

Lab 7 - Code Design I

Saturday, April 18, 2020 10:30 AM

Pseudocode design to implement functions

Initialization:

- Initialize timer		Same as previous labs
- Initialize LED ports		Same as previous labs
- Initialize BTN ports		Same as previous labs

- -----
- Initialize SPI Interface
 - Reset LCD Display

```
#define SPI_BRG 31          // value of BRG for 156.25kHz with
                           // peripheral clock at 10Mhz
```

```
unsigned long int spi1mode1;    // SPI Configuration variables
unsigned long int spi1mode2;
```

```
// clear the SPI SFRs before configuring for use
SPI1CON = 0;    // Reset SPI2 configuration register
rData = SPI1BUF;    // clear the receive buffer
SPI1BRG = SPI_BRG;    // set brg register value
SPI1STATCLR=0X40; // clear the overflow
```

```
// Configure SPI2 using the c peripheral library functions
```

```
spi1mode1 = MASTER_ENABLE_ON | SPI_SMP_ON | SPI_CKE_ON |
            SPI_MODE8_ON;
spi1mode2 = SPI_ENABLE;
OpenSPI1(spi1mode1, spi1mode2);
```

```
/****** Reset LCD Display Controller *****/
```

```
PORTClearBits (IOPORT_D, BIT_9);
DelayMs(100);
PORTSetBits (IOPORT_D, BIT_9);
DelayMs(500);
```

```
/****** LCD Display initialization commands *****/
```

```
// LCD module reset command sequence
SPI1BUF=0x1b;          // Display reset - first send escape char
c_buffer = "[";        // command sequence for reset
putsSPI1(2,c_buffer); // write out string
DelayMs(500);         // wait for display to reset
```

```

// LCD module cursor command sequence
SPI1BUF=0x1b;           // Cursor reset - first send escape char
c_buffer = "[0c";       // command sequence for cursor off
putsSPI1(3,c_buffer);   // write out string
DelayMs(500);           // wait for display to reset

// LCD module wrap command sequence - use 40 to eliminate conflict with lab reqs
SPI1BUF=0x1b;           // Display reset - first send escape char
c_buffer = "[1h";       // command sequence for 40 char wrap
putsSPI1(3,c_buffer);   // write out string
DelayMs(500);           // wait for display to reset

```

```

putsSPI1(16, buffer);    // Diagnostic
DelayMs(500);

```

-
- Initialize I2C Interface
 - Configure TMP3 module

```

#define I2C_BRG 0x009           // baud rate for 10Mhz clock to I2C
                                // for 100Khz fsck

unsigned char i2c_data[4];      // buffer for TMP3 data
unsigned char SlaveAddress;     // I2C slave device TMP3 address
int Index;                     // I2C communication variables
int DataSz;

/* ---- configure and initialize the I2C interface ---- */
OpenI2C1(I2C_EN, I2C_BRG); // configure I2C module 2 - mostly default options

/* ---- initialize tmp3 module to read 9 bit temp ---- */
SlaveAddress = 0x4f; // slave address of TMP3 pmod set with
                    // jumpers JP3,JP2,JP1
i2c_data[0] = (SlaveAddress << 1) | 0x0; // address with write bit set
i2c_data[1] = 0x00; // select register 0 on tmp3 module
DataSz = 2; // specify two bytes for register config message

/* --- transmit command to TMP3 module via I2C ---- */
StartI2C1(); // send the start bit
IdleI2C1(); // wait to complete
Index = 0; // transmit bytes to tmp3 module

while( DataSz )
{
    MasterWriteI2C1 (i2c_data[Index++]);
    IdleI2C1(); // wait to complete
    DataSz--;
    if(I2C1STATbits.ACKSTAT) //ACKSTAT is 0 on slave ack
        break;
}
StopI2C1(); // Stop I2C bus
IdleI2C1(); // wait to complete

```

- Initialize UART Interface

```
unsigned long int u2mode;          // UART Configuration variables
unsigned long int u2status;

/***** Initialize UART *****/

u2mode = UART_EN | UART_IDLE_CON | UART_RX_TX |
        UART_DIS_WAKE | UART_DIS_LOOPBACK |
        UART_DIS_ABAUD | UART_NO_PAR_8BIT | UART_EN_BCLK |
        UART_1STOPBIT | UART_IRDA_DIS | UART_MODE_SIMPLEX |
        UART_NORMAL_RX | UART_BRGH_SIXTEEN;
u2status = UART_TX_PIN_LOW | UART_RX_ENABLE | UART_TX_ENABLE;

// configured for 9600 baud - 8N1
OpenUART2(u2mode, u2status, 64);
WriteUART2(62 );          // user prompt
WriteUART2(13 );          // carriage return
WriteUART2(10 );          // line feed
```