5.13 Advanced topics threading memory management templates

5.13.1 Bit-field variable type

Variable bit fields are a specific type of data structure in C++ that allows a user to store multiple bitsized values within a single variable. This can be useful for storing several different values in the same memory space or for compressing data. An example of a variable bit field in C++ is shown below:

```
struct example {
  unsigned int value1 : 4; // Use 4 bits
  unsigned int value2 : 8; // Use 8 bits
  unsigned int value3 : 12; // Use 12 bits
} myStruct;
```

In this example, we have defined a structure called 'example' which contains three members - 'value1', 'value2', and 'value3'. Each of these members has been defined as a variable bit field using the 'unsigned int' data type and the ':' syntax, which allows us to specify the number of bits that each member should use. In this case, 'value1' will use 4 bits, 'value2' will use 8 bits, and 'value3' will use 12 bits. To access these values, we can use the members of the structure, for example, 'myStruct.value2'.

```
struct adc4 {
1
2
         unsigned int value1 : 10;
3
         unsigned int value2 : 10;
         unsigned int value3 : 10;
4
5
         unsigned int value4 : 10;
6
       };
7
8
       unsigned int adc_val[40];
                                            //40 values
9
       adc4 myAdc[10];
                                             //40 values
10
11
       void setup() {
         Serial.begin(9600);
12
         Serial.println(sizeof(adc_val)); //print 80
13
14
         Serial.println(sizeof(myAdc)); //print 50
       }
15
16
       void loop() {
17
18
19
       }
```

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