lt;rejected_nssai_non3gpp_length&gt;,&lt;rejected_nssai_non3gpp&gt;]]]</p> <p><b>[+C5GNSSAIRDP:</b> &lt;plmn_id&gt;[,&lt;configured_nssai_length&gt;,&lt;configured_nssai&gt;[,&lt;allowed_nssai_3gpp_length&gt;,&lt;allowed_nssai_3gpp&gt;,&lt;allowed_nssai_non3gpp_length&gt;,&lt;allowed_nssai_non3gpp&gt;]]]</p> <p><b>[+C5GNSSAIRDP:</b> &lt;plmn_id&gt;[,&lt;configured_nssai_length&gt;,&lt;configured_nssai&gt;[,&lt;allowed_nssai_3gpp_length&gt;,&lt;allowed_nssai_3gpp&gt;,&lt;allowed_nssai_non3gpp_length&gt;,&lt;allowed_nssai_non3gpp&gt;]]]</p> <p><b>[...]]]</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

**Parameter**

<b>&lt;nssai_type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Specify the type of NSSAI to be returned. 0 Return stored default configured NSSAI only 1 Return stored default configured NSSAI and rejected NSSAI(s) 2 Return stored default configured NSSAI, rejected NSSAI(s) and configured NSSAI(s) 3 Return stored default configured NSSAI, rejected NSSAI(s), configured NSSAI(s) and allowed NSSAI(s)
<b>&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b>	String type. Indicate the MCC and MNC of the PLMN to which the NSSAI information applies. For the format and the encoding of the MCC and MNC, see <i>3GPP TS 23.003</i> . This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b> .
<b>&lt;default_configured_nssai_length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the length in octets of the default configured NSSAI stored at the MT.
<b>&lt;default_configured_nssai&gt;</b>	String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of S-NSSAIs included in the default configured NSSAI stored at the MT for the PLMN. The <b>&lt;default_configured_nssai&gt;</b> is coded as a list of <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> s separated by colons. Refer <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> in <i>3GPP 27.007 subclause 10.1.1</i> . This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b> .
<b>&lt;rejected_nssai_3gpp_length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the length in octets of the rejected NSSAI associated with 3GPP access stored at the MT for the serving PLMN.
<b>&lt;rejected_nssai_3gpp&gt;</b>	String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), colon(s) and hash(es). This parameter indicates the list of rejected S-NSSAIs associated with 3GPP access stored at the MT for the serving PLMN. The <b>&lt;rejected_nssai_3gpp&gt;</b> is coded as a list of rejected <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> s separated by colon. For the format and the encoding of <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> , see also <i>3GPP TS 23.003</i> . This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b> . The rejected S-NSSAI has one of the forms: sst#cause                      only slice/service type (SST) and reject cause are present sst.sd#cause                  SST and slice differentiator (SD) and reject cause are present where cause is a cause value according to <i>3GPP TS 24.501 Table 9.11.3.46.1</i> .

<b>&lt;rejected_nssai_non3gpp_length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the length in octets of the rejected NSSAI associated with non-3GPP access stored at the MT for the serving PLMN.
<b>&lt;rejected_nssai_non3gpp&gt;</b>	<p>String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), colon(s) and hash(es). This parameter indicates the list of rejected S-NSSAIs associated with non-3GPP access stored at the MT for the serving PLMN. The <b>&lt;rejected_nssai_non3gpp&gt;</b> is coded as a list of rejected <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b>s separated by colon. For the format and the encoding of <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b>, see also <i>3GPP TS 23.003</i>. This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b>. The rejected S-NSSAI has one of the forms:</p> <p>sst#cause                      only slice/service type (SST) and reject cause are present</p> <p>sst.sd#cause                   SST and slice differentiator (SD) and reject cause are present</p> <p>where cause is a cause value is according to <i>3GPP TS 24.501 table 9.11.3.46.1</i>.</p>
<b>&lt;configured_nssai_length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the length in octets of the configured NSSAI stored at the MT for the PLMN identified by <b>&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;configured_nssai&gt;</b>	<p>String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of configured S-NSSAIs stored at the MT for the PLMN identified by <b>&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b>. The <b>&lt;configured_nssai&gt;</b> is coded as a list of <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b>s separated by colons. Refer <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> in <i>3GPP 27.007 subclause 10.1.1</i>. This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b>.</p>
<b>&lt;allowed_nssai_3gpp_length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the length in octets of the allowed NSSAI associated with 3GPP access stored at the MT for the PLMN identified by <b>&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;allowed_nssai_3gpp&gt;</b>	<p>String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of allowed S-NSSAIs associated with 3GPP access stored at the MT for the PLMN identified by <b>&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b>. The <b>&lt;allowed_nssai_3gpp&gt;</b> is coded as a list of <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b>s separated by colons. Refer <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> in <i>3GPP 27.007 subclause 10.1.1</i>. This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b>.</p>
<b>&lt;allowed_nssai_non3gpp_length&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the length in octets of the allowed NSSAI associated with non-3GPP access stored at the MT for the PLMN identified by <b>&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b> .



<b>&lt;allowed_nssai_non3gpp&gt;</b>	String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of allowed S-NSSAIs associated with non-3GPP access stored at the MT for the PLMN identified by <b>&lt;plmn_id&gt;</b> . The <b>&lt;allowed_nssai_non3gpp&gt;</b> is coded as a list of <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> s separated by colons. Refer <b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b> in <i>3GPP 27.007 subclause 10.1.1</i> . This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b> .										
<b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b>	String type in hexadecimal character format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s) and semicolon(s). This parameter is associated with the PDU session for identifying a network slice in 5GS, see <i>3GPP TS 23.501 and 3GPP TS 24.501</i> . For the format and the encoding of S-NSSAI, see also <i>3GPP TS 23.003</i> . This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b> . The parameter has one of the forms: <table data-bbox="662 896 1457 1348"> <tr> <td>sst</td><td>only slice/service type (SST) is present</td></tr> <tr> <td>sst;mapped_sst</td><td>SST and mapped configured SST are present</td></tr> <tr> <td>sst.sd</td><td>SST and slice differentiator (SD) are present</td></tr> <tr> <td>sst.sd;mapped_sst</td><td>SST, SD and mapped configured SST are present</td></tr> <tr> <td>sst.sd;mapped_sst.mapped_sd</td><td>SST, SD, mapped configured SST and mapped configured SD are present.</td></tr> </table>	sst	only slice/service type (SST) is present	sst;mapped_sst	SST and mapped configured SST are present	sst.sd	SST and slice differentiator (SD) are present	sst.sd;mapped_sst	SST, SD and mapped configured SST are present	sst.sd;mapped_sst.mapped_sd	SST, SD, mapped configured SST and mapped configured SD are present.
sst	only slice/service type (SST) is present										
sst;mapped_sst	SST and mapped configured SST are present										
sst.sd	SST and slice differentiator (SD) are present										
sst.sd;mapped_sst	SST, SD and mapped configured SST are present										
sst.sd;mapped_sst.mapped_sd	SST, SD, mapped configured SST and mapped configured SD are present.										

## 5.6 AT+CGDCONT Define PDP Contexts

This command specifies PDP context parameters for a specific context **<cid>**. A special form of the Write Command (**AT+CGDCONT=<cid>**) causes the values for context **<cid>** to become undefined. It is not allowed to change the definition of an already activated context.

This Read Command returns the current configurations for each defined PDP context.

<b>AT+CGDCONT Define PDP Contexts</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CGDCONT=?</b>	Response <b>+CGDCONT:</b> (range of supported <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> s), <b>&lt;PDP_type&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;APN&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b> ,(list of supported <b>&lt;d_comp&gt;</b> s),(list of supported

	<p>&lt;h_comp&gt;s)],(list of supported &lt;IPv4AddrAlloc&gt;s)],(list of supported &lt;request_type&gt;s)],(list of supported &lt;SSC_mode&gt;s)],(list of supported &lt;S-NSSAI&gt;s)],(list of supported &lt;Pref_access_type&gt;s)],(list of supported &lt;Always-on_req&gt;s))]]]]]]</p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
Read Command <b>AT+CGDCONT?</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>+CGDCONT:</b> &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;PDP_type&gt;,&lt;APN&gt;,&lt;PDP_addr&gt;,&lt;d_comp&gt;,&lt;h_comp&gt;,&lt;IPv4AddrAlloc&gt;,&lt;request_type&gt;,,,,,,,&lt;SSC_mode&gt;,&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;,&lt;Pref_access_type&gt;,,,&lt;Always-on_req&gt;]]]]]]</p> <p>[...]</p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
Write Command <b>AT+CGDCONT=[&lt;cid&gt;,&lt;PDP_type&gt;,&lt;APN&gt;,&lt;PDP_addr&gt;,&lt;d_comp&gt;,&lt;h_comp&gt;,&lt;IPv4AddrAlloc&gt;,&lt;request_type&gt;,,,,,,,&lt;SSC_mode&gt;,&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;,&lt;Pref_access_type&gt;,,,&lt;Always-on_req&gt;]]]]]]]]]]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>Or</p> <p><b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	<p>The command takes effect immediately.</p> <p>The configurations are saved automatically.</p>
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>	Integer type. PDP context identifier. A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of supported values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command. Range: 1–16.
<b>&lt;PDP_type&gt;</b>	String type. Packet data protocol type, a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"IP" IPv4. Internet protocol (IETF STD 5)</li> <li>"PPP" Point to Point Protocol (IETF STD 51)</li> <li>"IPV6" Internet Protocol, version 6 (see RFC 2460)</li> <li>"IPV4V6" Virtual introduced to handle dual IP stack UE capability. (See 3GPP TS 24.301)</li> </ul>
<b>&lt;APN&gt;</b>	String type. Access point name, which is a logical name used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network. If the value is null or omitted, then the subscription

	value will be requested.
<b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b>	String type. Identify the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. If the value is null or omitted, then a value may be provided by the TE during the PDP startup procedure or, failing that, a dynamic address will be requested. The allocated address may be read using the <b>AT+CGPADDR</b> .
<b>&lt;d_comp&gt;</b>	Integer type. Controls PDP data compression (applicable for SMDCP only) (see <i>3GPP TS 44.065</i> ). <div> <div>0</div> <div>Off (Default if it is omitted)</div> </div> <div> <div>2</div> <div>V.42bis</div> </div>
<b>&lt;h_comp&gt;</b>	Integer type. Controls PDP header compression (see <i>3GPP TS 44.065</i> and <i>3GPP TS 25.323</i> ). <div> <div>0</div> <div>Off</div> </div> <div> <div>4</div> <div>RFC3095</div> </div>
<b>&lt;IPv4AddrAlloc&gt;</b>	Integer type. Control how the MT/TA requests to get the IPv4 address information. <div> <div>0</div> <div>IPv4 address allocation through NAS signaling</div> </div> <div> <div>1</div> <div>IPv4 address allocated through DHCP</div> </div>
<b>&lt;request_type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the type of PDP context activation request for the PDP context. <div> <div>0</div> <div>PDP context is for new PDP context establishment or for handover from a non-3GPP access network (how the MT decides whether the PDP context is for new PDP context establishment or for handover is implementation specific).</div> </div> <div> <div>1</div> <div>PDP context is for emergency bearer services.</div> </div>
<b>&lt;SSC_mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the session and service continuity (SSC) mode for the PDU session in 5GS, see <i>3GPP TS 23.501</i> . <div> <div>0</div> <div>The PDU session is associated with SSC mode 1</div> </div> <div> <div>1</div> <div>The PDU session is associated with SSC mode 2</div> </div> <div> <div>2</div> <div>The PDU session is associated with SSC mode 3</div> </div>
<b>&lt;S-NSSAI&gt;</b>	String type in hexadecimal character format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s) and semicolon(s). This parameter is associated with the PDU session for identifying a network slice in 5GS, see <i>3GPP TS 23.501</i> and <i>3GPP TS 24.501</i> . For the format and the encoding of S-NSSAI, see also <i>3GPP TS 23.003</i> . This parameter shall not be subject to conventional character conversion as per <b>AT+CSCS</b> . The parameter has one of the forms: <div> <div>sst</div> <div>only slice/service type (SST) is present</div> </div> <div> <div>sst;mapped_sst</div> <div>SST and mapped configured SST are present</div> </div> <div> <div>sst.sd</div> <div>SST and slice differentiator (SD) are present</div> </div> <div> <div>sst.sd;mapped_sst</div> <div>SST, SD and mapped configured SST are present</div> </div> <div> <div>sst.sd;mapped_sst.mapped_sd</div> <div>SST, SD, mapped configured SST and mapped configured SD are present</div> </div>
<b>&lt;Pref_access_type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the preferred access type for the PDU session in 5GS, see <i>3GPP TS 23.501</i> and <i>3GPP TS 24.501</i> . <div> <div>0</div> <div>The preferred access type is 3GPP access</div> </div>

<Always-on_req>	1	The preferred access type is non-3GPP access
	Integer type. Indicate whether the UE requests to establish the PDU session as an always-on PDU session, see <i>3GPP TS 24.501</i> .	
	0	always-on PDU session is not requested
	1	always-on PDU session is requested

#### NOTE

Executing **AT+CGDCONT=[<cid>[,<PDP\_type>[,<APN>[,<PDP\_addr>[,<d\_comp>[,<h\_comp>[,<IPv4AddrAlloc>[,<request\_type>,,,,,,,,[,<SSC\_mode>[,<S-NSSAI>[,<Pref\_access\_type>,,[,<Always-on\_req>]]]]]]]]]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## 5.7 AT+QSRP Report RSRP

The command queries and reports the RSRP of the current service network.

AT+QSRP Report RSRP	
Test Command <b>AT+QSRP=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+QSRP</b>	Response <b>+QSRP: &lt;PRX&gt;,&lt;DRX&gt;,&lt;sysmode&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

#### Parameter

<PRX>	Integer type. PRX path RSRP value. Range: -140 to -44 dBm.
<DRX>	Integer type. DRX path RSRP value. Range: -140 to -44 dBm.
<sysmode>	String type value indicating the service mode in which the MT will report the RSRP.
LTE	LTE mode
NR5G	NR5G mode

#### NOTE

1. This command is only supported in LTE and NR5G.
2. If the queried <PRX>, <DRX> is -32768, it indicates that the RSRP value is invalid.
3. This command is strongly related to the RF link and is generally only used for customer reference

and cannot be used as a sensitivity test. In addition, it is best to use it when measuring the speed, the results are more accurate.

### Example

```
AT+QSRP //Query RSRP.
+QSRP: -101,-105,LTE
OK
```

## 5.8 AT+QSRQ Report RSRQ

The command queries and reports the RSRQ of the current service network.

AT+QSRQ Report RSRQ	
Test Command <b>AT+QSRQ=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+QSRQ</b>	Response <b>+QSRQ: &lt;PRX&gt;,&lt;DRX&gt;,&lt;sysmode&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

### Parameter

<b>&lt;PRX&gt;</b>	Integer type. PRX path RSRQ value. Range: -20 to -3 dB.
<b>&lt;DRX&gt;</b>	Integer type. DRX path RSRQ value. Range: -20 to -3 dB.
<b>&lt;sysmode&gt;</b>	String type value indicating the service mode in which the MT will report the RSRQ.
LTE	LTE mode
NR5G	NR5G mode

### NOTE

1. This command is only supported in LTE and NR5G.
2. Invalid value is displayed as -32768.
3. This command is strongly related to the RF link and is generally only used for customer reference

and cannot be used as a sensitivity test. In addition, it is best to use it when measuring the speed, the results are more accurate.

### Example

```
AT+QSRQ //Query RSRQ.
+QSRQ: -16,-19,LTE
OK
```

## 5.9 AT+QSINR Report SINR

The command queries and reports the SINR of the current service network.

AT+QSINR Report SINR	
Test Command <b>AT+QSINR=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+QSINR?</b>	Response <b>+QSINR: &lt;PRX&gt;,&lt;DRX&gt;,&lt;sysmode&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+QSINR</b>	Response <b>+QSINR: &lt;PRX&gt;,&lt;DRX&gt;,&lt;sysmode&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

### Parameter

<b>&lt;PRX&gt;</b>	Integer type. PRX path SINR value. Range: -20 to 30 dB in LTE, -23 to 40 dB in NR5G.
<b>&lt;DRX&gt;</b>	Integer type. DRX path SINR value. Range: -20 to 30 dB in LTE, -23 to 40 dB in NR5G.
<b>&lt;sysmode&gt;</b>	String type value indicating the service mode in which the MT will report the SINR.
LTE	LTE mode
NR5G	NR5G mode

**NOTE**

1. This command is only supported in LTE and NR5G.
2. Invalid value is displayed as -32768. If the queried **<PRX>**, **<DRX>** is -32768, it indicates that the RSRQ value is invalid.
3. This command is strongly related to the RF link and is generally only used for customer reference and cannot be used as a sensitivity test. In addition, it is best to use it when measuring the speed, the results are more accurate.

**Example**

```
AT+QSINR //Query SINR.
+QSINR: -3,-7,LTE
OK
```

## 5.10 AT+CPOL Preferred Operator List

This command edits and queries the list of preferred operators.

AT+CPOL Preferred Operator List	
Test Command <b>AT+CPOL=?</b>	Response <b>+CPOL:</b> (list of supported <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> s),(range of supported <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command Query the list of preferred operators: <b>AT+CPOL?</b>	Response <b>+CPOL:</b> <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> [ <b>&lt;GSM&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;GSM_compact&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;UTRAN&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;E-UTRAN&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;NG-RAN&gt;</b> ] [...]  <b>OK</b>
Write Command Edit the list of preferred operators: <b>AT+CPOL=&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;format&gt;[,&lt;operator&gt;[&lt;GSM&gt;,&lt;GSM_compact&gt;,&lt;UTRAN&gt;,&lt;E-UTRAN&gt;,&lt;NG-RAN&gt;]]]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>  If <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> is given but <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> is omitted, the entry is deleted.

Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	Integer type. The order number of operators in the (U)SIM preferred operator list.
<b>&lt;format&gt;</b>	Integer type. 0 Long format alphanumeric <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> 1 Short format alphanumeric <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b> 2 Numeric <b>&lt;oper&gt;</b>
<b>&lt;oper&gt;</b>	Operator name. <b>&lt;format&gt;</b> indicates the format is alphanumeric or numeric (see <b>AT+COPS</b> )
<b>&lt;GSM&gt;</b>	Integer type. GSM access technology. 0 Access technology is not selected 1 Access technology is selected
<b>&lt;GSM_compact&gt;</b>	Integer type. GSM compact access technology. 0 Access technology is not selected 1 Access technology is selected
<b>&lt;UTRAN&gt;</b>	Integer type. UTRAN access technology. 0 Access technology is not selected 1 Access technology is selected
<b>&lt;E-UTRAN&gt;</b>	Integer type. E-UTRAN access technology. 0 Access technology is not selected 1 Access technology is selected
<b>&lt;NG-RAN&gt;</b>	Integer type. NG-RAN access technology. 0 Access technology is not selected 1 Access technology is selected
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### NOTE

The access technology selection parameters **<GSM>**, **<GSM\_compact>**, **<UTRAN>** and **<E-UTRAN>** are required for (U)SIM cards or UICC's containing PLMN selector with access technology.



## 5.11 AT+CTZU Automatic Time Zone Update

This command enables/disables automatic time zone update via NITZ.

AT+CTZU Automatic Time Zone Update	
Test Command <b>AT+CTZU=?</b>	Response <b>+CTZU:</b> (list of supported <onoff>s)  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CTZU=&lt;onoff&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CTZU?</b>	Response <b>+CTZU:</b> <onoff>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### Parameter

<onoff>	Integer type. Enable or disable automatic time zone update.
0	Disable
1	Enable

### NOTE

Executing **AT+CTZU=<onoff>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### Example

```

AT+CTZU?           //Read command.
+CTZU: 0

OK
AT+CTZU=?         //Test command.
+CTZU: (0,1)
  
```

```

OK
AT+CTZU=1           //Enable automatic time zone update.
OK
AT+CTZU?
+CTZU: 1
OK
    
```

## 5.12 AT+CTZR Time Zone Reporting

This command controls the reporting of time zone change event. If reporting is enabled, MT returns the unsolicited result code **+CTZV: <tz>** or **+CTZE: <tz>,<dst>,<time>** whenever the time zone is changed.

AT+CTZR Time Zone Reporting	
Test Command <b>AT+CTZR=?</b>	Response <b>+CTZR: (range of supported &lt;reporting&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CTZR?</b>	Response <b>+CTZR: &lt;reporting&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CTZR=&lt;reporting&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;reporting&gt;</b>	Integer type. Disable or enable time zone reporting. <div> <u>0</u>    Disable time zone reporting of changed event                      1    Enable time zone reporting of changed event by unsolicited result code <b>+CTZV: &lt;tz&gt;</b>                      2    Enable extended time zone reporting by unsolicited result code <b>+CTZE: &lt;tz&gt;,&lt;dst&gt;,&lt;time&gt;</b> </div>
<b>&lt;tz&gt;</b>	String type. Sum of the local time zone (difference between the local time and GMT is

expressed in quarters of an hour) plus daylight saving time. The format is "±zz", expressed as a fixed width, two-digit integer with the range -48 to +56. To maintain a fixed width, numbers in the range -9 to +9 are expressed with a leading zero, e.g. "-09", "+00" and "+09".

<b>&lt;dst&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether <b>&lt;tz&gt;</b> includes daylight savings adjustment.
0	<b>&lt;tz&gt;</b> includes no adjustment for daylight saving time
1	<b>&lt;tz&gt;</b> includes +1 hour (equals 4 quarters in <b>&lt;tz&gt;</b> ) adjustment for daylight saving time
2	<b>&lt;tz&gt;</b> includes +2 hours (equals 8 quarters in <b>&lt;tz&gt;</b> ) adjustment for daylight saving time
<b>&lt;time&gt;</b>	String type. Indicate the local time. The format is "YYYY/MM/DD, hh:mm:ss", expressed as integers representing year (YYYY), month (MM), date (DD), hour (hh), minute (mm) and second (ss). This parameter can be provided by the network when delivering time zone information and will be presented in the unsolicited result code of extended time zone reporting if provided by the network.

#### NOTE

Executing **AT+CTZR=<reporting>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

#### Example

```
AT+CTZR=2
OK
AT+CTZR?
+CTZR: 2

OK

+CTZE: "+32",0,"2018/03/23,06:51:13" //Extended time zone and local time reporting by URC.
```

### 5.13 AT+QLTS Obtain the Latest Time Synchronized Through Network

This command obtains the latest time synchronized through network.

The Execution Command returns the latest time that has been synchronized through network.

#### AT+QLTS Obtain the Latest Time Synchronized Through Network

Test Command	Response
<b>AT+QLTS=?</b>	<b>+QLTS:</b> (range of supported <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> s)

	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QLTS=&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Response <b>+QLTS: &lt;time&gt;,&lt;ds&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+QLTS</b>	Response <b>+QLTS: &lt;time&gt;,&lt;ds&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

## Parameter

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. Query network time mode. 0 Query the latest time that has been synchronized through network 1 Query the current GMT time calculated from the latest time that has been synchronized through network 2 Query the current LOCAL time calculated from the latest time that has been synchronized through network
<b>&lt;time&gt;</b>	Format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", in which characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarters of an hour, between the local time and GMT; range: -48 to +48). E.g. 6th of May 2004, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals "04/05/06,22:10:00+08".
<b>&lt;ds&gt;</b>	Integer type. Daylight saving time. 0 No adjustment 1 Plus one hour 2 Plus two hours
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### NOTE

If the time has not been synchronized through network, the command returns **+QLTS: ""**.

## Example

```

AT+QLTS=? //Query supported network time modes.
+QLTS: (0-2)

OK
AT+QLTS //Query the latest time synchronized through network.
+QLTS: "2017/01/13,03:40:48+32,0"

OK
AT+QLTS=0 //Query the latest time synchronized through network. It offers the same
              function as Execution Command AT+QLTS.
+QLTS: "2017/01/13,03:40:48+32,0"

OK
AT+QLTS=1 //Query the current GMT time calculated from the latest time that has been
              synchronized through network.
+QLTS: "2017/01/13,03:41:22+32,0"

OK
AT+QLTS=2 //Query the current LOCAL time calculated from the latest time that has been
              synchronized through network.
+QLTS: "2017/01/13,11:41:23+32,0"

OK

```

## 5.14 AT+QENG Query Primary Serving Cell and Neighbour Cell

### Information

This command obtains the network information, such as serving cell and neighbour cells.

<b>AT+QENG Query Primary Serving Cell and Neighbour Cell Information</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+QENG=?</b>	Response <b>+QENG:</b> (list of supported <cell_type>s)  <b>OK</b>
Write Command Query the serving cell information <b>AT+QENG="servingcell"</b>	Response In SA mode: <b>+QENG:</b> "servingcell",<state>,"NR5G-SA",<duplex_mod e>,<MCC>,<MNC>,<cellID>,<PCID>,<TAC>,<ARFCN>,<ba nd>,<NR_DL_bandwidth>,<RSRP>,<RSRQ>,<SINR>,<sc

	<p>s&gt;,&lt;srlevel&gt;</p> <p>OK</p> <p>In LTE mode:</p> <p>+QENG: "servingcell",&lt;state&gt;,"LTE",&lt;is_tdd&gt;,&lt;MCC&gt;,&lt;MNC&gt;,&lt;cellID&gt;,&lt;PCID&gt;,&lt;earfcn&gt;,&lt;freq_band_ind&gt;,&lt;UL_bandwidth&gt;,&lt;DL_bandwidth&gt;,&lt;TAC&gt;,&lt;RSRP&gt;,&lt;RSRQ&gt;,&lt;RSSI&gt;,&lt;SINR&gt;,&lt;CQI&gt;,&lt;tx_power&gt;,&lt;srlevel&gt;</p> <p>OK</p>
<p>Write Command</p> <p>Query the information of neighbour cells</p> <p>AT+QENG="neighbourcell"</p>	<p>Response</p> <p>In LTE mode:</p> <p>[+QENG: "neighbourcell intra","LTE",&lt;earfcn&gt;,&lt;PCID&gt;,&lt;RSRQ&gt;,&lt;RSRP&gt;,&lt;RSSI&gt;,&lt;SINR&gt;,&lt;srlevel&gt;,&lt;cell_resel_priority&gt;,&lt;s_non_intra_search&gt;,&lt;thresh_serving_low&gt;,&lt;s_intra_search&gt;...]</p> <p>[+QENG: "neighbourcell inter","LTE",&lt;earfcn&gt;,&lt;PCID&gt;,&lt;RSRQ&gt;,&lt;RSRP&gt;,&lt;RSSI&gt;,&lt;SINR&gt;,&lt;srlevel&gt;,&lt;cell_resel_priority&gt;,&lt;threshX_low&gt;,&lt;threshX_high&gt;...]</p> <p>OK</p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p>ERROR</p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

## Parameter

<cell_type>	<p>String type. The information of different cells.</p> <p>"servingcell" The information of 4G/5G serving cells</p> <p>"neighbourcell" The information of 4G neighbor cells</p>
<state>	<p>String type. UE state.</p> <p>"SEARCH" UE is searching but could not (yet) find a suitable 4G/5G cell.</p> <p>"LIMSRV" UE is camping on a cell but has not registered on the network.</p> <p>"NOCONN" UE is camping on a cell and has registered on the network, and it is in idle mode.</p> <p>"CONNECT" UE is camping on a cell and has registered on the network,</p>

	and a call is in progress.
<duplex_mode>	String type. The 5G NR SA network mode. "TDD" "FDD"
<is_tdd>	String type. The LTE network mode. "TDD" "FDD"
<MCC>	16-bit unsigned integer. Mobile Country Code (first part of the PLMN code).
<MNC>	16-bit unsigned integer. Mobile Network Code (second part of the PLMN code).
<ARFCN>	Indicates the SA-ARFCN of the cell that was scanned.
<band>	32-bit unsigned integer. Frequency band in NR5G SA network mode.
<NR_DL_bandwidth>	Integer type. DL bandwidth. (The value is only valid in RRC connected state.) 0 5 MHz 1 10 MHz 2 15 MHz 3 20 MHz 4 25 MHz 5 30 MHz 6 40 MHz 7 50 MHz 8 60 MHz 9 70 MHz 10 80 MHz 11 90 MHz 12 100 MHz 13 200 MHz 14 400 MHz 15 35 MHz 16 45 MHz
<cellID>	Integer type. Cell ID. The parameter determines the 28-bit (UMTS, LTE) or 36-bit (NR5G) cell ID. Range: 0-0xFFFFFFFF.
<PCID>	Integer type. Physical cell ID.
<earfcn>	E-UTRA-ARFCN of the cell that was scanned.
<freq_band_ind>	Integer type. E-UTRA frequency band (see 3GPP 36.101).
<UL_bandwidth>	Integer type. UL bandwidth. 0 1.4 MHz 1 3 MHz 2 5 MHz 3 10 MHz 4 15 MHz 5 20 MHz
<DL_bandwidth>	Integer type. DL bandwidth.

	0	1.4 MHz
	1	3 MHz
	2	5 MHz
	3	10 MHz
	4	15 MHz
	5	20 MHz
<TAC>	Tracking Area Code (see 3GPP 23.003 Section 19.4.2.3).	
<RSRP>	16-bit signed integer. In LTE mode: It indicates the signal of LTE Reference Signal Received Power (see 3GPP 36.214). Range: -140 to -44 dBm. The closer to -44, the better the signal is. The closer to -140, the worse the signal is. In NR5G mode: It indicates the signal of NR5G Reference Signal Received Power. Range: -140 to -44 dBm. The closer to -44, the better the signal is. The closer to -140, the worse the signal is.	
<RSRQ>	In LTE mode: It indicates the signal of current LTE Reference Signal Received Quality (see 3GPP 36.214). Range: -20 to -3 dB. The closer to -3, the better the signal is. The closer to -20, the worse the signal is. In NR5G mode: It indicates the signal of current NR5G Reference Signal Received Quality. Range: -20 to -3 dB. The closer to -3, the better the signal is. The closer to -20, the worse the signal is.	
<RSSI>	LTE Received Signal Strength Indication.	
<SINR>	In LTE mode: It indicates LTE Signal-to-Interface plus Noise Ratio. The conversion formula for actual SINR is $Y = (1/5) \times X \times 10 - 20$ (X is the <SINR> value queried by AT+QENG and Y is the actual value of LTE SINR after calculating with the formula). Range: -20 to 30 dB. In NR5G mode: It indicates the signal of NR5G Signal-to-Interface plus Noise Ratio. Range: -23 to 40 dB.	
<CQI>	Integer type. Channel Quality Indication. Range: 1–30.	
<tx_power>	TX power value in 1/10 dBm. It is the maximum of all UL channel TX power. The <tx_power> value is only meaningful when the device is in traffic.	
<threshX_low>	To be considered for re-selection. The suitable receive level value of an evaluated lower priority cell must be greater than this value.	
<threshX_high>	To be considered for re-selection. The suitable receive level value of an evaluated higher priority cell must be greater than this value.	
<srxlev>	Select reception level value for base station in dB.	
<cell_resel_priority>	Integer type. Cell reselection priority. Range: 0–7.	
<s_non_intra_search>	Threshold to control non-intra frequency searches.	
<thresh_serving_low>	Specifies the suitable reception level threshold (in dB) used by the UE on	



<s_intra_search>	the serving cell when reselecting towards a lower priority RAT/frequency.
<scs>	Cell selection parameter for the intra frequency cell.
	Integer type. NR sub-carrier space.
	0 15 kHz
	1 30 kHz
	2 60 kHz
	3 120 kHz
	4 240 kHz

#### NOTE

"-" or - indicates the parameter is invalid under current condition.

#### Example

```

AT+QENG="servingcell"
+QENG: "servingcell","NOCONN","LTE","FDD",460,01,5F1EA15,12,1650,3,5,5,DE10,-100,-12,-68,1
1,0,-32768,27

OK
AT+QENG="servingcell"
+QENG: "servingcell","NOCONN","NR5G-SA","TDD",460,01,9013B004,299,690E0F,633984,78,12,-
107,-13,2,1,-

OK
AT+QENG="neighbourcell"
+QENG: "neighbourcell intra","LTE",38950,276,-3,-88,-65,0,37,7,16,6,44
+QENG: "neighbourcell inter","LTE",39148,-,-,-,-,37,0,30,7
+QENG: "neighbourcell inter","LTE",37900,-,-,-,-,0,0,30,6

OK

```

### 5.15 AT+QNWCFG Configure and Query Network Parameters

This command configures and queries network parameters.

#### AT+QNWCFG Configure and Query Network Parameters

Test Command	Response
AT+QNWCFG=?	+QNWCFG: "lte_cell_id"
	+QNWCFG: "nr5g_cell_id"
	+QNWCFG: "hplmn_search_timer",(range of supported

	<timer_value>s) ...
	OK
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

### 5.15.1 AT+QNWCFG="lte\_cell\_id" Read Cell ID Under LTE

This command reads ECGI, ECI, eNodeB ID under LTE.

AT+QNWCFG="lte_cell_id" Read Cell ID Under LTE	
Write Command AT+QNWCFG="lte_cell_id"	Response [+QNWCFG: "lte_cell_id",<ECGI>,<ECI>,<eNodeB_ID>]  OK
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

#### Parameter

<ECGI>	Integer type. E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier (MCC + MNC + ECI).
<ECI>	Integer type. E-UTRAN Cell Identity (eNodeB ID + cell ID).
<eNodeB_ID>	Integer type. LTE base station ID.

#### Example

```
AT+QNWCFG="lte_cell_id" //Read Cell ID under LTE.
```

```
+QNWCFG: "lte_cell_id",64F0000D6B5C0,0D6B5C0,0D6B5
```

```
OK
```

```
AT+QNWCFG="lte_cell_id" //Read Cell ID under non-LTE mode.
```

```
OK
```

### 5.15.2 AT+QNWCFG="nr5g\_cell\_id" Read Cell ID Under NR5G SA

This command reads the NCGI, NCI, NR5G base station ID under 5G SA.

AT+QNWCFG="nr5g_cell_id" Read Cell ID Under NR5G SA	
Write Command <b>AT+QNWCFG="nr5g_cell_id"</b>	Response [+QNWCFG: "nr5g_cell_id",<NCGI>,<NCI>,<gNodeB_ID>]  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

#### Parameter

<NCGI>	Integer type. NR Cell Global Identification (MCC + MNC + NCI).
<NCI>	Integer type. NR Cell Identification (gNodeB ID + cell ID).
<gNodeB_ID>	Integer type. NR5G base station ID.

#### Example

```

AT+QNWCFG="nr5g_cell_id" //Read Cell ID under NR5G SA.
+QNWCFG: "nr5g_cell_id",64F000170C23000,170C23000,170C23
OK
AT+QNWCFG="nr5g_cell_id" //Read Cell ID under non-NR5G SA.
OK

```

### 5.15.3 AT+QNWCFG="hplmn\_search\_timer" Set Higher Priority PLMN Search Timer

This command sets the higher priority PLMN search timer.

AT+QNWCFG="hplmn_search_timer" Set Higher Priority PLMN Search Timer	
Write Command <b>AT+QNWCFG="hplmn_search_timer"</b> [,<timer_value>]	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QNWCFG: "hplmn_search_timer",&lt;timer_value&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, set the higher priority PLMN search timer : <b>OK</b>

	If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	This command takes effect immediately. This configuration is not saved.

### Parameter

<b>&lt;timer_value&gt;</b>	Integer type. The higher priority PLMN search timer. Range: 0–1530. Unit: minute. When the value is 0, it indicates no higher priority PLMN search attempts (The higher priority PLMN search timer is turned off).
----------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### Example

```
AT+QNWCFG="hplmn_search_timer"
+QNWCFG: "hplmn_search_timer",480

OK
AT+QNWCFG="hplmn_search_timer",100
OK
```

## 5.16 AT+QNWPREFCFG Configure Network Searching Preferences

This command configures the network searching preferences.

AT+QNWPREFCFG Configure Network Searching Preferences	
Test Command <b>AT+QNWPREFCFG=?</b>	Response <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "lte_band",</b> (list of supported <LTE_band>s) <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "nr5g_band",</b> (list of supported <SA_NR5G_band>s) <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "mode_pref",</b> (list of supported <mode_pref>s) <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "ue_usage_setting",</b> (list of supported <setting>s) <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "policy_band"</b> <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "ue_capability_band"</b> ... <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms

Characteristics

/

### 5.16.1 AT+QNWPREFCFG="lte\_band" LTE Band Configuration

This command specifies the preferred LTE bands to be searched by UE.

#### AT+QNWPREFCFG="lte\_band" LTE Band Configuration

Write Command <b>AT+QNWPREFCFG="lte_band"</b> <b>[,&lt;LTE_band&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "lte_band",&lt;LTE_band&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, configure the preferred LTE bands to be searched: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;LTE_band&gt;</b>	String type. Use the colon as a separator to list the LTE Bands to be configured. The parameter format is <b>&lt;band1&gt;:&lt;band2&gt;:...:&lt;bandx&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;bandx&gt;</b>	Integer type. LTE band. The LTE bands supported by the module are: B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, B8, B12, B13, B14, B17, B18, B19, B20, B25, B26, B28, B29, B30, B32, B34, B38, B39, B40, B41, B42, B43, B48, B66 and B71.

#### NOTE

1. When the module locks to LTE, an error is reported if **<LTE\_band>** is set to null.
2. Executing **AT+QNWPREFCFG="lte\_band",<LTE\_band>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

#### Example

```
AT+QNWPREFCFG="lte_band"           //Query the currently configured LTE bands of the UE.
+QNWPREFCFG: "lte_band",1:2:3:4:5:7:8:12:13:14:17:18:19:20:25:26:28:29:30:32:34:38:39:40:41:
42:66:71
```

```
OK
AT+QNWPREFCFG="lte_band",1:2 //Set LTE B1 and LTE B2.
OK
```

### 5.16.2 AT+QNWPREFCFG="nr5g\_band" NR5G SA Band Configuration

This command specifies the preferred NR5G bands to be searched by UE.

#### AT+QNWPREFCFG="nr5g\_band" NR5G SA Band Configuration

Write Command <b>AT+QNWPREFCFG="nr5g_band",&lt;SA_NR5G_band&gt;</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "nr5g_band",&lt;SA_NR5G_band&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, configure the preferred NR5G SA bands to be searched: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

#### Parameter

<SA_NR5G_band>	String type. Use the colon as a separator to list the 5G NR bands to be configured. The parameter format is <b>&lt;SA_band1&gt;:&lt;SA_band2&gt;:...:&lt;SA_bandx&gt;</b> .
<SA_bandx>	The configurable SA NR5G bands supported by the applicable modules for this command are: n1, n2, n3, n5, n7, n8, n12, n20, n25, n28, n38, n40, n41, n48, n66, n71, n77, n78, n79.

#### NOTE

1. When the module locks to NR5G, an error is reported if <SA\_NR5G\_band> is set to null.
2. Executing **AT+QNWPREFCFG="nr5g\_band",<SA\_NR5G\_band>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### Example

```

AT+QNWPRECFG= "nr5g_band"           //Query the currently configured NR5G SA bands of the
                                     UE.
+QNWPRECFG: "nr5g_band",1:3:7:20:28:40:41:71:77:78:79

OK
AT+QNWPRECFG= "nr5g_band",1:2       //Set NR5G SA n1 and NR5G SA n2.
OK

```

### 5.16.3 AT+QNWPRECFG="mode\_pref" Network Search Mode Configuration

This command specifies the network search mode.

AT+QNWPRECFG="mode_pref" Network Search Mode Configuration	
Write Command <b>AT+QNWPRECFG="mode_pref" [,&lt;mode_pref&gt;]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QNWPRECFG: "mode_pref",&lt;mode_pref&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameter is specified, configure the network search mode: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	<p>The command takes effect immediately.</p> <p>The configuration is saved automatically.</p>

### Parameter

<b>&lt;mode_pref&gt;</b>	String type. Use the colon as a separator to list the RATs to be configured. The parameter format is: <b>&lt;RAT1&gt;:&lt;RAT2&gt;:...&lt;RATN&gt;</b> . The RATs supported by the module are as follows:
AUTO	LTE & NR5G
LTE	LTE only
NR5G	NR5G only

**NOTE**

Executing **AT+QNWPRECFG="mode\_pref",<mode\_pref>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

**Example**

```
AT+QNWPRECFG="mode_pref"           //Query the current configuration.
+QNWPRECFG: "mode_pref",AUTO

OK

AT+QNWPRECFG="mode_pref",LTE       //Set RAT to LTE only.
OK

AT+QNWPRECFG="mode_pref",LTE:NR5G  //Set RAT to LTE & NR5G.
OK
```

#### 5.16.4 AT+QNWPRECFG="ue\_usage\_setting" UE Usage Setting Configuration

This command specifies the usage setting of UE.

##### AT+QNWPRECFG="ue\_usage\_setting" UE Usage Setting Configuration

Write Command	Response
<b>AT+QNWPRECFG="ue_usage_setting",&lt;setting&gt;</b>	If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QNWPRECFG: "ue_usage_setting",&lt;setting&gt;</b>
	<b>OK</b>
	If the optional parameter is specified, configure the usage setting of UE: <b>OK</b>
	If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

**Parameter**

<b>&lt;setting &gt;</b>	Integer type. Usage setting of UE.
0	Voice centric
1	Data centric



**NOTE**

Executing **AT+QNWPREFCFG="ue\_usage\_setting",<setting>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

**Example**

```
AT+QNWPREFCFG="ue_usage_setting" //Query the current configuration.
+QNWPREFCFG: "ue_usage_setting",1

OK
AT+QNWPREFCFG="ue_usage_setting",0 //Set voice centric.
OK
```

**5.16.5 AT+QNWPREFCFG="policy\_band" Read Carrier Policy Band**

This command reads the band configured in the carrier policy.

AT+QNWPREFCFG="policy_band" Read Carrier Policy Band	
Write Command <b>AT+QNWPREFCFG="policy_band"</b>	Response <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "lte_band",&lt;LTE_band&gt;</b> <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "nr5g_band",&lt;NR5G_band&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

**Parameter**

<b>&lt;LTE_band&gt;</b>	String type. Use the colon as a separator to list the LTE bands to be configured. The parameter format is <b>&lt;band1&gt;:&lt;band2&gt;:...:&lt;bandx&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;bandx&gt;</b>	Integer type. LTE band. The supported bands are B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, B8, B12, B13, B14, B17, B18, B19, B20, B25, B26, B28, B29, B30, B32, B34, B38, B39, B40, B41, B42, B43, B48, B66 and B71.
<b>&lt;NR5G_band&gt;</b>	String type. Use the colon as a separator to list the NR5G SA bands to be configured. The parameter format is <b>&lt;SA_band1&gt;:&lt;SA_bandx&gt;:...:&lt;SA_bandx&gt;</b>
<b>&lt;SA_bandx&gt;</b>	Integer type. NR5G SA band. The supported bands are n1, n2, n3, n5, n7, n8, n12, n20, n25, n28, n38, n40, n41, n48, n66, n71, n77, n78 and n79.

**NOTE**

Please refer to the module specification for the bands that are supported by the specific module.

**Example**

```
AT+QNWPREFCFG="policy_band"
+QNWPREFCFG: "lte_band",1:3:8
+QNWPREFCFG: "nr5g_band",78
```

OK

**5.16.6 AT+QNWPREFCFG="ue\_capability\_band" Query UE Band Capability\***

This command queries the band configured in the UE capability information.

AT+QNWPREFCFG="ue_capability_band" Query UE Band Capability	
Write Command <b>AT+QNWPREFCFG="ue_capability_band"</b>	Response <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "lte_band",&lt;LTE_band&gt;</b> <b>+QNWPREFCFG: "nr5g_band",&lt;NR5G_band&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

**Parameter**

<b>&lt;LTE_band&gt;</b>	String type. Use the colon as a separator to list the LTE bands to be configured. The parameter format is <b>&lt;band1&gt;:&lt;band2&gt;:...:&lt;bandx&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;bandx&gt;</b>	Integer type. LTE band. The supported bands are B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, B8, B12, B13, B14, B17, B18, B19, B20, B25, B26, B28, B29, B30, B32, B34, B38, B39, B40, B41, B42, B43, B48, B66 and B71.
<b>&lt;NR5G_band&gt;</b>	String type. Use the colon as a separator to list the NR5G SA bands to be configured. The parameter format is <b>&lt;SA_band1&gt;:&lt;SA_bandx&gt;:...:&lt;SA_bandx&gt;</b>
<b>&lt;SA_bandx&gt;</b>	Integer type. NR5G SA band. The supported bands are n1, n2, n3, n5, n7, n8, n12, n20, n25, n28, n38, n40, n41, n48, n66, n71, n77, n78 and n79.

**NOTE**

Please refer to the module specification for the bands that are supported by the specific module.

**Example**

```
AT+QNWPREFCFG="ue_capability_band"
```

```
+QNWPREFCFG: "lte_band",1:3:8
```

```
+QNWPREFCFG: "nr5g_band",78
```

```
OK
```

# 6 Call Related Commands

## 6.1 ATA Answer an Incoming Call

This command connects the MT to an incoming voice or data call indicated by a **RING** URC.

ATA Answer an Incoming Call	
Execution Command <b>ATA</b>	Response MT sends off-hook to the remote station. In case of data call, if successfully connected: <b>CONNECT&lt;text&gt;</b> And MT switches to data mode. Note: <text> outputs only when <value> of <b>ATX</b> is greater than 0.  When MT returns to command mode after call release: <b>OK</b>  Response in case of voice call, if successfully connected: <b>OK</b>  Response if there is no connection: <b>NO CARRIER</b>
Maximum Response Time	90 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### NOTE

- Any additional commands on the same command line are ignored.
- This command may be aborted generally when the module receives a character during command execution. However, the command will not be aborted during some connection establishments such as handshaking.

## Example

```

RING##0           //Incoming call.
AT+CLCC
+CLCC: 1,1,4,0,0,"02154450290",129   //Incoming call.

OK
ATA           //Accept the voice call with ATA.
OK

```

## 5.17 ATD Originate a Call

This command sets up outgoing voice and data calls. Supplementary services can also be controlled with this command.

ATD Originate a Call	
Execution Command <b>ATD&lt;n&gt;[&lt;mgs&gt;][;]</b>	Response If no dial tone and <b>ATX2</b> or <b>ATX4</b> is set: <b>NO DIALTONE</b>  If busy and <b>ATX3</b> or <b>ATX4</b> is set: <b>BUSYBUSY</b>  If a connection cannot be established: <b>NO CARRIER</b>  If connection is successful and there is a non-voice call: <b>CONNECT&lt;text&gt;</b> And MT switches to data mode. Note: <text> outputs only when <value> of <b>ATX</b> is greater than 0.  When MT returns to command mode after call release: <b>OK</b>  If connection is successful and there is a voice call: <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	5 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

## Parameter

<n>	String of dialing digits and optionally V.25ter modifiers. Dialing digits: 0-9, *, #, +, A, B, C Following V.25ter modifiers are ignored: ,(comma), T, P, !, W, @
<mgsms>	String of GSM modifiers: l        Activate <b>CLIR</b> (Disable presentation of own number to the called party) i        Deactivate <b>CLIR</b> (Enable presentation of own number to the called party) G        Activates closed user group invocation for this call only g        Deactivates closed user group invocation for this call only
<;>	It is required when setting up voice call, and will return to command state after call.

### NOTE

1. When being executed, this command may be aborted generally by the module's receiving of an **ATH** or a character. However, the command will not be aborted during some connection establishments such as handshaking.
2. Parameter "l" and "i" are only valid when no "\*" or "#" code is within the dial string.
3. See **ATX** for setting result code and call monitoring parameters.
4. Responses returned after dialing with **ATD**:  
For voice call, two different response modes can be determined. MT returns **OK** immediately either after dialing was completed or after the call was established. The setting is controlled by **AT+COLP**, of which default is **AT+COLP=0** which causes the MT to return **OK** immediately after the dialing was completed. Otherwise, MT returns **OK**, **BUSY**, **NO DIAL TONE**, or **NO CARRIER**.
5. Using **ATD** during an active voice call:
  - When a user originates a second voice call while there is already an active voice call, the first call will be automatically put on hold.
  - The current states of all calls can be easily checked at any time with **AT+CLCC**.

## Example

```
ATD10086;           //Dialing out the party's number.
OK
```

## 5.18 ATH Disconnect Existing Connection

This command disconnects data calls or voice calls. **AT+CHUP** is also used for disconnecting the voice call.

ATH Disconnect Existing Connection	
Execution Command <b>ATH[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	90 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type.
0	Disconnect existing call from command line and terminate the call

## 5.19 AT+CVHU Voice Hang up Control

This command controls whether **ATH** can be used to disconnect the voice call.

AT+CVHU Voice Hang up Control	
Test Command <b>AT+CVHU=?</b>	Response <b>+CVHU: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CVHU?</b>	Response <b>+CVHU: &lt;mode&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CVHU=&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

Reference  
3GPP TS 27.007

## Parameter

<mode>	Integer type.
0	<b>ATH</b> can be used to disconnect the voice call
1	<b>ATH</b> is ignored with the response <b>OK</b> returned only

## 5.20 AT+CHUP Hang up Calls

This command cancels all voice calls in the state of Active, Waiting and Held. For data disconnections, use **ATH**.

AT+CHUP Hang up Calls	
Test Command <b>AT+CHUP=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CHUP</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	90 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP 27.007	

## Example

```

RING##0           //Incoming call.
AT+CHUP           //Hang up the call.
OK

```



## 5.21 ATSO Set Number of Rings Before Automatic Answering

This command controls automatic answering mode for the incoming calls.

ATSO Set Number of Rings Before Automatic Answering	
Read Command <b>ATSO?</b>	Response <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>
	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>ATSO=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	V.25ter

### Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type.
<u>0</u>	Disable automatic answering
1–255	Enable automatic answering on the ring number specified

### NOTE

If **<n>** is set too large, the calling party may hang up before the call is answered automatically.

### Example

```

ATSO=3 //Set three rings before automatically answering a call.
OK

RING##0 //A call is coming.

RING##0

RING##0 //Automatically answering the call after three rings.
  
```

## 5.22 ATS6 Set Pause Before Blind Dialing

This command is implemented for compatibility reasons only, and has no effect.

ATS6 Set Pause Before Blind Dialing	
Read Command <b>ATS6?</b>	Response <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>ATS6=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

### Parameter

**<n>** Integer type. Number of seconds to wait before blind dialing. Range: 0–10. Default value: 2.

## 5.23 ATS7 Set Time to Wait for Connection Completion

This command specifies the duration (unit: second) to wait for the connection completion in case of answering or originating a call. If no connection is established during the time, MT will be disconnected from the line.

ATS7 Set Time to Wait for Connection Completion	
Read Command <b>ATS7?</b>	Response <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>ATS7=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

Reference  
V.25ter

## Parameter

**<n>** Integer type.  
0 Disabled  
 1–255 Duration of seconds to wait for connection completion

## 5.24 ATS8 Set the Time to Wait for Comma Dial Modifier

This command is implemented for compatibility reasons only, and has no effect.

### ATS8 Set the Time to Wait for Comma Dial Modifier

Read Command  
**ATS8?**

Response  
**<n>**

**OK**

Write Command  
**ATS8=<n>**

Response  
**OK**

Maximum Response Time

300 ms

Characteristics

/

Reference  
V.25ter

## Parameter

**<n>** Integer type.  
 0 No pause when comma encountered in dial string  
 1–2–255 Number of seconds to wait for comma dial modifier

## 5.25 AT+ATS10 Set Disconnection Delay after Indicating the Absence of Data Carrier

This command determines the duration (unit: tenths of a second) during which the UE remains connected in absence of a data carrier. This parameter setting determines the amount of time (unit: tenths of a second) during which the MT will remain connected in absence of a data carrier. If the data carrier is once more detected before disconnection, the MT remains connected.

### AT+ATS10 Set Disconnection Delay after Indicating the Absence of Data Carrier

Read Command <b>AT+ATS10?</b>	Response <b>&lt;n&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+ATS10=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference V.25ter	

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type. Duration of tenths of seconds to wait before disconnecting after UE has indicated the absence of received line signal. Range: 1–254. Default: 15. Unit: Tenth of second.
------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

## 5.26 AT+CSTA Select Type of Address

This command selects the type of number for further dialing commands **ATD** according to 3GPP Specifications. The Test Command returns values supported a compound value.

### AT+CSTA Select Type of Address

Test Command <b>AT+CSTA=?</b>	Response <b>+CSTA: (list of supported &lt;type&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSTA?</b>	Response <b>+CSTA: &lt;type&gt;</b>

	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSTA=[&lt;type&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Current address type setting.
129	Unknown type
145	International type (contains the character "+")

## 5.27 AT+CLCC List Current Calls of MT

This command returns the list of all current calls. If the command is executed successfully, but no calls existed, then no information is responded but **OK** will be sent to TE.

<b>AT+CLCC List Current Calls of MT</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CLCC=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CLCC</b>	Response [+CLCC: <id1>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>[,<number>,<type>[,<alpha>]] ... <b>OK</b>  If there is any error related to MT functionality: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

## Parameter

<b>&lt;idx&gt;</b>	Integer type. The call identification number as described in 3GPP TS 22.030 can be used in <b>AT+CHLD</b> operations.
--------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

<b>&lt;dir&gt;</b>	Integer type. 0 Mobile originated (MO) call 1 Mobile terminated (MT) call
<b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>	Integer type. State of the call. 0 Active 1 Held 2 Dialing (MO call) 3 Alerting (MO call) 4 Incoming (MT call) 5 Waiting (MT call)
<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. Bearer/teleservice. 0 Voice 1 Data 2 FAX
<b>&lt;empty&gt;</b>	Integer type. 0 Call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties 1 Call is one of multiparty (conference) call parties
<b>&lt;number&gt;</b>	Phone number in string type in format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	Type of address of octet in integer format (See 3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.7 for details). Usually, it has three kinds of values: 129 Unknown type 145 International type (contains the character "+") 161 National type
<b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b>	Alphanumeric representation for <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### Example

```

ATD10086; //Establish a call.
OK
AT+CLCC
+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10086",129 //Establish a call, and the call has been answered.
OK

```

## 5.28 AT+CRC Set Extended Format of Incoming Call Indication

This command controls whether to use the extended format of incoming call indication or not. When it is enabled, an incoming call is indicated to TE with unsolicited result code **+CRING: <type>** instead of the normal **RING**.

## AT+CRC Set Extended Format of Incoming Call Indication

Test Command <b>AT+CRC=?</b>	Response <b>+CRC:</b> (list of supported <mode>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CRC?</b>	Response <b>+CRC:</b> <mode>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CRC=[&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	This command takes effect immediately. The configuration is not saved.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<mode>	Integer type.	
	0	Disable extended format
	1	Enable extended format
<type>	String type.	
	ASYNCR	Asynchronous transparent
	SYNCR	Synchronous transparent
	REL ASYNCR	Asynchronous non-transparent
	REL SYNCR	Synchronous non-transparent
	FAX	Facsimile
	VOICE	Voice

### Example

<b>AT+CRC=1</b>	//Enable extended format.
<b>OK</b>	
<b>+CRING: VOICE##0</b>	//Indicate incoming call of voice type to TE.
<b>ATH</b>	
<b>OK</b>	
<b>AT+CRC=0</b>	//Disable extended format.
<b>OK</b>	
<b>RING##0</b>	//Indicate incoming call to TE.

ATH  
OK

## 5.29 AT+QECCNUM Configure Emergency Call Numbers

This command queries, adds and deletes ECC phone numbers (emergency call numbers).

AT+QECCNUM Configure Emergency Call Numbers	
Test Command <b>AT+QECCNUM=?</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>+QECCNUM:</b> (list of supported <b>&lt;mode&gt;s</b>)</p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
Write Command <b>AT+QECCNUM=&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;type&gt;[,&lt;eccnum1&gt;[,&lt;eccnum2&gt;[,...[,&lt;eccnumN&gt;]]]]]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=0</b>, <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> is specified and <b>&lt;eccnumN&gt;</b> is omitted, query the current ECC number type: <b>+QECCNUM: &lt;type&gt;,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;eccnum2&gt;[,...]</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=1</b>, <b>&lt;type&gt;=0</b> or <b>1</b>, and at least one <b>&lt;eccnumN&gt;</b> is specified, add ECC numbers with (U)SIM card or ECC numbers without (U)SIM card: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=2</b>, <b>&lt;type&gt;=0</b> or <b>1</b>, and at least one <b>&lt;eccnumN&gt;</b> is specified, delete ECC numbers with (U)SIM card or ECC numbers without (U)SIM card: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=3</b>, <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;eccnumN&gt;</b> are both omitted, reset ECC numbers and the reset will take effect after the module is rebooted: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p>
Write Command <b>AT+QECCNUM=&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;category&gt;]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;=4</b>, <b>&lt;type&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;eccnumN&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;category&gt;</b> are specified, add an ECC number with assigned category: <b>OK</b></p>



	<p>If <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>=5, <b>&lt;type&gt;</b>, <b>&lt;eccnumN&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;category&gt;</b> are omitted, query all the ECC numbers and their categories:</p> <p><b>+QECCNUM: 0,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;category&gt;[,...]</b>  <b>+QECCNUM: 1,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;category&gt;[,...]</b>  <b>+QECCNUM: 2,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;category&gt;[,...]</b>  <b>+QECCNUM: 3,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;category&gt;[,...]</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p><b>ERROR</b></p>
Read Command <b>AT+QECCNUM?</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>+QECCNUM: 0,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;eccnum2&gt;[,...]</b>  <b>+QECCNUM: 1,&lt;eccnum1&gt;,&lt;eccnum2&gt;[,...]</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

## Parameter

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. ECC number operations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 Query ECC numbers.</li> <li>1 Add ECC numbers with default category.</li> <li>2 Delete ECC numbers.</li> <li>3 Reset the ECC number list.</li> <li>4 Add an ECC number with specified category.</li> <li>5 Query all emergency call numbers and their categories.</li> </ul>
<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. ECC number type.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 ECC numbers stored in the module without (U)SIM card</li> <li>1 ECC numbers stored in the module with (U)SIM card</li> <li>2 ECC numbers from the network</li> <li>3 ECC numbers from the (U)SIM card</li> </ul>
<b>&lt;category&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. ECC number category.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 Default</li> <li>1 Police</li> <li>2 Ambulance</li> <li>4 Fire Brigade</li> <li>8 Marine Guard</li> <li>16 Mountain Rescue</li> <li>32 manually initiated eCall</li> <li>64 automatically initiated eCall</li> </ul>

**<eccnumN>** String type. ECC numbers (e.g. "110", "119").

#### NOTE

1. Only the ECC numbers stored in the module with/without (U)SIM card can be modified.
2. If a number is to be added into the type of ECC numbers with (U)SIM card existing in the module, or existing in the ECC number list gotten from network or (U)SIM card, it cannot be added.
3. The priority for reading ECC number list: ECC numbers from the network > ECC numbers from the (U)SIM card > ECC numbers stored in the module with/without (U)SIM card.
4. Executing **AT+QECCNUM=<mode>[,<type>[,<eccnum1>[,<eccnum2>[...[,<eccnumN>]]]]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.
5. Executing **AT+QECCNUM=<mode>[,<type>,<eccnum1>,<category>]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

#### Example

```

AT+QECCNUM=? //Query the supported ECC number operation mode.
+QECCNUM: (0-5)

OK
AT+QECCNUM? //Query the ECC numbers with or without (U)SIM card.
+QECCNUM: 0,"911","112","00","08","110","999","118","119"
+QECCNUM: 1,"911","112"

OK
AT+QECCNUM=0,1 //Query the ECC numbers with (U)SIM card.
+QECCNUM: 1,"911","112"

OK
AT+QECCNUM=1,1,"110","234" //Add "110" and "234" into ECC numbers with (U)SIM card.
OK
AT+QECCNUM=0,1 //Query the ECC numbers with (U)SIM card.
+QECCNUM: 1,"911","112","110","234"

OK
AT+QECCNUM=2,1,"110" //Delete "110" from ECC numbers with (U)SIM card.
OK
AT+QECCNUM=0,1 //Query the ECC numbers with (U)SIM card.
+QECCNUM: 1,"911","112","234"

OK
AT+QECCNUM=5 //Query all emergency call numbers and corresponding category.
+QECCNUM: 0,"911",0,"112",0,"00",0,"08",0,"110",0,"999",0,"118",0,"119",0
+QECCNUM: 1,"911",0,"112",0,"234",0
    
```

```
+QECCNUM: 2,"110",1,"120",2,"119",4,"122",8,"999",16
+QECCNUM: 3,"112",0,"000",0,"08",0,"118",0,"122",0,"911",0,"999",0,"119",0,"120",0,"110",0

OK
AT+QECCNUM=4,1,"123",1           //Add ECC number "123" of the Police category into ECC numbers
OK                               with (U)SIM card.
AT+QECCNUM=5                       //Query all emergency call numbers and corresponding category.
+QECCNUM: 0,"911",0,"112",0,"00",0,"08",0,"110",0,"999",0,"118",0,"119",0
+QECCNUM: 1,"911",0,"112",0,"234",0,"123",1
+QECCNUM: 2,"110",1,"120",2,"119",4,"122",8,"999",16
+QECCNUM: 3,"112",0,"000",0,"08",0,"118",0,"122",0,"911",0,"999",0,"119",0,"120",0,"110",0

OK
AT+QECCNUM=3                       //Reset the ECC number list, and such reset will take effect after the
OK                               module is rebooted.
```

### 5.30 AT^DSCI Call Status Indication

This command indicates the call status.

AT^DSCI Call Status Indication	
Test Command <b>AT^DSCI=?</b>	Response <b>^DSCI: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT^DSCI?</b>	Response <b>^DSCI: &lt;n&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT^DSCI=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Characteristics	/
Reference	

#### Parameter

<n>	Integer type. Enable/disable the URC of DSCI.
0	Disable
1	Enable

## NOTE

When the presentation of the DSCI at the TE is enabled, an unsolicited result code is returned after the action:

**^DSCI: <id>,<dir>,<stat>,<type>,<number>,<num\_type>**

### Parameter

<b>&lt;id&gt;</b>	Integer type. Call ID.
<b>&lt;dir&gt;</b>	Integer type. Call direction. 0 Mobile originated call 1 Mobile terminated call
<b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>	Integer type. Call state. 1 CALL_LOCAL_HOLD 2 CALL_ORIGINAL 3 CALL_CONNECT 4 CALL_INCOMING 5 CALL_WAITING 6 CALL_END 7 CALL_ALERTING 8 CALL_REMOTE_HOLD 9 CALL_BOTH_HOLD
<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Call type. 0 Voice call 1 PS call
<b>&lt;number&gt;</b>	String type. Phone number.
<b>&lt;num_type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Type of address of octet in integer format (See 3GPP TS 24.008). Usually, it has three kinds of values: 129 Unknown type 145 International type (contains the character "+") 161 National type

### Example

```
//Dial a call.
AT^DSCI=1                                //Enable DSCI.
OK
ATD10086;                                //Dial 10086.
OK

^DSCI: 1,0,2,0,10086,129                 //A call is originated.

^DSCI: 1,0,7,0,10086,129                 //The call is alerting.
```

**^DSCI: 1,0,3,0,10086,129** //The call is connected.

**ATH**

**OK**

**^DSCI: 1,0,6,0,10086,129** //The call is ended.

//Incoming call.

**RING##0**

**^DSCI: 1,1,4,0,13022100000,129** //A call is coming.

**RING##0**

**^DSCI: 1,1,6,0,13022100000,129** //The call is ended.

**NO CARRIER**

### 5.31 AT+VTS DTMF and Tone Generation

This command sends ASCII characters which cause MSC to transmit DTMF tones to a remote subscriber. This command can only be operated in a voice call.

AT+VTS DTMF and Tone Generation	
Test Command <b>AT+VTS=?</b>	Response <b>+VTS:</b> (list of supported <DTMF_string>s),(range of supported <duration>s)  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+VTS=&lt;DTMF_string&gt;[,&lt;duration&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error related to MT functionality: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	Depends on the length of <DTMF_string> and <duration>.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;DTMF_string&gt;</b>	String type. ASCII characters in the set 0-9, #, *, A, B, C, D. The string should be enclosed in quotation marks ("..."). When sending multiple tones at a time, the time interval of two tones <b>&lt;interval&gt;</b> can be specified by <b>AT+VTD</b> . The maximal length of the string is 31 bytes.
<b>&lt;duration&gt;</b>	Integer type. The duration of each tone in 10 ms with tolerance. Range: 0–255. If the duration is less than the minimum time specified by the network, the actual duration will be the network specified time. If this parameter is omitted, <b>&lt;duration&gt;</b> is specified by <b>AT+VTD</b> .
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```

ATD12345678900;           //Dial.
OK
//Call connected
AT+VTS="1"                 //The remote caller can hear the DTMF tone.
OK
AT+VTS="1234567890A"       //Send multiple tones at a time.
OK

```

## 5.32 AT+VTD Set Tone Duration

This command sets the duration of DTMF tones. It can also set time interval of two tones when sending multiple tones at a time.

AT+VTD Set Tone Duration	
Test Command <b>AT+VTD=?</b>	Response <b>+VTD:</b> (range of supported <b>&lt;duration&gt;s</b> ),(range of supported <b>&lt;interval&gt;s</b> )  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+VTD?</b>	Response <b>+VTD:</b> <b>&lt;duration&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;interval&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+VTD=&lt;duration&gt;[,&lt;interval&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error:

	<b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The parameters are not saved.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;duration&gt;</b>	Integer type. The duration tone in 1/10 seconds with tolerance. Range: 0–255; Default value: 3. If the duration is less than the minimum time specified by the network, the actual duration will be network specified time.
<b>&lt;interval&gt;</b>	Integer type. The time interval of two tones when sending multiple tones at a time by <b>AT+VTS</b> . Range: 0–255. Default value: 0. Unit: 0.1 second.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

# 7 Phonebook Commands

## 7.1 AT+CNUM Subscriber Number

This command gets the subscribers' own number(s) from the (U)SIM.

AT+CNUM Subscriber Number	
Test Command <b>AT+CNUM=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CNUM</b>	Response <b>[+CNUM: [&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;] [...]</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP 27.007	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b>	Optional alphanumeric string associated with <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> . The used character set should be the one selected with <b>AT+CSCS</b> .
<b>&lt;number&gt;</b>	String type. Phone number of format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	Type of address of octet in integer format (See <i>3GPP TS 24.008</i> ). Usually, it has three kinds of values: 129      Unknown type 145      International type (contains the character "+") 161      National type
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <i>Chapter 13.5</i> .



# 8 Short Message Service Commands

## 8.1 AT+CSMS Select Message Service

This command selects message service **<service>** and queries the types of messages supported by MT.

AT+CSMS Select Message Service	
Test Command <b>AT+CSMS=?</b>	Response <b>+CSMS:</b> (list of supported <b>&lt;service&gt;s</b> )  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSMS?</b>	Response <b>+CSMS:</b> <b>&lt;service&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;mt&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;mo&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;bm&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSMS=&lt;service&gt;</b>	Response <b>+CSMS:</b> <b>&lt;mt&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;mo&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;bm&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;service&gt;</b>	Integer type. Type of message service. <u>0</u> 3GPP TS 23.040 and 3GPP TS 23.041 (the syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2 version 4.7.0; Phase 2+ features which do not require new command syntax can be supported, e.g. correct routing of
------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

	messages with new Phase 2+ data coding schemes).
1	3GPP TS 23.040 and 3GPP TS 23.041 (the syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2+ version; the requirement of <b>&lt;service&gt;</b> setting 1 is mentioned under corresponding command descriptions).
<b>&lt;mt&gt;</b>	Integer type. Mobile terminated messages.
0	Type not supported
1	Type supported
<b>&lt;mo&gt;</b>	Integer type. Mobile originated messages.
0	Type not supported
1	Type supported
<b>&lt;bm&gt;</b>	Integer type. Broadcast type messages.
0	Type not supported
1	Type supported
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

### Example

```

AT+CSMS=?                                //Test command.
+CSMS: (0,1)

OK
AT+CSMS=1                                //Set type of message service to 1.
+CSMS: 1,1,1

OK
AT+CSMS?                                //Read command.
+CSMS: 1,1,1,1

OK

```

## 8.2 AT+CMGF Message Format

This command specifies the input and output format of the short messages. **<mode>** indicates the format of messages used with send, list, read and write message commands and unsolicited result codes resulting from received messages.

The format of messages can be either PDU mode (entire TP data units used) or text mode (headers and body of the messages given as separate parameters). Text mode uses the value of parameter **<chset>** specified by **AT+CSCS** to inform the character set to be used in the message body in the TA-TE interface.

AT+CMGF Message Format	
Test Command <b>AT+CMGF=?</b>	Response <b>+CMGF:</b> (list of supported <mode>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CMGF?</b>	Response <b>+CMGF:</b> <mode>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command/Execution Command <b>AT+CMGF[=&lt;mode&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

## Parameter

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. Input and output format of the short messages.
0	PDU mode
1	Text mode

## 8.3 AT+CSCA Service Center Address

The Write Command updates the SMSC address when mobile originated SMS are transmitted. In text mode, the setting is used by Write Command. In PDU mode, setting is used by the same command, but only when the length of the SMSC address is coded into the <pdu> which equals zero.

AT+CSCA Service Center Address	
Test Command <b>AT+CSCA=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSCA?</b>	Response <b>+CSCA:</b> <sca>,<tosca>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSCA=&lt;sca&gt;[,&lt;tosca&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>

	Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are saved automatically.
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;sca&gt;</b>	Service center address. 3GPP TS 24.011 RP SC address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007). The type of address is given by <b>&lt;tosca&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;tosca&gt;</b>	Type of service center address. 3GPP TS 24.011 RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (see <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> ).
<b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b>	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 24.011 SC address followed by 3GPP TS 23.040 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).

## Example

```

AT+CSCA="+8613800210500",145 //Set SMSC address.
OK
AT+CSCA? //Query SMSC address.
+CSCA: "+8613800210500",145
OK

```

## 8.4 AT+CPMS Preferred Message Storage

This command selects memory storages **<mem1>**, **<mem2>** and **<mem3>** to be used for reading, writing, etc.

AT+CPMS Preferred Message Storage	
Test Command <b>AT+CPMS=?</b>	Response <b>+CPMS:</b> (list of supported <b>&lt;mem1&gt;s</b> ),(list of supported <b>&lt;mem2&gt;s</b> ),(list of supported <b>&lt;mem3&gt;s</b> )

	OK
Read Command <b>AT+CPMS?</b>	Response <b>+CPMS:</b> <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>,<mem3>,<used3>,<total3>  OK
Write Command <b>AT+CPMS=&lt;mem1&gt;[,&lt;mem2&gt;[,&lt;mem3&gt;]]</b>	Response <b>+CPMS:</b> <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3>  OK  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR:</b> <err>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are saved automatically.
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

## Parameter

<b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b>	String type. Messages to be read and deleted from this memory storage. "SM" (U)SIM message storage "ME" Mobile equipment message storage "MT" Same as "ME" storage "SR" SMS status report storage location
<b>&lt;mem2&gt;</b>	String type. Messages will be written and sent to this memory storage. "SM" (U)SIM message storage "ME" Mobile equipment message storage "MT" Same as "ME" storage "SR" SMS status report storage location
<b>&lt;mem3&gt;</b>	String type. Received messages will be placed in this memory storage if routing to PC is not set ( <b>AT+CNMI</b> ). "SM" (U)SIM message storage "ME" Mobile equipment message storage "MT" Same as "ME" storage "SR" SMS status report storage location
<b>&lt;usedx&gt;</b>	Integer type. Number of current messages in <b>&lt;memx&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;totalx&gt;</b>	Integer type. Total number of messages which can be stored in <b>&lt;memx&gt;</b> .

**<err>** Error codes. For more details, see **Chapter 13.6**.

**NOTE**

Executing **AT+CPMS=<mem1>[,<mem2>[,<mem3>]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

**Example**

```
AT+CPMS? //Query the current SMS message storage.
+CPMS: "ME",0,255,"ME",0,255,"ME",0,255

OK
AT+CPMS="SM","SM","SM" //Set SMS message storage as "SM".
+CPMS: 0,50,0,50,0,50

OK
AT+CPMS? //Query the current SMS message storage.
+CPMS: "SM",0,50,"SM",0,50,"SM",0,50

OK
```

## 8.5 AT+CMGD Delete Messages

This command deletes short messages from the preferred message storage **<mem1>** location **<index>**. If **<delflag>** is presented and not set to 0, the ME should ignore **<index>** and follow the rules of **<delflag>** shown as below.

### AT+CMGD Delete Messages

Test Command <b>AT+CMGD=?</b>	Response <b>+CMGD:</b> (range of supported <b>&lt;index&gt;s</b> ),(range of supported <b>&lt;delflag&gt;s</b> )  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CMGD=&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;delflag&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR:&lt;err&gt;</b>

Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	Integer type value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory.
<b>&lt;delflag&gt;</b>	Integer type. Delete flag. 0 Delete the message specified in <b>&lt;index&gt;</b> 1 Delete all read messages from <b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b> 2 Delete all read messages from <b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b> and sent mobile originated messages 3 Delete all read messages from <b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b> , sent and unsent mobile originated messages 4 Delete all messages from <b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b> storage
<b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b>	String type. Messages to be deleted from this memory storage. "SM" (U)SIM message storage "ME" Mobile equipment message storage "MT" Same as "ME" storage "SR" SMS status report storage location
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

### NOTE

Executing **AT+CMGD=<index>[,<delflag>]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```
AT+CMGD=1 //Delete the message specified in <index>=1.
OK
AT+CMGD=1,4 //Delete all messages from <mem1>.
OK
```

## 8.6 AT+CMGL List Messages

This command returns messages with status value **<stat>** from preferred message storage **<mem1>** to the TE. If the status of the message is "REC UNREAD", the status in the storage changes to "REC READ". When executing **AT+CMGL** without status value **<stat>**, it reports the list of SMS with "REC UNREAD" status.

AT+CMGL List Messages	
Test Command <b>AT+CMGL=?</b>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>+CMGL:</b> (list of supported &lt;stat&gt;s)</p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
Write Command <b>AT+CMGL[=&lt;stat&gt;]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If in text mode (<b>AT+CMGF=1</b>) and the command is executed successfully:</p> <p>For SMS-SUBMITs and/or SMS-DELIVERs:</p> <p><b>+CMGL:</b> &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa/da&gt;,&lt;[alpha]&gt;,&lt;[scts]&gt;,&lt;[too a/toda&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;] [...]</p> <p>For SMS-STATUS-REPORTs:</p> <p><b>+CMGL:</b> &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,&lt;[ra]&gt;,&lt;[tora]&gt;,&lt;sct s&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;] [...]</p> <p>For SMS-COMMANDs:</p> <p><b>+CMGL:</b> &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;ct&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;] [...]</p> <p>For CBM storage:</p> <p><b>+CMGL:</b> &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;sn&gt;,&lt;mid&gt;,&lt;page&gt;,&lt;pages&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;] [...]</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If in PDU mode (<b>AT+CMGF=0</b>) and the command is executed successfully:</p> <p><b>+CMGL:</b> &lt;index&gt;,&lt;stat&gt;,&lt;[alpha]&gt;,&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;] [...]</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p><b>ERROR</b></p> <p>Or</p> <p><b>+CMS ERROR:</b> &lt;err&gt;</p>
Maximum Response Time	The response time of operation of <stat> depends on the storage of listed messages.



	The maximum response time is 300 ms.
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>	In text mode: <u>"REC UNREAD"</u> Received unread messages "REC READ" Received read messages "STO UNSENT" Stored unsent messages "STO SENT" Stored sent messages "ALL" All messages In PDU mode: <u>0</u> Received unread messages 1 Received read messages 2 Stored unsent messages 3 Stored sent messages 4 All messages
<b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b>	String type. Messages to be read and deleted from this memory storage. "SM" (U)SIM message storage <u>"ME"</u> Mobile equipment message storage "MT" Same as "ME" storage "SR" SMS status report storage location
<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	Integer type. In the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory.
<b>&lt;da&gt;</b>	Destination Address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007); type of address is given by <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;oa&gt;</b>	Originating address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Originating-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in TS 27.007); type of address is given by <b>&lt;tooa&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b>	String type alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;da&gt;</b> or <b>&lt;oa&gt;</b> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specified; the used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set <b>AT+CSCS</b> (see definition of this command in 3GPP TS 27.007).
<b>&lt;scts&gt;</b>	Service center time stamp. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (see <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> ).
<b>&lt;toda&gt;</b>	Type of recipient address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format.
<b>&lt;tooa&gt;</b>	Type of originating address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Originating-Address

	Type-of-Address octet in integer format (see <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> ).
<b>&lt;length&gt;</b>	Message length, integer type. Indicate the length of the message body <b>&lt;data&gt;</b> in the text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ); or the length of the actual TP data unit in octets in PDU mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=0</b> ) (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).
<b>&lt;data&gt;</b>	<p>In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format:</p> <p>If <b>&lt;dc&gt;</b>, indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 GSM 7-bit default alphabet is used and <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set.</p> <p>If TE character set other than "HEX" (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in <i>3GPP TS 27.007</i>): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules in <i>3GPP TS 27.005 Annex A</i>.</p> <p>If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7-bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character II (GSM 7-bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)).</p> <p>If <b>&lt;dc&gt;</b>, indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).</p> <p>In the case of CBS: 3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format:</p> <p>If <b>&lt;dc&gt;</b>, indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 GSM 7-bit default alphabet is used:</p> <p>If TE character set other than "HEX" (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in <i>3GPP TS 27.007</i>): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of <b>Annex A</b> in <i>3GPP TS 27.005</i>.</p> <p>If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7-bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number.</p>
<b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b>	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 24.011 SC address followed by 3GPP TS 23.040 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).
<b>&lt;fo&gt;</b>	Depends on the command or result code: first octet of 3GPP TS 23.040 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format.
<b>&lt;mr&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.
<b>&lt;ra&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer to command <b>AT+CSCS</b> in <i>3GPP TS 27.007</i> ); type of address given by <b>&lt;tora&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;tora&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (see <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> by default).
<b>&lt;scts&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer to <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> ).
<b>&lt;dt&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes,

	seconds and time zone. E.g. 6th of May 1994, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals "94/05/06,22:10:00+08".
<st>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Status in integer format.
<ct>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Command-Type in integer format (default 0).
<sn>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Serial Number in integer format.
<mid>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Message Identifier in integer format.
<page>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Page Parameter bits 4–7 in integer format.
<pages>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Page Parameter bits 0–3 in integer format.
<err>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

### Example

```

AT+CMGF=1                                //Set SMS message format as text mode.
OK
AT+CMGL="ALL"                             //List all messages from message storage.
+CMGL: 1,"STO UNSENT","",,
<This is a test from Quectel>
+CMGL: 2,"STO UNSENT","",,
<This is a test from Quectel>
OK

```

## 8.7 AT+CMGR Read Messages

This command returns SMS message with location value **<index>** from message storage **<mem1>** to the TE. If status of the message is "REC UNREAD", status in the storage changes to "REC READ".

AT+CMGR Read Messages	
Test Command <b>AT+CMGR=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CMGR=&lt;index&gt;</b>	Response If in text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ) and the command is executed successfully: For SMS-DELIVER: <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;oa&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;tooa&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  For SMS-SUBMIT: <b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;da&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;toda&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;vp&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b>

	<p><b>OK</b></p> <p>For SMS-STATUS-REPORTs:</p> <p><b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,[&lt;ra&gt;],[&lt;tora&gt;],&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>For SMS-COMMANDs:</p> <p><b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;ct&gt;[,&lt;pid&gt;],[&lt;mn&gt;],[&lt;da&gt;],[&lt;toda&gt;],&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;cdata&gt;]</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>For CBM storage:</p> <p><b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;sn&gt;,&lt;mid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;page&gt;,&lt;pages&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If in PDU mode (<b>AT+CMGF=0</b>) and command is executed successfully:</p> <p><b>+CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,[&lt;alpha&gt;],&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p><b>ERROR</b></p> <p>Or</p> <p><b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
	<p>Maximum Response Time</p> <p>Depends on the length of message content.</p>
	<p>Characteristics</p> <p>/</p>
	<p>Reference</p> <p>3GPP TS 27.005</p>

## Parameter

<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	In the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory.
<b>&lt;mem1&gt;</b>	String type. Messages to be read and deleted from this memory storage.
"SM"	(U)SIM message storage
"ME"	Mobile equipment message storage
"MT"	Same as "ME" storage

	"SR"	SMS status report storage location
<stat>	In text mode:	
	"REC UNREAD"	Received unread messages
	"REC READ"	Received read messages
	"STO UNSENT"	Stored unsent messages
	"STO SENT"	Stored sent messages
	"ALL"	All messages
	In PDU mode:	
	0	Received unread messages
	1	Received read messages
	2	Stored unsent messages
	3	Stored sent messages
	4	All messages
<alpha>	String type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook. Implementation of this feature is manufacturer specified. The used character set should be the one selected with <b>AT+CSCS</b> (see definition of this command in 3GPP TS 27.007).	
<da>	Destination address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format. BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007). The type of address is given by <tda>.	
<oa>	Originating address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Originating-Address Address-Value field in string format. BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007). The type of address is given by <tooa>.	
<scts>	Service center time stamp. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (see <dt>).	
<fo>	First octet. Depending on the command or result code: First octet of 3GPP TS 23.040 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND in integer format. If a valid value has been entered once, the parameter can be omitted.	
<pid>	Integer type. Protocol identifier. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Protocol-Identifier. Default value: 0.	
<dcs>	Data coding scheme. Depending on the command or result code: 3GPP TS 23.038 SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format.	
<vp>	Validity period. Depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Validity-Period either in integer format or in time-string format (see <dt>).	
<mn>	Message number. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Message-Number in integer format.	
<mr>	Message reference. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.	
<ra>	Recipient address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format. BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> ). The type of address is given by <tora>.	

<b>&lt;tora&gt;</b>	Type of recipient address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (see <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> by default).
<b>&lt;toda&gt;</b>	Type of destination address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format.
<b>&lt;toa&gt;</b>	Type of originating address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (see <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> by default).
<b>&lt;sca&gt;</b>	Service center address. 3GPP TS 24.011 RP SC address Address-Value field in string format. BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007). The type of address is given by <b>&lt;tosca&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;tosca&gt;</b>	Type of service center address. 3GPP TS 24.011 RP SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (see <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> by default).
<b>&lt;length&gt;</b>	Message length. Indicate in the text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ) the length of the message body <b>&lt;data&gt;</b> (or <b>&lt;cdata&gt;</b> ) in characters, or in PDU mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=0</b> ) the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).
<b>&lt;data&gt;</b>	The text of short message.
<b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b>	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 24.011 SC address followed by 3GPP TS 23.040 TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).
<b>&lt;dt&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd, hh:mm:ss zz", during which characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone. E.g. 6th of May 1994, 22:10:00 GMT+2 hours equals "94/05/06,22:10:00+08".
<b>&lt;st&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Status in integer format.
<b>&lt;ct&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Command-Type in integer format (default 0).
<b>&lt;sn&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Serial Number in integer format.
<b>&lt;page&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Page Parameter bits 4–7 in integer format.
<b>&lt;pages&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Page Parameter bits 0–3 in integer format.
<b>&lt;cdata&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Command-Data in text mode responses; ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).
<b>&lt;mid&gt;</b>	3GPP TS 23.041 CBM Message Identifier in integer format.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

## Example

```
+CMTI: "SM",3 //Indicate that new message has been received and saved
                  to <index>=3 of "SM".
AT+CSDH=1 //Show the values in result codes.
OK
AT+CMGR=3 //Read message.
+CMGR: "REC UNREAD","+8615021012496",,"13/12/13,15:06:37+32",145,4,0,0,"+861380021050"
```

```
0",145,27
<This is a test from Quectel>

OK
```

## 8.8 AT+CMGS Send Messages

This command sends a short message from TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT). After invoking the Write Command, wait for the prompt **>** and then start to write the message. After that, enter **<CTRL+Z>** to indicate the ending of PDU and begin to send the message. Sending can be cancelled by giving **<ESC>** character. Abortion is acknowledged with **OK**, though the message will not be sent. The message reference **<mr>** is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. The value can be used to identify message upon unsolicited delivery status report result code.

AT+CMGS Send Messages	
Test Command <b>AT+CMGS=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command 1) If in text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ): <b>AT+CMGS=&lt;da&gt;[,&lt;tda&gt;]</b>  2) If in PDU mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=0</b> ): <b>AT+CMGS=&lt;length&gt;</b>	<p>Response <b>&gt;</b> After <b>&gt;</b> is responded, input text to be sent. Tap <b>CTRL + Z</b> to send the message or <b>Esc</b> to cancel the sending.</p> <p>If in text mode (<b>AT+CMGF=1</b>) and the message is sent successfully: <b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b></p> <p>If in PDU mode (<b>AT+CMGF=0</b>) and the message is sent successfully: <b>+CMGS: &lt;mr&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	120 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/



Reference  
3GPP TS 27.005

## Parameter

<b>&lt;da&gt;</b>	Destination address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007); type of address is given by <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;toda&gt;</b>	Integer type. Type of destination address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet.
<b>&lt;length&gt;</b>	Message length. Indicate in the text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ) the length of the message body <b>&lt;data&gt;</b> (or <b>&lt;cdata&gt;</b> ) in characters; or in PDU mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=0</b> ), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).
<b>&lt;mr&gt;</b>	Message reference. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

## Example

```

AT+CMGF=1 //Set SMS message format as text mode.
OK
AT+CSCS="GSM" //Set character set as GSM which is used by the TE.
OK
AT+CMGS="15021012496"
>This is a test from Quectel //Enter in text and tap CTRL+Z to send message
+CMGS: 247
OK

```

## 8.9 AT+CMMS Send More Messages

This command controls the continuity of the SMS relay protocol link. If the feature is enabled (and supported by the currently used network) multiple messages can be sent faster as the link is kept opening.

### AT+CMMS Send More Messages

Test Command <b>AT+CMMS=?</b>	Response <b>+CMMS:</b> (range of supported <b>&lt;n&gt;s</b> )
	<b>OK</b>



Read Command <b>AT+CMMS?</b>	Response <b>+CMMS: &lt;n&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write/Execution Command <b>AT+CMMS[=&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	120 s, determined by network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type. <div> <div>0</div> <div>Feature disabled</div> </div> <div> <div>1</div> <div>Keep feature enabled until the time between the response of the latest commands to be sent (<b>AT+CMGS</b>, <b>AT+CMSS</b>, etc.) and the next command to be sent exceeds 1–5 seconds (the exact value is up to ME implementation); then ME shall close the link and MT switches <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> back to 0 automatically.</div> </div> <div> <div>2</div> <div>Feature enabled. If the time between the response of the latest commands to be sent and the next command to be sent exceeds 1–5 seconds (the exact value is up to ME implementation), ME shall close the link but MT not switch <b>&lt;n&gt;</b> back to 0 automatically.</div> </div>
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

### NOTE

After the execution of the Read Command, a delay of 5–10 seconds is required before issuing the Write Command. Otherwise **+CMS ERROR: 500** may appear.

## 8.10 AT+CMGW Write Messages to Memory

This command stores short messages from TE to memory storage **<mem2>**, and then the memory location **<index>** of the stored message is returned. Message status will be set to "STO UNSENT" by default; but **<stat>** also allows other status values to be given.

The syntax of input text is the same as the one specified in **AT+CMGS** Write Command.

<b>AT+CMGW Write Messages to Memory</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CMGW=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command 1) If in text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ): <b>AT+CMGW=&lt;oa/da&gt;[,&lt;toa/toda&gt;[,&lt;stat&gt;]]</b>  2) If in PDU mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=0</b> ): <b>AT+CMGW=&lt;length&gt;[,&lt;stat&gt;]</b>	Response <b>&gt;</b> After <b>&gt;</b> is responded, input text to be sent. Tap <b>CTRL + Z</b> to send the message or <b>Esc</b> to cancel the sending.  If message writing is successful: <b>+CMGW: &lt;index&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;da&gt;</b>	Destination address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format. BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007). The type of address is given by <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> .		
<b>&lt;oa&gt;</b>	Originating address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Originating-Address Address-Value field in string format. BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007). The type of address given by <b>&lt;toa&gt;</b> .		
<b>&lt;toa&gt;</b>	Type of originating address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (see <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> by default).		
<b>&lt;stat&gt;</b>	PDU mode	Text mode	Explanation
	0	"REC UNREAD"	Received unread messages
	1	"REC READ"	Received read messages
	2	"STO UNSENT"	Stored unsent messages
	3	"STO SENT"	Stored sent messages
	4	"ALL"	All messages

<b>&lt;tda&gt;</b>	Type of destination address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format.
<b>&lt;length&gt;</b>	Message length. Unit: byte. Indicate in the text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ) the length of the message body <b>&lt;data&gt;</b> (or <b>&lt;cdata&gt;</b> ) in characters, or in PDU mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=0</b> ), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).
<b>&lt;pdu&gt;</b>	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 24.011 SC address followed by 3GPP TS 23.04TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)).
<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	Integer type. Index of message in selected storage <b>&lt;mem2&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;mem2&gt;</b>	String type. Messages will be written and sent to this memory storage. "SM" (U)SIM message storage "ME" Mobile equipment message storage "MT" Same as "ME" storage "SR" SMS status report storage location
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

**NOTE**

Executing **AT+CMGW** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

**Example**

```

AT+CMGF=1 //Set SMS message format as text mode.
OK
AT+CSCS="GSM" //Set character set as GSM which is used by the TE.
OK
AT+CMGW="15021012496"
>This is a test from Quectel //Enter message in text and tap CTRL+Z to write
                             message.
+CMGW: 4

OK
AT+CMGF=0 //Set SMS message format as PDU mode.
OK
AT+CMGW=18
>0051FF00000008000A0500030002016D4B8BD5
+CMGW: 5

OK

```

## 8.11 AT+CMSS Send Messages from Storage

This command sends a message with location value **<index>** from message storage **<mem2>** to the network. If a new recipient address **<da>** is given for SMS-SUBMIT, it should be used instead of the one stored with the message. Reference value **<mr>** is returned to the TE on successful message delivery. Values can be used to identify message upon unsolicited delivery status report result code.

AT+CMSS Send Messages from Storage	
Test Command <b>AT+CMSS=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CMSS=&lt;index&gt;[,&lt;da&gt;[,&lt;toda&gt;]]</b>	Response If in text mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=1</b> ) and the message is sent successfully: <b>+CMSS: &lt;mr&gt;[,&lt;scts&gt;]</b>  <b>OK</b>  If in PDU mode ( <b>AT+CMGF=0</b> ) and the message is sent successfully: <b>+CMSS: &lt;mr&gt;[,&lt;ackpdu&gt;]</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	120 s, determined by network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;index&gt;</b>	Integer type in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory.
<b>&lt;da&gt;</b>	Destination Address. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7-bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (see <b>AT+CSCS</b> in 3GPP TS 27.007); type of address is given by <b>&lt;toda&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;toda&gt;</b>	Type of destination address. 3GPP TS 24.011 TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format.

<mr>	Message reference. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.
<scts>	Service center time stamp. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (see <dt>).
<ackpdu>	Format is same for <pdu> in case of SMS, but without 3GPP TS 24.011 SC address field and parameter shall be bounded by double quote characters like a normal string type parameter.
<mem2>	String type. Messages will be written and sent to this memory storage. "SM" (U)SIM message storage "ME" Mobile equipment message storage "MT" Same as "ME" storage "SR" SMS status report storage location
<err>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

### Example

```

AT+CMGF=1 //Set SMS message format as text mode.
OK
AT+CSCS="GSM" //Set character set as GSM which is used by the TE.
OK
AT+CMGW="15021012496"
> Hello //Enter message in text and tap CTRL+Z to send message.

+CMGW: 4

OK
AT+CMSS=4 //Send the message of index 4 from memory storage.
+CMSS: 54

OK

```

## 8.12 AT+CNMA New Message Acknowledgement to ME/TA

This command confirms successful receipt of a new message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS-STATUS-REPORT) routed directly to the TE. If the UE does not receive acknowledgement within required time (network timeout), it will send an **RP-ERROR** message to the network. The UE will automatically disable routing to the TE by setting both <mt> and <ds> values of **AT+CNMI** to 0.

### AT+CNMA New Message Acknowledgement to UE/TE

Test Command	Response
AT+CNMA=?	If in text mode (AT+CMGF=1): <b>OK</b>

	<p>If in PDU mode (<b>AT+CMGF=0</b>): <b>+CNMA</b>: (range of supported &lt;n&gt;s)</p> <p><b>OK</b></p>
<p>Execution Command</p> <p>If in text mode (<b>AT+CMGF=1</b>): <b>AT+CNMA</b></p>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p> <p>Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
<p>Write Command</p> <p>If in PDU mode (<b>AT+CMGF=0</b>): <b>AT+CNMA=&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;length&gt;[&lt;CR&gt;]</b> PDU is given&lt;Ctrl+Z/ESC&gt;]]</p>	<p>Response</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p> <p>Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	<p>String type. Parameter required only for PDU mode</p> <p>0 Command operates similarly as in text mode</p> <p>1 Send positive (<b>RP-ACK</b>) acknowledgement to the network. Accepted only in PDU mode.</p> <p>2 Send negative (<b>RP-ERROR</b>) acknowledgement to the network. Accepted only in PDU mode.</p>
<b>&lt;length&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. Message length. Unit: byte. Indicate the length of the message body <b>&lt;data&gt;</b> (or <b>&lt;cdata&gt;</b>) in characters in the text mode (<b>AT+CMGF=1</b>), or the length of the actual TP data unit in octets (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length) in PDU mode (<b>AT+CMGF=0</b>).</p>
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	<p>Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b>.</p>

### NOTE

The Execution and Write Commands shall only be used when **<service>** of **AT+CSMS** equals 1 (phase 2+) and an appropriate URC has been issued by the MT, i.e.:  
**+CMT** for **<mt>=2** incoming message classes 0, 1, 3 and none;

+CMT for <mt>=3 incoming message classes 0 and 3;  
+CDS for <ds>=1.

### Example

```
AT+CSMS=1
OK
AT+CNMI=1,2,0,0,0
OK
AT+CMGF=1 //Set SMS message format as text mode.
OK
AT+CSDH=1 //Show the values in result codes
OK
+CMT: "+8615021012496", "13/03/18,17:07:21+32",145,4,0,0,"+8613800551500",145,28
This is a test from Quectel. //Short message is outputted directly when SMS is incoming.
AT+CNMA //Send ACK to the network.
OK
AT+CNMA //Send ACK to the network.
+CMS ERROR: 340 //Return error in the second time; it needs ACK only once.
```

## 8.13 AT+CNMI New Message Indications to TE

This command selects the procedure on how the received new messages from the network are indicated to the TE when TE is active, e.g., DTR is at low level (ON). If TE is inactive (e.g., DTR is at high level (OFF)), message receiving should be done as specified in 3GPP TS 23.038.

AT+CNMI SMS Event Reporting Configuration	
Test Command AT+CNMI=?	Response +CNMI: (range of supported <mode>s),(range of supported <mt>s),(list of supported <bm>s),(range of supported <ds>s),(list of supported <bfr>s)  OK
Read Command AT+CNMI?	Response +CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr>  OK
Write Command AT+CNMI=[<mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr>]]]]	Response OK  If there is any error:

	<b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configurations are saved automatically.
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. 0 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT. If MT result code buffer is full, indications can be buffered in some other place or the oldest indications may be discarded and replaced with the new received indications. 1 Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in data mode). Otherwise forward them directly to TE. 2 Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise forward them directly to TE.
<b>&lt;mt&gt;</b>	Integer type. The rules for storing received SMS depend on its data coding scheme (refer to 3GPPTS 23.038) and preferred memory storage ( <b>AT+CPMS</b> ) setting, and the value is: 0 No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to TE. 1 If SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE by using unsolicited result code: <b>+CMTI: &lt;mem&gt;,&lt;index&gt;</b> 2 SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2) are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code: <b>+CMT: [&lt;alpha&gt;],&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b> (PDU mode enabled) or <b>+CMT: &lt;oa&gt;,&lt;alpha&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;tooa&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;sca&gt;,&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b> (text mode enabled; about the parameters in italics, see <b>AT+CSDH</b> ). Class 2 messages result in indication as defined in <b>&lt;mt&gt;=1</b> . 3 Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to TE by using unsolicited result codes defined in <b>&lt;mt&gt;=2</b> . Messages of other classes result in indication as defined in <b>&lt;mt&gt;=1</b> .
<b>&lt;bm&gt;</b>	Integer type. The rules for storing received CBMs depend on its data coding scheme (refer to 3GPP TS 23.038) and the setting of Select CBM Types ( <b>AT+CSCB</b> ); and the value is: 0 No CBM indications are routed to the TE. 2 New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code: <b>+CBM: &lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b> (PDU mode enabled); or <b>+CBM: &lt;sn&gt;,&lt;mid&gt;,&lt;dcs&gt;,&lt;page&gt;,&lt;pages&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;data&gt;</b> (text mode enabled)
<b>&lt;ds&gt;</b>	Integer type. 0 No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE.



1	SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: <b>+CDS: &lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b> (PDU mode) or <b>+CDS: &lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,&lt;ra&gt;,&lt;tora&gt;,&lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</b> (text mode)
2	If SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: <b>+CDSI: &lt;mem&gt;,&lt;index&gt;</b>
<b>&lt;bfr&gt;</b>	Integer type.
0	TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 1 or 2 is specified ( <b>OK</b> response shall be given before flushing the codes).
1	TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 1 or 2 is specified.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

#### NOTE

Unsolicited result codes:

<b>+CMTI: &lt;mem&gt;,&lt;index&gt;</b>	Indicate that new message has been received
<b>+CMT: [&lt;alpha&gt;],&lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b>	Short message is outputted directly
<b>+CBM: &lt;length&gt;&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt;&lt;pdu&gt;</b>	Cell broadcast message is outputted directly

#### Example

```

AT+CMGF=1           //Set SMS message format as text mode.
OK
AT+CSCS="GSM"       //Set character set as GSM which is used by the TE.
OK
AT+CNMI=1,2,0,1,0   //Set SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to the TE.
OK
AT+CSDH=1           //Show text mode parameters.
OK
+CMT: "+8615021012496",,"13/03/18,17:07:21+32",145,4,0,0,"+8613800551500",145,28
This is a test from Quectel.           //Short message is outputted directly when an SMS is incoming.

```

## 8.14 AT+CSCB Select Cell Broadcast Message Types

This command selects which types of CBMs are to be received by the ME.

### AT+CSCB Select Cell Broadcast Message Types

Test Command	Response
<b>AT+CSCB=?</b>	<b>+CSCB: (list of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</b>

	<b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSCB?</b>	Response <b>+CSCB: &lt;mode&gt;,&lt;mids&gt;,&lt;dcss&gt;</b>
	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSCB=&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;mids&gt;[,&lt;dcss&gt;]]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CMS ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. 0 Message types specified in <b>&lt;mids&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;dcss&gt;</b> are accepted 1 Message types specified in <b>&lt;mids&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;dcss&gt;</b> are not accepted
<b>&lt;mids&gt;</b>	String type. All different possible combinations of CBM message identifiers (see <b>&lt;mid&gt;</b> ) (default: empty string), e.g. "0,1,5,320-478,922".
<b>&lt;dcss&gt;</b>	String type. All different possible combinations of CBM data coding schemes (see <b>&lt;dcs&gt;</b> ) (default: empty string), e.g. "0-3,5".
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.6</b> .

## 8.15 AT+CSDH Show Text Mode Parameters

This command controls whether detailed header information is shown in text mode result codes.

<b>AT+CSDH Show Text Mode Parameters</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CSDH=?</b>	Response <b>+CSDH: (list of supported &lt;show&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSDH?</b>	Response <b>+CSDH: &lt;show&gt;</b>

	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSDH=[&lt;show&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.005	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;show&gt;</b>	Integer type.
<u>0</u>	Do not show header values defined in commands <b>+CSCA</b> , <b>+CSMP</b> (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid>, <dc>) and <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in <b>+CMT</b> , <b>+CMGL</b> , <b>+CMGR</b> result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode
1	Show the values in result codes

### Example

```

AT+CSDH=0 //Disable the presenting of text mode parameters.
OK
AT+CMGR=2 //Read messages of which the <index> is 2.
+CMGR: "STO UNSENT", "",
<This is a test from Quectel>
OK
AT+CSDH=1 //Enable the presenting of text mode parameters.
OK
AT+CMGR=2
+CMGR: "STO UNSENT", "",128,17,0,0,143,"+8613800551500",145,18
<This is a test from Quectel>
OK

```

## 8.16 AT+CSMP Set Text Mode Parameters

This command sets values for additional parameters needed when a short message is sent to the network or placed in a storage in text mode.

This Write Command selects values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in a storage when text mode is selected (**AT+CMGF=1**). It is possible to set the validity period starting from when the SMS is received by the SMSC (**<vp>** ranges from 0 to 255) or define the absolute time of the validity period termination (**<vp>** is a string).

AT+CSMP Set Text Mode Parameters	
Test Command <b>AT+CSMP=?</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSMP?</b>	Response <b>+CSMP: &lt;fo&gt;,&lt;vp&gt;,&lt;pid&gt;,&lt;dc&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSMP=&lt;fo&gt;[,&lt;vp&gt;[,&lt;pid&gt;[,&lt;dc&gt;]]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	3GPP TS 27.005

## Parameter

<b>&lt;fo&gt;</b>	First octet. Depending on the command or result code: first octet of 3GPP TS 23.040 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, SMS-COMMAND in integer format. If a valid value has been entered once, parameter can be omitted.
<b>&lt;vp&gt;</b>	Validity period. Depend on SMS-SUBMIT <b>&lt;fo&gt;</b> setting: 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Validity-Period either in integer format or in time-string format (see <b>&lt;dt&gt;</b> ). Default value: 167.
<b>&lt;pid&gt;</b>	Integer type. Protocol identifier. 3GPP TS 23.040 TP-Protocol-Identifier. Default value: 0.
<b>&lt;dc&gt;</b>	Data coding scheme. Depending on the command or result code: 3GPP TS 23.038 SMS Data Coding Scheme (default: 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format.

# 9 Packet Domain Commands

## 9.1 AT+CGATT Attachment or Detachment of PS

This command attaches MT to, or detaches MT from, the Packet Domain service. After the command has been completed, the MT remains in V.250 command state. If MT is already in the requested state, the command will be ignored and the **OK** response will be returned. If the requested state cannot be achieved, an **ERROR** or **+CME ERROR** response will be returned.

AT+CGATT Attachment or Detachment of PS	
Test Command <b>AT+CGATT=?</b>	Response <b>+CGATT:</b> (list of supported <state>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CGATT?</b>	Response <b>+CGATT:</b> <state>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CGATT=&lt;state&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	140 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<state>	Integer type. Indicate the state of PS attachment.
0	Detached
1	Attached

Other values are reserved and will result in an **ERROR** response to the Write Command  
**<err>** Error codes. For more details, see **Chapter 13.5**.

### Example

```
AT+CGATT=1           //Attach to PS service.
OK
AT+CGATT=0           //Detach from PS service.
OK
AT+CGATT?            //Query the current PS service state.
+CGATT: 0
OK
```

## 9.2 AT+CGACT Activate or Deactivate PDP Contexts

This command activates or deactivates the specified PDP context(s). After the command has been completed, the MT remains in V.250 command state. If any PDP context is already in the requested state, the state for that context remains unchanged. If MT is not PS attached when the activation form of the command is executed, MT first performs a PS attach and then attempt to activate the specified contexts. If no **<cid>** specifies the activation/deactivation form of the command, it activates or deactivates all defined contexts.

AT+CGACT Activate or Deactivate PDP Contexts	
Test Command <b>AT+CGACT=?</b>	Response <b>+CGACT:</b> (list of supported <b>&lt;state&gt;</b> s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CGACT?</b>	Response <b>+CGACT:</b> <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;state&gt;</b> [...]  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CGACT=&lt;state&gt;[,&lt;cid&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>NO CARRIER</b>  If there is any error related to MT functionality: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR:</b> <b>&lt;err&gt;</b>

Maximum Response Time	150 s, determined by network.
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;state&gt;</b>	Integer type. Indicate the state of PDP context activation. 0 Deactivated 1 Activated Other values are reserved and will result in an <b>ERROR</b> response to the Write Command.
<b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>	Integer type. Specify a particular PDP context definition (see <b>AT+CGDCONT</b> ).
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```

AT+CGDCONT=4,"IP","UNINET" //Define a PDP context.
OK
AT+CGACT=1,4 //Activated the PDP.
OK
AT+CGACT? //Query the current PDP context state.
+CGACT: 1,1
+CGACT: 2,0
+CGACT: 3,0
+CGACT: 4,1
...
OK
AT+CGACT=0,4 //Deactivated the PDP.
OK

```

## 9.3 AT+CGPADDR Show PDP Addresses

This command returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers. If no **<cid>** is specified, the addresses for all defined contexts are returned.

### AT+CGPADDR Show PDP Address

Test Command	Response
AT+CGPADDR=?	+CGPADDR: (list of defined <cid>s)

	<b>OK</b>
Execution/Write Command <b>AT+CGPADDR[=&lt;cid&gt;[,&lt;cid&gt;[,...]]]</b>	Response <b>+CGPADDR: &lt;cid&gt;,&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b> <b>[...]</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>	Integer type. Specify a particular PDP context definition (see <b>AT+CGDCONT</b> ).
<b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b>	String type. Identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it is the one set by the <b>AT+CGDCONT</b> when the context was defined. For a dynamic address, it is the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <b>&lt;cid&gt;</b> . <b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b> is omitted if no address is available.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```

AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","UNINET" //Define a PDP context.
OK
AT+CGACT=1,1 //Activated the PDP.
OK
AT+CGPADDR=1 //Show the PDP address.
+CGPADDR: 1,"10.76.51.180"
OK

```



## 9.4 AT+CGEREP Report Packet Domain Event

This command enables/disables sending of unsolicited result codes **+CGEV: XXX** from MT to TE in the case of certain events occurring in the Packet Domain MT or the network. **<mode>** controls the processing of unsolicited result codes specified within this command. **<bfr>** controls the effect on buffered codes when **<mode>** 1 or 2 is specified.

<b>AT+CGEREP Report Packet Domain Event</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CGEREP=?</b>	Response <b>+CGEREP:</b> (range of supported <b>&lt;mode&gt;s</b> ),(list of supported <b>&lt;bfr&gt;s</b> )  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CGEREP?</b>	Response <b>+CGEREP:</b> <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> , <b>&lt;bfr&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CGEREP=[&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;bfr&gt;]]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Execution Command <b>AT+CGEREP</b>	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	3GPP TS 27.007

### Parameter

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type.
<u>0</u>	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT; if MT result code buffer is full, the oldest ones can be discarded. No codes are forwarded to the TE.
1	Discard unsolicited result codes when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
2	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE when MT-TE link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the TE.

<b>&lt;bfr&gt;</b>	Integer type.
<u>0</u>	MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleaned when <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 1 or 2 is specified.
1	MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> 1 or 2 is specified ( <b>OK</b> response shall be given before flushing the codes).

#### NOTE

The unsolicited result codes and the corresponding events are defined as follows:

1. **+CGEV: REJECT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>**: A network request for PDP context activation occurred when the MT was unable to report it to the TE with a **+CRING** unsolicited result code and was automatically rejected.  
Note: This event is not applicable for EPS and 5GS.
2. **+CGEV: NW REACT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>,[<cid>]**: The network has requested a context reactivation. The **<cid>** used to reactivate the context is provided if known to the MT.  
Note: This event is not applicable for EPS.
3. **+CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>,[<cid>]**: The network has forced a context deactivation. The **<cid>** used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT.
4. **+CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>,[<cid>]**: The mobile equipment has forced a context deactivation. The **<cid>** used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT.
5. **+CGEV: NW DETACH**: The network has forced a Packet Domain detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.
6. **+CGEV: ME DETACH**: The mobile equipment has forced a Packet Domain detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.
7. **+CGEV: NW CLASS<class>**: The network has forced a change of MS class. The highest available class is reported (see **AT+CGCLASS**).
8. **+CGEV: ME CLASS<class>**: The mobile equipment has forced a change of MS class. The highest available class is reported (see **AT+CGCLASS**).
9. **+CGEV: PDN ACT<cid>**: Activated a context. The context represents a PDN connection in LTE or a Primary PDP context in GSM/UMTS.
10. **+CGEV: PDN DEACT<cid>**: Deactivated a context. The context represents a PDN connection in LTE or a Primary PDP context in GSM/UMTS.

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;PDP_type&gt;</b>	String type. Packet data protocol type. A string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.
"IP"	IPv4
"PPP"	PPP
"IPv6"	IPv6
"IPv4v6"	IPv4v6
<b>&lt;PDP_addr&gt;</b>	String type. Identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. If the value is null or omitted, then a value may be provided by the TE during the PDP.

<b>&lt;cid&gt;</b>	Integer type. PDP context identifier. Specify a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value=1) is returned by the test form of <b>AT+CGDCONT</b> .
<b>&lt;class&gt;</b>	String type. Indicate the GPRS mobile class.
A	Class A (highest)
B	Class B
C	Class C in GPRS and circuit switched alternate mode
CG	Class C in GPRS only mode
CC	Class C in circuit switched only mode (lowest)

### Example

```

AT+CGEREP=?           //Test command.
+CGEREP: (0-2),(0,1)

OK
AT+CGEREP?            //Query the current configuration.
+CGEREP: 0,0

OK
AT+CGEREP=2,1         //Report packet domain event.
OK
AT+CGACT=1,2          //Activated a context.
OK

+CGEV: PDN ACT2
AT+CGACT=0,2          //Deactivated a context.
OK

+CGEV: PDN DEACT2

```

# 10 Supplementary Service Commands

## 10.1 AT+CCFC Call Forwarding Number and Conditions Control

This command allows control of the call forwarding supplementary service according to *3GPP TS 22.082*. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation and status query are supported.

AT+CCFC Call Forwarding Number and Conditions Control	
Test Command <b>AT+CCFC=?</b>	Response <b>+CCFC:</b> (range of supported <reads>s)  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CCFC=&lt;reads&gt;,&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;number&gt;[,&lt;type&gt;[,&lt;class&gt;[,&lt;subaddr&gt;[,&lt;satype&gt;[,&lt;time&gt;]]]]]]</b>	Response If <mode> is not equal to 2 and the command is executed successfully: <b>OK</b>  If <mode>=2 and the command is executed successfully (only in connection with <reads>=(0–3)): For registered call forwarding numbers: <b>+CCFC: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class1&gt;[,&lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;[,&lt;subaddr&gt;,&lt;satype&gt;[,&lt;time&gt;]]]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; [...]</b>  <b>OK</b>  If no call forwarding number is registered (and therefore all classes are inactive): <b>+CCFC: &lt;status&gt;,&lt;class&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>

	Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;reads&gt;</b>	Integer type. Call forwarding condition. 0 Unconditional 1 Mobile busy 2 No reply 3 Not reachable 4 All call forwarding (see 3GPP TS 22.030) 5 All conditional call forwarding (see 3GPP TS 22.030)
<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. Operation type. 0 Disable 1 Enable 2 Query status 3 Registration 4 Erasure
<b>&lt;number&gt;</b>	String type. Phone number of forwarding address in format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Type of address; default value is 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+"; otherwise, 129.
<b>&lt;subaddr&gt;</b>	String type. Sub-address in the format specified by <b>&lt;satype&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;satype&gt;</b>	Integer type. Type of sub-address.
<b>&lt;classx&gt;</b>	Integer type. Each represents a class of information. 1 Voice (telephony) 2 Data (refers to all bearer services; and this may only see some bearer services if TA does not support values 16, 32, 64 and 128 with <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> =2) 4 Fax (facsimile services) 7 Voice, data and fax 8 Short message service 16 Data circuit synchronization 32 Data circuit asynchronization 64 Dedicated packet access 128 Dedicated PAD access
<b>&lt;time&gt;</b>	Integer type. 1–30 when "no reply", "all call forwarding" or "all conditional call forwarding" is enabled or queried, this gives the time in seconds to wait before call is forwarded, default value is 20.

<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	Integer type. Call forwarding service status.
0	Not active
1	Active
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

### Example

```

AT+CCFC=0,3,"15021012496" //Register the destination number for unconditional call
OK                          forwarding (CFU).
AT+CCFC=0,2                //Query the status of CFU without specifying <class>.
+CCFC: 1,1,"+8615021012496",145,,,
OK
AT+CCFC=0,4                //Erase the registered CFU destination number.
OK
AT+CCFC=0,2                //Query the status and there is no destination number.
+CCFC: 0,255
OK

```

## 10.2 AT+CCWA Call Waiting Control

This command allows control of the call waiting supplementary service according to 3GPP TS 22.083. Activation, deactivation and status query are supported.

AT+CCWA Call Waiting Control	
Test Command <b>AT+CCWA=?</b>	Response <b>+CCWA:</b> (list of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CCWA?</b>	Response <b>+CCWA:</b> <n>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CCWA=[&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;class&gt;]]]</b>	Response If <mode> is not equal to 2 and the command is executed successfully: <b>OK</b>  If <mode>=2 and the command is executed successfully: <b>+CCWA:</b> <status>,<class1> <b>+CCWA:</b> <status>,<class2>

	<p>[...]]</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p><b>ERROR</b></p> <p>Or</p> <p><b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. Enable or disable presentation of an unsolicited result code. When the presentation call waiting at the MT is enabled (and call waiting is enabled) and a terminating call is set up during an established call, an unsolicited result code is returned:</p> <p><b>+CCWA: &lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,&lt;class&gt;[,&lt;alpha&gt;][,&lt;CLI_validity&gt;[,&lt;subaddr&gt;,&lt;satype&gt;[,&lt;priority&gt;]]]</b></p> <p><u>0</u>      Disable</p> <p>1      Enable</p>
<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. When <b>&lt;mode&gt;</b> is omitted, network is not interrogated.</p> <p>0      Disable call waiting control</p> <p>1      Enable call waiting control</p> <p>2      Query call waiting control status</p>
<b>&lt;classx&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. Each integer represents a class of information.</p> <p>1      Voice (telephony)</p> <p>2      Data (refers to all bearer services; and this may only see some bearer services if TA does not support values 16, 32, 64 and 128 with <b>&lt;mode&gt;=2</b>)</p> <p>4      Fax (facsimile services)</p> <p><u>7</u>      Voice, data and fax</p> <p>8      Short message service</p> <p>16     Data circuit synchronization</p> <p>32     Data circuit asynchronization</p> <p>64     Dedicated packet access</p> <p>128    Dedicated PAD access</p>
<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	<p>Integer type. Indicate whether the status of the command is enabled or not.</p> <p>0      Disable</p> <p>1      Enable</p>
<b>&lt;number&gt;</b>	<p>String type. Phone number of calling address in format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b>.</p>

<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	Type of address octet in integer format. 128 Type specified by the network 129 Unknown type (ISDN format number) 145 International number type (ISDN format)
<b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b>	Optional string type alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook.
<b>&lt;CLI_validity&gt;</b>	Integer type. Provide details why <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> does not contain a calling party BCD number (see <i>3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.30</i> ). 0 CLI valid 1 CLI has been withheld by the originator (see <i>3GPP TS 24.008 table 10.5.135a/3GPP TS 24.008 code "Reject by user"</i> ) 2 CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitations of originating network (see <i>3GPP TS 24.008 table 10.5.135a/3GPP TS 24.008 code "Interaction with other service"</i> ) 3 CLI is not available due to calling party being of type payphone (see <i>3GPP TS 24.008 table 10.5.135a/3GPP TS 24.008 code "Coin line/payphone"</i> ) 4 CLI is not available due to other reasons (see <i>3GPP TS 24.008 table 10.5.135a/3GPP TS 24.008 code "Unavailable"</i> ) When CLI is not available ( <b>&lt;CLI_validity&gt;=2</b> , <b>&lt;CLI_validity&gt;=3</b> or <b>&lt;CLI_validity&gt;=4</b> ), <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> shall be an empty string (""), and <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> value will not be significant. Nevertheless, TA may return the recommended value 128 for <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> (TON/NPI unknown in accordance with <i>3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.7</i> ). When CLI has been withheld by the originator, ( <b>&lt;CLI_validity&gt;=1</b> ) and the CLIP is provisioned with the "override category" option (see <i>3GPP TS 22.081 and 3GPP TS 23.081</i> ), <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> is provided. Otherwise, TA shall return the same setting for <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> and <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> as if the CLI is not available.
<b>&lt;subaddr&gt;</b>	String type. Sub-address of format specified by <b>&lt;satype&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;satype&gt;</b>	Integer type. Sub-address octet (see <i>3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.8</i> ).
<b>&lt;priority&gt;</b>	Optional digit type parameter indicating that the eMLPP priority level of the incoming call. The priority level values are as defined in eMLPP specification <i>3GPP TS 22.067</i> .
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

#### NOTE

1. **<status>=0** should be returned only if the service is not active for any **<class>** i.e. **+CCWA: 0,7** will be returned in this case.
2. When **<mode>=2**, all active call waiting classes will be reported. In this mode the command is aborted by pressing any key.
3. Executing **AT+CCWA=<n>,<mode>,<class>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

#### Example

**AT+CCWA=1,1**

//Enable presentation of an unsolicited result code.



```
OK
ATD10086; //Establish a call.
OK
+CCWA: "02154450293",129,1 //Indication of a call that has been waiting.
```

### 10.3 AT+CHLD Call Related Supplementary Services

This command allows the control of the following call related services:

- A call can be temporarily disconnected from the MT but the connection is retained by the network;
- Multiparty conversation (conference calls);
- The served subscriber who has two calls (one held and the other either active or alerting) can connect the other parties and release the served subscriber's own connection.

Calls can be put on hold, recovered, released and added to a conversation, and transferred similarly as defined in *3GPP TS 22.030*.

This is based on the GSM/UMTS supplementary services HOLD (Call Hold; see *3GPP TS 22.083 clause 2*), MPTY (MultiParty; see *3GPP TS 22.084*) and ECT (Explicit Call Transfer; see *3GPP TS 22.091*). The interaction of this command with other commands based on other GSM/UMTS supplementary services is described in the GSM/UMTS standards. Call Hold, MultiParty and Explicit Call Transfer are only applicable to teleservice 11.

AT+CHLD Call Related Supplementary Services	
Test Command <b>AT+CHLD=?</b>	Response <b>+CHLD:</b> (list of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CHLD=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<n>	Integer type.
0	Terminate all held calls or UDUB (User Determined User Busy) for a waiting call. If a call is waiting, terminate the waiting call. Otherwise, terminate all held calls (if any)
1	Terminate all active calls (if any) and accept the other call (waiting call or held call).
1X	Terminate the specific call number X (X = 1–7)
<u>2</u>	Place all active calls on hold (if any) and accept the other call (waiting call or held call) as the active call.
2X	Place all active calls except call X (X = 1–7) on hold
3	Add the held call to the active calls
4	Connect the two calls and disconnects the subscriber from both calls (ECT)
<err>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## Example

```

ATD10086;           //Establish a call.
OK

+CCWA: "02154450293",129,1
AT+CHLD=2           //Indication of a call that has been waiting.
                     //Place the active call on hold and accept the waiting call as
                     //the active call.
OK
AT+CLCC
+CLCC: 1,0,1,0,0,"10086",129           //The first call is on hold.
+CLCC: 2,1,0,0,0,"02154450293",129     //The second call is active.
OK
AT+CHLD=21           //Place the active call except call X = 1 on hold.
OK
AT+CLCC
+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10086",129           //The first call is active.
+CLCC: 2,1,1,0,1,"02154450293",129     //The second call is on hold.
OK
AT+CHLD=3           //Add a held call to the active calls in order to set up a
                     //conference (multiparty) call.
OK
AT+CLCC
+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,1,"10086",129
+CLCC: 2,1,0,0,1,"02154450293",129

```

OK

## 10.4 AT+CLIP Calling Line Identification Presentation

This command refers to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the calling line identity (CLI) of the calling party when receiving a mobile terminated call. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service CLIP in the network.

AT+CLIP Calling Line Identification Presentation	
Test Command <b>AT+CLIP=?</b>	Response <b>+CLIP:</b> (list of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CLIP?</b>	Response <b>+CLIP:</b> <n>,<m>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CLIP=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	15 s, determined by network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<n>	Integer type. Enable or disable to report the result code presentation status to the TE. When the presentation of the CLIP at the TE is enabled (and calling subscriber allows), an unsolicited result code is returned after every <b>RING</b> (or <b>+CRING: &lt;type&gt;</b> ) at a mobile terminating call: <b>+CLIP: &lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,[subaddr],[satype],[&lt;alpha&gt;],&lt;CLI_validity&gt;</b> <u>0</u> Disable unsolicited result codes 1      Enable unsolicited result codes
<m>	Integer type. The subscriber CLIP service status in the network.

	0	CLIP not provisioned
	1	CLIP provisioned
	2	Unknown (e.g., no network, etc.)
<number>	String type. Phone number calling address in format specified by <type>.	
<subaddr>	String type. Sub-address of format specified by <satype>.	
<satype>	Type of sub-address octet in integer format (see 3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.8)	
<type>	Type of address octet in integer format.	
	129	Unknown type (ISDN format)
	145	International number type (ISDN format)
	161	National number
<alpha>	String type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phone book.	
<CLI_validity>	Integer type. This parameter can provide details why <number> does not contain a calling party BCD number.	
	0	CLI valid
	1	CLI has been withheld by the originator
	2	CLI is not available due to interworking problems or limitations of originating network
<err>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .	

### Example

```
AT+CLIP=1
OK

RING

+CLIP: "02151082965",129,,,"QUECTEL",0
```

## 10.5 AT+CLIR Calling Line Identification Restriction

This command refers to the CLIR supplementary service (Calling Line Identification Restriction) according to 3GPP TS 22.081 and the OIR supplementary service (Originating Identification Restriction) according to 3GPP TS 24.607 that allows a calling subscriber to enable or disable the presentation of the calling line identity (CLI) to the called party when originating a call.

The Write Command overrides the CLIR subscription (default is restricted or allowed) when temporary mode is provisioned as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls. This adjustment can be revoked by using the opposite command.

<b>AT+CLIR Calling Line Identification Restriction</b>	
Test Command <b>AT+CLIR=?</b>	Response <b>+CLIR:</b> (range of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CLIR?</b>	Response <b>+CLIR:</b> <n>,<m>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CLIR=&lt;n&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	15 s, determined by network.
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type. Sets the adjustment for outgoing calls. 0 Presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the CLIR service 1 CLIR invocation 2 CLIR suppression
<b>&lt;m&gt;</b>	Integer type. Shows the subscriber CLIR service status in the network. 0 CLIR not provisioned 1 CLIR provisioned in permanent mode 2 Unknown (e.g., no network, etc.) 3 CLIR temporary mode presentation restricted 4 CLIR temporary mode presentation allowed
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## 10.6 AT+COLP Connected Line Identification Presentation

This command enables/disables a calling subscriber to get the connected line identity (COL) of the called party after setting up a mobile originated call, referring to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service COLP

(Connected Line Identification Presentation). MT enables or disables the presentation of the COL (Connected Line) at the TE for a mobile originating a call. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service COLR in the network.

AT+COLP Connected Line Identification Presentation	
Test Command <b>AT+COLP=?</b>	Response <b>+COLP:</b> (list of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+COLP?</b>	Response <b>+COLP:</b> <n>,<m>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+COLP=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	15 s, determined by network.
Characteristics	/
Reference	
3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type. Set/present the result code presentation status in the MT. 0 Disable 1 Enable. When enabled (and called subscriber allows), an intermediate result code is returned before any +CR or V.25ter responses: <b>+COLP: &lt;number&gt;,&lt;type&gt;,[&lt;subaddr&gt;],[&lt;satype&gt;],[&lt;alpha&gt;]</b>
<b>&lt;m&gt;</b>	Integer type. Parameter presents the subscriber COLP service status in the network. 0 COLP not provisioned 1 COLP provisioned 2 Unknown (e.g., no network, etc.)
<b>&lt;number&gt;</b>	String type. Phone number; calling address in format specified by <b>&lt;type&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;type&gt;</b>	Integer type. Type of address octet in integer format. 129 Unknown type (ISDN format number) 145 International number type (ISDN format)
<b>&lt;subaddr&gt;</b>	String type. Sub-address of format specified by <b>&lt;satype&gt;</b> .
<b>&lt;satype&gt;</b>	Type of sub-address octet in integer format (see 3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.8).
<b>&lt;alpha&gt;</b>	Optional string type alphanumeric representation of <b>&lt;number&gt;</b> corresponding to the entry found in phone book.

### Example

```
AT+COLP=1
OK
ATD02151082965;
+COLP: "02151082965",129,,,"QUECTEL"
OK
```

## 10.7 AT+CSSN Supplementary Service Notifications

This command enables or disables the presentation of notification result codes from TA to TE.

AT+CSSN Supplementary Service Notifications	
Test Command <b>AT+CSSN=?</b>	Response <b>+CSSN:</b> (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <m>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CSSN?</b>	Response <b>+CSSN:</b> <n>,<m>  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CSSN=&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;m&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

### Parameter

<n>	Integer type. Sets/indicates the <b>+CSSI</b> intermediate result code presentation status to the TE. When <n>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, the <b>+CSSI: &lt;code1&gt;</b> intermediate result code is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result codes. <u>0</u> Disable
-----	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

	1    Enable
<b>&lt;m&gt;</b>	Integer type. Sets/indicates the <b>+CSSU</b> unsolicited result code presentation status to TE. When <b>&lt;m&gt;</b> =1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call, the <b>+CSSU: &lt;code2&gt;</b> unsolicited result code is sent to TE.
	0    Disable
	1    Enable
<b>&lt;code1&gt;</b>	Integer type. It is specified by manufacturer and supports the following codes:
	0    Unconditional call forwarding is active
	1    Some of the conditional call forwarding are active
	2    Call has been forwarded
	3    Call is waiting
	5    Outgoing call is barred
<b>&lt;code2&gt;</b>	Integer type. It is manufacturer specific and supports the following codes:
	0    The incoming call is a forwarded call
	2    Call has been put on hold (during a voice call)
	3    Call has been retrieved (during a voice call)
	5    Held call was terminated by another party
	10   Additional incoming call forwarded
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## 10.8 AT+CUSD Unstructured Supplementary Service Data

This command allows control of the Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) according to 3GPP TS 22.090. Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported.

**<mode>** disables/enables the presentation of an unsolicited result code. The value **<mode>**=2 cancels an ongoing USSD session. For a USSD response from the network, or a network initiated operation, the format is: **+CUSD: <status>[,<rspstr>[,<dc>]]**.

When **<reqstr>** is given, a mobile initiated USSD string or a response USSD string to a network-initiated operation is sent to the network. The response USSD string from the network is returned in a subsequent **+CUSD** URC.

AT+CUSD Unstructured Supplementary Service Data	
Test Command <b>AT+CUSD=?</b>	Response <b>+CUSD: (range of supported &lt;mode&gt;s)</b>  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+CUSD?</b>	Response <b>+CUSD: &lt;mode&gt;</b>



	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+CUSD=[&lt;mode&gt;[,&lt;reqstr&gt;[,&lt;dc&gt; ]]]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b> Or <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	120 s, determined by the network.
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;mode&gt;</b>	Integer type. Sets/indicates the result code presentation status to the TE. 0      Disable the result code presentation to the TE 1      Enable the result code presentation to the TE 2      Cancel session (not applicable to Read Command response)
<b>&lt;reqstr&gt;</b>	String type. Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) to be sent to the network. If this parameter is omitted, network is not interrogated.
<b>&lt;rspstr&gt;</b>	String type. Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) received from the network.
<b>&lt;dc&gt;</b>	Integer type. 3GPP TS 23.038 Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme (default value: 15).
<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	Integer type. USSD response from the network or the network-initiated operation 0      No further user action required (network initiated USSD Notify, or no further information needed after mobile initiated operation) 1      Further user action required (network initiated USSD Request, or further information needed after mobile initiated operation) 2      USSD terminated by network 3      Another local client has responded 4      Operation not supported 5      Network time out
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

# 11 Hardware Related Commands

## 11.1 AT+QPOWD Power off

This command powers off the MT. UE returns **OK** immediately when the command is executed. Then UE deactivates the network. After the deactivation is completed, UE outputs **POWERED DOWN** and enters power-off state. The maximum time for unregistering network is 60 seconds. To avoid data loss, the power supply for the module cannot be disconnected before **POWERED DOWN** is outputted.

AT+QPOWD Power off	
Test Command <b>AT+QPOWD=?</b>	Response <b>+QPOWD:</b> (list of supported <n>s)  <b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QPOWD=[&lt;n&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  <b>POWERED DOWN</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference	

### Parameter

<n>	Integer type.
	0 Immediate power-down
	1 Normal power-down

## 11.2 AT+QADC Read ADC Value

This command reads the voltage value of ADC channel.

AT+QADC Read ADC Value	
Test Command <b>AT+QADC=?</b>	Response <b>+QADC:</b> (list of supported <port>s)  <b>OK</b>
Read Command <b>AT+QADC=&lt;port&gt;</b>	Response <b>+QADC:</b> <status>,<value>  <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

### Parameter

<port>	Integer type. Channel number of the ADC. 0 ADC channel 0 1 ADC channel 1
<status>	Integer type. Indicate whether the ADC value is read successfully. 0 Failed 1 Successful
<value>	Integer type. The voltage of specified ADC channel. Unit: mV.

#### NOTE

This command is only support on RG255C series module.

## 11.3 AT+CBC Battery Charge

The command returns battery charge status (<bcs>) and battery charge level (<bcl>) of the MT.

AT+CBC Battery Charge	
Test Command <b>AT+CBC=?</b>	Response <b>+CBC:</b> (range of supported <bcs>s),(range of supported <bcl>s),<voltage>

	OK
Execution Command <b>AT+CBC</b>	Response <b>+CBC: &lt;bc&gt;,&lt;bcl&gt;,&lt;voltage&gt;</b>
	OK
	If there is an error related to ME functionality: <b>+CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference 3GPP TS 27.007	

## Parameter

<b>&lt;bc&gt;</b>	Integer type. Battery charge status 0 ME is not charging 1 ME is charging 2 Charging has been finished
<b>&lt;bcl&gt;</b>	Battery charge level 0 – 100 Battery has 0–100 percent of capacity remaining
<b>&lt;voltage&gt;</b>	Battery voltage. Unit: mV.
<b>&lt;err&gt;</b>	Error codes. For more details, see <b>Chapter 13.5</b> .

## 11.4 AT+QSClk Configure Sleep Mode

This command is used to control whether the module enters sleep mode. When entering sleep mode is enabled and MAIN\_DTR is pulled up, the module enters sleep mode directly. If entering sleep mode is enabled and MAIN\_DTR is pulled down, there is a need to pull up the MAIN\_DTR pin first to make the module enter sleep mode.

### AT+QSClk Configure Sleep Mode

Test Command <b>AT+QSClk=?</b>	Response <b>+QSClk: (list of supported &lt;n&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;saved&gt;s)</b>
	OK
Read Command <b>AT+QSClk?</b>	Response <b>+QSClk: &lt;n&gt;,&lt;saved&gt;</b>

	<b>OK</b>
Write Command <b>AT+QSCLK=&lt;n&gt;[,&lt;saved&gt;]</b>	Response <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/
Reference Quectel	

### Parameter

<b>&lt;n&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable sleep mode. <u>0</u> Disable 1    Enable. It is controlled by DTR. DTR is pulled up by default.
<b>&lt;saved&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether to save the configuration into NVM. <u>0</u> Not save 1    Save

#### NOTE

Executing **AT+QSCLK=0,1** or **AT+QSCLK=1,1** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

# 12 QMAP Related Commands

## 12.1 AT+QMAP Configure QMAP Related Parameters

This command configures the QMAP related parameters.

AT+QMAP Configure QMAP Related Parameters	
<p>Test Command</p> <p><b>AT+QMAP=?</b></p>	<p>Response</p> <p>+QMAP: "WWAN",(list of supported &lt;status&gt;s),(range of supported &lt;profileID&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;IP_family&gt;s),&lt;IP_address&gt;</p> <p>+QMAP: "DMZ",(list of supported &lt;enable&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;IP_family&gt;s),&lt;IP_address&gt;</p> <p>+QMAP: "GRE",(list of supported &lt;enable&gt;s),&lt;IP_address&gt;</p> <p>+QMAP: "LAN",&lt;IP_address&gt;</p> <p>+QMAP: "LANIP",&lt;LAN_IP_start_address&gt;,&lt;LAN_IP_end_address&gt;,&lt;GW_IP_address&gt;,(list of supported &lt;effect&gt;s)</p> <p>+QMAP: "VLAN",(range of supported &lt;VLAN_ID&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;enable&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;VLAN_type&gt;s)</p> <p>+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",(range of supported &lt;rule_num&gt;s),(range of supported &lt;profileID&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;VLAN_ID&gt;s),(range of supported &lt;IPPT_mode&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;auto_connect&gt;s),&lt;ippt_info&gt;</p> <p>+QMAP: "IPPT_NAT",(list of supported &lt;IPPT_NAT&gt;s)</p> <p>+QMAP: "connect",(range of supported &lt;rule_num&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;connect&gt;s)</p> <p>+QMAP: "auto_connect",(range of supported &lt;rule_num&gt;s),(list of supported &lt;auto_connect&gt;s),(range of supported &lt;profileID&gt;s)</p> <p>+QMAP: "MPDN_status"</p> <p>+QMAP: "SFE",(list of supported &lt;status&gt;s)</p> <p>+QMAP: "domain",&lt;domain_name&gt;</p> <p>+QMAP: "DHCPV6DNS",(list of supported &lt;status&gt;s)</p> <p>+QMAP: "NAT_timeout",(list of supported &lt;NAT_type&gt;s),&lt;timeout&gt;</p> <p>...</p> <p>OK</p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms

Characteristics

/

## 12.2 AT+QMAP="WWAN" Query IP Address of Default QMAP Data Call

This command queries the status and IP address of the default QMAP data call.

### AT+QMAP="WWAN" Query IP Address of Default QMAP Data Call

Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="WWAN"</b>	Response <b>+QMAP: "WWAN",&lt;status&gt;,&lt;profileID&gt;,&lt;IP_family&gt;,&lt;IP_address&gt;</b> <b>+QMAP: "WWAN",&lt;status&gt;,&lt;profileID&gt;,&lt;IP_family&gt;,&lt;IP_address&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	5s
Characteristics	/

### Parameter

<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	Integer type. Status of the default QMAP data call. 0 Disconnected 1 Connected
<b>&lt;profileID&gt;</b>	Integer type. Profile ID of the default QMAP data call. Range: 1–16.
<b>&lt;IP_family&gt;</b>	String type. IP type. "IPV4" IPv4 "IPV6" IPv6
<b>&lt;IP_address&gt;</b>	String type. IP address of the default QMAP data call. If IPv4 network is not connected, the address is "0.0.0.0". If IPv6 network is not connected, the address is "0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0".

### Example

```
AT+QMAP="WWAN" //Query IP address of the default QMAP data call
+QMAP: "WWAN",0,1,"IPV4","0.0.0.0"
+QMAP: "WWAN",0,1,"IPV6","0:0:0:0:0:0:0:0"

OK
```

## 12.3 AT+QMAP="DMZ" Query/Configure DMZ of Default QMAP Data Call

### Call

This command queries or configures DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) of the default QMAP data call.

AT+QMAP="DMZ" Query/Configure DMZ of Default QMAP Data Call	
Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="DMZ"[,&lt;enable&gt;,&lt;IP_family&gt;,&lt;IP_address&gt;]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current setting:  <b>+QMAP: "DMZ",&lt;enable&gt;,&lt;IP_family&gt;,&lt;IP_address&gt;</b>  <b>+QMAP: "DMZ",&lt;enable&gt;,&lt;IP_family&gt;,&lt;IP_address&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameters are specified, enable and configure or disable DMZ:  <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:  <b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	5s
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

#### Parameter

<b>&lt;enable&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable DMZ of default QMAP data call. 0 Disable 1 Enable
<b>&lt;IP_family&gt;</b>	Integer type. IP type. 4 IPv4 6 IPv6
<b>&lt;IP_address&gt;</b>	String type. IPv4 or IPv6 address. It is valid only when <b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> is 1.

#### NOTE

1. After DMZ is enabled, if you want to change the DMZ address (**<IP\_address>**), you need to disable DMZ first.
2. Executing **AT+QMAP="DMZ"[,<enable>,<IP\_family>,<IP\_address>]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.



### Example

```

AT+QMAP="DMZ" //Query the current setting of DMZ.
+QMAP: "DMZ",0,4
+QMAP: "DMZ",0,6

OK
AT+QMAP="DMZ",1,4,192.168.225.50 //Enable DMZ of IPv4 and the address is 192.168.225.50.
OK
AT+QMAP="DMZ",0,4 //Disable DMZ of IPv4.
OK

```

## 12.4 AT+QMAP="GRE" Query/Configure GRE Data Acceleration

This command queries or configures GRE data acceleration.

AT+QMAP="GRE" Query/Configure GRE Data Acceleration	
Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="GRE"[,&lt;enable&gt;[,&lt;IP_address&gt;]]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QMAP: "GRE",&lt;enable&gt;[,&lt;IP_address&gt;]</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameter is specified, configure GRE data acceleration: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect after the module is rebooted. The configuration is saved automatically.

### Parameter

<b>&lt;enable&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable GRE data acceleration. 0 Disable 1 Enable
<b>&lt;IP_address&gt;</b>	String type. IP address of GRE server. It is valid only when <b>&lt;enable&gt;</b> is 1.

### NOTE

1. After the GRE data acceleration function is enabled, if you want to change/add the IP address of GRE server, you should disable the function first (**AT+QMAP="GRE",0**), then you can configure a new IP address.
2. For modules with firmware versions containing "R01" and "R02", you can only execute **AT+QMAP="GRE",<enable>,<IP\_address>]** to configure one IP address.
3. For modules with firmware version containing "R03", you can execute **AT+QMAP="GRE",<enable>,<IP\_address>,<IP\_address2>...]]** to configure multiple GRE server IP addresses and maximum of ten GRE server IP addresses can be configured.
4. Executing **AT+QMAP="GRE",<enable>,<IP\_address1>,<IP\_address2>...]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### Example

```

AT+QMAP="GRE" //Query the current setting of GRE data acceleration.
+QMAP: "GRE",0,192.168.2.1

OK
AT+QMAP="GRE",1,192.168.2.1 //Enable GRE data acceleration and the address is 192.168.2.1.
OK
AT+QMAP="GRE",0 //Disable GRE data acceleration.
OK

```

## 12.5 AT+QMAP="LAN" Query/Lock Single IP Address for Default LAN Interface

This command queries or locks the single IP address for the default LAN interface (VLAN0).

### AT+QMAP="LAN" Query/Lock Single IP Address for Default LAN Interface

Write Command

**AT+QMAP="LAN",<IP\_address>]**

Response

If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting:  
**+QMAP: "LAN",<IP\_address>]**

**OK**

If the optional parameter is specified, lock the single IP address for the default LAN interface:

**OK**

	If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	5 s
Characteristics	The command takes effect after the module is rebooted. The configuration is saved automatically.

## Parameter

<b>&lt;IP_address&gt;</b>	Dotted decimal IP address without double quotes. Single IP address of the default LAN interface.
---------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

### NOTE

1. **<IP\_address>** must belong to the network segment of the current default LAN interface. The segment of the LAN interface is 192.168.225.x by default.
2. After the configuration is successful, only the IP address specified by **<IP\_address>** can be assigned under the default LAN interface.
3. Executing **AT+QMAP="LAN",<IP\_address>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```

AT+QMAP="LAN" //Query the current setting.
+QMAP: "LAN"

OK
AT+QMAP="LAN",192.168.225.50 //Lock the single IP address for the default LAN interface.
OK
AT+QMAP="LAN" //Query the current configuration.
+QMAP: "LAN",192.168.225.50

OK

```

## 12.6 AT+QMAP="LANIP" Query/Modify DHCP Address Pool of Default LAN Interface

This command queries or modifies DHCP address pool of the default LAN interface (VLAN0).

AT+QMAP="LANIP" Query/Modify DHCP Address Pool of Default LAN Interface	
<p>Write Command</p> <p><b>AT+QMAP="LANIP"[,&lt;LAN_IP_start_address&gt;,&lt;LAN_IP_end_address&gt;,&lt;GW_IP_address&gt;,&lt;effect&gt;]]</b></p>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current setting:  <b>+QMAP: "LANIP",&lt;LAN_IP_start_address&gt;,&lt;LAN_IP_end_address&gt;,&lt;GW_IP_address&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameters are specified, configure DHCP address pool of the default LAN interface:  <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:  <b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	5 s
Characteristics	Whether the command takes effect immediately depends on <b>&lt;effect&gt;</b> . The configurations are saved automatically.

### Parameter

<b>&lt;LAN_IP_start_address&gt;</b>	String type. Start address of DHCP address pool of the default LAN interface. Format: Dotted decimal IPv4 address without double quotes.
<b>&lt;LAN_IP_end_address&gt;</b>	String type. End address of DHCP address pool of the default LAN interface. Format: Dotted decimal IPv4 address without double quotes.
<b>&lt;GW_IP_address&gt;</b>	String type. Gateway address of DHCP address pool of the default LAN interface. Format: Dotted decimal IPv4 address without double quotes.
<b>&lt;effect&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether the command takes effect immediately or not. <u>0</u> Take effect after the module is rebooted <u>1</u> Take effect immediately

### NOTE

Executing **AT+QMAP="LANIP"[,<LAN\_IP\_start\_address>,<LAN\_IP\_end\_address>,<GW\_IP\_address>,<effect>]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```
AT+QMAP="LANIP" //Query the current setting of DHCP address pool.
+QMAP: "LANIP",192.168.225.40,192.168.225.60,192.168.225.1
```

OK

//Configure the DHCP address pool and the configuration takes effect immediately.

```
AT+QMAP="LANIP",192.168.111.20,192.168.111.60,192.168.111.1,1
```

OK

//Configure the DHCP address pool and the configuration takes effect after the module is rebooted.

```
AT+QMAP="LANIP",192.168.111.20,192.168.111.60,192.168.111.1
```

OK

## 12.7 AT+QMAP="VLAN" Query/Configure VLAN

This command queries or configures VLAN of the module, including enabling or disabling VLAN and querying current enabled VLAN.

AT+QMAP="vlan" Query/Configure VLAN	
Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="VLAN"[,&lt;VLAN_ID&gt;,&lt;enable&gt;[,&lt;VLAN_type&gt;]]</b>	Response If the optional parameters are omitted, query the enabled VLAN: <b>+QMAP: "VLAN",0</b> <b>[+QMAP: "VLAN",&lt;VLAN_ID&gt;,&lt;VLAN_type&gt;]</b> ... <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameters are specified, enable or disable the specified VLAN: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	5 s
Characteristics	See the note below for whether the command takes effect immediately or not. The configurations are saved automatically.

### Parameter

<VLAN_ID>	Integer type. VLAN ID. Range: 0, 2–255.
-----------	-----------------------------------------

	0 is displayed only in the response string and indicates the physical default LAN interface rather than a VLAN ID. You cannot disable it.
<b>&lt;enable&gt;</b>	String type. Enable or disable VLAN specified by <b>&lt;VLAN_ID&gt;</b> . "enable"      Enable "disable"      Disable
<b>&lt;VLAN_type&gt;</b>	Integer type. VLAN type. 1    ETH 2    ECM 3    RNDIS 4    ETH2 11   ETH without enabling VLAN data acceleration 12   ECM without enabling VLAN data acceleration 13   RNDIS without enabling VLAN data acceleration

#### NOTE

1. If **<VLAN\_type>**=1/2/3, the module reboots automatically when you enable the first VLAN of any type or disable the last existing VLAN of specified type.
2. In other conditions, the configuration of enabling or disabling VLAN takes effect immediately and the module does not reboot automatically.
3. Executing **AT+QMAP="VLAN"[,<VLAN\_ID>,<enable>[,<VLAN\_type>]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

#### Example

```

AT+QMAP="VLAN"           //Query the list of the enabled VLAN IDs.
+QMAP: "VLAN",0
+QMAP: "VLAN",2,1         //VLAN 2 (eth0.2) of ETH is enabled.
+QMAP: "VLAN",3,1         //VLAN 3 (eth0.3) of ETH is enabled.

OK
AT+QMAP="VLAN",4,"enable",1 //Enable VLAN 4 (eth0.4) of ETH.
OK
AT+QMAP="VLAN",4,"disable" //Disable VLAN 4 (eth0.4) of ETH.
OK

```

## 12.8 AT+QMAP="MPDN\_rule" Query/Modify QMAP Multiple Data Call

### Rules

This command queries or modifies the QMAP multiple data call rules.

AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule" Query/Modify QMAP Multiple Data Call Rules	
<p>Write Command</p> <p><b>AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule" [&lt;rule_num&gt;,&lt;profileID&gt;,&lt;VLAN_ID&gt;,&lt;IPPT_mode&gt;,&lt;auto_connect&gt;,&lt;IPPT_info&gt;]]]</b></p>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current setting:</p> <p><b>+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",&lt;rule_num&gt;,&lt;profileID&gt;,&lt;VLAN_ID&gt;,&lt;IPPT_mode&gt;,&lt;auto_connect&gt;</b></p> <p>...</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If only &lt;rule_num&gt; is specified, disable a specified QMAP data call rule:</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameters are specified, configure the specified QMAP data call rule:</p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p><b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	5 s
Characteristics	<p>See the note below for whether the command takes effect immediately or not.</p> <p>The configurations are saved automatically.</p>

### Parameter

<rule_num>	Integer type. Rule ID of QMAP multiple data call. Range: 0–3.
<profileID>	Integer type. APN profile ID used by the QMAP data call rule. Range: 1–16.
<VLAN_ID>	Integer type. VLAN ID used by the QMAP data call rule. Range: 0, 2–255. 0 is displayed only in the response string and indicates the physical default LAN interface rather than a VLAN ID.
<IPPT_mode>	Integer type. Enable or disable IPPT mode (IP Passthrough mode) in the QMAP data call rule. 0 Disable IPPT mode 1 Enable IPPT mode (ETH)

	2	Enable IPPT mode (Wi-Fi)
	3	Enable IPPT mode (USB-ECM/RNDIS)
<b>&lt;auto_connect&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable automatic connecting in the QMAP data call rule.	
	1	Enable
	0	Disable
<b>&lt;IPPT_info&gt;</b>	String type.	
	If <b>&lt;IPPT_mode&gt;</b> is 1 or 2, <b>&lt;IPPT_info&gt;</b> is the peer NIC MAC address bound in IPPT mode.	
	If <b>&lt;IPPT_mode&gt;</b> is 3, <b>&lt;IPPT_info&gt;</b> is the peer host name bound in IPPT mode.	
	If <b>&lt;IPPT_mode&gt;</b> is 0, <b>&lt;IPPT_info&gt;</b> does not need to be filled in.	
	When IPPT mode is enabled,	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● IPPT NAT working mode is WithNAT (<b>AT+QMAP="IPPT_NAT",1</b>)  <b>&lt;IPPT_info&gt;</b> must be specified. The bound peer NIC or peer host gets a public IP, and other devices get a private IP, then the module internally performs NAT on all LAN devices data.</li> <li>● IPPT NAT working mode is WithoutNAT (<b>AT+QMAP="IPPT_NAT",0</b>)  If <b>&lt;IPPT_info&gt;</b> is omitted, the first connected LAN device gets a public IP, and the module does not perform NAT on the LAN device data; other devices will not be able to get an IP.  If <b>&lt;IPPT_info&gt;</b> is specified, the bound peer NIC or peer host gets a public IP, and the module does not perform NAT on the LAN device data; other devices will not be able to get an IP.</li> </ul>	

#### NOTE

1. If only the physical default LAN interface is required to access network and there is no need to support QMAP multiple data call, you should set **<rule\_num>=0** and **<VLAN\_ID>=0**.
2. The QMAP multiple data call is implemented by binding the WAN interfaces obtained from data calls of different APNs to the LAN/VLAN interface, and implementing the NAT configuration between the corresponding WAN and LAN/VLAN. In this way, the devices under different LAN/VLAN interfaces can access different network through the corresponding WAN interface.
3. When configuring QMAP data call rule, if you need to use a VLAN interface (**<VLAN\_ID>** is not 0), you need to create a corresponding VLAN interface through **AT+QMAP="VLAN"** first.
4. IPPT mode (IP Passthrough mode), is a function of transparently transmitting the IP address (Public IP) assigned by the operator to the LAN device.
5. By default, when using a USB (ECM/RNDIS) interface to start a QMAP data call, if the IPPT mode is enabled, you need to set **<IPPT\_mode>** to 3, and set the hostname of the LAN device in **<IPPT\_info>**. Because in most cases, the MAC address of the USB virtual Ethernet interface (ECM/RNDIS) is not fixed. But the module supports IPPT mode by setting **<IPPT\_mode>** to 1 and setting the MAC address of the LAN USB device in **<IPPT\_info>** in actual use.
6. WLAN interface does not support VLAN function, WLAN belongs to VLAN0. In actual use, to assign the public IP to the WLAN device, you need to set **<IPPT\_mode>** to 2, and **<VLAN\_ID>** can only be 0.
7. By default, the data call initiated with the first rule (**<rule\_num>=0**) is the default QMAP data call.



8. The default QMAP data call is bound to the physical LAN interface (VLAN0) by default. If you change the bound LAN/VLAN interface of the default QMAP data call, the module reboots automatically. For example, execute **AT+QMAP="MPDN\_rule",0,1,2,0,1** (bind the default QMAP data call rule to <VLAN\_ID>=2). If **AT+QMAP="MPDN\_rule",0** is executed at this time to disable the default QMAP data call rule, the LAN/VLAN interface bound to the default QMAP data call rule automatically changes the physical LAN interface from <VLAN\_ID>=2, and the module reboots automatically.
9. The module access network through the data connection initiated by the default QMAP data call rule. That is, if <rule\_num>=0 has not initiated a data connection, the module cannot access network.
10. Executing **AT+QMAP="MPDN\_rule",[,<rule\_num>],[,<profileID>,<VLAN\_ID>,<IPPT\_mode>,<auto\_connect>],[,<IPPT\_info>]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```

AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule" //Query the current QMAP data call rules.
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",0,0,0,0,0
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",1,0,0,0,0
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",2,0,0,0,0
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",3,0,0,0,0

OK
AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule",0,1,0,0,1 //Configure and enable QMAP data call rule 0.
OK
AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule",1,5,2,0,1 //Configure and enable QMAP data call rule 1.
OK
AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule" //Query the current QMAP data call rules.
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",0,1,0,0,1
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",1,5,2,0,1
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",2,0,0,0,0
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",3,0,0,0,0

OK
AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule",1 //Disable QMAP data call rule 1.
OK
AT+QMAP="MPDN_rule" //Query the current QMAP data call rules.
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",0,1,0,0,1
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",1,0,0,0,0
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",2,0,0,0,0
+QMAP: "MPDN_rule",3,0,0,0,0

OK

```

## 12.9 AT+QMAP="IPPT\_NAT" Query/Configure IPPT NAT Working Mode of QMAP Data Call

This command queries or configures whether to use NAT (Network Address Translation) in IPPT mode.

AT+QMAP="IPPT_NAT" Query/Configure IPPT NAT Working Mode of QMAP Data Call	
<p>Write Command</p> <p><b>AT+QMAP="IPPT_NAT"[,&lt;IPPT_NAT&gt;]</b></p>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QMAP: "IPPT_NAT",&lt;IPPT_NAT&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameter is specified, configure IPPT NAT working mode: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	/
Characteristics	<p>The command takes effect immediately.</p> <p>The configuration is saved automatically.</p>

### Parameter

<b>&lt;IPPT_NAT&gt;</b>	Integer type. IPPT NAT working mode.
0	WithoutNAT. Not use NAT in IPPT mode.
1	WithNAT. Use NAT in IPPT mode.

### NOTE

1. Changing IPPT NAT working mode disconnects all QMAP data call connections. The disconnected QMAP data call can be reconnected automatically if the automatic connecting is enabled. If automatic connecting is disabled, you should manually execute **AT+QMAP="connect"** to start a QMAP data call after changing IPPT NAT working mode.
2. If you change the IPPT NAT working mode to WithoutNAT from WithNAT, the IPPT modes configured in all QMAP data call rules change to WithoutNAT automatically. If you change the IPPT NAT working mode to WithNAT from WithoutNAT, the IPPT modes configured in all QMAP data call rules when **<IPPT\_info>** is omitted lose efficiency automatically and need to be reconfigured.
3. Executing **AT+QMAP="IPPT\_NAT"** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

**Example**

```
AT+QMAP="IPPT_NAT"           //Query current configuration.
+QMAP: "IPPT_NAT",0

OK

AT+QMAP="IPPT_NAT",1         //Configure to using NAT in IPPT mode.
OK
```

**12.10 AT+QMAP="connect" Start/Stop QMAP Data Call**

This command starts or stops a QMAP data call.

<b>AT+QMAP="connect" Start/Stop QMAP Data Call</b>	
Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="connect",&lt;rule_num&gt;,&lt;connect&gt;</b>	Response <b>OK</b> Or <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	5s
Characteristics	/

**Parameter**

<b>&lt;rule_num&gt;</b>	Integer type. Rule ID of QMAP multiple data call. Range: 0–3.
<b>&lt;connect&gt;</b>	Integer type. Start or stop QMAP data call. 0 Stop 1 Start

**NOTE**

1. If **<auto\_connect>=1** (see **AT+QMAP="MPDN\_rule"**), the specified QMAP data call rule starts automatic data call, and you cannot start or stop this data connection over **AT+QMAP="connect"**. If you want to control QMAP data call manually with **AT+QMAP="connect"**, you should disable automatic connecting in the rule with **AT+QMAP="MPDN\_rule"**.
2. Executing **AT+QMAP="connect",<rule\_num>,<connect>** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

## Example

```
AT+QMAP="connect",0,1 //Start QMAP data call of rule 0.
OK
AT+QMAP="connect",0,0 //Stop QMAP data call of rule 0.
OK
```

## 12.11 AT+QMAP="auto\_connect" Query/Modify Automatic Connecting Configuration of QMAP Data Call

This command queries or modifies automatic connecting of QMAP data call.

AT+QMAP="auto_connect" Query/Modify Automatic Connecting Configuration of QMAP Data Call	
Write Command	Response
AT+QMAP="auto_connect"[,<rule_num>,<auto_connect>,<profileID>]]	<p>If the optional parameters are omitted, query the current settings of all QMAP data call rules:</p> <p>+QMAP: "auto_connect",&lt;rule_num&gt;,&lt;auto_connect&gt;</p> <p>...</p> <p>OK</p> <p>If only &lt;rule_num&gt; is specified, query the current setting of the specified QMAP data call rule:</p> <p>+QMAP: "auto_connect",&lt;rule_num&gt;,&lt;auto_connect&gt;</p> <p>OK</p> <p>If only &lt;rule_num&gt; and &lt;auto_connect&gt; are specified, enable or disable automatic connecting for the specified QMAP data call rule:</p> <p>OK</p> <p>If all optional parameters are specified, enable automatic connecting and configure the APN Profile ID, or disable automatic connecting for the specified QMAP data call rule:</p> <p>OK</p> <p>If there is any error:</p> <p>ERROR</p>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms

Characteristics

The command takes effect immediately.  
The configuration are saved automatically.

Parameter

<b>&lt;rule_num&gt;</b>	Integer type. Rule ID of QMAP multiple data call. Range: 0–3.
<b>&lt;auto_connect&gt;</b>	Integer type. Enable or disable automatic connecting in the QMAP data call. 0    Disable 1    Enable
<b>&lt;profileID&gt;</b>	Integer type. APN Profile ID used by the QMAP data call rule. Range: 1–16.

**NOTE**

1. Before modifying **<auto\_connect>** of the specified QMAP data call rule, you need to ensure that the specified rule was configured and enabled with **AT+QMAP="MPDN\_rule"** in advance.
2. Executing **AT+QMAP="auto\_connect" [<rule\_num> [<auto\_connect> [<profileID>]]]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

Example

```

AT+QMAP="auto_connect"           //Query the current setting.
+QMAP: "auto_connect",0,1
+QMAP: "auto_connect",1,0
+QMAP: "auto_connect",2,0
+QMAP: "auto_connect",3,0

OK
AT+QMAP="auto_connect",0         //Query automatic connecting configuration of rule 0.
+QMAP: "auto_connect",0,1

OK
AT+QMAP="auto_connect",1,1       //Configure automatic connecting of rule 2.
OK
AT+QMAP="auto_connect",2,1,6     //Configure automatic connecting of rule 2 and modify
<profileID> to 6.

OK

```

## 12.12 AT+QMAP="MPDN\_status" Query Status of QMAP Multiple Data Call

This command queries the status of QMAP multiple data call.

AT+QMAP="MPDN_status" Query Status of QMAP Multiple Data Call	
Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="MPDN_status"</b>	Response <b>+QMAP: "MPDN_status",&lt;rule_num&gt;,&lt;profileID&gt;,&lt;IPPT_status&gt;,&lt;connect_status&gt;</b>  ...  <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	/

### Parameter

<b>&lt;rule_num&gt;</b>	Integer type. Rule ID of QMAP multiple data call. Range: 0–3.
<b>&lt;profileID&gt;</b>	Integer type. APN profile ID used by the QMAP data call rule. Range: 1–16.
<b>&lt;IPPT_status&gt;</b>	Integer type. Whether IPPT mode is enabled in the QMAP data call rule. 0 Enabled 1 Disabled
<b>&lt;connect_status&gt;</b>	Integer type. Status of the QMAP data call. 0 Disconnected 1 Connected

### Example

```

AT+QMAP="MPDN_status" //Query the status of QMAP multiple data call.
+QMAP: "MPDN_status",0,1,0,1,1
+QMAP: "MPDN_status",1,2,2,0,1
+QMAP: "MPDN_status",2,3,3,0,0
+QMAP: "MPDN_status",3,0,0,0,0

OK

```

## 12.13 AT+QMAP="SFE" Query/Configure SFE Software Acceleration

This command queries or configures software acceleration of the module.

AT+QMAP="SFE" Query/Configure SFE Software Acceleration	
Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="SFE"[,&lt;status&gt;]</b>	<p>Response</p> <p>If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QMAP: "SFE",&lt;status&gt;</b></p> <p><b>OK</b></p> <p>If the optional parameter is specified, enable or disable SFE software acceleration: <b>OK</b></p> <p>If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b></p>
Maximum Response Time	500 ms
Characteristics	<p>The command takes effect immediately.</p> <p>The configuration is saved automatically.</p>

### Parameter

<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	String type. Enable or disable SFE software acceleration.
"enable"	Enable
"disable"	Disable

### NOTE

1. Only when the module does not support hardware acceleration (IPA), can the SFE function provide limited performance optimization. If the module supports IPA, this function is invalid.
2. Executing **AT+QMAP="SFE"[,<status>]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### Example

```

AT+QMAP="SFE"           //Query the current setting.
+QMAP: "SFE","disable"

OK
AT+QMAP="SFE","enable"  //Enable SFE software acceleration.

```

OK

## 12.14 AT+QMAP="domain" Query/Configure Gateway Domain Name of LAN/VLAN Interface

This command queries or configures gateway domain name of LAN/VLAN interface.

### AT+QMAP="domain" Query/Configure Gateway Domain Name of LAN/VLAN Interface

Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="domain" [&lt;domain_name&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QMAP: "domain", &lt;domain_name&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, configure gateway domain name of LAN/VLAN interface: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect immediately. The configuration is saved automatically.

### Parameter

**<domain\_name>** String type. LAN/VLAN gateway domain name. For example, "quectel.com".

#### NOTE

Executing **AT+QMAP="domain" [<domain\_name>]** indicates to write data to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory). Please operate with caution.

### Example

```
AT+QMAP="domain" //Query gateway domain name of LAN/VLAN Interface.
+QMAP: "domain", "qualcomm.mobileap.com"
```



```
OK
AT+QMAP="domain","qualcomm.mobileap.com" //Set gateway domain name of LAN/VLAN
interface.
OK
```

## 12.15 AT+QMAP="DHCPV6DNS" Query/Configure IPv6 DNS of QMAP Data Call

This command queries or configures the IPv6 DNS of QMAP data call.

AT+QMAP="dhcpv6dns" Query/Configure IPv6 DNS of QMAP Data Call	
Write Command <b>AT+QMAP="DHCPV6DNS"[,&lt;status&gt;]</b>	Response If the optional parameter is omitted, query the current setting: <b>+QMAP: "DHCPV6DNS",&lt;status&gt;</b>  <b>OK</b>  If the optional parameter is specified, enable or disable IPv6 DNS: <b>OK</b>  If there is any error: <b>ERROR</b>
Maximum Response Time	300 ms
Characteristics	The command takes effect after the module is rebooted. The configuration is saved automatically.

### Parameter

<status>	String type. Enable or disable IPv6 DNS.	
	"enable"	Enable
	"disable"	Disable

### Example

```
AT+QMAP="DHCPV6DNS" //Query the current setting.
+QMAP: "DHCPV6DNS","enable"

OK
AT+QMAP="DHCPV6DNS","enable" //Enable IPv6 DNS.
```

OK

## 12.16 AT+QMAP="NAT\_timeout" Set NAT Timeout

This command sets or queries NAT timeout.

### AT+QMAP="NAT\_timeout" Set NAT Timeout

Write Command

**AT+QMAP="NAT\_timeout" [<NAT\_type>,<timeout>]**

If the optional parameters are omitted, query the timeouts of all <NAT\_type>s:

...

**+QMAP: "NAT\_timeout",<NAT\_type>,<timeout>**

...

**OK**

If only <NAT\_type> is specified, query the timeout of specified <NAT\_type>:

**+QMAP: "NAT\_timeout",<NAT\_type>,<timeout>**

**OK**

If all optional parameters are specified, set specified NAT timeout:

**OK**

If there is any error:

**ERROR**

Maximum Response Time

150 ms

Characteristics

The command takes effect immediately.  
The configurations are saved automatically.

### Parameter

<NAT_type>	Integer type. NAT timeout of each protocol type.
	1 General NAT timeout.
	2 NAT timeout of ICMP.
	3 NAT timeout of TCP.
	4 NAT timeout of UDP.
	6 NAT timeout of ICMPv6.
<timeout>	Integer type. NAT timeout. Minimum value: 30. Unit: second.

### Example

```
AT+QMAP="NAT_timeout",4           //Query the NAT timeout of UDP.
+QMAP: "NAT_timeout",4,360

OK

AT+QMAP="NAT_timeout",4,60        //Set the NAT timeout of UDP to 60 s.
OK

AT+QMAP="NAT_timeout"             //Query the NAT timeout of all <NAT_type>.
+QMAP: "NAT_timeout",1,200
+QMAP: "NAT_timeout",2,30
+QMAP: "NAT_timeout",3,3600
+QMAP: "NAT_timeout",4,60
+QMAP: "NAT_timeout",6,30

OK
```

# 13 Appendix References

## 13.1 Terms and Abbreviations

Table 5: Terms and Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description
3GPP	3rd Generation Partnership Project
5GCN	5G Core Network
5GS	5G System
ADC	Analog-to-Digital Converter
AP	Access Point
APDU	Application Protocol Data Unit
APN	Access Point Name
ARFCN	Absolute Radio-Frequency Channel Number
ARM	Advanced RISC (Reduced Instruction Set Computing) Machine
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
BCD	Binary Coded Decimal
BER	Bit Error Rate
CBM	Cell Broadcast Message
CLI	Calling Line Identification
CLIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation
CLIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction

COL	Connected Line Identification
COLP	Connected Line Identification Presentation
COLR	Connected Line Identification Restriction
CQI	Channel Quality Indicator
CS	Circuit Switch
CSD	Circuit Switch Data
DCE	Data Communication Equipment
DCS	Data Coding Scheme
DF	Dedicated File
DFOTA	Delta Firmware Upgrade Over-The-Air
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DL	Downlink
DMZ	Demilitarized Zone
DNS	Domain Name Server
DPCH	Dedicated Physical Channel
DRX	Discontinuous Reception
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual-Tone Multifrequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EARFCN	E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
ECC	Emergency Communications Center
ECGI	E-UTRAN Cell Global Identifier
ECI	E-UTRAN Cell Identifier
ECM	Ethernet Control Model
eNodeB	Evolved Node B

EPS	Evolved Packet System
ETH	Ethernet
E-UTRAN	Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
FDPCH	Fraction-Dedicated Physical Channel
FOTA	Firmware Upgrade Over-The-Air
GGSN	Gateway GPRS Support Node
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
GPIO	General-Purpose Input/Output
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GPS	Global Positioning System
GRE	Generic Routing Encapsulation
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HLR	Home Location Register
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
HSUPA	High Speed Uplink Packet Access
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card Identifier
ID	Mostly refers to Identifier in terms of software
IETF	The Internet Engineering Task Force
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMS	IP Multimedia Subsystem
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
IPA	IP Application Accelerator
IPPT	IP Passthrough

IPv4	Internet Protocol version 4
IPv6	Internet Protocol version 6
IRA	International Reference Alphabet
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
ISIM	IP Multimedia Service Identity Module
LAN	Local Area Network
LLC	Logical Link Control
LTE	Long-Term Evolution
MAC	Medium Access Control
MBIM	Mobile Broadband Interface Model
MCC	Mobile Country Code
ME	Mobile Equipment
MNC	Mobile Network Code
MO	Mobile Original
MS	Mobile Station
MSC	Mobile Switching Center
MT	Mobile Terminal
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit
NAS	Non-Access Stratum
NAT	Network Address Translation
NCGI	NR Cell Global Identification
NCI	NR Cell Identification
NG-RAN	Next-Generation Radio Access Network
NIC	Network Interface Controller
NITZ	Network Identity and Time Zone

NR	New Radio
NSAPI	Network Service Access Point Identifier
NSSAI	Network Slice Selection Assistance Information
NVM	Non-Volatile Memory
OIR	Originating Identification Restriction
PAD	Packet Assembler/Disassembler
PCIe	Peripheral Component Interconnect Express
PCIe EP	PCI Express Endpoint Device
PCIe RC	PCI Express Root Complex
PCO	Protocol Configuration Options
PDN	Public Data Network
PDP	Packet Data Protocol
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol
PRX	Primary Receive
PS	Packet Switch
PSC	Primary Synchronization Code
PUK	PIN Unlock Key
QoS	Quality of Service
RAN	Radio Access Network
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RF	Radio Frequency
RFC	Request for Comments



RI	Ring Indicator
RmNET	Remote Network
RNDIS	Remote Network Driver Interface Specification
RP	Relay Protocol
RRC	Radio Resource Control
RSRP	Reference Signal Received Power
RSRQ	Reference Signal Received Quality
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator
SA	Standalone
SD	Slice Differentiator
SFE	Shortcut Forwarding Engine
SINR	Signal to Interference plus Noise Ratio
SMS	Short Messaging Service
SMSC	Short Message Service Center
SNDCP	Sub Network Dependence Convergence Protocol
S-NSSAI	Single Network Slice Selection Assistance Information
SSC	Session and Service Continuity
SST	Slice/Service Type
TA	Terminal Adapter
TAC	Tracking Area Code
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TE	Terminal Equipment
TFT	Traffic Flow Template
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter
UCS2	Universal Character Set (UCS-2) Format

UE	User Equipment
UICC	Universal Integrated Circuit Card
UIM	User Identity Model
UL	Uplink
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
URC	Unsolicited Result Code
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
(U)SIM	(Universal) Subscriber Identity Module
UTRAN	Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VLR	Visitor Location Register
WAN	Wide Area Network
WIM	Wireless Identity Module
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network

## 13.2 Factory Default Settings Restorable with AT&F

Table 6: Factory Default Settings Restorable with AT&F

AT Command	Parameters	Factory Defaults
ATE	<value>	1
ATQ	<n>	0
ATS0	<n>	0
ATS3	<n>	13

ATS4	<n>	10
ATS5	<n>	8
ATV	<value>	1
ATX	<value>	4
AT+CMEE	<n>	1
AT+CSCS	<chset>	"GSM"
AT+CSMS	<service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm>	0,1,1,1
AT+CMGF	<mode>	0
AT+CSMP	<fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dc>	17,167,0,0
AT+CSDH	<show>	0
AT+CSCB	<mode>,<mids>,<dcss>	0,"", ""
AT+CPMS	<mem1>,<mem2>,<mem3>	"ME","ME","ME"
AT+CNMI	<mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr>	2,1,0,0,0
AT+CMMS	<n>	0
AT+CGEREP	<mode>,<brf>	0,0
AT+CEREG	<n>	0

### 13.3 AT Command Settings Storable with AT&W

Table 7: AT Command Settings Storable with AT&W

AT Command	Parameters	Display with AT&V
ATE	<value>	Yes
ATQ	<n>	Yes
ATS0	<n>	Yes

ATV	<value>	Yes
ATX	<value>	Yes
AT+CEREG	<n>	No

## 13.4 AT Command Settings Storable with ATZ

Table 8: AT Command Settings Storable with ATZ

AT Command	Parameters	Factory Defaults
ATE	<value>	1
ATQ	<n>	0
ATS0	<n>	0
ATV	<value>	1
ATX	<value>	4
AT+CEREG	<n>	0

## 13.5 Summary of CME ERROR Codes

Final result code **+CME ERROR: <err>** indicates an error related to mobile equipment or network. The operation is similar to **ERROR** result code. None of the following commands in the same command line is executed. Neither **ERROR** nor **OK** result code should be returned.

<err> values are mostly used by common message commands. The following table lists most of general and GRPS related **ERROR** codes. For some GSM protocol failure cause described in GSM specifications, the corresponding **ERROR** codes are not included.

Table 9: Different Coding Schemes of +CME ERROR: &lt;err&gt;

Code of <err>	Meaning
0	Phone failure
1	No connection to phone
2	Phone-adaptor link reserved
3	Operation not allowed
4	Operation not supported
5	PH-SIM PIN required
6	PH-FSIM PIN required
7	PH-FSIM PUK required
10	(U)SIM not inserted
11	(U)SIM PIN required
12	(U)SIM PUK required
13	(U)SIM failure
14	(U)SIM busy
15	(U)SIM wrong
16	Incorrect password
17	(U)SIM PIN2 required
18	(U)SIM PUK2 required
20	Memory full
21	Invalid index
22	Not found
23	Memory failure
24	Text string too long
25	Invalid characters in text string

26	Dial string too long
27	Invalid characters in dial string
30	No network service
31	Network timeout
32	Network not allowed - emergency calls only
40	Network personalization PIN required
41	Network personalization PUK required
42	Network subset personalization PIN required
43	Network subset personalization PUK required
44	Service provider personalization PIN required
45	Service provider personalization PUK required
46	Corporate personalization PIN required
47	Corporate personalization PUK required
901	Audio unknown error
902	Audio invalid parameters
903	Audio operation is not supported
904	Audio device is busy

## 13.6 Summary of CMS ERROR Codes

Final result code **+CMS ERROR: <err>** indicates an error related to mobile equipment or network. The operation is similar to **ERROR** result code. None of the following commands in the same command line is executed. Neither **ERROR** nor **OK** result code should be returned.

**<err>** values are mostly used by common message commands:

**Table 10: Different Coding Schemes of +CMS ERROR: <err>**

Code of <err>	Meaning
300	ME failure
301	SMS ME reserved
302	Operation not allowed
303	Operation not supported
304	Invalid PDU mode
305	Invalid text mode
310	(U)SIM not inserted
311	(U)SIM pin necessary
312	PH (U)SIM pin necessary
313	(U)SIM failure
314	(U)SIM busy
315	(U)SIM wrong
316	(U)SIM PUK required
317	(U)SIM PIN2 required
318	(U)SIM PUK2 required
320	Memory failure
321	Invalid memory index
322	Memory full
330	SMSC address unknown
331	No network
332	Network timeout
340	Not expected
500	Unknown

512	(U)SIM not ready
513	Message length exceeds
514	Invalid request parameters
515	ME storage failure
517	Invalid service mode
528	More message to send state error
529	MO SMS is not allowed
531	ME storage full

## 13.7 Summary of URC

Table 11: Summary of URC

Index	URC Display	Meaning	Condition
1	+QUSIM: 1	Indicate (U)SIM card initialization status	NA
2	+QSIMSTAT: <enable>,<inserted_status>	Indicate (U)SIM card insertion status	AT+QSIMSTAT=1
3	+CTZV: <tz>	Time zone reporting	AT+CTZR=1
4	+CTZE: <tz>,<dst>,<time>	Extended time zone reporting	AT+CTZR=2
5	+CEREG: <stat>	Indicate the change in EPS network registration status in E-UTRAN	AT+CEREG=1
6	+CEREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]]	Indicate the change of the network cell in E-UTRAN	AT+CEREG=2
7	+C5GREG: <stat>	Indicate the change of the network registration status in 5GS	AT+C5GREG=1
8	+C5GREG: <stat>[,<tac>],<ci>[,<AcT>],<Allowed_NSSAI_length>[,<Allowed_NSSAI>]]	Indicate the change of the network cell in 5GS or the network provided an Allowed NSSAI	AT+C5GREG=2
9	+CMTI: <mem>,<index>	New message is received, and saved to memory	See AT+CNMI



10	+CMT: [<alpha>,<length><CR><LF><pdu>	New short message is received and output directly to TE (PDU mode)	See AT+CNMI
11	+CMT: <oa>,<alpha>,<scts> [<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcsc>,<sc a>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>	New short message is received and output directly to TE (Text mode)	See AT+CNMI
12	+CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu>	New CBM is received and output directly (PDU mode)	See AT+CNMI
13	+CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dcsc>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data>	New CBM is received and output directly to TE (Text mode)	See AT+CNMI
14	+CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu>	New CDS is received and output directly (PDU mode)	See AT+CNMI
15	+CDS: <fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tor a>,<scts>,<dt>,<st>	New CDS is received and output directly to TE (Text mode)	See AT+CNMI
16	+CDSI: <mem>,<index>	New message status report is received, and saved to memory	See AT+CNMI
17	+COLP: <number>,<type>,<subaddr>,<satype>,<alpha>	The presentation of the COL (connected line) at the TE for a mobile originated call	AT+COLP=1
18	+CLIP: <number>,<type>,<subaddr>,<satype>,<alpha>,<CLI validity>	Mobile terminating call indication	AT+CLIP=1
19	+CRING: <type>	An incoming call is indicated to the TE with unsolicited result code instead of the normal RING	AT+CRING=1
20	+CSSI: <code1>	Shows the +CSSI intermediate result code presentation status to the TE	AT+CSSN=1
21	+CSSU: <code2>	Shows the +CSSU unsolicited result code presentation status to the TE	AT+CSSN=<n>,1
22	+CCWA: <number>,<type>,<class>,<alpha>,<CLI validity> [<subaddr>,<satype>,<priority>]]	Call waiting indication	AT+CCWA=1,1
23	RDY	MT initialization is successful	N/A
24	+CFUN: 1	All function of the MT is available	N/A
25	+CPIN: <state>	(U)SIM card pin state	N/A
26	+QIND: SMS DONE	SMS initialization finished	N/A
27	+QIND: PB DONE	Phonebook initialization finished	N/A

28	+CPIN: NOT READY	(U)SIM card is not ready	N/A
29	POWERED DOWN	Module power down	AT+QPOWD
30	+CGEV: REJECT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>	A network request for PDP activation, and was automatically rejected.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
31	+CGEV: NW REACT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>,<cid>	The network request PDP reactivation	AT+CGEREP=2,1
32	+CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>,<cid>	The network has forced a context deactivation	AT+CGEREP=2,1
33	+CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>,<cid>	The ME has forced a context deactivation.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
34	+CGEV: NW DETACH	The network has forced a Packet Domain detach.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
35	+CGEV: ME DETACH	The mobile equipment has forced a Packet Domain detach.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
36	+CGEV: NW CLASS <class>	The network has forced a change of MS class.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
37	+CGEV: ME CLASS <class>	The mobile equipment has forced a change of MS class.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
38	+CGEV: PDN ACT<cid>	Activated a context.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
39	+CGEV: PDN DEACT<cid>	Deactivated a context.	AT+CGEREP=2,1
40	+CUSD: <status>,<rspstr>,<dcsc>]]	USSD response from the network, or a network initiated operation.	AT+CUSD=1
41	^DSCI: <id>,<dir>,<stat>,<type>,<number>,<num_type>	Call status indication.	AT^DSCI=1

## 13.8 SMS Character Sets Conversions

In 3GPP TS 23.038 DCS (Data Coding Scheme) defined three kinds of alphabets in SMS, GSM 7-bit default alphabet, 8-bit data and UCS2 (16-bit). **AT+CSMP** can set the DCS in text mode (**AT+CMGF=1**). In text mode, DCS (Data Coding Scheme) and **AT+CSCS** determine the way of SMS text input or output.

**Table 12: The Way of SMS Text Input or Output**

DCS	AT+CSCS	The Way of SMS Text Input or Output
GSM 7-bit	GSM	Input or output GSM character sets.

GSM 7-bit	IRA	Input or output IRA character sets. Input: UE will convert IRA characters to GSM characters. Output: UE will convert GSM characters to IRA characters.
GSM 7-bit	UCS2	Input or output a hex string similar to PDU mode. So only support characters '0'-'9' and 'A'-'F'. Input: UE will convert the UCS2 hex string to GSM characters. Output: UE will convert the GSM characters to UCS2 hex string.
UCS2	-	Ignore the value of <b>AT+CSCS</b> , input or output a hex string similar to PDU mode. So only support characters '0'-'9' and 'A'-'F'.
8-bit	-	Ignore the value of <b>AT+CSCS</b> , input or output a hex string similar to PDU mode. So only support characters '0'-'9' and 'A'-'F'.

When DCS = GSM 7-bit, the input or output needs conversion. The detailed conversion tables are shown as follows.

**Table 13: The Input Conversions Table (DCS=GSM 7-bit and AT+CSCS="GSM")**

No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	00	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
1	01	11	21	31	41	51	61	71
2	02	12	22	32	42	52	62	72
3	03	13	23	33	43	53	63	73
4	04	14	24	34	44	54	64	74
5	05	15	25	35	45	55	65	75
6	06	16	26	36	46	56	66	76
7	07	17	27	37	47	57	67	77
8	08	18	28	38	48	58	68	78
9	09	19	29	39	49	59	69	79
A	0A	Submit	2A	3A	4A	5A	6A	7A
B	0B	Cancel	2B	3B	4B	5B	6B	7B
C	0C	1C	2C	3C	4C	5C	6C	7C
D	0D	1A	2D	3D	4D	5D	6D	7D

E	0E	1E	2E	3E	4E	5E	6E	7E
F	0F	1F	2F	3F	4F	5F	6F	7F

**Table 14: The Output Conversions Table (DCS=GSM 7-bit and AT+CSCS="GSM")**

No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	00	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
1	01	11	21	31	41	51	61	71
2	02	12	22	32	42	52	62	72
3	03	13	23	33	43	53	63	73
4	04	14	24	34	44	54	64	74
5	05	15	25	35	45	55	65	75
6	06	16	26	36	46	56	66	76
7	07	17	27	37	47	57	67	77
8	08	18	28	38	48	58	68	78
9	09	19	29	39	49	59	69	79
A	0D0A		2A	3A	4A	5A	6A	7A
B	0B		2B	3B	4B	5B	6B	7B
C	0C	1C	2C	3C	4C	5C	6C	7C
D	0D	1A	2D	3D	4D	5D	6D	7D
E	0E	1E	2E	3E	4E	5E	6E	7E
F	0F	1F	2F	3F	4F	5F	6F	7F

**Table 15: GSM Extended Characters (GSM Encode)**

No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	1B40							

1	
2	
3	
4	1B14
5	
6	
7	
8	1B28
9	1B29
A	
B	
C	1B3C
D	1B3D
E	1B3E
F	1B2F

**Table 16: The Input Conversions Table (DCS = GSM 7-bit and AT+CSCS="IRA")**

No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0		20	20	30	00	50	20	70
1	20	20	21	31	41	51	61	71
2	20	20	22	32	42	52	62	72
3	20	20	23	33	43	53	63	73
4	20	20	02	34	44	54	64	74
5	20	20	25	35	45	55	65	75
6	20	20	26	36	46	56	66	76
7	20	20	27	37	47	57	67	77

8	backspace	20	28	38	48	58	68	78
9	20	20	29	39	49	59	69	79
A	0A	Submit	2A	3A	4A	5A	6A	7A
B	20	Cancel	2B	3B	4B	1B3C	6B	1B28
C	20	20	2C	3C	4C	1B2F	6C	1B40
D	0D	20	2D	3D	4D	1B3E	6D	1B29
E	20	20	2E	3E	4E	1B14	6E	1B3D
F	20	20	2F	3F	4F	11	6F	20

Table 17: IRA Extended Characters

No.	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	20	20	20	20	7F	20
1	40	20	20	5D	20	7D
2	20	20	20	20	20	08
3	01	20	20	20	20	20
4	24	20	5B	20	7B	20
5	03	20	0E	20	0F	20
6	20	20	1C	5C	1D	7C
7	5F	20	09	20	20	20
8	20	20	20	0B	04	0C
9	20	20	1F	20	05	06
A	20	20	20	20	20	20
B	20	20	20	20	20	20
C	20	20	20	5E	07	7E
D	20	20	20	20	20	20

E	20	20	20	20	20	20
F	20	60	20	1E	20	20

**Table 18: The Output Conversions Table (DCS = GSM 7-bit and AT+CSCS="IRA")**

No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	40	20	20	30	A1	50	BF	70
1	A3	5F	21	31	41	51	61	71
2	24	20	22	32	42	52	62	72
3	A5	20	23	33	43	53	63	73
4	E8	20	A4	34	44	54	64	74
5	E9	20	25	35	45	55	65	75
6	F9	20	26	36	46	56	66	76
7	EC	20	27	37	47	57	67	77
8	F2	20	28	38	48	58	68	78
9	C7	20	29	39	49	59	69	79
A	0D0A		2A	3A	4A	5A	6A	7A
B	D8		2B	3B	4B	C4	6B	E4
C	F8	C6	2C	3C	4C	D6	6C	F6
D	0D	E6	2D	3D	4D	D1	6D	F1
E	C5	DF	2E	3E	4E	DC	6E	FC
F	E5	C9	2F	3F	4F	A7	6F	E0

**Table 19: GSM Extended Characters (ISO-8859-1/Unicode)**

No.	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0					7C			

1	
2	
3	
4	5E
5	
6	
7	
8	7B
9	7D
A	
B	
C	5B
D	7E
E	5D
F	5C

Because the low 8-bit of UCS2 character is the same as the IRA character:

- The conversion table of DCS = GSM 7-bit and **AT+CSCS="UCS2"** is similar to **AT+CSCS="IRA"**.
- The conversion table of fmt = GSM 7-bit and **AT+CSCS="GSM"** is similar to **AT+CSCS="GSM"**.
- The conversion table of fmt = GSM 7-bit and **AT+CSCS="IRA"** is similar to **AT+CSCS="IRA"**.
- The conversion table of fmt = GSM 7-bit and **AT+CSCS="UCS2"** is similar to **AT+CSCS="IRA"**.

The difference is the way of SMS text input or output. See **Table 14** for more details.