Name: Reg No	:								
--------------	---	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Quiz II** 

## Sikkim Manipal Institute of Technology **Department of Mathematics** BCA (II Sem)

**Subject: Mathematics II (MA 1204) Quiz II** Dur: 15 mins 29.03.2019 Max: 5 marks **Instructions** (i) Answer all the questions. (ii) Each questions carry ONE mark (No partial marking) (iii) Use only the back side of this question paper for rough work. 1. The determinant of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (c) 3 (a) 1 (b) 2(d) 4 2. Which one of the following is true about the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ ? (a) Inverse of A exists (b) Determinant of *A* is 2 (c) Inverse of  $A^2$  does not exists (d) None of these 3. For an infinite series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n$ , which of the following statement is true? (a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n$  converges implies that  $\lim_{n\to\infty} u_n = 0$ (b) Always Ratio test works to check the convergence (c) Always root test can be used to check the convergence (d) None of these 4. The series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2}$  is \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Oscilates

(d) None of these

(b) Converges

(a) Diverges

- 5. Which can be an appropriate test for the series  $1 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{4} + \dots$  in the following?
  - (a) Comparison Test

(b) Cauchy's Root Test

(c) Leibnitz's Test

(d) D'Alembert's Ratio Test

## Sikkim Manipal Institute of Technology Department of Mathematics BCA (II Sem)

## Subject: Mathematics II (MA 1204) Quiz II

- 1. (b) 2
- 2. (a) Inverse of A exists
- 3. (a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} u_n$  converges implies that  $\lim_{n\to\infty} u_n = 0$
- 4. (b) Converges
- 5. (c) Leibnitz's Test