

## CSSE376 LAB #2

1. I have worked with SVN, Git, TFS, and a few proprietary version control systems at a few companies.
2. I have worked with BASH, CMD and Powershell.
3. The git add command adds the file to the list of files which need to be updated in the next commit.
4. The git commit command commits the file to the local repository which is on the local machine.
5. The git push command pushes the local repository's changes to the overall repository.
6. There are 2 people on my team, and there exist 3 copies of the git repository (one for each person, and then the overall repository).
7. There are 2 commits in the repository history.
8. Davidov541
9. The second one changed one file, adding the newfile.txt
10. There are 2 people on my team, and there are 3 branches on the repository.
11. There are no files with a student's username on the master branch, and there are one such file on all other branches.
12. The git branch command creates a branch on the local repository
13. The git checkout command switches the current viewable branch to the given branch.
14. There are 2 people on my team, and there are now 3 versions of README.
15. There are 2 people on my team, and we preformed 2 merges.
16. There are now 3 branches in the repository.
17. No, both are behind the master branch, because they do not contain the changes from the other branches.