RMIT University School of Science COSC2110/COSC2111 Data Mining Laboratory Week 2

Aims of this lab

- Learn about the importance of randomizing training and test data.
- Learn how to apply a number of classifiers to a data set and interpret the results.
- 1. You will need to have access to the WEKA package, see week 1 lab sheet.
- 2. The data files for this lab can be found at /KDrive/SEH/SCSIT/Students/Courses/COSC2111/DataMining/data
- 3. Start Weka and load the file: ../data/arff/UCI/iris.arff. Run the IBK classifier with 66% split.
 - (a) From the output, find the number of examples in the training and test sets?
 - (b) What is the test error rate?
- 4. Now load the file ../data/lab01-iris-train.arff
 - (a) Select the IBK classifier. From test options select 'Supplied test set' and for the test file use ... / data/arff/lab01-iris-test.arff.
 - (b) You will see that the training file has 100 examples and the test file has 50 examples.
 - (c) What is the error rate of the IB1 classifier?
 - (d) Explain the difference in error rates. You may want to inspect the files with an editor.
- 5. Repeat the above exercise with OneR. Is there any difference?
- 6. Load the file ../data/arff/UCI/splice.arff into Weka.
- 7. Select the ZeroR classifier from Rules. Right click on "ZeroR" and follow the help windows to determine what this classifier does.
- 8. Run the classifier, what is the accuracy?
- 9. Run the IBK classifier with default parameters. What is the accuracy?
- 10. Run the classifier for increasing values of K. Does there seem to be an optimal value for K?. [You might want to plot Accuracy vs K.]
- 11. IBK has a number of parameters. Explore the effect of changing "distance weighting" and "nearestNeighbourSearchAlgorithm". Summarise the effect of each choice.
- 12. Now apply the OneR classifier to splice.arff with default parameters.

- 13. Explore the effect of changing bin size.
- 14. What do you conclude from the results of ZeroR, IBK and OneR.
- 15. Choose some other files from the ../data/arff/UCI/ directory and investigate the performance of these three classifiers.