This document contains the codebook with question wordings and response options for the panel survey data in Study 2 in the article "Partisan Elites as Culprits: How Partisan Elite Rhetoric Shapes Partisan Perceptual Gaps" by Martin Bisgaard and Rune Slothuus, published in American Journal of Political Science

The data file "study2.RData" contains the following variables:

[Numbers in square brackets refer to question numbers in full questionnaire; see questionnaire\_study2]

| RecordNo | Respondent ID number |
|----------|----------------------|
|----------|----------------------|

### **gender** Respondent's gender.

- 1 Female ("Kvinde")
- 2 Male ("Mand")

# **education** Respondent's highest education level.

- 1 Primary school
- 2 High school
- 3 Business/vocational high school (hhx, htx)
- 4 Vocational training
- 5 Short-term higher education
- 6 Medium-term higher education
- 7 Long-term higher education
- 8 Doctoral degree/PhD
- 9 Prefer not to say

#### age Respondent's age in years.

## **region** Geographical region where respondent lives

- 1 Copenhagen Area (Capital Region)
- 2 Region Zealand
- 3 Region Southern Denmark
- 4 Central Region
- 5 Region Northern Denmark

**mobile\_device** Did the respondent answer the survey on a mobile device?

- 1 Yes
- 2 No

tot\_time

Total number of time taken to complete the survey, measured in seconds

VK

Respondent's partisanship including leaners. Measured using the questions "If a national election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?" [q5a] and "You have responded that you do not know party would you vote for if a national election were held tomorrow. If you had to choose a party, which party are you leaning towards the most?" [q5b]

- Would vote for or leans towards the Social Democratic Party or the Social Liberals (parties in government)
- Would vote for or leans towards the Liberal Party or the Conservative Party (main parties in opposition)

# **budgetint**

Respondent's interpretation of the budget deficit. "Do you think that a budget deficit of this size is a problem in the current situation?" [q9a and q9b] (Rescaled 0-1 where 1 = "A very big problem" and "Don't know" is coded as missing).

- 1 A very big problem
- .75 A big problem
- .5 Somewhat of a problem
- .25 Not a big problem
- 0 No problem at all
- NA Don't know

## unempint

Respondent's interpretation of nemployment rate. "Do you think that unemployment of the current size is a problem?" [q10a and q10b] (Rescaled 0-1 where 1 = "A very big problem" and "Don't know" is coded as missing).

- 1 A very big problem
- .75 A big problem
- .5 Somewhat of a problem
- .25 Not a big problem
- 0 No problem at all

#### NA Don't know

**Btreat** Budget Experimental treatment condition

problem "New key figures show that the public budget deficit will

reach around 13.5 billion kroner in 2015. The Social Democrats have commented that a deficit of this size is a

serious problem." [q9a]

noproblem "New key figures show that the public budget deficit will

reach around 13.5 billion kroner in 2015. The Social

Democrats have commented that a deficit of this size is not

a problem." [q9b]

**Utreat** Unemployment Experimental treatment condition

problem "New key figures show that there is around 132,000

unemployed people in Denmark nowadays. The Social Democrats have commented that unemployment of this

scale is a serious problem." [q10a]

noproblem "New key figures show that there is around 132,000

unemployed people in Denmark nowadays. The Social Democrats have commented that unemployment of this

scale is <u>not</u> a problem." [q10b]