

**Due at the beginning of class on 6 February 2024**

- Your answers should be neatly written and logically organized.
- You may collaborate on solving the problems, but the solutions you turn in should be your own.
- You may use any resource you find online (or elsewhere), but you must cite any resource you use.

**Reading:** [Sto22, Chapter 2].

- (1) A theorem of Serre shows that  $\pi_i(S^n)$  for  $i > 2$  is a finite abelian group, except for two classes of exceptions:  $\pi_n(S^n) \cong \mathbb{Z}$  and  $\pi_{4j-1}(S^{2j}) \cong \mathbb{Z} \oplus M$ , where  $M$  is a torsion  $\mathbb{Z}$ -module. Use this to prove that the stable homotopy groups  $\pi_i^s(S^0)$  are finite abelian for  $i > 0$ .
- (2) Let  $(\mathcal{C}, \otimes, 1)$  be a symmetric monoidal category. A *monoid* in  $\mathcal{C}$  is an object  $M$  together with morphisms  $m: M \otimes M \rightarrow M$  and  $i: 1 \rightarrow M$  such that the following diagrams commute:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M \otimes M \otimes M & \xrightarrow{m \otimes 1} & M \otimes M \\ \downarrow 1 \otimes m & & \downarrow m \\ M \otimes M & \xrightarrow{m} & M \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} 1 \otimes M & \xrightarrow{i \otimes \text{id}} & M \otimes M & \xleftarrow{\text{id} \otimes i} & M \otimes 1 \\ & \searrow \cong & \downarrow m & \swarrow \cong & \\ & & M & & \end{array}$$

A *morphism of monoids*  $f: M \rightarrow N$  is one that commutes with the structure morphisms:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M \otimes M & \xrightarrow{f \otimes f} & N \otimes N \\ \downarrow m & & \downarrow m \\ M & \xrightarrow{f} & N \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & \xrightarrow{i} & M \\ \searrow i & & \downarrow f \\ & & N \end{array}$$

$(M, m, i)$  is a *commutative monoid* if  $m = m \circ s$ , where  $s: M \otimes M \rightarrow M \otimes M$  is the symmetry in  $\mathcal{C}$ .

- Let  $M$  and  $C$  be objects in  $\mathcal{C}$ . Prove that if  $M$  is a monoid and  $C$  is a comonoid, then  $\mathcal{C}(C, M)$  is a monoid in the ordinary sense: a set with an associative and unital operation.
  - Let  $M$  in  $\mathcal{C}$  be a monoid in two different ways:  $(M, m, i)$  and  $(M, n, j)$ . Further assume that  $m$  and  $n$  are morphisms of monoids. Prove that  $M$  is a commutative monoid and the two structures are the same.
  - For any spaces  $X$  and  $Y$ , prove that  $[X, \Omega^2 Y]$  and  $[\Sigma X, \Omega Y]$  are abelian groups.
- (3) Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a map between simply connected spaces such that  $f_*: H_i(X) \rightarrow H_i(Y)$  is an isomorphism for  $i \leq n$ . We will show that  $f$  is an  $n$ -connected map.
    - Let  $C$  be the homotopy cofiber of  $f$ , and let  $F$  be the homotopy fiber of  $Y \rightarrow C$ . Use the Hurewicz theorem to show that  $C$  is  $n$ -connected and  $F \rightarrow Y$  is an  $n$ -connected map.
    - Use the Blakers–Massey theorem to show that  $X \rightarrow F$  is at least 2-connected.
    - Show that  $f$  is at least 2-connected. Iterate your argument from part (b) to show that  $f$  is  $n$ -connected.
  - (4) Let  $X_0 \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow X_2 \rightarrow \cdots$  be a sequence of spaces. Prove that  $\Omega \text{hocolim}_i X_i \simeq \text{hocolim}_i \Omega X_i$ . Use this to show that homotopy groups commute with sequential homotopy colimits.

## REFERENCES

- [Sto22] Bruno Stonek. Introduction to stable homotopy theory. <https://bruno.stonek.com/stable-homotopy-2022/stable-online.pdf>, July 2022.