



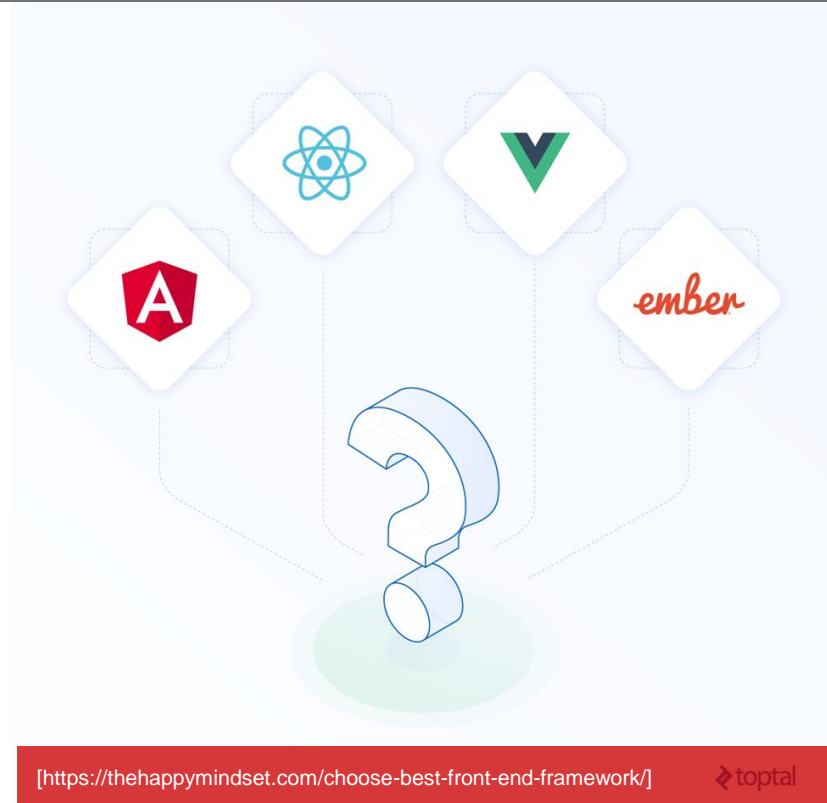
Angular Course

In this course you will get a hands-on of the major features of Angular

David Oliveira
Senior Consultant
23th January, 2018

Why Angular?

- Availability of Learning Resources
- Popularity
- Core Features
- Usability
- Ease of Integration (with Other Libraries)
- Outputs: Web, Mobile, Desktop



- Components
- Forms
- Directives
- Pipes
- Services
- Routing
- Observables



- App_Initializer
- Redux in Angular
- Unit Testing
- The mechanics of DOM updates in Angular (View encapsulation)
- Analyze an Angular App's Bundle Size
- Etc.



```
function doSomething(someData)
{
    // do something
}
```

JS
ES6

TypeScript

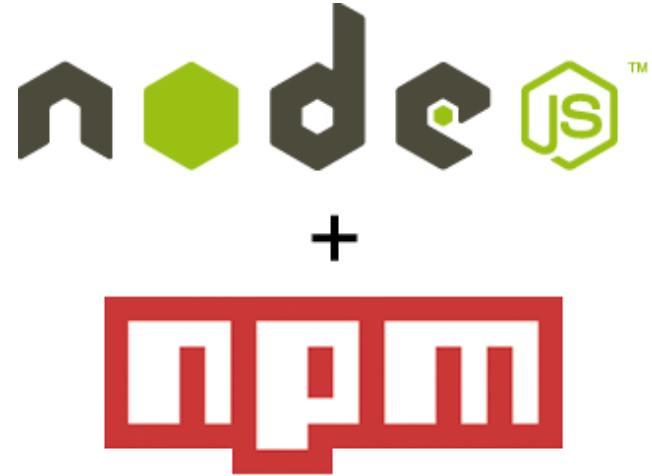
Type and Properties of someData?

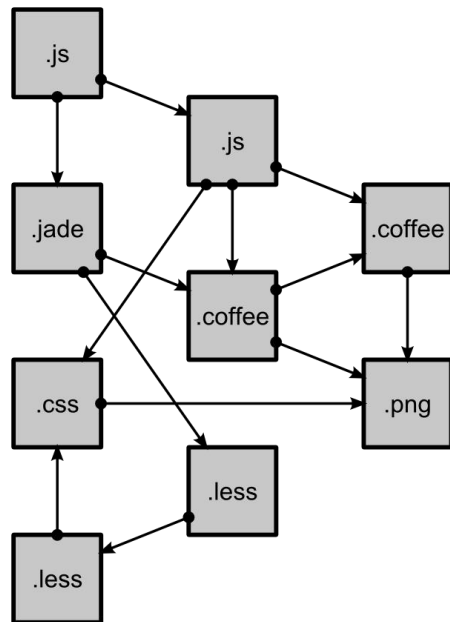
Node JS

Node.js® is a JavaScript runtime built on Chrome's V8 JavaScript engine. Node.js uses an event-driven, non-blocking I/O model that makes it lightweight and efficient.

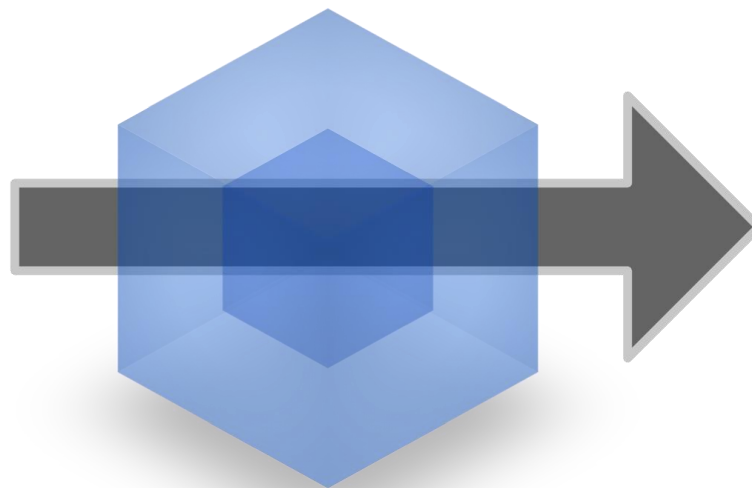
NPM

Node.js' package ecosystem, [npm](https://www.npmjs.com/), is the largest ecosystem of open source libraries in the world.

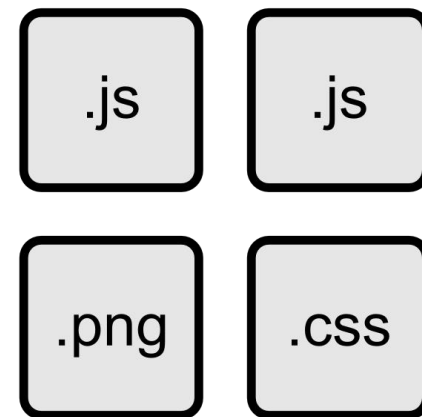




modules
with dependencies



webpack
MODULE BUNDLER



static
assets

The Angular CLI is a tool to initialize, develop, scaffold and maintain Angular applications

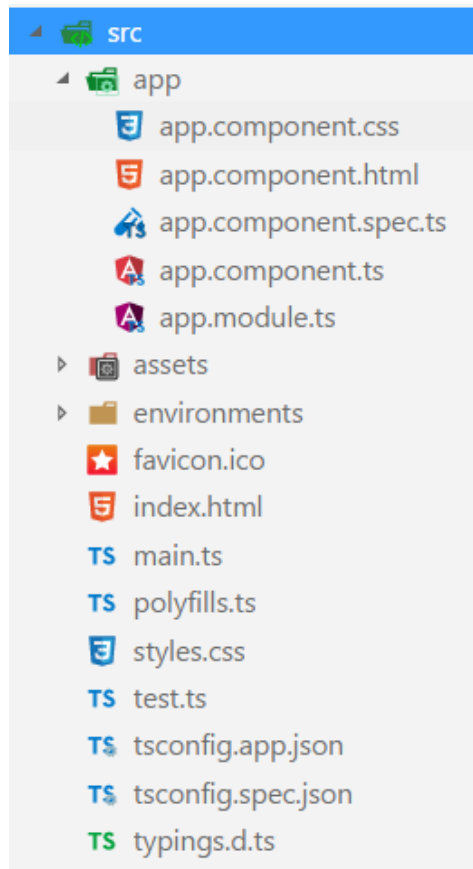
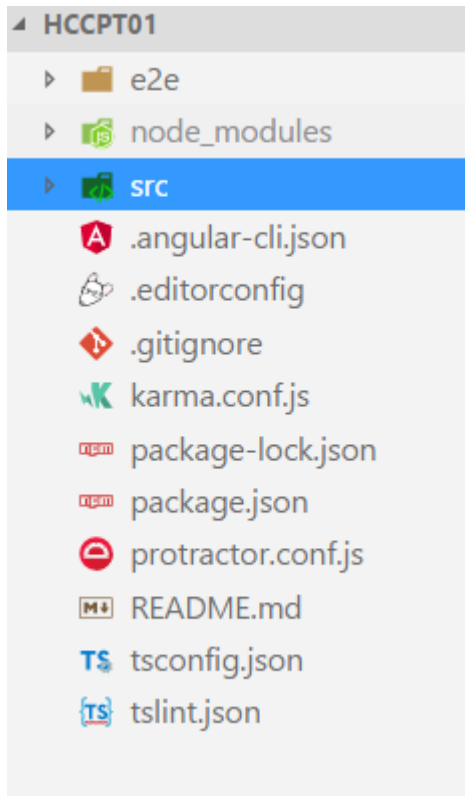
```
npm install -g @angular/cli
```

```
ng new hccpt  
cd hccpt  
ng serve
```

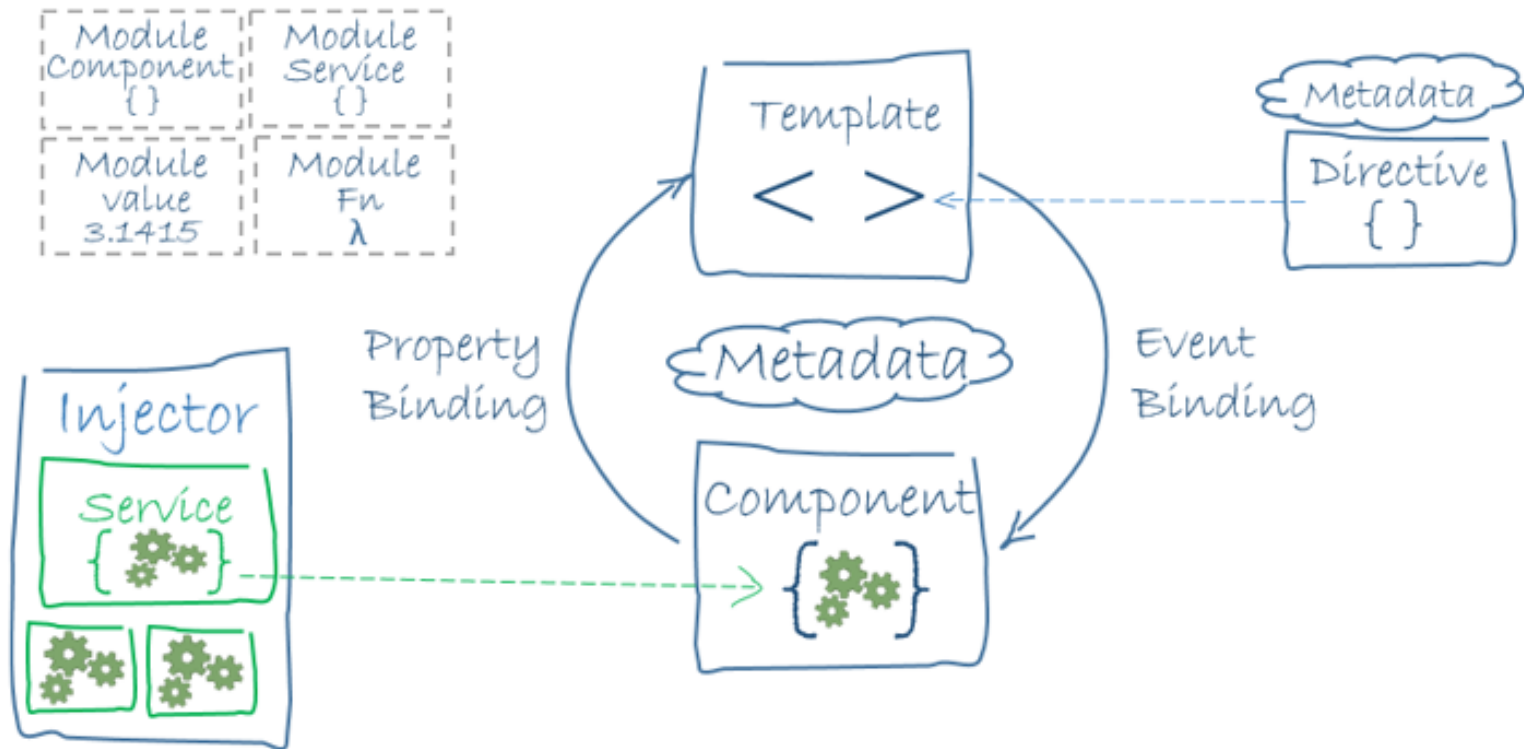
Navigate to <http://localhost:4200/>.

The app will automatically reload if you change any of the source files.

Angular Solution File Structure



Angular Architecture Overview





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30th January, 2018

Our App to build with Angular

We will build an application to manage a Condominium Administration with the following features:

- Add/Edit Contacts (Owners and Suppliers)
- Add/Edit Payments
- Dashboard with Charts about Payments



<https://github.com/davidoliveira/AngularCourse>

```
ng new KondominioApp --routing --style=scss
```

```
cd KondominioApp
```

```
npm install bootstrap@next --save
```

```
npm install --save @ng-bootstrap/ng-bootstrap
```

```
ng serve
```

<https://github.com/angular/angular-cli/wiki/generate>

<https://github.com/angular/angular-cli/wiki/stories>

<https://angular.io/guide/ngmodules>

<https://angular.io/guide/ngmodule-vs-jsmodule>

```
@NgModule({  
  declarations: [  
    AppComponent  
  ],  
  imports: [  
    BrowserModule,  
    AppRoutingModule,  
    NgbModule.forRoot()  
  ],  
  providers: [],  
  bootstrap: [AppComponent]  
})  
export class AppModule { }
```

declarations—this application's lone component.

imports—import [BrowserModule](#) to have browser specific services such as DOM rendering, sanitization, and location.

providers—the service providers.

bootstrap—the *root* component that Angular creates and inserts into the index.html host web page.

A declarable can only belong to one module, so only declare it in one `@NgModule`. When you need it elsewhere, import the module that has the declarable you need in it.

ng g component Login

ng g module Contacts --routing

- ng g component Index
- ng g component Detail

ng g module Payments --routing

- ng g component Index
- ng g component Detail

<https://angular.io/guide/router>

<https://angular.io/guide/lazy-loading-ngmodules>

```
const routes: Routes = [  
  { path: 'login', component: LoginComponent },  
  {  
    path: 'contacts',  
    loadChildren: 'app/contacts/contacts.module#ContactsModule'  
  },  
  {  
    path: 'payments',  
    loadChildren: 'app/payments/payments.module#PaymentsModule'  
  }  
];  
  
@NgModule({  
  imports: [RouterModule.forRoot(routes)],  
  exports: [RouterModule]  
})  
  
export class AppRoutingModule { }
```




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5th February, 2018

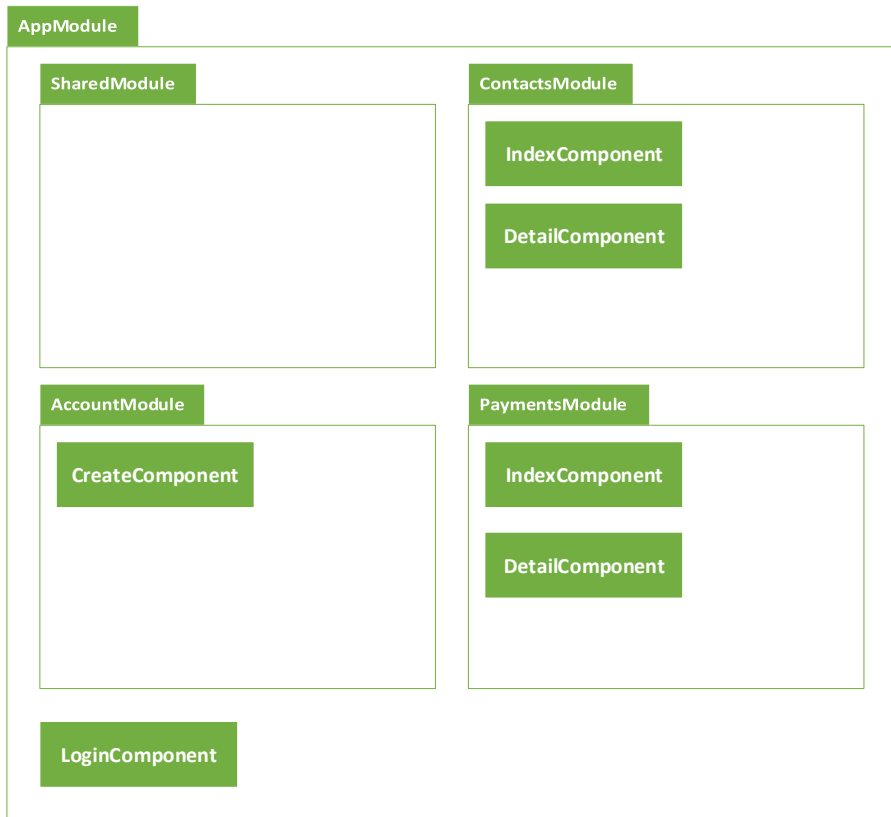
Last Week

- Setup our App to manage a Condominium
- Add Modules and Components for each Module
- Setup Routing

Angular CLI

| Scaffold | Usage |
|-----------|--|
| Component | <code>ng g component my-new-component</code> |
| Directive | <code>ng g directive my-new-directive</code> |
| Pipe | <code>ng g pipe my-new-pipe</code> |
| Service | <code>ng g service my-new-service</code> |
| Class | <code>ng g class my-new-class</code> |
| Guard | <code>ng g guard my-new-guard</code> |
| Interface | <code>ng g interface my-new-interface</code> |
| Enum | <code>ng g enum my-new-enum</code> |
| Module | <code>ng g module my-module</code> |

Our App Structure



```
const routes: Routes = [
  { path: 'login', component: LoginComponent },
  {
    path: 'account',
    loadChildren: 'app/account/account.module#AccountModule'
  },
  {
    path: 'contacts',
    loadChildren: 'app/contacts/contacts.module#ContactsModule'
  },
  {
    path: 'payments',
    loadChildren: 'app/payments/payments.module#PaymentsModule'
  }
];
```

Routing configuration to navigate through our application.
Check Angular documentation about it:

<https://angular.io/guide/feature-modules>
<https://angular.io/guide/lazy-loading-ngmodules>



Questions and Discussion

HITACHI
Inspire the Next 