

Technical Cybersecurity

A Real Stack

function-args.c

SIMPLE PROGRAM

- ▶ Note the hexspeak again
- ▶ Really simple, using unsigned ints
- ▶ Shows calling convention boilerplate
- ▶ Shows stack manipulation and registry use

```
function-args.c
1
2 unsigned int call(unsigned int a) {
3     unsigned int j = 0xcafed00d ;
4     unsigned int k = a;
5     return 0xcafebabe;
6 }
7
8 int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
9     unsigned int i = 0xdeadcode;
10    unsigned int retval = call(i);
11    return retval;
12 }
```

```

cclamb@ubuntu:~/Work/abi-playground $ gdb fa
Reading symbols from fa...done.
(gdb) b main
Breakpoint 1 at 0x4004c1: file function-args.c, line 9
(gdb) b call
Breakpoint 2 at 0x40049e: file function-args.c, line 3
(gdb) r
Starting program: /home/cclamb/Work/abi-playground/fa

Breakpoint 1, main (argc=1, argv=0x7fffffffdec8) at fu
9      unsigned int i = 0xdeadc0de;
(gdb) disas
Dump of assembler code for function main:
   0x00000000004004b2 <+0>:      push    rbp
   0x00000000004004b3 <+1>:      mov     rbp, rsp
   0x00000000004004b6 <+4>:      sub     rsp, 0x20
   0x00000000004004ba <+8>:      mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-
   0x00000000004004bd <+11>:     mov     QWORD PTR [rbp-
=> 0x00000000004004c1 <+15>:     mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-
   0x00000000004004c8 <+22>:     mov     eax, DWORD PTR [
   0x00000000004004cb <+25>:     mov     edi, eax
   0x00000000004004cd <+27>:     call   0x400497 <call>
   0x00000000004004d2 <+32>:     mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-
   0x00000000004004d5 <+35>:     mov     eax, DWORD PTR [
   0x00000000004004d8 <+38>:     leave
   0x00000000004004d9 <+39>:     ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) disas call
Dump of assembler code for function call:
   0x0000000000400497 <+0>:      push    rbp
   0x0000000000400498 <+1>:      mov     rbp, rsp
   0x000000000040049b <+4>:      mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-
   0x000000000040049e <+7>:      mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-
   0x00000000004004a5 <+14>:     mov     eax, DWORD PTR [
   0x00000000004004a8 <+17>:     mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-
   0x00000000004004ab <+20>:     mov     eax, 0xcafebabe
   0x00000000004004b0 <+25>:     pop     rbp
   0x00000000004004b1 <+26>:     ret
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) 

```

```

makefile
1 CC=gcc
2 OBJ=function2.o function-args.o print.o err.o
3 CC_FLAGS=-no-pie -fno-stack-protector -z execsta
4
5 %.o: %.c
6     $(CC) -c -o $@ $< $(CC_FLAGS)
7
8 main: $(OBJ)
9     $(CC) -o f2 function2.o $(CC_FLAGS)
10    $(CC) -o fa function-args.o $(CC_FLAGS)
11    $(CC) -o print print.o $(CC_FLAGS)
12    $(CC) -o err err.o $(CC_FLAGS)
13
14 clean:
15     rm *.o f2 print err
16     rm -rf a.out
17

```

```

function-args.c
1
2 unsigned int call(unsigned int a) {
3     unsigned int j = 0xcafed00d ;
4     unsigned int k = a;
5     return 0xcafebabe;
6 }
7
8 int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
9     unsigned int i = 0xdeadc0de;
10    unsigned int retval = call(i);
11    return retval;
12 }

```

cclamb@ubuntu:~/Work/abi-playground\$ gdb fa

Reading symbols from fa...done.

(gdb) b main

Breakpoint 1 at 0x4004c1: file function-args.c, line 9.

(gdb) b call

Breakpoint 2 at 0x40049e: file function-args.c, line 3.

(gdb) r

Starting program: /home/cclamb/Work/abi-playground/fa

Breakpoint 1, main (argc=1, argv=0x7fffffffdec8) at function-args.c:9

9 unsigned int i = 0xdeadcode;

(gdb) disas

Dump of assembler code for function main:

```
0x00000000004004b2 <+0>:    push    rbp
0x00000000004004b3 <+1>:    mov     rbp, rsp
0x00000000004004b6 <+4>:    sub     rsp, 0x20
0x00000000004004ba <+8>:    mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x14], edi
0x00000000004004bd <+11>:   mov     QWORD PTR [rbp-0x20], rsi
=> 0x00000000004004c1 <+15>:   mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x4], 0xdeadcode
0x00000000004004c8 <+22>:   mov     eax, DWORD PTR [rbp-0x4]
0x00000000004004cb <+25>:   mov     edi, eax
0x00000000004004cd <+27>:   call    0x400497 <call>
0x00000000004004d2 <+32>:   mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x8], eax
0x00000000004004d5 <+35>:   mov     eax, DWORD PTR [rbp-0x8]
0x00000000004004d8 <+38>:   leave
0x00000000004004d9 <+39>:   ret
```

End of assembler dump.

(gdb) disas call

Dump of assembler code for function call:

```
0x0000000000400497 <+0>:    push    rbp
0x0000000000400498 <+1>:    mov     rbp, rsp
0x000000000040049b <+4>:    mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x14], edi
0x000000000040049e <+7>:    mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x4], 0xcafed00d
0x00000000004004a5 <+14>:   mov     eax, DWORD PTR [rbp-0x14]
0x00000000004004a8 <+17>:   mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x8], eax
0x00000000004004ab <+20>:   mov     eax, 0xcafebabe
0x00000000004004b0 <+25>:   pop     rbp
0x00000000004004b1 <+26>:   ret
```

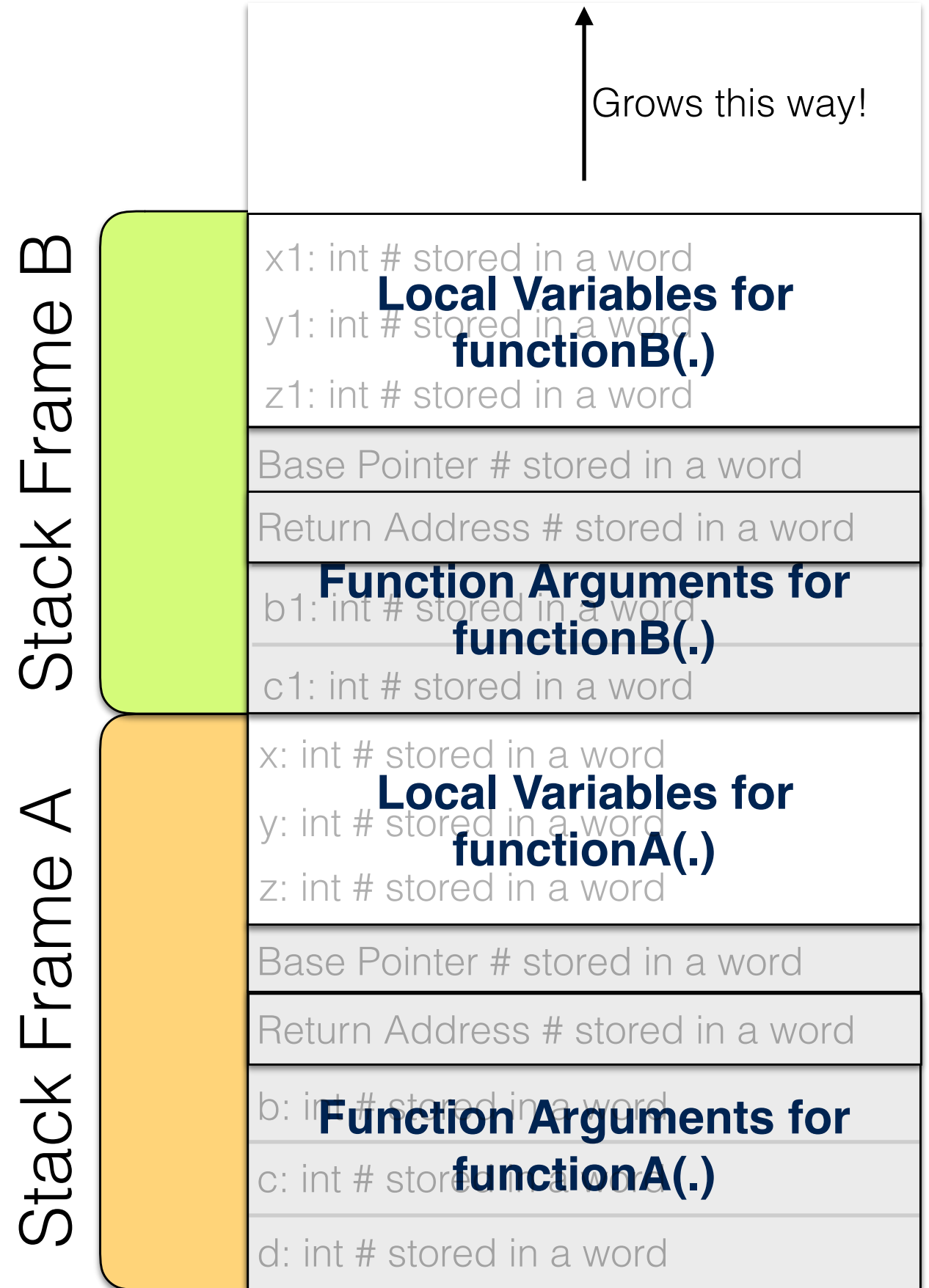
End of assembler dump.

(gdb) □

Data Flow

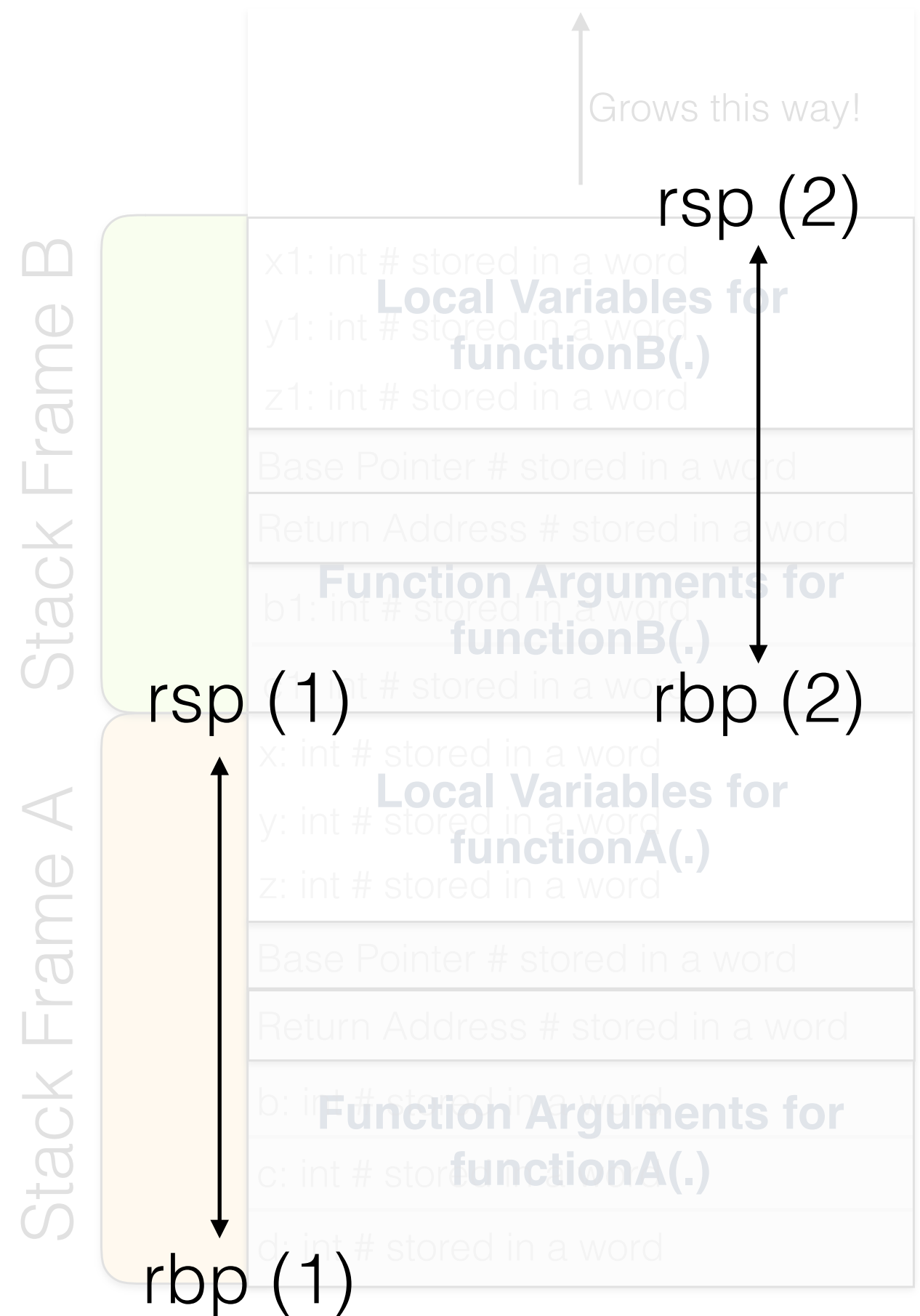
REGISTERS

- rbp: bottom of stack
- rsp: top of stack
- edi: contains the argument



Stack Frames

```
push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
sub     rsp, 0x20
mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x14], edi
mov     QWORD PTR [rbp-0x20], rsi
mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x4], 0xdeadcode
mov     eax, DWORD PTR [rbp-0x4]
mov     edi, eax
```



Accessing Data

```
tion call:
push    rbp
mov     rbp, rsp
mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x14], edi
mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x4], 0xcafed00d
mov     eax, DWORD PTR [rbp-0x14]
mov     DWORD PTR [rbp-0x8], eax
mov     eax, 0xcafebabe
pop     rbp
```

FROM CALL(.)

- ▶ reset the stack frame
- ▶ Pull data from the stack based on the bottom of the new stack
- ▶ Move arguments into memory from registers
- ▶ Move return value into register
- ▶ reset the base pointer

Next, let's watch it run.