Mandatory assignment 1: Traveling Salesman Problem

David Kolden, davidko

September 20, 2017

Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Exhaustive search 2.1 Tour of six cities	1
3	Hill Climbing	2
4	Genetic algorithm	2
5	Hybrid algorithm	3

1 Introduction

Brief explanation of the assignment, how to start the programs

2 Exhaustive search

Start the program with

```
$ python3 Exhaustive.py european_cities.csv
```

The program will find the shortest tour between 6 - 10 cities. The program outputs

For $n_cities = 6$:

Best order of travel: Barcelona Belgrade Bucharest Budapest Berlin

Brussels Barcelona

For $n_cities = 7$:

Best distance: 5487.889999999999

Best sequence: (2, 6, 3, 0, 1, 4, 5) Best order of travel: Berlin Copenhagen Brussels Barcelona Belgrade Bucharest Budapest Berlin

For $n_cities = 8$:

Best distance: 6667.489999999999

Best sequence: (3, 7, 0, 1, 4, 5, 2, 6)

Best order of travel: Brussels Dublin Barcelona Belgrade Bucharest

Budapest Berlin Copenhagen Brussels

For $n_cities = 9$:

Best distance: 6678.549999999999

Best sequence: (2, 6, 8, 3, 7, 0, 1, 4, 5)

Best order of travel: Berlin Copenhagen Hamburg Brussels Dublin

Barcelona Belgrade Bucharest Budapest Berlin

For $n_cities = 10$:

Best distance: 7486.309999999999

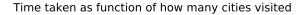
Best sequence: (6, 8, 3, 7, 0, 1, 9, 4, 5, 2)

Best order of travel: Copenhagen Hamburg Brussels Dublin Barcelona

Belgrade Istanbul Bucharest Budapest Berlin Copenhagen

Time spent [seconds]: [0.002037, 0.015967, 0.134317, 1.310069, 13.964733]

The time used by the algorithm to find the best distance was measured. The time spent TSP for six, seven, eight, nine and ten cities is shown in the last two lines of the program output and in figure 1.



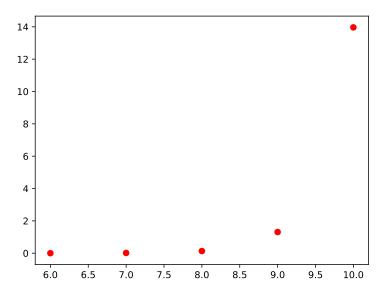


Figure 1: Time spent for the TSP algorithm

Find shortest tour, measure time taken, see how time increases as more cities are added

3 Hill Climbing

Compare with exhaustive for 10 cities, run algorithm 20 times, report best worst mean and standard deviation for 10 runs and 24 runs

4 Genetic algorithm

Report parameters used, report best worst mean and deviation of 20 runs with three different values for population size, plot of average fitness of best individual of each run

5 Hybrid algorithm

Use hill climber on each individual as part of the evaluation, report min max mean deviation and average fitness with both Lamarckian and Baldwinian learning models, Compare result with GA