

# Mathe 4 Exercise 1

Problem 1

$$u = t^5 + \sin(xy)$$

$$u_{xy} = x \cos(xy)$$

$$u_t = 5t^4$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\cos(xy)) = -y^2 \sin(xy)$$

$$u_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x \cos(xy)) = \cos(xy) - xy \sin(xy)$$

$$u_{yx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\cos(xy)) = \cos(xy) - xy \sin(xy)$$

$$u = \cos(tx)$$

$$u_y = -tx \sin(tx)$$

$$u_t = -xy \sin(tx)$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-ty \sin(tx)) = -t^2 y^2 \cos(tx)$$

$$u_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-tx \sin(tx)) = -t \sin(tx) - t^2 x y \cos(tx)$$

$$u_{yx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (-ty \sin(tx)) = -t \sin(tx) - t^2 x y \cos(tx)$$

$$u = e^{-t} \sin(x) \ln(y)$$

$$u_{xy} = \frac{e^{-t} \sin(x)}{y}$$

$$u_t = \sin(x) \ln(y) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial t} (e^{-t}) = -\sin(x) \ln(y) e^{-t}$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (e^{-t} \cos(x) \ln(y)) = -e^{-t} \sin(x) \ln(y)$$

$$u_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{e^{-t} \sin(x)}{y} \right) = \frac{e^{-t} \cos(x)}{y}$$

$$u_{yx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (e^{-t} \cos(x) \ln(y)) = \frac{e^{-t} \cos(x)}{y}$$

$$u = e^{-x} \sqrt{x^2 + y}$$

$$u_y = \frac{e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2 + y}}$$

$$u_t = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{xx} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( -e^{-x} \sqrt{x^2 + y} + \frac{x e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2 + y}} \right) \\ &= e^{-x} \sqrt{x^2 + y} + \frac{2x e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2 + y}} + \frac{\left( (e^{-x} - x e^{-x}) \sqrt{x^2 + y} - \frac{2x e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2 + y}} \right)}{x^2 + y} \\ &= \frac{e^{-x} (x^2 + y)^2}{(x^2 + y) \sqrt{x^2 + y}} - \frac{x e^{-x} (x^2 + y)}{(x^2 + y) \sqrt{x^2 + y}} + \frac{(e^{-x} - x e^{-x})(x^2 + y)}{(x^2 + y) \sqrt{x^2 + y}} - x^2 e^{-x} \\ &= \frac{e^{-x} (x^2 + y)}{(x^2 + y) \sqrt{x^2 + y}} - x e^{-x} (x^2 + y) + (e^{-x} - x e^{-x})(x^2 + y) - x^2 e^{-x} \end{aligned}$$

$$u_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left( -e^{-x} \sqrt{x^2+y^2} - \frac{e^{-x} \cdot 2x}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} \right) = \frac{-e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} - \frac{xe^{-x}}{(x^2+y^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$u_{yx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( -e^{-x} \sqrt{x^2+y^2} + \frac{e^{-x} \cdot 2x}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} \right)$$

$$= -e^{-x} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \sqrt{x^2+y^2} + xe^{-x} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$$

$$= \frac{ye^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} + xe^{-x} \left( -\frac{1}{x^2+y^2} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}}$$

$$= -\frac{e^{-x}}{2\sqrt{x^2+y^2}} - \frac{xe^{-x}}{2(x^2+y^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$u = (t^2 e^t) \cos(x)$$

$$u_y = 0$$

$$u_t = \cos(x) (2te^t + t^2 e^t)$$

$$= te^t \cos(x) (t + 2)$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-t^2 e^t \sin(x)) = -t^2 e^t \cos x$$

$$u_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} 0 = 0$$

$$u_{yx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (-t^2 e^t \sin(x)) = 0$$

$$\therefore u = \sin(t) e^{-y} + \cos(t) e^{-x}$$

$$u_y = -\sin(t) e^{-y}$$

$$u_t = e^{-y} \cos(t) - e^{-x} \sin(t)$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-\cos(t) e^{-x}) = \cos(t) e^{-x}$$

$$u_{xy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-\sin(t) e^{-y}) = 0$$

$$u_{yx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (-\cos(t) e^{-x}) = 0$$

## Problem 2

$$u = -x^2 + y^2$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (-2x) = -2$$

$$u_{yy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (2y) = 2$$

$$\underline{-2 + 2 = 0}$$

$$u = \sin x \cosh y$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\cosh y \cos x) = -\cosh y \sin x$$

$$u_{yy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\sin x \sinh y) = \sin x \cosh y$$

$$\underline{-\cosh y \sin x + \sin x \cosh y = 0}$$

$$u = \arctan \frac{y}{x}$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{1}{\frac{y^2}{x^2} + 1} \cdot \frac{y}{x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{1}{\frac{y^2}{x^2} + 1} \right) \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{y}{\left(\frac{y^2}{x^2} + 1\right)^2} \cdot -\frac{1}{x^2} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( -\frac{y}{\frac{y^2}{x^2} + x^2} \right)$$

$$= -y \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{1}{y^2 + x^2} \right) = -y \cdot -\frac{1}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} \cdot 2x = \frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$u_{yy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{1}{\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^2 + 1} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{y}{x} \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{1}{\frac{y^2}{x} + x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{x}{y^2 + x^2} \right)$$

$$= x \cdot -\frac{1}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} \cdot 2y = -\frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} - \frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} = 0$$

$$u = \frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$u_{xx} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( -\frac{2xy}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{2y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} + \frac{(-2xy)}{(y^2 + x^2)^4} \cdot 2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} ((y^2 + x^2)^2)$$

$$= -\frac{2y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} + \frac{2xy \cdot 2(y^2 + x^2) \cdot 2x}{(y^2 + x^2)^4}$$

$$= \frac{8xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^3} - \frac{2y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2}$$

$$u_{yy} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{1}{y^2 + x^2} - \frac{4y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} \cdot 2y \right)$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{1}{y^2 + x^2} - \frac{8y^2}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{2y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} - \left( \frac{4y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} + \frac{2y^2 \cdot -1}{(y^2 + x^2)^4} \cdot 2(y^2 + x^2) \cdot 2y \right)$$

$$= -\frac{2y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} - \frac{4y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} + \frac{8y^3}{(y^2 + x^2)^3}$$

$$= -\frac{6y}{(y^2 + x^2)^2} + \frac{8y^3}{(y^2 + x^2)^3}$$

$$y_{xx} + y_{yy} \neq 0$$