



# **Engineering Mathematics III**

# **Discrete Mathematics**

## **Lecture 15**

### **Handshaking Lemma and related Problems**

This course is taught to Computer Science Engineering students in SMIT, India during Jun-Dec, 2019.

**Theorem 1** (Hand Shaking Lemma). *The sum of the degrees of the vertices of a graph  $G$  is twice the number of edges in  $G$ . Mathematically,*

$$\sum_{v \in V(G)} \deg(v) = 2 \times |E(G)|.$$

$$\deg(b) = 2$$

$$\deg(a) = 2$$

$$\deg(c) = 3$$

$$\deg(e) = 3$$

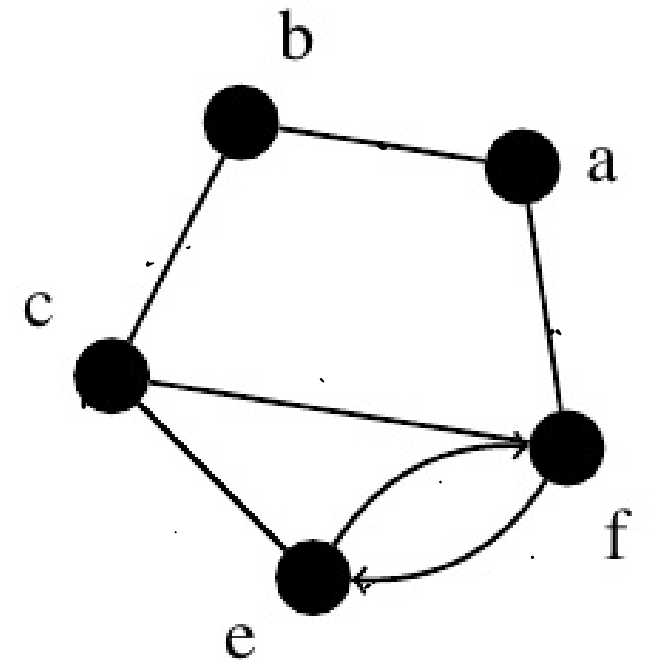
$$\deg(f) = 4$$

$$\sum_{v \in V(G)} \deg(v) = 2 + 2 + 3 + 3 + 4$$

$$= 14$$

$$= 2(7)$$

$$= 2 |E(G)|$$



Proof: Let  $G$  be a graph and  $V(G), E(G)$  are the set of vertices and set of edges.  
Each edge contributes  $\deg - 2$  to the sum of all the degrees of the graph edges.

$$\Rightarrow 2(\text{no. of edges}) = \text{Sum of all the deg of the graph}$$

$$2|E(G)| = \sum_{v \in V(G)} \deg(v).$$

Hence proved

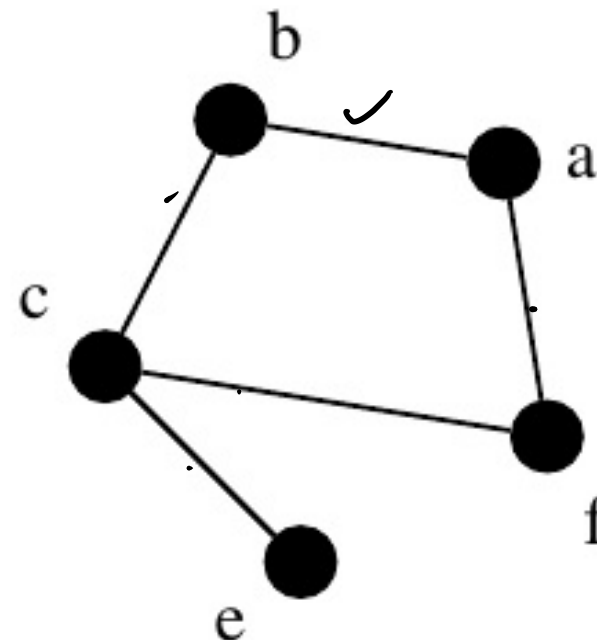
Verify **Theorem 1** :

$$\sum_{v \in V(G)} \deg(v) = 2 + 2 + 3 + 1 + 2$$
$$= 10 \checkmark \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\text{No. of edges} = |E(G)| = 5$$

$$2 \times |E(G)| = 2 \times 5 = 10 \checkmark \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

From  $\textcircled{1}$  and  $\textcircled{2}$ ,  $\sum_{v \in V(G)} \deg(v) = 2 |E(G)|$ .



**Question 1.5.** An undirected graph has 10 vertices labeled  $1, 2, \dots, 10$  and 37 edges. Vertices  $1, 3, 5, 7, 9$  have degree 8 and vertices  $2, 4, 6, 8$  have degree 7. What is the degree of vertex 10?  
[CMI 2015]

By Hand Shaking Lemma,  

$$\sum_{v \in V(n)} \deg(v) = 2(\text{no of edges})$$

↓

$$\Rightarrow 5 \times 8 + 4 \times 7 + \deg(\text{vertex } 10) = 2(37)$$

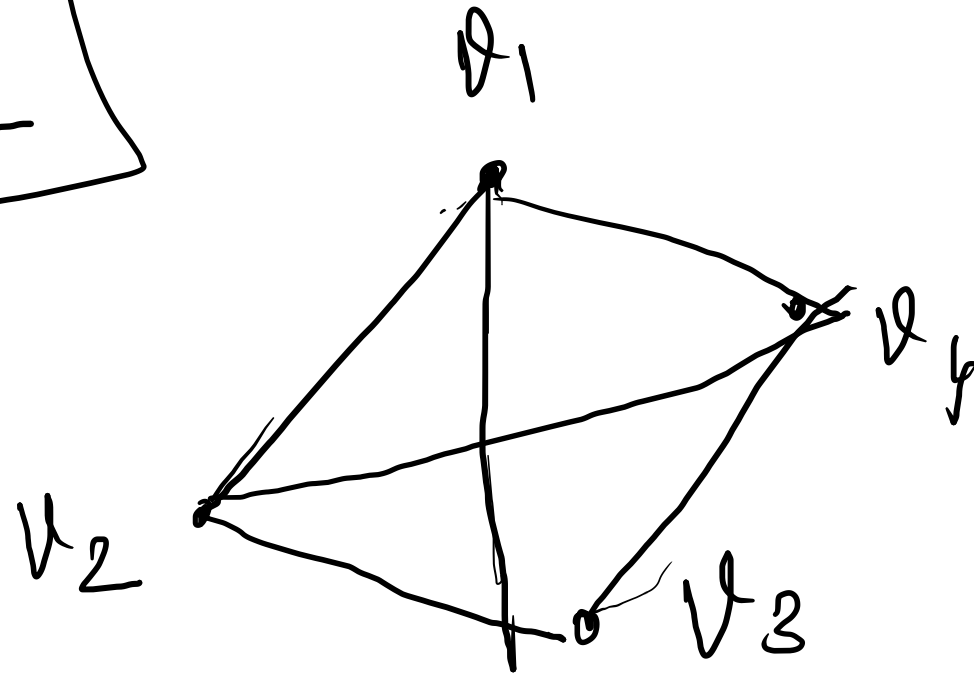
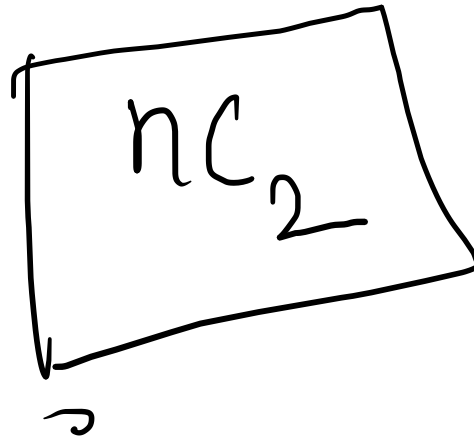
$$40 + 28 + \deg(v_{10}) = 74$$

$$\boxed{\deg(v_{10}) = 6}$$



**Question 1.8.** What is the maximum number of edges in a  $n$ -node undirected graph without self loops? [GATE 2002]

↓  
without parallel edges



$$3 + 2$$

$$+ 1$$

$$= 6$$

**Question 1.6.** Prove that the number odd vertices in a graph is even.

Intuitive

Sum of  
deg } = even

Sum of  
~~odd~~  
even degrees } = even

Sum of  
odd deg } = k

Proof:

Let  $G$  be a graph and  $V(G)$  be the vertex set.

Notes that

$$\sum_{v \in V(G)} \deg(v) = \text{Sum of all degrees}$$
$$= \text{Sum of even deg} + \text{Sum of odd deg}$$

$\therefore$  By hand shaking lemma  $\{$

$2 \times \text{no. of edges} =$

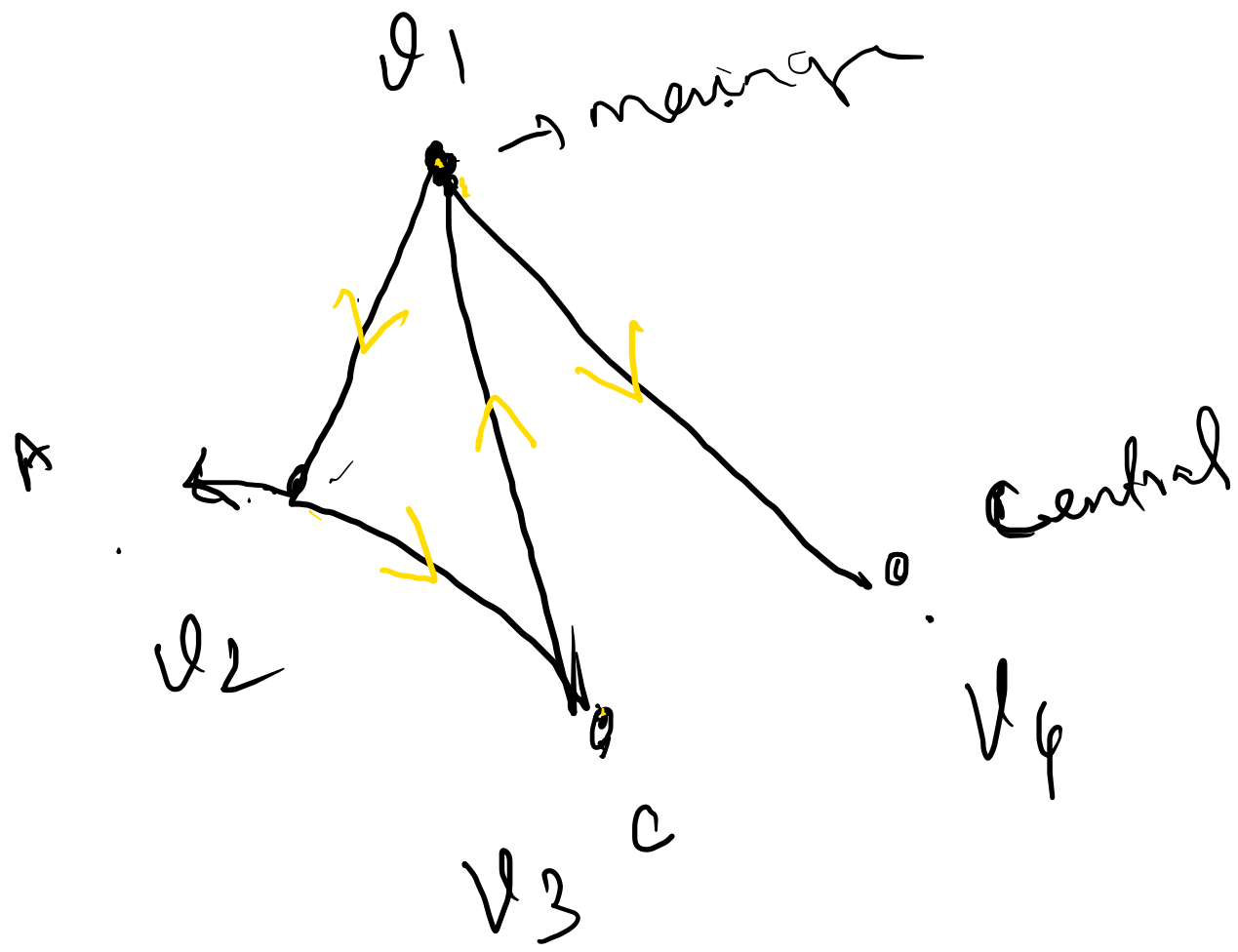
$$\sum_{\substack{v \in V(G) \\ \deg(v) \text{ is even}}} \deg(v) + \sum_{\substack{v \in V(G) \\ \deg(v) \text{ is odd}}} \deg(v)$$



$$\text{Even} = \text{Even} + \sum_{\substack{v \in V(n) \\ \deg(v) \text{ is odd}}} \deg(v)$$

$$\text{Even} = \sum_{\substack{v \in V(n) \\ \deg(v) \text{ is odd}}} \deg(v)$$

Hence proved.



$v_1 - v_2 - v_3 - v_1 - v_4 - v_1 - v_3 - v_2$

( ) walk

Walk  $\begin{cases} \text{closed} \\ \text{open wal} \end{cases}$

Circuit

trail

Cycle

path

Every cycle is a walk