

Individual Assignment  
CT071-3-3-DDAC  
Designing & Developing Applications on Cloud

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# 1.0 Introduction

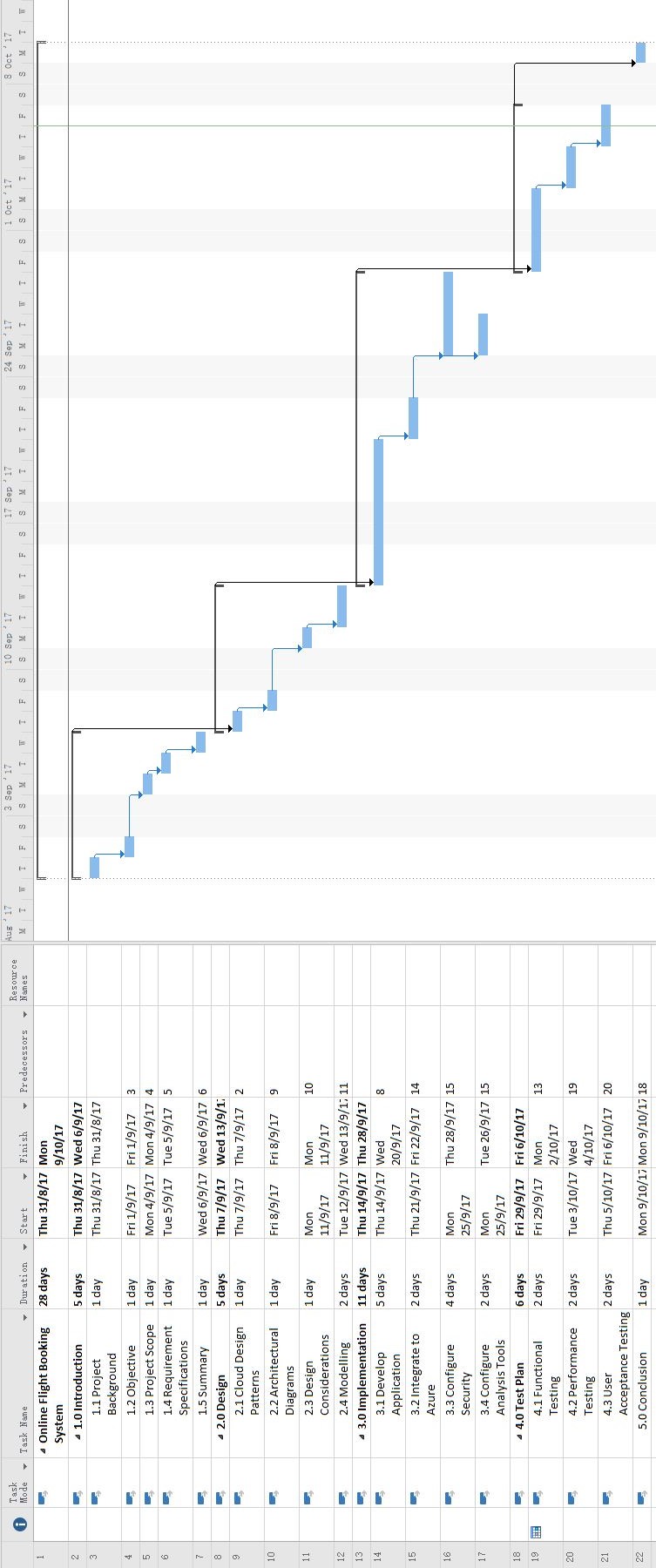
Ukraine International Airlines (UIA) is the flagship carrier and largest airline in Ukraine. It operates domestic and international passenger flights and cargo services to Europe, the Middle East, the United States, and Asia.

UIA is looking at designing and developing an Online Flight Booking System. UIA looked at both Microsoft Azure and Amazon Web Services and chose Azure due to its compatibility with open source software. Therefore, the developer proposed the development of UIA Online Flight Booking System and deployment onto the Azure cloud platform.

The application system helps to provide convenient services to UIA’s customers, such as the functions to create accounts and book flights online. As the airline is eager to expand into new markets, the demand for better reliability and performance services is top priority to its success.

This report covers the development of the proposed solution, thus providing detailed explanation on how the application system will be deployed onto the Azure cloud and the testing of the application system for reliability and performance in the Azure cloud.

# 2.0 Project Plan



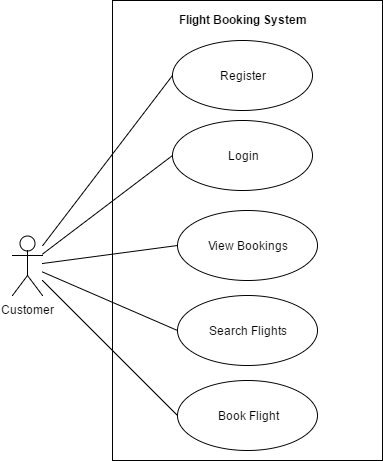
# 3.0 Design

## 3.1 Design Consideration

For designing the application system on Azure cloud platform, there are a few considerations made by UI Airlines. One of which is the team have been provided with remunerations of Azure credits up to RM150 per month, as the team is required to build the new application system to proof that it is better than the current system. UI Airlines also plans on emphasizing the application system on the US and Southeast Asia market, therefore load balancing considerations are recommended.

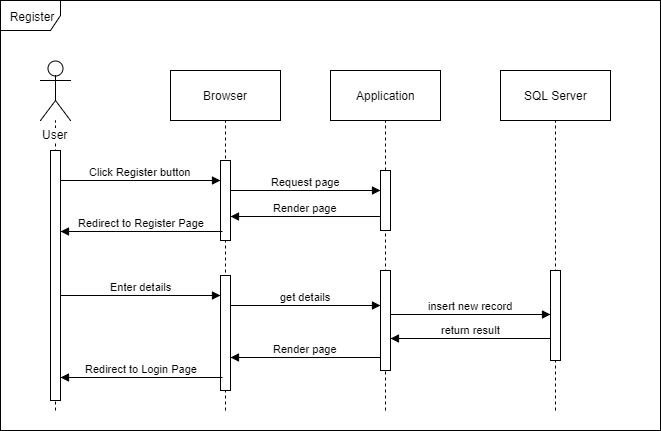
## 3.2 Modelling

### 3.2.1 Use Case

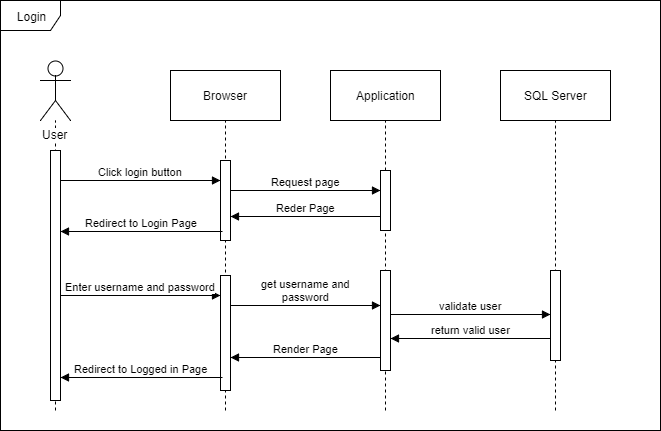


### 3.2.2 Sequence Diagram

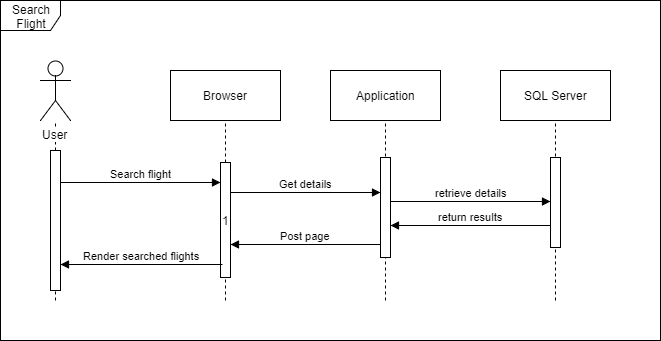
Register



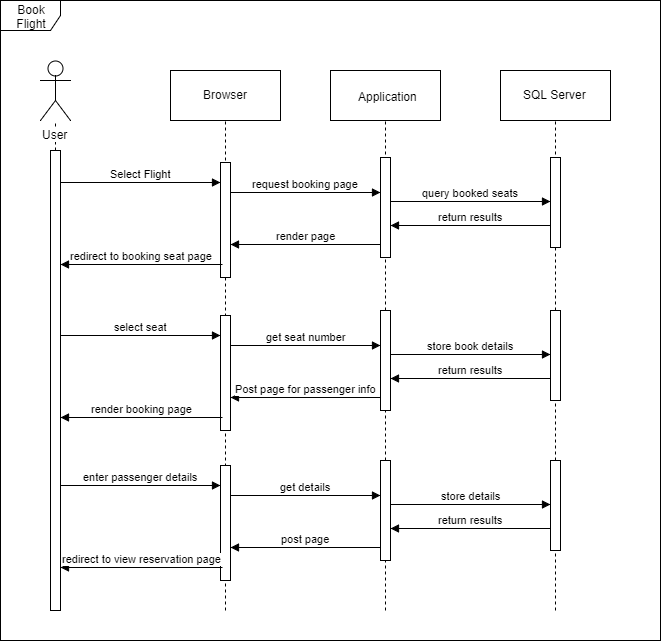
Login



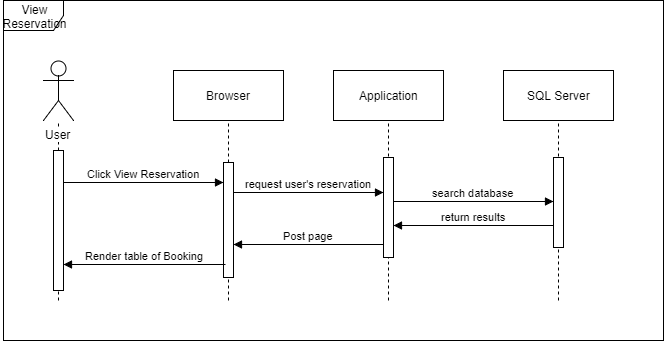
Search flight



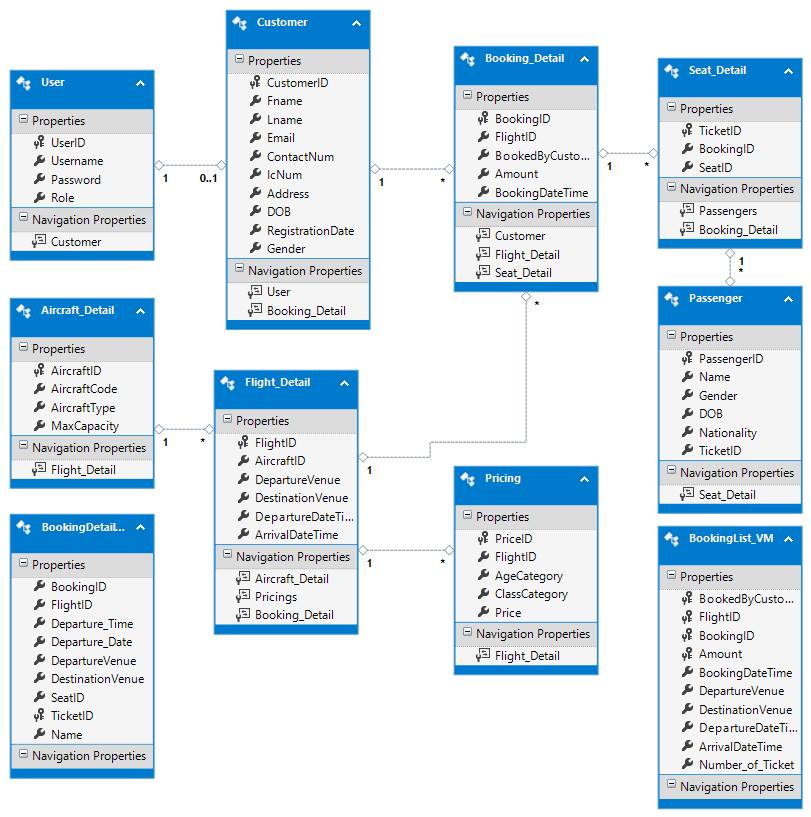
Book Flight Reservation



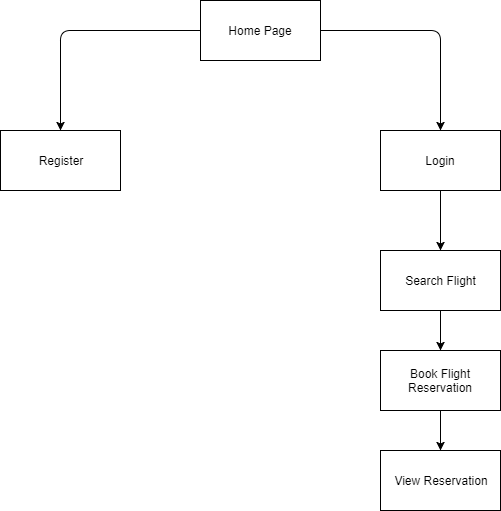
View Reservation



### 3.2.3 Entity Relationship Diagram



3.2.4 Site Map



## 3.3 Cloud Architecture

A close up of text on a white background

Description generated with very high confidence

The diagram shows the cloud architecture used to deploy the web application into Microsoft Azure. The UIA plans to deploy their system onto West US region as primary and SEA as secondary. The Database will be transferred to Azure SQL Database first in order to utilize the function of the system online and the SQL database is shared between the two regions located in West US. Traffic Manager is also used to handle traffic and GitHub is used as medium to deploy into Azure.

# 4.0 Implementation

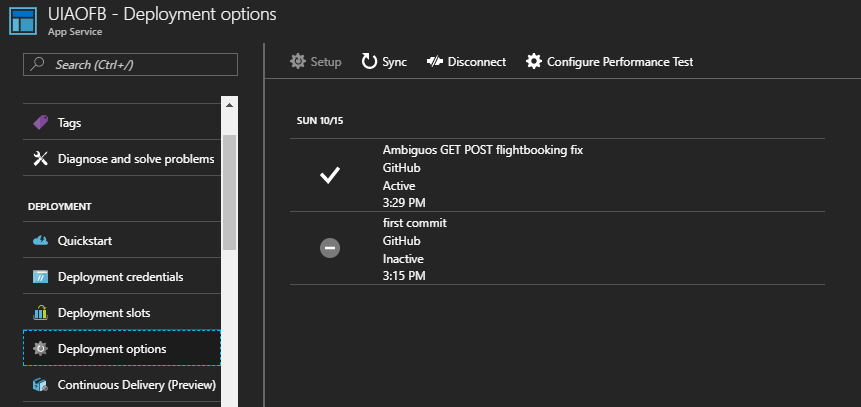
## 4.1 Application Development

The application is developed using C# ASP .Net with MVC Structured and SQL server management studio as database server.

## 4.2 Azure Publishing

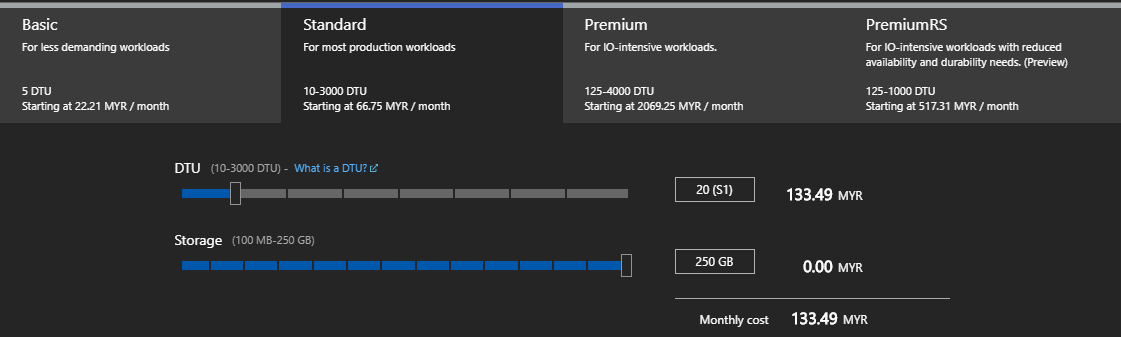
The application deployment is implemented with Microsoft Azure across with two regions which is South East Asia and West US region. The reason of deploying the application into two different regions is that it is to test user load on how well the traffics coming from two regions. Both regions will have the same web application deployed by using the single repository in GitHub thus when changes are made, it is only needs to be deployed once into both hosted regions. The traffic manager is also implemented to handle performance of the web application for both regions by configuring the routing method into performance option.

The web application is deployed using Azure automatic deployment options through GitHub. This enables ease in updating the source codes when any changes are made. It allows changes to push to master branch in GitHub repository and deploys into Azure directly. The changes made are also shown as history in Azure.



Database

Azure SQL Server is used as database migrated from the local database as it provides certain features which benefits the web application in terms of performance such as scaling and monitoring. The database will be used directly during the application development as it is to avoid unnecessary changes in configuration of the database.



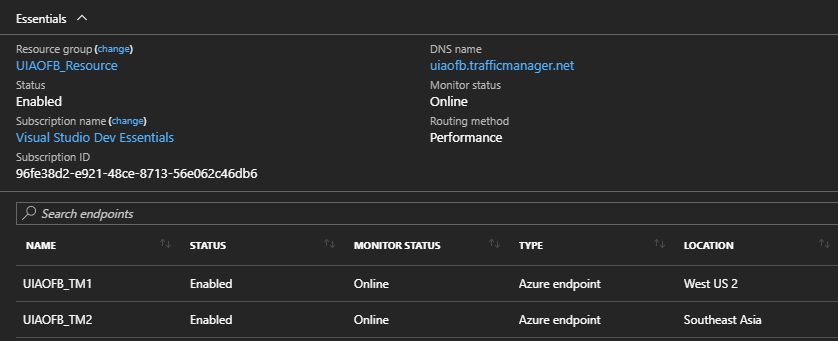
Standard S1 level Azure SQL server is used as it is sufficient to handle 2 regions. It also has 250 GB of storage for database which is sufficient to support the current needs.

## 4.3 Application Scaling

The application deployed to both regions use S1 tier App service as there are only RM 150 limit of usage per month. After the web application is presentable and ready for public use, it will then use the S3 plan or higher packages according the business needs.

All the applications use at least a Standard S1 plan or above as it has essential features such as custom domains for UIA to use. It enables for up to 10 instances to be created and auto scaled based on metrics such as server loads, and memory usage.

Traffic Manager



Traffic manager is used as it is supported by standard S1 plan. Performance is chosen for routing method to manage the best performance for user to access the application through the nearest region.

Scaling Out

The South-East Asia region will use a minimum of 1 instance due to the limited budget as more instances require higher monthly payments for scaling out. Two rules are set for an instance will be increase by 1 when the CPU percentage is above 70%, and will be reduce by 1 if the percentage is lower than 40%.



# 5.0 Test Plan

## 5.1 Unit Testing

Registration testing

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Test ID | Title | Description | Result | |
| Expected | Actual |
| R001 | Input Validation | 1. Click register page 2. Empty required field 3. Click submit. | All fields are highlighted in red are required to fill | As expected |
| R002 | Valid Input and Sign Up | 1. Click register page 2. Type username “aaa” and email [aaa@hotmail.com](mailto:aaa@hotmail.com). 3. Fill in other required fields with correct pattern and datatype. 4. Click submit. | Registration successand redirect user to login page. | As expected |
| R003 | Existing username | 1. Click register page 2. Type username “aaa” and email [aaa@hotmail.com](mailto:aaa@hotmail.com). 3. Fill in other required fields with correct datatype. 4. Click submit. | Username already taken message shows up. | As expected |
| R004 | Existing email address | 1. Click register page 2. Register with username “zzz” and email [abc@hotmail.com](mailto:abc@hotmail.com). 3. Fill in other required fields with datatype. 4. Click submit. | Email is already registered message shows up. | As expected. |

Login Testing

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Test ID | Title | Description | Result | |
| Expected | Actual |
| L001 | Input Validation | 1. Click login page. 2. Leave username and password empty. 3. Clicks login. | Prompts user to enter username and password | As expected |
| L002 | Invalid login credentials | 1. Click login page. 2. Enter invalid username and password. 3. Clicks login. | Invalid username or password message shown. | As expected |
| L003 | Valid login credentials | 1. Click login page. 2. Enter correct username and password. 3. Clicks login. | Redirects user to customer home page | As expected |

Search Flight Testing

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Test ID | Title | Description | Result | |
| Expected | Actual |
| F001 | Empty search result | 1. Leave search criteria blank. 2. Clicks search. | Table shows no result. | As expected |
| F002 | Specific search result | 1. From: Malaysia   To: Indonesia   1. Clicks search. | Tables shows 2 results. | As expected |
| F003 | Show flight detail | 1. From: Malaysia   To: Indenesia   1. Clicks search. 2. Click on book flight of first result. | Redirects user to Flight Reservation page of flight chosen. | As expected |

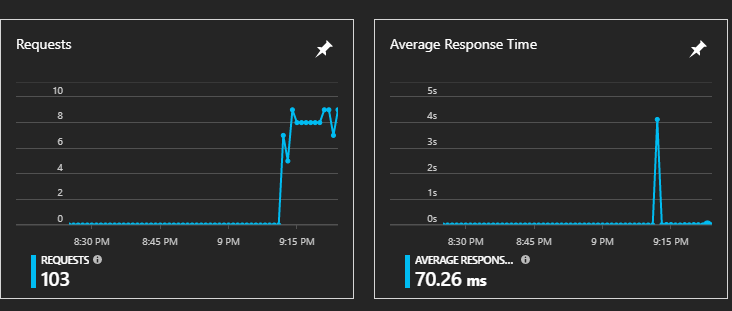
Book Flight Reservation Testing

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Test ID | Title | Description | Result | |
| Expected | Actual |
| R001 | No seat chosen | 1. Click select without choosing any seats. | Prompts user to select seats. | As expected |
| R002 | Select seats and proceed | 1. Click select after selecting seat number 1 and 2. | Passengers’ information division shows up. | As expected |
| R003 | Valid passengers’ information | 1. Fill in all passengers’ information with valid pattern after passengers’ information division shows up   **Name:** Tan  **Gender:** Male  **Nationality:** Malaysia  **DOB:** 1/1/1994  **Name:** David  **Gender:** Male  **Nationality:** Malaysia  **DOB:** 2/1/1994   1. Click submit. | Prompts booking success message and redirects user to View My Reservation page. | As expected |

View Reservation Testing

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Test ID | Title | Description | Result | |
| Expected | Actual |
| V001 | List entire reservations | 1. Click View My Reservations page. | All flight reservations’ records of user shown in table. | As expected |
| V002 | Search for specific reservation | 1. Enter search criteria   **From:** Malaysia  **To:** Indonesia  **Departure Date:** 10/10/2017   1. Clicks search. | 1 row of result shows up. | As expected |
| V003 | View ticket and details | 1. Click on “View Detail” of first row after search. | Redirects user to reservation’s detail page of selected reservation. | As expected |

## 5.2 Performance Testing



The diagram above shows the averages response times for the usage of the application. The average time was 70.26 ms for 103 requests.

Performance test is conducted to measure the average response time for certain amounts of concurrent users. The test starts at 250 user loads to 750 user loads with increments of 250 users for 2 minutes. The data gathered for performance test is recorded in the table below.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| User load | Response Time | Request |
| 250 | 0.15 | 470.88 |
| 500 | 1.39 | 360.35 |
| 750 | 1.98 | 421.88 |

# 6.0 Managed Databases

Platform as a service (PaaS) is a complete development and deployment environment in the cloud, with resources that delivers everything from simple cloud-based apps to sophisticated, cloud-enabled enterprise applications. The needed resources can be purchased from a cloud service provider on a pay-as-you-go basis and access them over a secure Internet connection.

Like IaaS, PaaS includes infrastructure—servers, storage, and networking—but also middleware, development tools, business intelligence (BI) services, database management systems, and more. PaaS is designed to support the complete web application lifecycle: building, testing, deploying, managing, and updating.

PaaS allows to avoid the expense and complexity of buying and managing software licenses, the underlying application infrastructure and middleware or the development tools and other resources. The cloud service provider typically manages everything else aside from the services the developer developed.

Benefits of PaaS

1. Cut coding time

PaaS development tools can cut the time it takes to code new apps with pre-coded application components built into the platform, such as workflow, directory services, security features, search, and so on.

1. Add development capabilities without adding staff

Platform as a Service components can give the development team new capabilities without the needing to add staff having the required skills.

1. Develop for multiple platforms—including mobile—more easily

Some service providers give you development options for multiple platforms, such as computers, mobile devices, and browsers making cross-platform apps quicker and easier to develop.

1. Use sophisticated tools affordably

A pay-as-you-go model makes it possible for individuals or organizations to use sophisticated development software and business intelligence and analytics tools that they could not afford to purchase outright.

1. Support geographically distributed development teams

Because the development environment is accessed over the Internet, development teams can work together on projects even when team members are in remote locations.

1. Efficiently manage the application lifecycle

PaaS provides all of the capabilities that are needed to support the complete web application lifecycle: building, testing, deploying, managing, and updating within the same integrated environment.

# 7.0 Conclusion

In conclusion, it is important to understand the wide knowledge of setting up the deployment into Azure as it provides tons of benefits when implementing the deployment and application development on Cloud, for instance performance monitoring, and advance features that secures the application.

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