

beach town within the city of Long Beach. Check out East Second Street between Pacific Coast Highway and Livingston Drive, where you'll find lots of charming little shops, eateries, and coffee shops. To get there from Puvungna, continue traveling south on Bellflower Boulevard and turn left at CA-1 (Pacific Coast Highway) south. Make a right on East Second Street, find a place to park, and walk around this enjoyable area.

Radical People-of-Color Movements of the 1960s and '70s Tour

This tour takes you to some of the places associated with the radical social movements among people of color in L.A. during the late 1960s and the 1970s, especially the Chicano Movement, Black Power Movement, and the American Indian Movement. You'll spend most of your time in the Eastside and South L.A., where most Black, brown, and red people lived at that time.

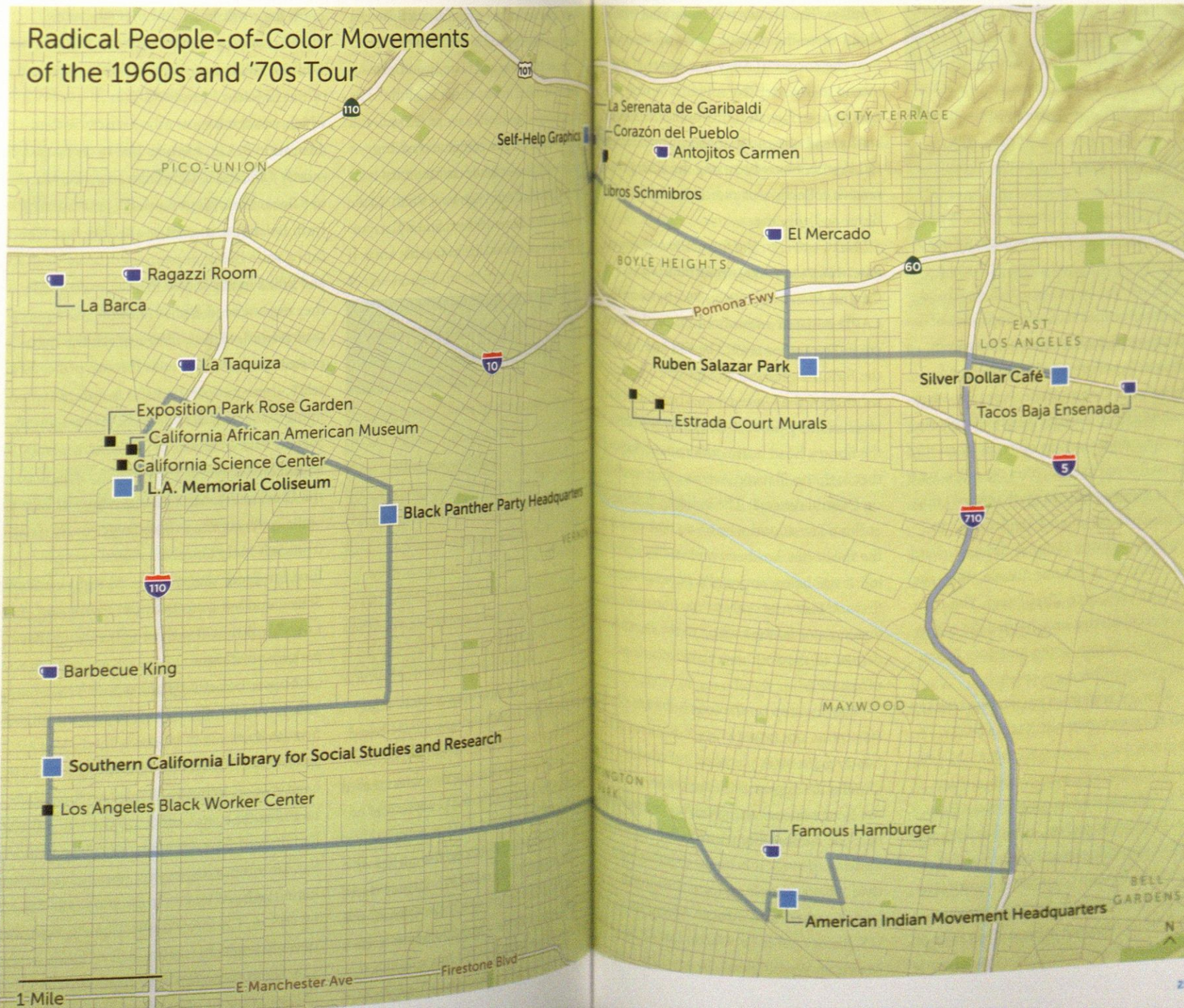
Start at **SELF-HELP GRAPHICS** (1300 E. First St., Los Angeles 90033), a community-based arts center that contributed to the Chicano Movement by supporting artists who created art reflecting the reality and perspectives of the Chicana/o and Latina/o communities. Self-Help Graphics is on the corner of Anderson and First Streets in a former warehouse with the lettering "Ocean Queen" still visible on its exterior. Its galleries are open Tuesday through Saturday, 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. Check their web site ([www.selfhelpgraphics](http://www.selfhelpgraphics.com)

.com) for workshops and special events.

Next, stop by **RUBEN SALAZAR PARK** (3864 Whittier Blvd., Los Angeles 90023), the site of the Chicano Moratorium in August 1970, which was the largest ethnic antiwar demonstration in U.S. history. Thirty thousand mostly Chicana/o demonstrators marched to Salazar Park (then named Laguna Park) from Belvedere to protest the fact that Chicanos were being disproportionately drafted and killed in the Vietnam War, even while they experienced discrimination and oppression at home. Upon their arrival, the demonstrators were met with intense police brutality; three people died and hundreds were injured or arrested. The park was renamed Salazar Park in honor of Mexican journalist Rubén Salazar, who was sympathetic to the Chicano Movement and who was killed while covering the event. To get to the park from Self-Help Graphics, travel east on First Street for one mile. Turn right on Soto Street, and left onto Whittier Boulevard. In 1.6 miles, you will see the entrance to the park on your right.

To see the actual place where Salazar was killed, travel to the former site of the **SILVER DOLLAR CAFÉ** (4945 Whittier Blvd., Los Angeles 90022). To get there from Salazar Park, head east on Whittier Boulevard for about 1.6 miles. The site will be on the left. Salazar had ducked into this store, which was then a bar, after reporting on the march, but he was hit in the head by a tear gas projectile fired by an L.A. County sheriff's deputy, who was never brought to justice. Before leaving East L.A., grab some lunch from El Mercado (3425 E. First St., Los Angeles 90063), an

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THEMATIC TOURS

East L.A. institution and extensive marketplace with numerous food options. For a closer option, try the Ensenada-style fish and shrimp tacos at Tacos Baja Ensenada (5385 Whittier Blvd., Los Angeles 90022). To get to Tacos Baja Ensenada from the Silver Dollar, travel half a mile east on Whittier Boulevard.

After lunch, travel about 8 miles to the former **AMERICAN INDIAN MOVEMENT HEAD-QUARTERS** (4304 Clara St. no. 1, Cudahy 90201), where AIM activists strategized and organized actions such as occupations of abandoned federal land, protests against continued governmental injustices, and resistance to state violence. From the Silver Dollar Café, go west on Whittier Boulevard for about three-quarters of a mile, then turn left on Eastern Avenue. After 0.2 miles, turn left to merge onto I-710 south toward Long Beach. Drive for about 3.6 miles on I-710 south, then exit on Florence Avenue toward Bell. Turn left at Atlantic Avenue, then take the third right, onto Clara Street. The apartment complex that once housed the offices of the L.A. branch of the American Indian Movement will be on your left.

Next up: **SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA LIBRARY FOR SOCIAL STUDIES AND RESEARCH** (6120 S. Vermont Ave., Los Angeles 90044; 323-759-6063; socallib.org), an invaluable archive of L.A.'s radical leftist organizations from the 1930s to the present, as well as a library and community center. From the AIM office, head west on Clara Street toward Otis Avenue. Turn right at Salt Lake Avenue, then left on Florence Avenue. Turn right on

7 miles). The library will be on your right, about three-quarters of a mile up Vermont, near the corner of Sixty-first Street. If you intend to do extensive research or wish to take a more formal tour, contact the library staff ahead of time to make an appointment. Otherwise, enjoy browsing the library's extensive collection of radical books, posters, films, and ephemera.

Next, travel to the former **BLACK PANTHER PARTY HEADQUARTERS** (4115 S. Central Ave., Los Angeles 90011), where the LAPD initiated a four-hour raid and massacre in December 1969. The FBI had deemed the BPP the greatest threat to the internal security of the United States because of its revolutionary politics. To get there from the library, head north on Vermont Avenue, turn right on Slauson Avenue, then turn left on Central Avenue. The building that was at this address, and which was destroyed in the shoot-out, has been replaced by a panel lot. It will be on your right, between Forty-first and Forty-second streets. The shoot-out was a major factor leading to the eventual demise of the Southern California chapter of the BPP.

The last stop on the tour is the **L.A. MEMORIAL COLISEUM** (3939 S. Figueroa St., Los Angeles 90037; lacoliseumlive.com/joomla). In August 1972, the coliseum hosted the Wattstax concert, which was intended to help the community rebuild after the Watts uprising of 1965. It brought together more than 100,000 people and was the second largest gathering of African Americans in U.S. history (after Dr. Martin Luther King's March on Washington). To get there from