

Long Title of the Presentation with Line Breaks

First & Last-Name

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Outline

- 1 Introduction
 - Motivation
 - Preliminary Theory
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INTRODUCTION

Introduction

Scope

- ▶ Develop ...
- ▶ Prove ...
- ▶ Apply ...

Specific Contributions

- ▶ First achievement
- ▶ Second achievement
- ▶ Third achievement

Introduction

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Motivation

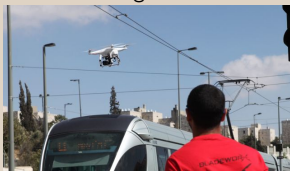
Google drone delivery¹



Amazon drone delivery²



Bladeworx's light-rail surveillance³



BP pipeline inspection⁴



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- 1) www.thetimes.co.uk/tto/business/industries/technology/article4190571.ece
 - 2) articles.latimes.com/2013/dec/03/business/la-fi-tn-amazon-ups-google-delivery-drones-20131203
 - 3) www.smartrailworld.com/how_drones_are_already-being-used-by-railways-around-the-world
 - 4) townhall.com/news/us/2013/06/07/in-alaskas-oilfields-drones-countdown-to-takeoff-n1615231

Preliminary Theory & Notation

Consider the uncertain nonlinear system described by

$$\dot{x} = \varphi(x)^T \theta + \Delta(x, t) + u$$

where,

x : the state (scalar)

$\varphi(x)$: vector of known basis functions

θ : vector of uncertain parameters

$\Delta(x, t)$: disturbances & unmodeled dynamics

u : control input

For example, if $\dot{x} = a \sin x + d(x, t) + u$, then

$$\varphi = \sin x, \quad \theta = a, \quad \Delta(x, t) = d(x, t)$$

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Conclusion

Journal Papers:

- ▶ Submitted journal paper number 1
- ▶ Submitted journal paper number 2

APPENDIX: SUPPORTING MATERIALS

Projection-based Adaptation

The discontinuous projection is defined as follows.

$$\text{Proj}_{\hat{\theta}_i}(\bullet_i) := \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \begin{cases} \hat{\theta}_i = \hat{\theta}_{i,max} & \text{and } \bullet_i > 0 \\ \hat{\theta}_i = \hat{\theta}_{i,min} & \text{and } \bullet_i < 0 \end{cases} \\ \bullet_i & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

This guarantees that $\hat{\theta}(t) \in \Omega_\theta$ for all t , and therefore $\tilde{\theta}(t)$ is bounded.