Due at the beginning of class on 23 January 2024

- Your answers should be neatly written and logically organized.
- You may collaborate on solving the problems, but the solutions you turn in should be your own.
- You may use any resource you find online (or elsewhere), but you must cite any resource you use.

Reading: Read §2.2 in [Rie14] and §1.5 in [Mal23].

(1) Let $\mathcal C$ be a homotopical category, and let $\mathcal I$ be any category. The category $\text{Fun}(\mathcal I,\mathcal C)$ of functors from $\mathcal I$ to $\mathcal C$ becomes a homotopical category with weak equivalences defined object-wise. By choosing a homotopical category $\mathcal C$ and a category $\mathcal I$, show that the limit functor

lim:
$$\operatorname{Fun}(\mathfrak{I},\mathfrak{C}) \to \mathfrak{C}$$
, $F \mapsto \lim F$

is not a homotopical functor.

- (2) Prove that if $\mathfrak I$ is a discrete category (i.e. the only morphisms are identities) then the limit and colimit functors lim, colim: Fun($\mathfrak I,\mathfrak C$) $\to \mathfrak C$ are homotopical functors. Conclude that products in ho($\mathfrak C$) are homotopy products and coproducts in ho($\mathfrak C$) are homotopy coproducts.
- (3) A *coequalizer* is the colimit of a diagram of shape $\bullet \Rightarrow \bullet$ in a category.
 - (a) Prove that the data of the coequalizer of two parallel morphisms $A \xrightarrow{f \\ g} B$ is equivalent to the data of the pushout of the diagram

$$A \stackrel{\nabla}{\longleftarrow} A \coprod A \stackrel{(f,g)}{\longrightarrow} B_r$$

where $\nabla \colon A \coprod A \to A$ is the fold map.

- (b) Use part (a) to describe the homotopy coequalizer of two maps in the category **Top** of (unpointed) topological spaces¹.
- (4) A pointed space X is *well-based* if the inclusion of the basepoint is a cofibration. Let $f: X \to Y$ be a pointed map of well-based spaces.
 - (a) Let cof(f) be the homotopy cofiber of f. Prove that the homotopy cofiber of $Y \to cof(f)$ is homotopy equivalent to ΣX .
 - (b) Prove the dual statement: if fib(f) is the homotopy fiber of f, then the homotopy fiber of $fib(f) \to X$ is homotopy equivalent to ΩY .

REFERENCES

- [Mal23] Cary Malkiewich. Spectra and Stable Homotopy Theory. October 2023.
- [MP12] J. P. May and K. Ponto. *More concise algebraic topology*. Chicago Lectures in Mathematics. University of Chicago Press, Chicago, IL, 2012. Localization, completion, and model categories.
- [Rie14] Emily Riehl. *Categorical homotopy theory*, volume 24 of *New Mathematical Monographs*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2014.

¹To be precise, we assume all spaces are compactly generated and weakly Hausdorff.